

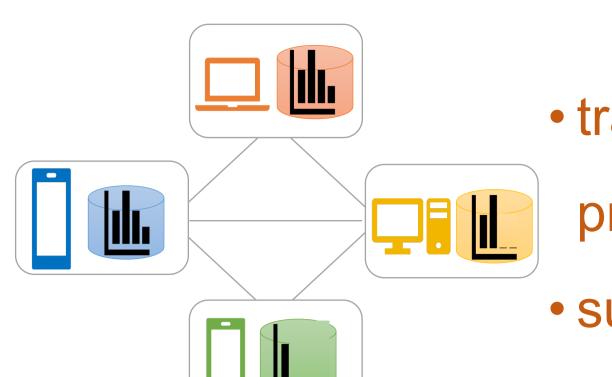
A First Look at the Impact of Distillation Hyper-Parameters in Federated Knowledge Distillation

SANDS Lab

Norah Alballa, Marco Canini

JOINT DISTILLATION FOR DECENTRALIZED TRAINING

Joint knowledge distillation



- transfer knowledge between already pre-trained models
- suitable for federated / decentralized training setting (P2P)



Pros:

- + communication reduction
- + mitigate system and data heterogeneity
- + model architecture flexibility

Cons:

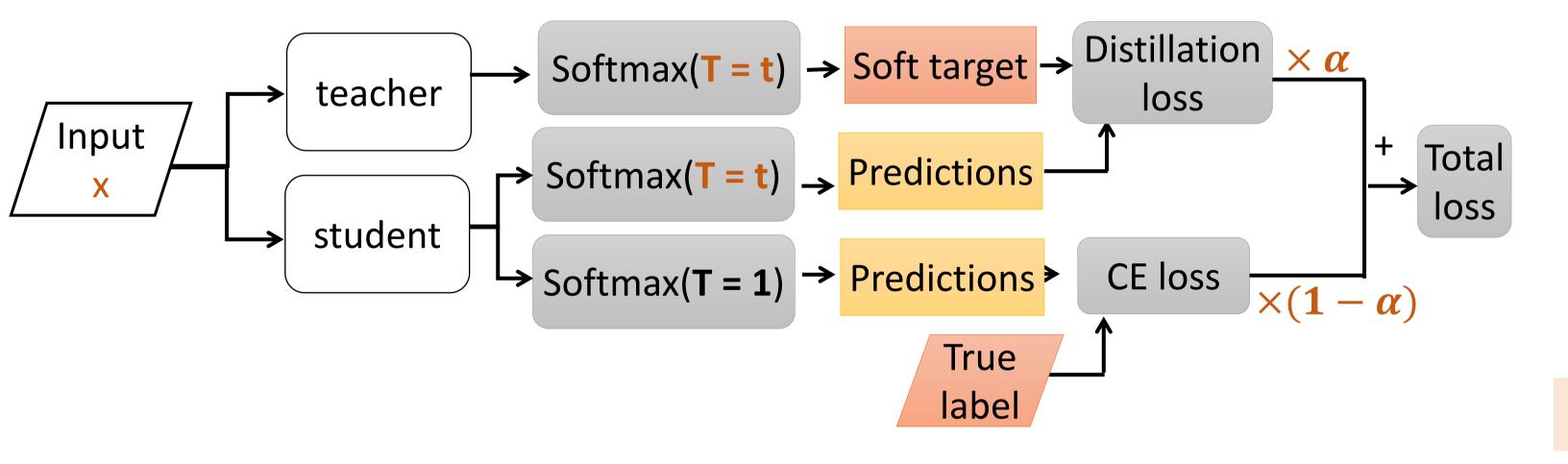
- setting not well studied, default hyper-params not effective
- KD is comp. intensive and not always an accuracy gain

How sensitive is performance to hyper-params?

What's the room for tuning them?

