

# October Math Gems

## PROBLEM OF THE WEEK 22

### §1 Problems

**Problem 1.1.** If  $x^2 = 2023 + y$ ,  $y^2 = 2023 + x$  where  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq y$   
Then, find the value of  $xy$

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**Problem 1.2.** Evaluate the following series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{1023} \log_2\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)$$

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**Problem 1.3.** If  $\tan(x) - \tan^2(x) = 1$ , Then, the value of the following expression is equal to

$$\tan^4(x) - 2\tan^3(x) - \tan^2(x) + 2\tan(x) + 1 =$$

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**Problem 1.4.** The measure of a regular polygon's interior angle is 4 times bigger than the measure of its internal angle. How many sides does the polygon have?

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**Problem 1.5.** How many sides does a convex polygon have if all its external angles are obtuse?

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**Problem 1.6.** show that the triangle  $ABC$  where  $\frac{a+c}{b} = \cot \frac{B}{2}$  is right-angled

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**Problem 1.7.** Show that, if in triangle  $ABC$  we have  $\cot(A) + \cot(B) = 2 \cot(C)$ , then  $a^2 + b^2 = 2c^2$

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**Problem 1.8.** Known that

$$\frac{x+y}{2} \geq \sqrt{xy}$$

The minimum value of

$$3^{\sin^6(x)} + 3^{\cos^6(x)}$$

can be written in the form of  $ab^c$ . Find  $4cb + a$

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**Problem 1.9.** show that in any right-angle triangle  $ABC$  we have  $\tan \frac{A-B}{2} \tan \frac{C}{2} = \frac{a-b}{a+b}$ , where  $A + B = C$

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**Problem 1.10.** If

$$\sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \log_2 \left( \frac{r+2}{r+1} \right) = \prod_{r=10}^{99} \log_r(r+1)$$

What is the value of  $n$

**Problem 1.11.** If  $(x^2 + x + 1) + (x^2 + 2x + 3) + (x^2 + 3x + 5) + \cdots + (x^2 + 20x + 39) = 4500$   
Then, the sum of all possible values of  $x$  is

**Problem 1.12.** The value of the product

$$\prod_{n=1}^{98} \frac{n^2 + 2n}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{a}{b}$$

where  $a, b$  are two co-prime integers Then,  $a + b =$

**Problem 1.13.**

$$4^{\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x}} = 32$$

$$\log_3(x - y) + \log_3(x + y) = 1$$

Find the value of  $x$

**Problem 1.14.** Evaluate the sum of the expression

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i(2)^i$$

**Problem 1.15.** If  $a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x = c$ ,  $b \sin^2 y + a \cos^2 y = d$  and  $a = b$ , then  $\frac{a^2}{b^2} =$

**Problem 1.16.** In a right angle triangle  $ABC$ ,  $\sin^2 a + \sin^2 b + \sin^2 c =$

**Problem 1.17.** If  $\frac{\sin x}{a} = \frac{\cos x}{b} = \frac{\tan x}{c} = k$  then  $bc + \frac{1}{ck} + \frac{ak}{1+bk} =$

**Problem 1.18.** if  $a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta = b \sin \phi + a \cos \phi = 1$  and  $a \tan \theta = b \tan \phi$  then  $a + b =$

**Problem 1.19.** Evaluate the value of the expression

$$\prod_{a=1}^{89} \tan(a^\circ)$$

**Problem 1.20.** If  $\sin(x) + \sin^2 x + \sin^3 x = 1$ , then the value of

$$\cos^6 x - 4 \cos^4 x + 8 \cos^2 x =$$