CHAPTER 1

What's New with LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3

It is always difficult to determine what audience this book will find its hands in, and I am going to assume that most readers have at least heard of LEGO MINDSTORMS. LEGO offers many instructions with their LEGO MINDSTORMS kits, but this book is really about how to get the most out of LEGO MINDSTORMS. In short, my desire is that you use the concepts and precepts in this book to make just about anything with LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3 parts.

Since EV3 is the new version, I'm going to structure this book as if EV3 was the first, and not even address aspects of versions 1 and 2, such as programming, parts, and so forth unless it becomes absolutely necessary. Yes, we are wiping the slate clean, which means that those new to LEGO MINDSTORMS and those who built with previous versions are now on an equal playing field. Of course, this means that you will need to get started in some manner.

Getting Started with LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3

I'm going to assume that you probably have purchased some kind of LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3 set. If you go to the LEGO main website and click on "Products", you will find Set 31313, a set that was made for the holiday season of 2013. This set is good for an introductory user, and contains many of the sensors and motors that will be discussed in this section.

Much of what I discuss in this book can be constructed from the EV3 Core Set (45544), the EV3 Expansion Set (45560), and the EV3 Software. The Core Set comes with several Lego pieces as well as the EV3 Brick and all the sensors and motors that I will list below. The Expansion Set comes with a lot more Lego pieces, but assumes that you already have the intelligent EV3 pieces. The EV3 Software package is excellent for programming Lego EV3 projects, and we will go into more detail on it in Chapter 2.

The New Sensors and Motors of EV3

The previously mentioned sets contain numerous Technic LEGO pieces. I will discuss the non-motorized ones later. For now, I want to address the sensors and motors that you will discover while working with EV3. The number that you see after the heading in parenthesis is the Element Number, which is a system that LEGO uses to catalog their pieces.

The EV3 Brick (6009996)

This particular brick is the computerized and interactive brick. There is an iteration of it in every LEGO MINDSTORMS version, and this is what the LEGO team spent years of research to attain: the programmable brick. Think of this brick as the "brain" of your creation. You will tell this brick what to do through the programming language of EV3, and it will carry out its specific functions, provided you programmed it correctly. Note the clause at the end of that last sentence, as you will discover that many of your LEGO MINDSTORMS creations will not work because you didn't get the programming right.

I will cover how to program this EV3 Brick in Chapter 2. For now, I want you to get to know it. Figure 1-1 shows various views of the EV3 Brick, and there are several things worth noting.



Figure 1-1. Front and back views of the EV3 Brick. The back is the 10V battery

You can see on the front is the screen. If it were turned on, you will see a basic menu screen with four tabs. I will discuss what these tabs do in the next chapter on programming. Sadly, this screen is not a touchscreen (maybe next version), but control is possible with the buttons below it.

As you will soon discover, the buttons in the north, west, south, and east positions are the controls for up, left, down, and right, respectively. The key in the center works as an "enter" key, and the key directly under the left side of the screen is the "back" button. If you have the EV3 Brick, then you have noticed that the buttons are not numbered as shown in Figure 1-1. These numbers will become more important in later chapters, such as Chapters 2 and 3.

I'll go ahead and say something quickly about the rechargeable battery pack (6012820), shown on the right side of Figure 1-1. It comes with the Core Set and takes the place of 6 AA batteries, which have been known to lose their juice in a hurry. The battery pack is very easy to install and can charge via AC outlet with the included cord.

You will notice on the "north" and "south" sides of this brick are four ports on each side. These will become very useful in creations as you will use cables of various lengths to connect to other special bricks that we will discuss later (see Figure 1-2).



Figure 1-2. The other sides of the EV3 Brick

These ports have specific purposes which I will describe in the next chapter. For now, I'll summarize it by saying that input ports 1-4, located on the north side, are used to connect the sensors, while the output ports labeled A-D, located on the south side, are made for the motors. You will notice that every motor and sensor has a port on it, and you are meant to use connector cables to attach it to these inputs.

You will also notice that there is a (micro) USB port labeled "PC". In the Core Set, you will get a USB cable that you can connect to this. The USB Cable then attaches to your computer, which allows you to program the EV3 Brick from your PC or Mac. Unfortunately, the set-up kit does not include the software, which must be purchased separately. I will discuss this more in Chapter 2.