KNOWLEDGE DISTILLATION PIPELINE

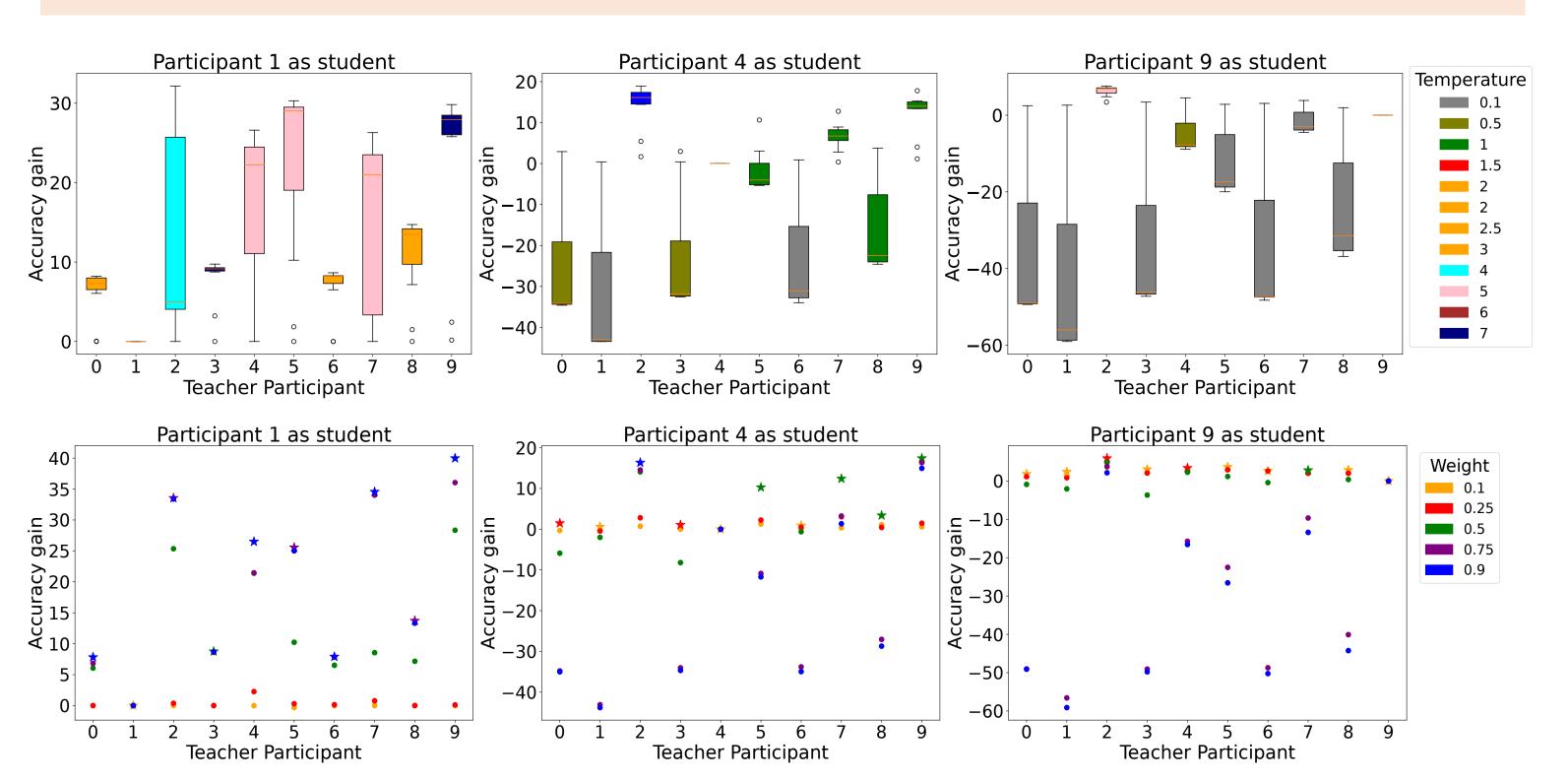
Hyper-params: temperature T, weight α , transfer set (input x), and position (teacher vs. student)



