



Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Classwork No:	05
Topic:	OOP (Instance method and overloading)
Number of Tasks:	5

# Classwork Part

## Task 1

Design the **Student** class in such a way so that the following code provides the expected output.

**Hint:**

- Write the constructor with an appropriate default value for arguments.
- Write the `dailyEffort()` method with appropriate arguments.
- Write the `printDetails()` method. You can follow the printing suggestions below:
  - ☐ If `hour <= 2` print 'Suggestion: Should give more effort!'
  - ☐ Else if `hour <= 4` print 'Suggestion: Keep up the good work!'
  - ☐ Else print 'Suggestion: Excellent! Now motivate others.'

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Driver Code	Output
<pre># Write your code here.  harry = Student('Harry Potter', 123) harry.dailyEffort(3) harry.printDetails()  print('=====') john = Student("John Wick", 456, "BBA") john.dailyEffort(2) john.printDetails()  print('=====') naruto = Student("Naruto Uzumaki", 777, "Ninja") naruto.dailyEffort(6) naruto.printDetails()</pre>	<pre>Name: Harry Potter ID: 123 Department: CSE Daily Effort: 3 hour(s) Suggestion: Keep up the good work! ===== Name: John Wick ID: 456 Department: BBA Daily Effort: 2 hour(s) Suggestion: Should give more effort! ===== Name: Naruto Uzumaki ID: 777 Department: Ninja Daily Effort: 6 hour(s) Suggestion: Excellent! Now motivate others.</pre>

## Task 2

Write the **Farmer** class with the required constructor, methods to get the following output.

Driver Code	Output
<pre>f1 = Farmer() print("-----") f1.addCrops('Rice', "Jute", "Cinnamon") print("-----") f1.addFishes() print("-----") f1.addCrops('Mustard') print("-----") f1.showGoods() print("-----") f2 = Farmer("Korim Mia") print("-----") f2.addFishes('Pangash', 'Magur') print("-----") f2.addCrops("Wheat", "Potato") print("-----") f2.addFishes("Koi", "Tuna", "Sardine") print("-----") f2.showGoods() print("-----") f3 = Farmer(2865127000) print("-----") f3.addCrops() print("-----") f3.addFishes("Katla") print("-----") f3.showGoods() print("-----")</pre>	<pre>Welcome to your farm! ----- 3 crop(s) added. ----- No fish added. ----- 1 crop(s) added. ----- You have 4 crop(s): Rice,Jute,Cinnamon,Mustard You don't have any fish(s). ----- Welcome to your farm, Korim Mia! ----- 2 fish(s) added. ----- 2 crop(s) added. ----- 3 fish(s) added. ----- You have 2 crop(s): Wheat,Potato You have 5 fish(s): Pangash,Magur,Koi,Tuna,Sardine ----- Welcome to your farm. Your farm ID is 2865127000! ----- No crop(s) added. ----- 1 fish(s) added. ----- You don't have any crop(s). You have 1 fish(s): Katla -----</pre>

### Task 3

Using the **TaxiLagbe** app, users can share a single taxi with multiple people.

**Implement** the design of the **TaxiLagbe** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code:

[Hint: 1. Each taxi can carry a maximum of 4 passengers

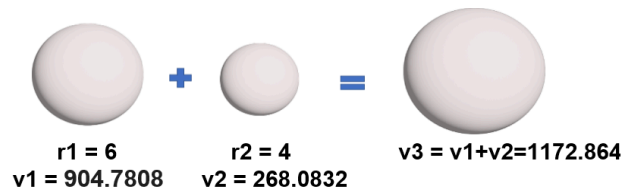
2. The addPassenger() method takes the last name of the passenger and ticket fare for that person in an underscore (\_)-separated string.]

Driver Code	Output
<pre># Write your code here  taxi1 = TaxiLagbe('1010-01', 'Dhaka') print('-----') taxi1.addPassenger('Walker_100', 'Wood_200', 'Matt_100') taxi1.addPassenger('Wilson_105') print('-----') taxi1.printDetails() print('-----') taxi1.addPassenger('Karen_200') print('-----') taxi1.printDetails() print('-----') taxi2 = TaxiLagbe('1010-02', 'Khulna') taxi2.addPassenger('Ronald_115', 'Parker_215') print('-----') taxi2.printDetails()</pre>	<pre>----- Dear Walker! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Wood! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Matt! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Wilson! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. ----- Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-01 This taxi can only cover the Dhaka area. Total passengers: 4 Passenger lists: Walker, Wood, Matt, Wilson Total collected fare: 505 Taka ----- Taxi Full! No more passengers can be added. ----- Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-01 This taxi can only cover the Dhaka area. Total passengers: 4 Passenger lists: Walker, Wood, Matt, Wilson Total collected fare: 505 Taka ----- Dear Ronald! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Parker! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. ----- Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-02 This taxi can only cover the Khulna area. Total passengers: 2 Passenger lists: Ronald, Parker Total collected fare: 330 Taka</pre>

