

BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL

COMP6348001 Network Forensics

SCU 3 Credit(s)

Contact Hours3 x 50 minute-lectures per weekPre-requisite(s)Computer Networks and SecurityTeaching TeamKalpin Erlangga S, S.Si., M.Kom

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Course Outline Odd Semester 2021-2022

Syllabus Prepared by Raymond Bahana, ST., M.Sc & Kalpin Erlangga S, S.Si., M.Kom

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Updated on 02/08/2018

Approved by

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Version	:	2	Revision Date	:	-
Revision	:	0	Effective From	:	September 17, 2018

1. Course Description

The course is designed to understand network forensics through case study and laboratory exercises. It shows the educational benefit from understanding methodology and procedures of digital forensics in network to find any issues such as malware, hacking, and performance against the network. Students need to understand about application, protocols, topologies, routing, and devices which required to perform forensic analysis in the network. Students will learn about law and ethical in network forensics, controlling digital evidence as a part of digital forensics process, network forensics principles and documentation of network forensics. This course will combine study case and laboratory exercises beside of theoretical which given in the class with expectation output as research paper related to the network forensics.

2. Study Program Specific Outcomes

Study Pr	ogram Specific Outcomes
SO – 3	Able to assess technology trend in informatics area to deliver alternative solution of software development;
SO – 6	Able to communicate and utilize the latest trend in technology to contribute in the global workforce.

3. Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course, students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Identify different techniques of capturing digital evidence from a scene in network forensics, technology, and principles
- 2. Define appropriate tools necessary to sample, seal, and dissect a given intrusion evidence, and concept of network forensics and traffic analysis
- 3. Conduct laboratory experiments in network forensics and evidence handling
- 4. Analyze a case file or correlation log to find the root cause and warrant corrective action
- 5. Evaluate the impact of the incident to the victim organization, network traffic analysis and intrusion detection from wired and wireless networks

4. Course Structure

Throughout the semester, there are 3 x 50-minute lectures and hands-on exercises per week for this course. The lecturer facilitates learning by giving lectures on the theories and providing exercise problems to be discussed during the weekly tutorials. As this is a demanding course, the course requires full commitment and motivation to do an independent study outside classroom. Students are expected to write their own lecture notes and actively work on the given problems in order to optimize their learning in the classroom. Furthermore, for summative assessment purposes, a mid-semester examination is conducted to assess the student's understanding of the first-half of the topics, while the rest of the topics are examined in the final examination at the end of semester.

5. Course Requirements

Each student is required to have his/her own laptop.

Students must have knowledge in basic networking and information technology fundamentals.

6. Text and Other Resources

6.1. Text

• Davidoff, S., & Ham, J. (2012). *Network forensics: tracking hackers through cyberspace*. Prentice Hall. ISBN: 978-0-13-256471-7

6.2. Other Resources

- Luttgens, J., & Pepe, M., (2014). Incident response & computer forensics (3rd Ed.). McGraw-Hill. ISBN: 978-0071798686
- Datt, S., (2016). Learning network forensics. Packt Publishing. ISBN: 978-1-78217-490-5
- Nelson, B. and Phillips, A. (2015). *Guide to computer forensics and investigation*S (5th Ed.). Cengage Learning. ISBN: 978-1285060033

Version · 2	Revision Date	•	_
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Revision : 0 Effective From : September 17, 2018

7. Schedule

Week	Topics	References	Learning Outcomes
1.	Network Forensics Introduction	Network Forensics	LO 1
		Chapter 1.1-1.5	
2.	Sources of Evidence	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2
		Chapter 2.1	
		Incident Response &	
		Computer Forensics	
		Chapter 9	
3.	Understanding TCP/IP Protocols	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2
		Chapter 2.2	
4.	Evidence Acquisition	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2, LO 3
	- 60	Chapter 3.1-3.3	
5.	Traffic Analysis	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2, LO 4
		Chapter 4.1-4.4	
6.	Statistical Flow Analysis	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2, LO 4
		Chapter 5.1-5.7	
7.	Network Forensics Wireless	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2, LO 3
		Chapter 6.1-6.5	
		Learning Network Forensics	
_		Chapter 4	
8.	Tracking Intruders on the Network	Network Forensics	LO 2, LO 3, LO 4, LO
	Understanding Network Intrusion	Chapter 7.1-7.9	5
	Detection/Prevention Systems	Learning Network Forensics	
	5 6	Chapter 5	10.010.4
9.	Event Log Correlation and Analysis	Network Forensics	LO 2, LO 4
		Chapter 8	
		Learning Network Forensics	
10	Cuitabas Davitara and Firewalls	Chapter 6 Network Forensics	10 1 10 2 10 2
10.	Switches, Routers, and Firewalls	Chapter 9	LO 1, LO 2, LO 3
		Learning Network Forensics	
		Chapter 7	
11.	Web Proxies and Tunneling	Network Forensics	LO 1, LO 2, LO 3
11.	web Floxies and fulfilletting	Chapter 10.1-10.6, 11.1-	10 1, 10 2, 10 3
		11.3	
12.	Malware in Network Forensics	Network Forensics	LO 2, LO 4, LO 5
12.	That was a second secon	Chapter 12	2, 20 4, 20 3
13.	Final Project Presentation / Guest		LO 1, 2, 3, 4
	Lecture		