As for the east and west sides, you will see a speaker on one, and a USB Host Port labeled "USB" and SD Card Port labeled "SD" on the other. The USB port can be used as a USB Wi-Fi dongle for connecting to a wireless network, or daisy chaining three other EV3 bricks to it. The SD card port increases the available memory for the EV3 Brick with an SD card with a maximum of 32 GB. This comes in handy for when you want to program something on an SD card and then put it on your EV3 Brick.

Large Motor (6009430)

I wrote a lot about motors in my LEGO Technic books, and the LEGO MINDSTORMS Large Motors operate on the same basic principle. That is, you insert an Axle or cross-shaped part into one end, and power the motor up to make it spin. However, the user can stick the axle all the way through the circular area on the Large Motor (see Figure 1-3), and it will spin when prompted by the EV3 brick; this is different to the Technics motor which has one axle hole or cross-shaped hole at one end like the Medium Motor (see separate description).





Figure 1-3. Two views of the Large Motor

Another difference between the Large Motor and a LEGO Technic motor is that EV3 software allows you much more precision. LEGO Technic motors can only go and stop, but the Large Motor has a built-in rotation sensor with one-degree resolution for precise control. This means that you can tell the Large Motor how fast to spin, and for how long.

Another added bonus is that two Large Motors can be programmed to be completely in sync with each other. This is really good for vehicles. I will discuss how to put them in sync in Chapter 2.

Medium Motor (6008577)

This particular motor is also made for spinning, but in a different way. It works more like a LEGO Technic motor, in that the axle part is stuck in the middle instead of through the side like the Large Motor (See Figure 1-4 for a view of the Medium Motor).



Figure 1-4. Front and back views of the LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3 Medium Motor

The Medium Motor contains the built-in rotation sensor with the one-degree resolution, but it is much lighter and can respond faster than the Large Motor.

Ultrasonic Sensor (6008924)

This particular part looks like a pair of eyes, and it works like a bat "sees". A bat sends out high-frequency sound waves that reflect or echo off objects, and they process that information to discover how far an object is away (see Figure 1-5).

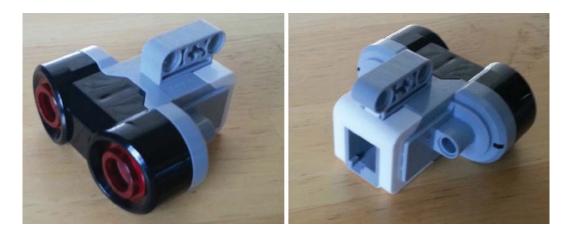


Figure 1-5. Two views of the Ultrasonic Sensor

In the same manner, this LEGO MINDSTORMS piece allows for seeing that there is an obstruction directly ahead of it. This comes in handy when you create a LEGO MINDSTORMS creation that must stop at a wall or other obstacles. You will notice that there is a steady light around the Ultrasonic Sensor's eyes, which means that it is in measure mode. If the light is blinking, this is when it is in Presence Mode. Presence mode allows the Ultrasonic Sensor to detect another Ultrasonic Sensor operating nearby. This means it is detecting other sound signals, but it is not sending them.

Gyro Sensor (6008916)

This part can often be confused with the other sensors at first glance, except for the telltale arrows on the top of it. These arrows mark its rotational motion on a single axis, and it can, when properly powered, know when it is moving, how fast it is moving, and what angle it is facing (see Figure 1-6).



Figure 1-6. Front and back view of the Gyro Sensor

This sensor can measure a maximum rate of spin of 440 degrees per second, and can even keep track of the total rotation angle in degrees. This means that it can keep track of steering, and it also knows what rate it is travelling at as well. We will definitely come back to this helpful brick in Chapter 3.

Color Sensor (6008919)

The Color Sensor (see Figure 1-7) is an interesting brick that can not only recognize seven colors, but it can also detect the amount of reflected light as well as the intensity of ambient light. What does that mean? I'll have programming examples in later chapters, but let me briefly go over each of its separate features individually.



Figure 1-7. Front and back views of the Color Sensor

Color mode gives the Color Sensor the ability to scan seven colors that include the three primary (red, blue, and yellow), one secondary of green, plus black, white, and brown. It can also detect no color, which means it can be programmed to act (or not act) when none of the seven colors are scanned. With the proper use of the Color Sensor, your LEGO MINDSTORMS creation can actually "see" what color an object is. You can even program the robot to perform a certain action when it scans a certain color. We will discuss this much more in separate chapters.