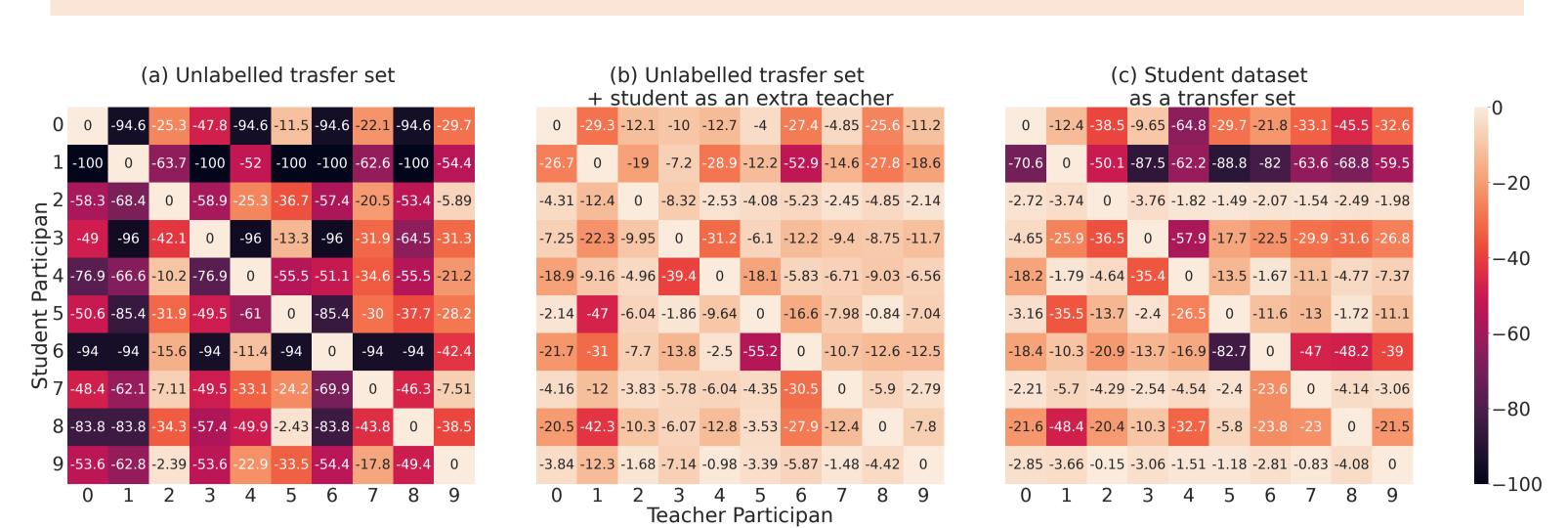
SETUP

- Simple scenario: 10 participants, ResNet-18 on CIFAR10, heterogeneous data partitions
- One round joint KD for all possible pairwise interactions
- Full sweep on space of hyper-params