## Task 4

**Design** the **Sphere** class such that the following output is produced. **Hints:**

- Volume of the sphere =  $\frac{4}{3} * \pi * r^3$ , where r = radius of the sphere and  $\pi = 3.1416$ .
- Merging spheres together conserves the total volume. The volume of the bigger sphere can be calculated by adding the volume of the spheres being merged. [see pictures for details]. Pay attention to how the object is updated.
- When spheres of different colors are merged together then the merged sphere will have '**Mixed Color**' instead of one particular color.
- Your code should work for any number of Sphere objects passed to the **merge\_sphere()** method.
- The default value of the radius r is 1.



#Write your code here

```
sphere1 = Sphere("Sphere 1")
print("1*****")
sphere1.printDetails()
print("2*****")
sphere2 = Sphere("Sphere 2", 3)
print("3*****")
sphere2.printDetails()
print("4*****")
sphere3 = Sphere("Sphere 3", 2)
print("5*****")
sphere3.printDetails()
print("6*****")
sphere3.merge_sphere(sphere1,sphere2)
print("7*****")
sphere3.printDetails()
print("8*****")
sphere4 = Sphere("Sphere 4", 5, "Purple")
print("9*****")
sphere4.merge_sphere(sphere3)
```

**Output:**

```
1*****
Sphere ID: Sphere 1
Color: White
Volume: 4.1888
2*****
3*****
Sphere ID: Sphere 2
Color: White
Volume: 113.09759999999999
4*****
5*****
Sphere ID: Sphere 3
Color: White
Volume: 33.5104
6*****
Spheres are being merged
7*****
Sphere ID: Sphere 3
Color: White
Volume: 150.7968
```

<pre>print("10*****") sphere4.printDetails()</pre>	<pre>8***** 9***** Spheres are being merged 10***** Sphere ID: Sphere 4 Color: Mixed Color Volume: 674.3967999999999</pre>
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## Task 5

1	<code>class ABC:</code>
2	<code>def __init__(self):</code>
3	<code>self.x = 3</code>
4	<code>self.y = 7</code>
5	<code>self.sum = 0</code>
6	<code>def methodA(self, x):</code>
7	<code>self.y = x + self.sum + self.x</code>
8	<code>self.sum = x + self.y</code>
9	<code>z = ABC()</code>
10	<code>z.sum = self.sum + self.y</code>
11	<code>self.methodB(z)</code>
12	<code>print(self.x, self.y, self.sum)</code>
13	<code>def methodB(self, a):</code>
14	<code>y = 3</code>
15	<code>a.x = self.x + self.sum</code>
16	<code>self.sum = a.x + a.y + y</code>
17	<code>print(a.x, a.y, a.sum)</code>

Write the output of the following code:

```
a = ABC()
a.methodA(5)
```


# Homework Part

Homework No:	05
Topic:	Instance method and overloading
Submission Type:	Hard Copy
Resources:	1. Class lectures 2. BuX lectures <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>English: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eUQZYyszZf8">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eUQZYyszZf8</a></li> <li>Supplementary: <a href="https://shorturl.at/uwENV">https://shorturl.at/uwENV</a></li> </ol>

## Task 1

Design the **Student** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. Use constructor overloading and method overloading where necessary.

*Hint:*

- A student having **cgpa**  $\geq 3.5$  and **credit**  $> 10$  is **eligible for scholarship**.
  - A student having **cgpa**  $\geq 3.7$  is eligible for **Merit based scholarship**
  - A student with **cgpa**  $\geq 3.5$  but  $< 3.7$  is eligible for **Need-based scholarship**.

Driver Code	Given Output
<pre> print('-----') std1 = Student("Alif", 3.99, 12) print('-----') std1.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('-----') std1.showDetails() print('-----') std2 = Student("Mim", 3.4) std3 = Student("Henry", 3.5, 15, "BBA") print('-----') std2.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('-----') std3.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('-----') std2.showDetails() print('-----') std3.showDetails() </pre>	<pre> ----- ----- Alif is eligible for Merit-based scholarship. ----- Name: Alif Department: CSE CGPA: 3.99 Number of Credits: 12 Scholarship Status: Merit-based scholarship ----- ----- Mim is not eligible for scholarship. ----- Henry is eligible for Need-based scholarship. ----- Name: Mim Department: CSE CGPA: 3.4 Number of Credits: 9 </pre>

```

print('-----')
std4 = Student("Bob", 4.0, 6, "CSE")
print('-----')
std4.checkScholarshipEligibility()
print('-----')
std4.showDetails()