The Color Sensor can also measure reflected light on a scale of 0–100, with 0 representing very dark and 100 representing very light. How will this help you? The Color Sensor can be taught to stop at a black line on a white floor. There is an example of this in the instructions of The Core Set.

As for the ambient light detector, it can be programmed to know the difference between the brightest day and the darkest night. This is useful in situations where a LEGO MINDSTORMS creation must do something different in the dark than when in the light.

Touch Sensor (6008472)

This part has a red button on it that knows when it is pressed and released. It can be programmed to do something when pressed, which comes in handy for stopping or starting actions (see Figure 1-8).



Figure 1-8. The front and back view of a Touch Sensor

This button can also be set up for doing actions when the button is released as well as pressed. Another set-up can include something on when the action is "bumped". That is, quickly pressed and released. I will discuss the particulars in later chapters like Chapter 3.

Infrared Sensor (6009811) and Infrared Beacon (6014051)

The sensor and beacon are designed to work together, and they can do many things. The Infrared Beacon (IR Beacon) sends out a signal of infrared light, the same kind of signals that most TV remote controls use. Pressing the button marked "9" in Figure 1-9 allows this signal to be sent out, and there is an indicator light showing that the signal is being broadcast. The other buttons are labeled 1-4, and I will explain the numbering in the next chapter. The IR Beacon has four channels, which allow its Infrared Sensor to detect four kinds of signal.



Figure 1-9. The EV3 Infrared Sensor (left) and Infrared Beacon (right). (Photo credit: The LEGO Group)

The Infrared Sensor detects the beacon, and it can sense its proximity of its beacon. It also allows the IR Beacon to be used as a wireless remote, which comes in handy for taking control of projects. The Infrared Sensor can also sense when some object is in front of it, but is less sensitive than the Ultrasonic Sensor.

Connector Cables

In order to get the sensors or motors to work, they need to be properly powered. You need to use the connector cables for that, and they connect like landline telephone cords; you can see some in Figure 1-10.



Figure 1-10. The three sizes of connector cables

As you can see, the connector cables come in three sizes. The small (6024581) measures in at 10 inches/25 centimeters, the medium (6024583) measures at 14 inches/35 centimeters, and the large (6024585) measures at 20 inches/50 centimeters.

A Basic Introduction to LEGO Technic Pieces

You will notice that LEGO MINDSTORMS sets come with LEGO pieces. If you are not familiar with sets like LEGO in general you might find that these pieces look different than the traditional set with bricks and plates (the flat LEGO pieces). The pieces in a MINDSTORMS set are more associated with a series of LEGO sets known as LEGO Technic.

If you aren't familiar with LEGO Technic, it is a specific type of LEGO set which is made for older children in the tween age range. I have written two books for Apress on the subject with *Practical LEGO Technics* and *LEGO Technic Robotics*. These are books that talk about what you can do with LEGO Technic pieces, as well as the Power Functions motors. Believe me, you can do a lot with LEGO Technic, but LEGO MINDSTORMS really kicks it up a notch, maybe even a few notches.

I would have to say that pieces provided with the LEGO MINDSTORMS kits are a good example of what is available in the Technic series, but you might find that you want more of them to make bigger or more elaborate models. I wish I could say that there is an "ultimate set" of Technic. The current selection on their catalog is for individual models, and you may have many of one piece but not so many of another piece. As someone who isn't interested in spending too much of their budget on LEGO pieces, you sort of learn to adapt to the pieces that you have.

Most LEGO enthusiasts simply build from whatever pieces they have based on the particular sets they have bought in the past. I highly suggest that you find a way to keep your pieces organized, as you will lose a lot of time rummaging through a pile looking for that piece that you need so you can move on to the next step.

As much as I like to hear the sound of LEGO bricks being scraped together, to keep your pieces in order, I recommend buying some kind of tackle box, as the little drawers and storage containers are good at keeping pieces separate from each other. Another way to organize is to purchase some kind of tool box in your hardware store that has drawers or other compartments for storing individual pieces. Of course, you may not want this type of organization, and that is fine. The important thing is that you are having fun with this.

Much of this next section may seem elementary to most LEGO builders. I already covered this in my first book on LEGO Technic, but I felt it necessary to really distinguish one LEGO Technic piece from another, as I will constantly refer to them in this book. Please keep in mind that the numbers within the illustration are for the figure only, made for labeling purposes in this book and are not an official LEGO number.

