### **COMPONENTS ARE CLASSES**

```
export class MyComponent extends Component {
  componentWillMount() {
      // ...
}

render() {
    return <div>Hello World</div>
}
```

# **STATIC PROPERTIES**

```
export class MyComponent extends Component {
   static propTypes = {
       // ...
}
   static defaultProps = {
       // ...
}
```

# **INITIAL STATE**

```
export class MyComponent extends Component {
  state = {
    disabled: this.props.disabled,
  }
}
```

# **CONSTRUCTORS**

Replace componentWillMount:

```
export class MyComponent extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    // Do stuff
  }
}
```

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### **BOUND METHODS**

Bind methods to your component instance when used as handlers:

```
export class MyComponent extends Component {
  onMouseEnter = event => {
    this.setState({hovering: true})
  }
}
```

#### **IMPORT**

JSX assumes a React object is available, so make sure to import it:

```
import React, { Component, PropTypes } from 'react'
```

# **DESTRUCTURING**

Especially useful with stateless function components:

```
export const Commas = ({items, ...otherProps}) =>
  <div {...otherProps}>{items.join(', ')}</div>
```

# **TEMPLATE LITERALS**

Use to make dynamic class:

```
<input className={`Control-${this.state}`} />
```

And to sweeten your object literals with dynamic property names:

```
this.setState({
   [`${inputName}Value`]: e.target.value,
});
```

#### **CLASS DECORATORS**

Use in place of mixins:

```
@something(options)
class MyComponent extends Component {}

// Desugars to

let MyComponent = something(options)(
   class MyComponent extends Components {}
)
```