8. Assessment

8.1. Assessment Summary

The assessment for the defined course learning outcomes will be conducted throughout the course as detailed in Section 8.4. The assessment summary and alignment between the assessment tasks and the course objectives is defined in the table below. A list of assessment rubrics used will also be provided, indicating the assessment standards and criteria that a student can follow to succeed in this course.

Version	:	2	Revision Date	:	-
Revision		Ο	Effective From		September 17, 2018

No.	Components	Percentage		Learning Outcomes
1.	Quiz	10	%	LO 1, LO 3, LO 5
2.	Project	50	%	LO 1, LO 2, LO 3, LO 4
3.	Mid-Examination	20	%	LO 1, LO 2
4.	Final Examination	20	%	LO 1, LO 2, LO 5
	Total	100	%	

8.2. Class Policies

To optimize individual learning, students are expected to:

- Attend all lectures since failure to attend a set number of lectures may prohibit the student to sit in the examinations (as indicated in the Student Handbook);
- Read the textbook on the prescribed topics and the tutorial questions prior to the scheduled lectures and tutorials;
- Proactively review their own learning progress and approach the lecturer/tutor as soon as an additional academic assistance is needed;
- Periodically access their New Binus Maya account to download lecture notes, if provided; and
- Work individually on each quiz, some of which may be given without any previous notice.

8.3. Submission and Collection of Assessment

In regard to the given assignments, students are expected to:

- Periodically access their New Binus Maya account to download the tutorial assignment questions;
- Submit the assignment by the given due date since a late submission will not be accepted;
- Work individually on either home written and computing assignments although performing a groupstudy is encouraged.

8.4 Assessment Descriptions

1. Assessment Task 1: Quiz

Five to ten-minutes quizzes are given throughout the semester, of which the top four are summed up for the final grade of this part.

2. Assessment Task 2: Project

The semester project consist of 2 parts: research project (60%) and research paper (40%). Students will form a project team and propose a research project (their own research project or available topics provided by the lecturer). Once approved, each of the team performs their own project and evaluate their results based on the proposed methodology and measurement. The team then write a research paper based on the research project they have done. The research paper has a minimum of 5 pages with **IEEE-style template**. The structure of the research paper should be as follows:

I. Introduction

Show the background and motivation of why the research is important.

II. Related Works

Cite what are similar other works.

III. Design of the System

Describe the architecture of the proposed system.

IV. Results

Show a graph or table of the measured results.

V. Discussion

Discuss the significance of the findings.

VI. References

Use the IEEE-style referencing.

The research paper, which is written in a .doc, .docx, or .pdf file, is to be handed in electronically by the end of the semester. If the research paper successful published by local or international publisher then the student will get full score for project.

Version	· າ	Revision Date :		
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Revision : 0 Effective From : September 17, 2018

3. Assessment Task 3: Mid-Examination

Individual Mid-examination is written in the form of short answers, essay, and/or problem solving that students will have to answer during the scheduled exam time. The exact schedule of exam time will be advised later.

4. Assessment Task 4: Final Examination

Individual Final examination is written in the form of short answers, essay, and/or problem solving that students will have to answer during the scheduled exam time. The exact schedule of exam time will be advised later.

9. General Information

Students are required to be familiar with the BINUS UNIVERSITY - Code of Conduct, and to abide by its terms and conditions.

9.1 Copying of Copyright Material by Student

A condition of acceptance as a student is the obligation to abide by the University's policy on the copying of copyright material. This obligation covers photocopying of any material using the University's photocopying machines, and the recording off air, and making subsequent copies, of radio or television broadcasts, and photocopying textbooks. Students who flagrantly disregard University policy and copyright requirements will be liable to disciplinary action under the Code of Conduct.

9.2 Academic Misconduct

Please refer to the Code of Conduct for definitions and penalties for Academic Misconduct, plagiarism, collusion, and other specific acts of academic dishonesty.

Academic honesty is crucial to a student's credibility and self-esteem, and ultimately reflects the values and morals of the University as a whole. A student may work together with one or a group of students discussing assignment content, identifying relevant references, and debating issues relevant to the subject. Academic investigation is not limited to the views and opinions of one individual, but is built by forming opinion based on past and present work in the field. It is legitimate and appropriate to synthesize the work of others, provided that such work is clearly and accurately referenced.