I put the official Element number in parentheses so you can find it on Pick a Brick or Brickfactory, online sites that help you purchase specific LEGO pieces. I will go more into detail on those types of sites later in this chapter. In my past LEGO Technic books, I have used the Design number, but the Element number is longer and actually designates the color of the piece.

This next section is not meant to be an exhaustive list of what LEGO Technic parts are available to LEGO builders. LEGO creates new parts every year, and there are some parts that I didn't list here, as they were not used on models in this book. What you will see here are the parts that come with the Core Set and the Expansion Set.

Beams

When LEGO introduced the "Expert Sets" back in the late 1970s (they changed the name to Technic in the mid-1980s), they introduced a new kind of brick. In addition to having the traditional studs (the round shaped things on the top), these bricks had holes or through-holes on the sides for connector pegs and axles (see individual descriptions below). Sometime around 2000, LEGO Technic began to emphasize beams rather than traditional studded pieces. Most LEGO Technic sets shun these old-style Technic brick pieces now, and generally are completely studless.

In other words, recent LEGO Technic sets have been less about traditional LEGO pieces like bricks and are now about studless beams. As you can see in Figure 1-10, organizing them is simple by length. The number of through-holes on the beam is equal to the length. All beams tend to have an odd number of holes except for the ones that are 2M length.

You will note the beams on the left side of Figure 1-11 have bends in them. Some of them are at a right angle (90 degrees), while others are at a 53.13 degree angle, with the exception of the double angular beam.



Figure 1-11. A sectioned area from the LEGO MINDSTORMS Expansion set, filled with LEGO beams

Referring to Figure 1-11, the numbered beams are as follows:

- 1. Technic Angular Beam 4×2 (Red 4141270, Gray 4211610). This is the merging of two Technic beams to form a 4×2 beam at a perfect right angle. This works well when creating square or rectangular creations. You will notice that one of the holes is cross-shaped, perfect for an axle.
- 2. Technic Angular Beam 5×3 (Gray 4211651, White 4585040). Like the 4×2 angular beam, this is another 90-degree angular beam that is slightly larger at 5×3 . Unlike the 4×2 angular beam, there is no cross-shaped hole on one end.
- 3. Technic Angular Beam 4×4 (4509912). This angular beam is at an angle of 53.1 degrees. Note the cross holes at each end.
- 4. Technic Angular Beam 4×6 (4112282). This angular beam is like the 4×4 as it is at the same angle at 53.1 degrees, but it measures at 4×6 .
- 5. Technic Angular Beam 3×7 (4211624). This angular beam has the same angle at 53.1 degrees, but measures at 3×7 .
- **6.** Technic Double Angular Beam 3 x 7 (White 4495412, Gray 4234240). This particular beam has two 45-degree angles, so it is essentially a 90-degree angle with a good curve to it.

- 7. Technic 5M Beam (4211651).
- 8. Technic 2M Beam (4211655). As I have stated before, most beams are odd-numbered in their measurement. This 2M one is the only exception, save for the cross and hole beam in the next compartment.
- 9. Technic Beam 1 x 2 Beam with Cross and Hole (Black 6006140). Also known as a cross and hole beam, this has the unique ability to have a hole for a connector peg or axle, and a cross-shaped one made specifically for an axle.
- 10. Technic 7M Beam (4495930).
- 11. Technic 3M Beam (Red 4153718, Black 4142822, Blue 4509376, Yellow 4153707, Green 6007973, Gray 4211655). This is the lowest in number of the odd-numbered beams.
- **12.** Technic T-Beam 3 x 3 (4552347). This is essentially two 3M beams fused together into a T shape, and you will find that angled beam pieces help on a lot of creations.
- 13. Technic 9M Beam (4211866).
- 14. Technic 11M Beam (4611705).
- 15. Technic 13M Beam (4522934).
- **16.** Technic 15M Beam (4542578). This is the longest length of beam in the LEGO Technic and/or LEGO MINDSTORMS sets.

Axles

Like the beams, the axles can be easily organized by length (see Figure 1-12). Axles are like screws in the LEGO Technic world. You can use them to link just about anything, and their cross shape ensures that they fit on cross holes securely.