```

```

Scholarship Status: No scholarship
-----
Name: Henry
Department: BBA
CGPA: 3.5
Number of Credits: 15
Scholarship Status: Need-based
scholarship
-----
-----
Bob is not eligible for scholarship.
-----
Name: Bob
Department: CSE
CGPA: 4.0
Number of Credits: 6
Scholarship Status: No scholarship

```

## Task 2

Design the **Foodie** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. You can follow the notes below:

1. Your code should work for any number of strings passed to `order()` method.
2. Total spent by a foodie is calculated by adding the total prices of all the ordered foods and the waiter's tips (if any).
3. Global variable 'menu' can be accessed directly from inside the class.

Driver Code	Output
<pre> menu = {'Chicken Lollipop':15,'Beef Nugget':20,'Americano':180,'Red Velvet':150,'Prawn Tempura':80,'Saute Veg':200}  f1 = Foodie('Frodo') print(f1.show_orders()) print('1-----') f1.order('Chicken Lollipop-3','Beef Nugget-6','Americano-1') print('2-----') print(f1.show_orders()) print('3-----') f1.order('Red Velvet-1') </pre>	<pre> Frodo has 0 item(s) in the cart. Items: [] Total spent: 0. 1----- Ordered - Chicken Lollipop, quantity - 3, price (per Unit) - 15. Total price - 45 Ordered - Beef Nugget, quantity - 6, price (per Unit)- 20. Total price - 120 Ordered - Americano, quantity - 1, price (per Unit)- 180. Total price - 180 2----- Frodo has 3 item(s) in the cart. Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef </pre>



```

print('4-----')
f1.pay_tips(20)
print('5-----')
print(f1.show_orders())
f2 = Foodie('Bilbo')
print('6-----')
f2.order('Prawn Tempura-6', 'Saute Veg-1')
print('7-----')
f2.pay_tips()
print('8-----')
print(f2.show_orders())

```

```

Nugget', 'Americano']
Total spent: 345.
3-----
Ordered - Red Velvet, quantity - 1, price
(per Unit)- 150.
Total price - 150
4-----
Gives 20/- tips to the waiter.
5-----
Frodo has 4 item(s) in the cart.
Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef
Nugget', 'Americano', 'Red Velvet']
Total spent: 515.
6-----
Ordered - Prawn Tempura, quantity - 6,
price (per Unit)- 80.
Total price - 480
Ordered - Saute Veg, quantity - 1, price
(per Unit)- 200.
Total price - 200
7-----
No tips to the waiter.
8-----
Bilbo has 2 item(s) in the cart.
Items: ['Prawn Tempura', 'Saute Veg']
Total spent: 680.

```

### Task 3

Design the **Department** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code.

### Hints:

1. Your code should work for any number of integers passed to the add\_students() method. The method will calculate the average number of students if the number of integers passed is equal to the number of classes.
2. Your code should work for any number of Department objects passed to the merge\_Department() method.
3. The average students of the mega department in the merge\_Department() method are calculated in this way -

Total students of mega department = mega department average \* mega department sections + department 1 average \* department 1 sections + department 2 average \* department 2 sections + department 3 average \* department 3 sections + ... ..

**Average students of mega department = (Total students of mega department / mega department sections)**

Driver Code	Output
<pre>d1 = Department() print('1-----') d2 = Department('MME Department') print('2-----') d3 = Department('NCE Department', 8) print('3-----') d1.add_students(12, 23, 12, 34, 21) print('4-----') d2.add_students(40, 30, 21) print('5-----') d3.add_students(12, 34, 41, 17, 30, 22, 32, 51) print('6-----') mega = Department('Engineering Department', 10) print('7-----') mega.add_students(21,30,40,36,10,32,27,51,45,15) print('8-----') print(mega.merge_Department(d1, d2)) print('9-----') print(mega.merge_Department(d3))</pre>	<pre>The ChE Department has 5 sections. 1----- The MME Department has 5 sections. 2----- The NCE Department has 8 sections. 3----- The ChE Department has an average of 20.4 students in each section. 4----- The MME Department doesn't have 3 sections. 5----- The NCE Department has an average of 29.88 students in each section. 6----- The Engineering Department has 10 sections. 7----- The Engineering Department has an average of 30.7 students in each section. 8----- ChE Department is merged to Engineering Department. MME Department is merged to Engineering Department. Now the Engineering Department has an average of 40.9 students in each section. 9----- NCE Department is merged to Engineering Department.</pre>

Now the Engineering Department has an average of 64.8 students in each section.