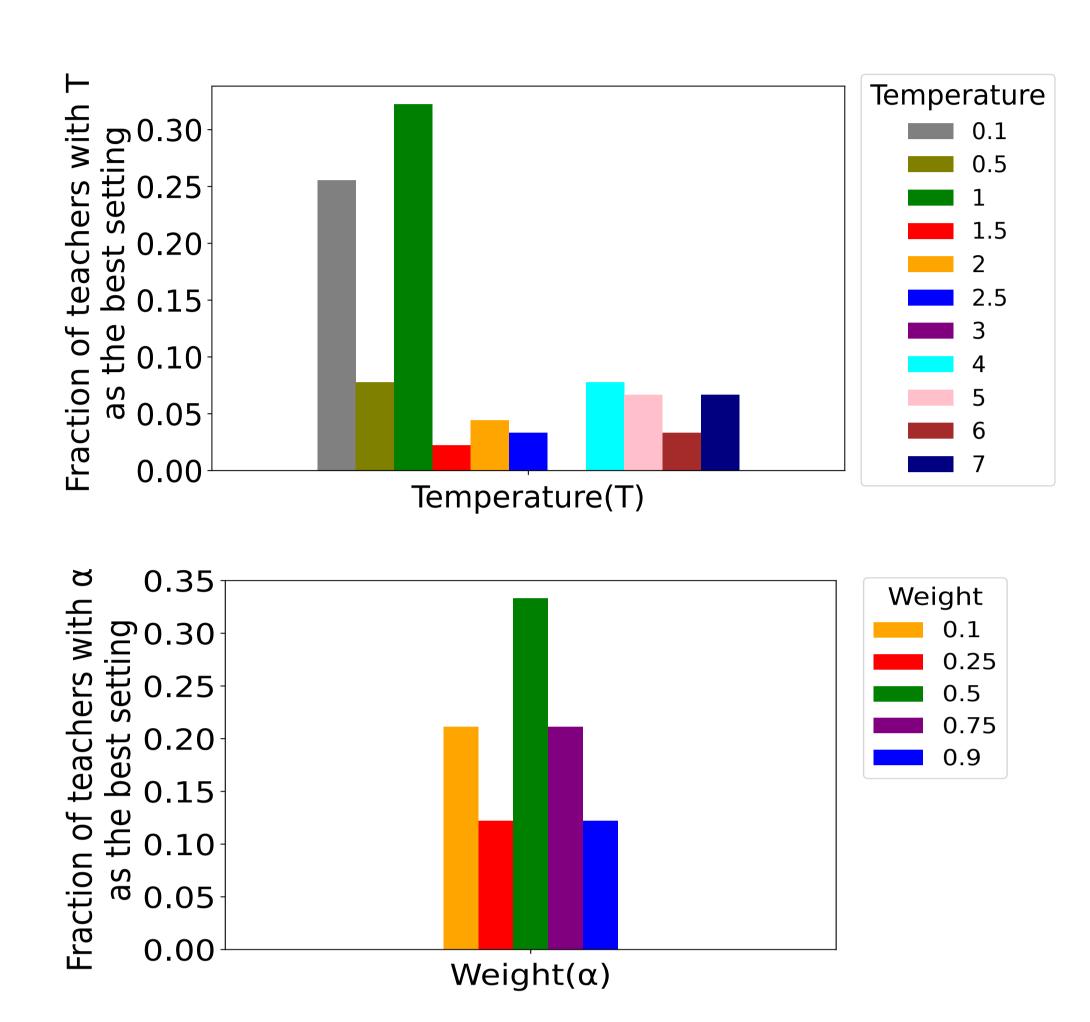
NO SINGLE SETTING IS THE BEST FOR ALL



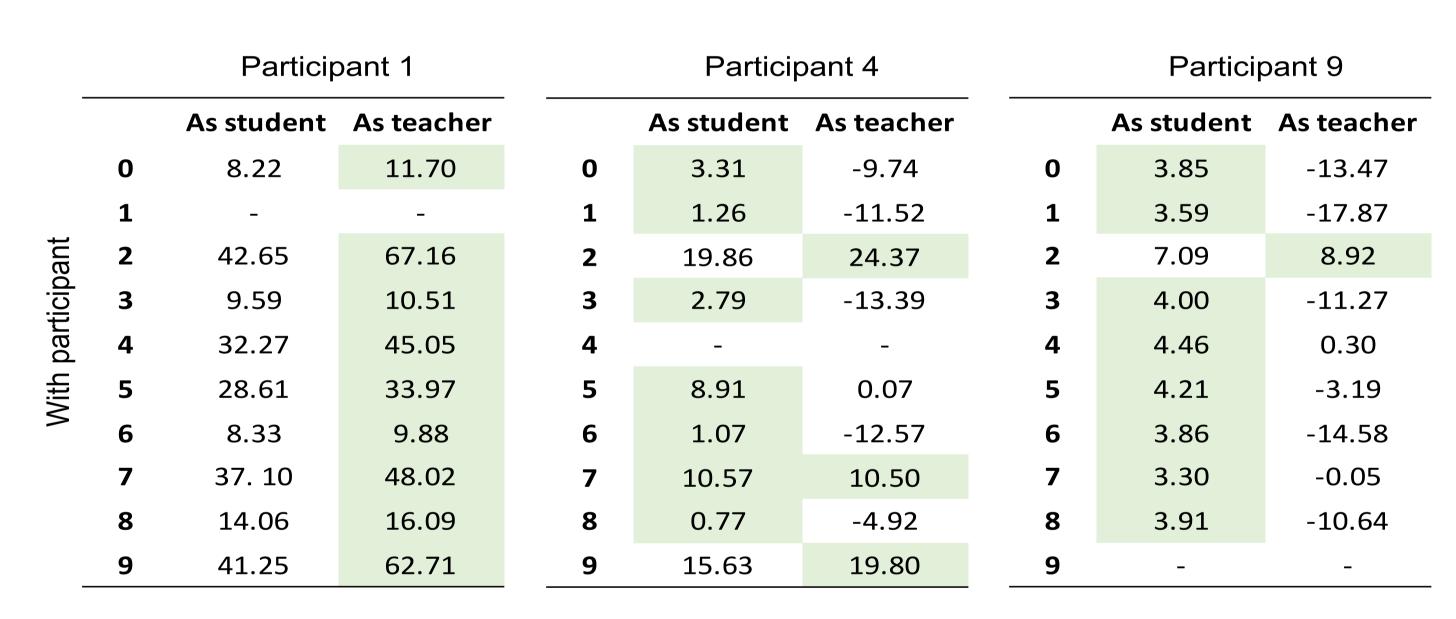
MAIN OBSERVATIONS



Transfer set affects student's forgetting



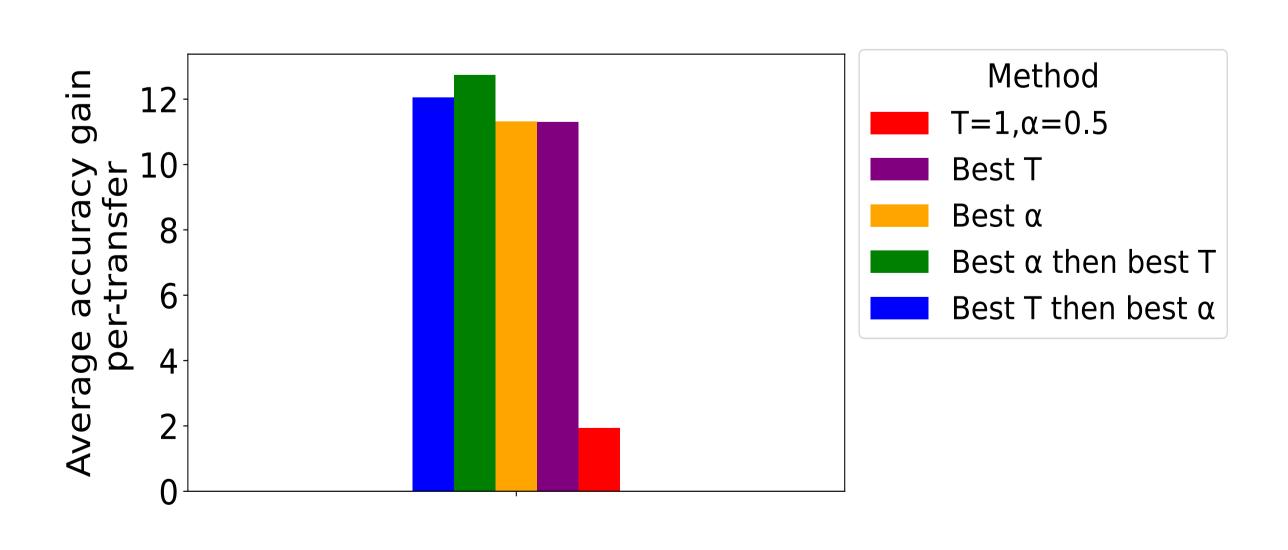
2/3 of the pairs require temperature and weight other than the common default T=1 and α =0.5



Setting the right position is important

APPROPRIATE TUNING

Up to 5+ times improvement on average



TAKE AWAY

- Unlike offline and online distillation, requires careful tuning.
 Appropriate tuning in joint distillation can significantly improve the accuracy gain.
- Automating the tuning is an important direction.