Figure 1-12. A collection of LEGO axles

Referring to Figure 1-11, the numbered axles are as follows:

- Technic Catch with Cross Hole (4107081). This is essentially two cross holes, put at 90 degrees to each other.
- 18. Universal Joint (4525904). This allows an axle to go at any angle provided it is below 90 degrees. This is especially helpful when creating vehicles with spinning axles that need to bend.
- **19.** Technic Tube 2M (4526985). This is a way to put a hard plastic tube over 2M of an axle for increased stability, and you can also join a connector peg to each of its sides.
- **20.** Technic Axle 3M with Knob (6031821). Unlike ordinary 3M axles, these have a bump on the end that can serve as a perfectly good LEGO stud.
- **21.** Axle with Positioning Stop (4666999). This particular axle has a "stop" in the middle that is not cross-shaped in any way. This allows for some interesting creations.
- **22.** Technic Cross Axle Extension (4513174). This is a type of cross axle extension, which allows you to join two axles together.
- 23. Technic Axle 5M (4211639). Like the 3M axles, there are a few black 5M axles, but these are usually gray.
- 24. Technic Axle 4M (370526). This is the beginning of the axles that are usually black.
- **25.** Technic Axle 3M (4211815). Generally, most axles with an odd-numbered measurement are gray, and this one is the lowest odd number.
- **26.** Technic Cross Axle Extension, Ribbed (4207456). This is another way to join two axles together, and these are ribbed on the side, making them easy to pull off.
- 27. Technic Axle 7M (4211805).
- 28. Technic Axle 6M (370626).
- **29.** Technic Axle 2M (4142865). Usually 2M axles are red, and they are also notched. I'm not certain why that is, but perhaps it is to make it easier for the LEGO builder to pry out.
- **30.** Technic Axle 4M with Stop (4560177). Like the 3M axle with knob, the 4M with Stop has something that will make certain the axle can only go so far. While the stop is not a LEGO stud, I found these useful in a lot of projects.
- 31. Technic Axle 5.5M with 1M Stop (4508553). This piece is really 5.5 M in length, and the stop is not placed at the end, but 1M from the end on one point. This is good for situations with wheel axles and other projects.
- **32.** Technic Axle 8M (370726).
- **33**. Technic Axle 9M (4535768).
- 34. Technic Axle 8M with Stop (4499858). This is just like the 4M axle with stop, but twice as long.
- 35. Technic Axle 10M (373726).
- 36. Technic Axle 12M (370826).
- **37.** Corrugated Pipe 152mm (4631648). This is another part that can be placed over an axle, but this is longer than a regular axle.
- **38.** Flex Hose 19M (6044636). This is a very long flexible part that can be bent in all kinds of directions, and its small ends can fit into a cross hole.

Connector Pegs and Bushes

The connector pegs (sometimes called pins) are the rivets of the LEGO Technic world. You can use them to link beams and levers together, and they come in many forms. As for the bushes, this is a very common part in LEGO Technic, and they slide very easily on an axle and are made for holding them in place. Like the other aforementioned parts, you will accrue a lot of these.

Some of the connector pegs have "friction" which means that they do not spin as easily as the ones that do not. You will discover that there are some times when you want a piece to spin freely and easily, so you will want the pieces that do not have friction. Then there are times where you want a construction to lock securely in place, so using a piece with friction is your best course of action. Figure 1-13 shows how these pieces can be organized.



Figure 1-13. A collection of LEGO connector pegs and bushes

Referring to Figure 1-13, the numbered pieces are as follows:

- **39.** Technic Friction Snap with Cross Hole (4140806). The connector peg that you see here has some friction on it so you can lock two things together securely, and they will not spin very freely. The cross hole section on the end forms an interesting peg-like appendage.
- **40.** Technic Connector Peg 3M with Friction (4514553). This connector peg can hold two 1M pieces on one side, so it can join 3 beams together so they cannot freely spin. You will notice the ring that divides it with 2M of peg on one side and 1M on the other.
- **41.** Technic Connector Peg with Friction and Cross-Axle (4206482). This is the connector peg/cross axle with some friction, so it spins somewhat freely.