Plagiarism occurs when the work (including such things as text, figures, ideas, or conceptual structure, whether verbatim or not) created by another person or persons is used and presented as one's own creation, unless the source of each quotation or piece of borrowed material is acknowledged with an appropriate citation.

Encouraging or assisting another person to commit plagiarism is a form of improper collusion and may attract the same penalties.

To prevent Academic Misconduct occurring, students are expected to familiarize themselves with the University policy, the Subject Outline statements, and specific assignment guidelines. Students should also seek advice from Subject Leaders on acceptable academic conduct.

9.2.1 Guidelines to Avoid Plagiarism

Whenever you copy more than a few words from any source, you must acknowledge that source by putting the quote in quotation marks and providing the name of the author. Full details must be provided in your bibliography.

If you copy a diagram, statistical table, map, etc., you must acknowledge the source. The recommended way is to show this under the diagram. If you quote any statistics in your text, the source should be acknowledged. Again full details must be provided in your bibliography.

Whenever you use the ideas of any other author you should acknowledge those, using the APA (American Psychological Association) style of referencing.

Students are encouraged to co-operate, but collusion is a form of cheating. Students may use any sources (acknowledged of course) other than the assignments of fellow students. Unless your Subject Leader informs you otherwise, the following guideline should be used:

Version	:	2	Revision Date	:	-
Revision	:	0	Effective From	:	September 17, 2018

Students may work together in obtaining references, discussing the content of the references and discussing the assignment, but when they write, they must write alone.

9.2.2 Referencing for Written Work (where applicable)

Referencing is necessary to acknowledge others' ideas, avoid plagiarism, and allow readers to access those others' ideas. Referencing should:

- 1. Acknowledge others' ideas;
- 2. Allow readers to find the source;
- 3. Be consistent in format and
- 4. Acknowledge the source of the referencing format.

To attain these qualities, the school recommends use of either the Harvard or American Psychological Association (APA) style of referencing, both of which use the author/date.

9.2.3 Referencing Standards

APA style referencing.

9.2.4. Disclaimer

Every effort will be made to ensure that the teaching, learning and assessment activities of this course are given as described. Any unpublished changes for course improvement will be notified and discussed in class. However, circumstances may occasionally make this impossible, and BINUS UNIVERSITY therefore reserves the right to add, alter or withdraw particular information contained in this course outline.

Version : 2 Revision Date : -

Revision : 0 Effective From : September 17, 2018

Approval

Prepared by,	Reviewed by,
Kalpin Erlangga S, S.Si., M.Kom,	Diah Wihardini, B.Sc.(Hons)., M.Ed., Ph.D.
BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL	Manager of Learning and Faculty Development
	BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL
Checked by,	Checked by,
Raymond Bahana, ST., M.Sc	
Subject Content Coordinator - Computer Science	Raymond Kosala, Ph.D.
Program	Head of Program - Computer Science
BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL	BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL

Approved by,

Raymond Kosala, Ph.D.

Dean, Faculty of Commuting and Media BINUS UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL

APPENDIX-1: ASSESSMENT RUBRICS

Assessment Task 2: Project

Loorning	Accoccment	Proficiency Level								
Learning Outcomes	Assessment Indicators	Poor (D – 1)	Average (C – 2)	Good (B – 3)	Excellent (A – 4)	Mark				
Identify different techniques of capturing digital evidence from a scene		Not demonstrated, limited description of the techniques	Adequate description of techniques	Good and detailed outline, clear and justifiable techniques and their relevance to the advantages/disadvantages	Detailed outline, in-depth justification of the techniques, high relevance to the captured fingerprint					
	1.1. Background									
	1.2. Variety of techniques									
	1.3. (Dis)advantages									
2. Define appropriate tools necessary to sample, seal, and dissect a given intrusion evidence, and concept of network forensics and traffic analysis		Not demonstrated, Limited understanding about tools to be use.	Adequate understanding about tools to be use.	Good and can use tools of network forensics and traffic analysis with expected output.	Excellent in using tools of network forensics and traffic analysis with expected output.					
	xxx			,	,					
	ratory experiments in cs and evidence handling	Not demonstrated, Could not identify problems and no output	Adequate, can identify problem in network through forensics. Demonstrate evidence handling	Good in identifying problem in network and report with correct way in evidence handling	Excellent identifying problem in network and provide comprehensive report. Excellent in evidence handling.					
	3.1 Challenges									
	3.2 Output									
4. Analyze a case file or correlation log to find the root cause and warrant corrective action		Not demonstrated, methods & analysis hardly addressing the problem	Adequate, methods & analysis are related to the problem to an extent	Correct methodology and analysis	Thorough and highly relevant yet concise methodology and analysis					
	4.1. Framework									
	4.2. Evaluation									
	•				Total Marks					