## Task 4

Design the **Shopidify** class such that users can create 2 types of account guest\_accounts and user\_accounts to shop from the online e-commerce site.

Now create the methods and constructors using overloading concepts to facilitate the online shopping procedure.

Use constructor overloading for handling the guest\_accounts and user\_accounts.

[You are not allowed to change the driver code.]

Tester Code	Output
<pre> # Test the Shopidify class guest_account = Shopidify() print("1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") john_account = Shopidify("John") print("2xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") guest_account.add_to_cart("Air Jordan", 2) guest_account.add_to_cart("Luffy Action Figure") guest_account.display_cart() print("3xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") john_account.add_to_cart(["Chocolate Chip Cookies", 3, "Goku Action Figure", 2, "Dumbbells-5kg", 2]) john_account.display_cart() print("4xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") guest_account.add_to_cart("Air Jordan") guest_account.display_cart() print("5xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") guest_account.checkout() print("6xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") guest_account.display_history() print("7xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") john_account.checkout() print("8xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") john_account.display_history() print("9xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx") </pre>	<pre> Welcome to Shopidify 1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Welcome John to Shopidify 2xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Items in the cart for Guest: - Air Jordan: 2x - Luffy Action Figure: 1x 3xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Items in the cart for John: - Chocolate Chip Cookies: 3x - Goku Action Figure: 2x - Dumbbells-5kg: 2x 4xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Items in the cart for Guest: - Air Jordan: 3x - Luffy Action Figure: 1x 5xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Checkout completed for Guest 6xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Purchase history for Guest: Transaction 1: - Air Jordan: 3x - Luffy Action Figure: 1x 7xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Checkout completed for John 8xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Purchase history for John: Transaction 1: - Chocolate Chip Cookies: 3x </pre>



## Task 6

1	<code>class Lab4:</code>
2	<code>    def __init__(self):</code>
3	<code>        self.x = 3</code>
4	<code>        self.y = 2</code>
5	<code>        self.sum = 5</code>
6	<code>    def methodA(self, x):</code>
7	<code>        self.y = self.sum + self.x - x</code>
8	<code>        self.sum = x - self.y</code>
9	<code>d = Lab4()</code>
10	<code>d.sum = self.sum + self.methodB(d)</code>
11	<code>print(self.x, self.y, self.sum)</code>
12	<code>return d</code>
13	<code>    def methodB(self, t, z = 4):</code>
14	<code>        y = 2</code>
15	<code>        t.x = self.x + self.sum</code>
16	<code>        y = y + t.x - t.y</code>
17	<code>        self.sum = t.x + t.y + y - z</code>
18	<code>        if z == 4:</code>
19	<code>            return y</code>
20	<code>print(t.x, t.y, self.sum)</code>
21	<code>p = t.methodA(y)</code>
22	<code>print(t.x, self.y, p.sum)</code>

<pre>obj = Lab4() obj2 = obj.methodA(4) obj.methodB(obj2, 10)</pre>	<div>Output:</div> <table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>												

## Task 7

1	<code>class Test4:</code>
2	<code>    def __init__(self):</code>
3	<code>        self.sum, self.y = 0, 0</code>
4	<code>    def methodA(self):</code>
5	<code>        x, y = 0, 0</code>
6	<code>        msg = [0]</code>
7	<code>        msg[0] = 5</code>
8	<code>        y = y + self.methodB(msg[0])</code>
9	<code>        x = y + self.methodB(msg, msg[0])</code>
10	<code>        self.sum = x + y + msg[0]</code>
11	<code>        print(x, y, self.sum)</code>
12	<code>    def methodB(self, *args):</code>
13	<code>        if len(args) == 1:</code>
14	<code>            mg1 = args[0]</code>
15	<code>            x, y = 0, 0</code>
16	<code>            y = y + mg1</code>
17	<code>            x = x + 33 + mg1</code>
18	<code>            self.sum = self.sum + x + y</code>
19	<code>            self.y = mg1 + x + 2</code>
20	<code>            print(x, y, self.sum)</code>
21	<code>            return y</code>
22	<code>        else:</code>
23	<code>            mg2, mg1 = args</code>
24	<code>            x = 0</code>
25	<code>            self.y = self.y + mg2[0]</code>
26	<code>            x = x + 33 + mg1</code>
27	<code>            self.sum = self.sum + x + self.y</code>
28	<code>            mg2[0] = self.y + mg1</code>
29	<code>            mg1 = mg1 + x + 2</code>
30	<code>            print(x, self.y, self.sum)</code>
31	<code>            return self.sum</code>

<pre>t3 = Test4() t3.methodA() t3.methodA() t3.methodA() t3.methodA()</pre>	x	y	sum