- 42. Technic Beam 3M with Four Snaps (4225033). Sometimes this can be called a wide H due to its shape. It is probably the best way to describe this piece, but it has four connector pegs, with round holes on another, and a hole in between the connector pegs.
- **43.** Technic Connector Peg with Cross-Axle (4666579). One side is a connector peg, the other side a 1M axle. This piece can link up a part with a round hole and a part with a cross hole very securely, and still allow for some spinning.
- **44.** Technic Connector Peg 3M (4514554). This connector peg can hold two 1M pieces on one side, so it can join 3 beams together so they can freely spin.
- **45.** Angular Beam 90 Degrees with 4 Snaps (4296059). Also known as a wide L, this particular connector allows for snapping in place with a beam or other piece at a 90-degree angle from it.
- **46.** Technic Module Bush (4119589). Also known as a narrow H, this is similar to the 3M beam with four snaps. It has two connector pegs on each side, and you can insert an axle in the middle.
- **47.** Double Bush 3M (4560175). This is essentially a 3M connector peg with a round hole in the middle.
- 48. Technic $1\,1/2$ Connecting Bush (6013938). This piece is 3/4 the size of a connector peg, with a bump half the size on one side.
- **49.** Ball with Cross Axle (4211375). This is a ball with 1M of an axle on one end for attaching to cross-holes. This ball fits into a lot of handy pieces.
- 50. Ball with Friction Snap (4184169). Sometimes referred to as a trailer hitch, this is similar to the ball with cross axle, this piece has a connector peg on one side with a ball on the other.
- 51. Technic Steering Knuckle Arm $2 \times 1 \times 3$ (4563044). Also known as a lift arm, this is like a lever with half a connector peg on one side and a cross hole notch on the other. I believe it is called a steering knuckle arm because it comes in handy for steering.
- **52.** Technic Connector Peg (4211807). This piece is designed to snap into a round hole, and the other will snap into another hole. It allows for a lot of free spinning on each side.
- 53. Technic Half Bush (4239601). The half bush is only 1/2 M in length, and does the same function as the Technic bush.
- **54.** Technic Bush (4211622). This piece is about 1 M in length, and fits snug on an axle. It is made to hold an axle in place, and many other uses described within this book.
- 55. Technic Connector Peg with Friction (4121715). Like the other type of connector peg, this has some friction. I would have to say that I use this part, along with the bushes, the most with LEGO Technic and MINDSTORMS creations, as it is the easiest way to link two parts with round holes together.

Cross Blocks and Angle Elements

As you are building, you are going to find it necessary to link beams together in a perpendicular manner. In other words, you are going to have a part with holes facing one direction, but you want to make it so holes also face 90 degrees in the other direction. You can shift angles in many creative ways using the nine types of cross blocks that you can see here in Figure 1-13. As for the angle elements, you can see six examples of them in Figure 1-14, and these pieces are designed to link axles together so they fit at certain angles.



Figure 1-14. A collection of LEGO Cross Blocks and Angle Elements

Referring to Figure 1-14, the numbered pieces are as follows:

- **56.** Technic Cross Block 90 Degrees (4211775). This is a part with a round hole in one direction and a cross hole facing 90 degrees the other way.
- **57.** Technic Cross Block 3 x 2 (4538007). This is like having a 3M beam, and then gluing a bush on the top, and turning it 90 degrees.
- **58.** Angular Block with axles, 90 Degrees (6008527). This part is two 1M axles that intersect at a round hole.
- **59.** Technic Double Cross Block (4121667). I found this piece to be very useful to join together some pieces. It has two cross holes on each side, with a round hole on the other side.
- **60.** Technic 180 Degree Angle Element #2 (4107783). Used for joining two axles together in a straight line, with a hole in the middle that can also be used for other uses.
- **61.** Technic 90 Degree Angle Element #6 (4107767). Used for joining two axles together at a 90 degree angle, with a through-hole in the middle.
- **62.** Technic Cross Block 3M (4210857). This is a 3M beam with two round holes and a cross hole on 90 degrees on the other side.
- **63.** Technic 112.5 Degree Angle Element #5 (4107084).
- **64.** Technic 157.5 Degree Angle Element #3 (4107082). This angle element and the three others here are made to join two axles together, with the hole in the middle for more uses.
- **65.** Three-Spoke Angular Block, 3x120 Female (6005755). This is a lot like the other three-spoke angular block, but with "female" axle ends.