Version:2Revision Date:-Revision:0Effective From:September 17, 2018

APPENDIX-2: TEACHING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT PLAN (only for Lecturer's own discretion)

Week	Topic	Learning Outcome	Time	Learning Activity	Resource needed	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
1	Network Forensics Introduction	Summarize the entire course and prepare the required software	50 min	Lecture presentation	Lecture slides	-	Mid-Exam
		Identify the components of network environment and its functions	50 min	Lecture presentation			
		Describe the methodology of Network Forensics Investigation (OSCAR)	50 min	Lecture presentation			
2	Sources of Evidence	Identify sources of evidence in network	50 min	Lecture presentation Exercise	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Exercise	
		Exercises read data from sources of evidence in network	100 min	Hands-on experiments			
3	Understanding TCP/IP Protocols	Describe TCP/IP Protocols and its features	100 min	Lecture presentation Exercise	Lecture slides Wireshark	Exercise	
		Exercises: using wireshark to read data in network		Hands-on experiments			
4	Evidence Acquisition	Describe terms of passive and active evidence	50 min	Lecture presentation Quiz	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Quiz	

Version : 2 Revision Date : -

Revision : 0 Effective From : September 17, 2018

		acquisition					
		Hands-on experiments to receive network data, services, and logging	100 min	Hands-on experiments			
5	Traffic Analysis	Capturing traffic in network devices	50 min	Lecture presentation Exercises	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Exercise	
		Conduct traffic analysis: protocol analysis, packet analysis, reconstruct higher-layer protocol data from streams	100 min	Lecture presentation Hands-on experiments			
6	Statistical Flow Analysis	Identify compromised hosts according to statistical flow analysis	50 min	Lecture presentation Exercise Lecture presentation	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Exercise	
		Summary flow records information through components: sensor, collector, aggregator, analysis with experiments	100 min	Hands-on experiments			
7	Network Forensics Wireless	Identify rogue wireless access points Investigate malicious activity that occurred using wireless network.	50 min	Lecture presentation Exercise	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Exercise & Presentation	
		Investigate attacks against wireless network through experiment	100 min	Hands-on experiments			
8	Tracking Intruders on the Network	Understand ways and means of intrusion and prevention	50 min	Lecture presentation	Lecture slides Problems to solve	Exercise	Final Exam

Version : 2 Revision Date : -

Revision : 0 Effective From : September 17, 2018

		1	1		Т	<u></u>
	Understanding Network Intrusion	Detect and track intruders in the network		Hands-on experiments		
	Detection/Preve	Configuring NIDS/NIPS to	100 min			
	ntion Systems	detect events which may	100	Lecture presentation		
	Tition Systems	not define before.		Exercise		
9	Event Log	Extract information from	50 min	Lecture presentation	Lecture slides	Exercise
9	Correlation and	event logs	30 111111	Lecture presentation	Problems to solve	Exercise
	Analysis	eventiogs		Exercise	Froblems to solve	
	Allalysis	Identify sources of	50 min	LACICISE		
		network event logs	30 111111			
		The transfer of the transfer o		Lecture presentation		
		Describe methods of	50 min	Hands-on experiments		
		collection and aggregation		,		
		architectures of log				
		_				
10	Switches,	Understand the features	50 min	Lecture presentation	Lecture slides	Quiz
	Routers, and	and configuration of			Problems to solve	
	Firewalls	switches, routers, and				
		firewalls				
		Finding evidence from				
		storage media of switches,				
		routers, and firewalls				
		Analysis suidence form	100 :	Evention		
		Analyze evidence from	100 min	Exercise		
		storage media of switches, routers, and firewalls				
11	Web Proxies and	Identify and detect	150 min	Case study	Problems to solve	Exercise
11	Tunneling	proxying (web) and	120 [[]]]	Case study	FIODIEITIS LO SOIVE	EXELCISE
ļ	Turriening	network tunnel through				
ļ		various protocols				
		various protocois				
12	Malware in	Understanding malware	50 min	Lecture presentation	Lecture slides	Quiz

Version:2Revision Date:-Revision:0Effective From:September 17, 2018

	Network	and its different types		Exercise	Problems to solve		
	Forensics						
		Identify and detect	50 min	Lecture presentation			
		malware attack					
		Tracking down the source	50 min	Exercise			
		of malware and containing					
		an infection					
13	Final Project	Present research paper	150 min	Student presentation	Presentation materials	Presentation	
	Presentation /	related to course topic.					
	Guest Lecture						