- 66. Beam 1M W. 2 Cross Axles 90°(6005331). Take two 1M axles, join them together on a ring that is a through-hole, and you have this part.
- **67.** Three-Spoke Angular Block, 3x120 (4502595). This is a part with three axles pointing 120 degrees from the center, which also has an axle hole.
- **68.** Technic Zero Degree Angle Element #1 (4107085). Used for capping off an axle with a round hole at 90 degrees.
- **69.** Technic Cross Block 2 x 3 (4652234). This piece is interesting with two round holes in one direction and three round holes below it at 90 degrees and centered.
- **70.** Technic Cross Block/Fork 2 x 2 (4162857). This part is two round holes and then a cross hole on each side, at 90 degrees below it.
- 71. Technic Cross Block 2 x 2 (4211714). This piece is a lot like the cross block 2 x 3, but it has two holes at a 90-degree angle instead of three.
- **72.** Technic Cross Block 1 x 2 (4162857). This is a lot like the cross block 3 x 2, but it is a bush mounted 90 degrees on a 2M beam instead of a 3M beam.

Gears

These pieces are designed to spin, and the teeth are designed to mesh together so one spins and the other spins in turn. They come in various sizes, and they can often turn in perpendicular fashion with one gear placed at a 90-degree angle to the other. Figure 1-15 shows them in storage.



Figure 1-15. A way of organizing gears for building your LEGO MINDSTORMS projects

Referring to Figure 1-15, the numbered gears are as follows:

- 73. Technic Gear Wheel (16 Teeth) Special (4237267). Instead of having a cross hole in the center, this has a round hole. It is helpful for situations where you need another gear, such as shifting gears on a LEGO Technic vehicle.
- 74. Technic Cone Wheel (4558690). I think this gear gets its name from being slightly conical in shape as the area about its round hole (not a cross hole) extends a bit.
- 75. Technic Gear Wheel 16 Teeth (4640536). This gear is slightly similar to the other 16-tooth gear that I just mentioned, with a single cross hole in the middle.
- **76.** Technic Gear Wheel 8 Teeth (6012451). This is one of the smallest gear pieces, and has a cross hole in the middle.
- 77. Technic Conical Wheel Z12 (4565452). This gear is flat with 12 teeth, and it can spin in a perpendicular fashion with another Wheel.
- **78.** Technic Double Conical Wheel 12 Teeth (4177431). Like the conical wheels, these can spin in a perpendicular fashion, but they are also thicker.
- **79.** Technic Gear Wheel 24 Teeth (4514558). This is similar to the other gears, but it has three cross holes and four round holes.
- **80.** Technic Double Conical Wheel 20 Teeth (6031962). This is like the previously mentioned double conical wheel, but slightly bigger.
- **81.** Technic Bevel Gear Z20 (4177430). Similar to the conical wheel Z12, this gear is slightly larger at 20 teeth and can also spin in a perpendicular fashion.
- **82.** Technic Differential 3M (4525184). This is similar to the other differential gear casing, with an extra gear on it.
- **83**. Technic Rack 13M (4540906). Like the 7M rack, it has the round holes for connector pegs and the axle holes on the side.
- **84.** Technic Worm Gear (4211510). This gear is designed to mesh with another round gear above it. By turning this worm gear, the gear connected to it will turn.
- **85.** Technic Angular Wheel (4248204). I found that these angular wheels mesh together and spin well in a perpendicular fashion.
- **86.** Double Conical Wheel Z36. (4255563). This is a double beveled gear that is quite thick.
- **87.** Technic Gear Wheel 40 Teeth (4285634). This is quite a huge LEGO piece, and it has twelve round holes and five cross holes.
- **88.** Turntable Z28 (Gray 4652235 and Black 4542236). These are two pieces that fit perfectly together and are designed to mount something. Another gear beside it can turn it perfectly.
- 89. Large Turntable 4.85 (4624645). This is like the Z28 turntable, but larger.

Levers

Levers are essentially half the width of a beam, and stacking two of them equals one beam. Like the beams, they often have axle holes on the ends of them. Figure 1-16 shows levers in storage.



Figure 1-16. Various LEGO Technic levers

Referring to Figure 1-16, the numbered levers are as follows:

- **90.** Technic Comb Wheel (4210759). This is not really a wheel in shape, but this lever is slightly round. I am guessing that it is called a comb wheel because it looks slightly like a comb, and it is good for securing bricks with axle holes.
- **91.** Beam 3M W. Fork (4558692). Picture a 3M beam with levers on the end, and you have the basic idea of this piece.
- **92.** Technic 2M Lever (Black 4164133, Gray 4211741). This lever has two cross shaped holes and is 2M in length, very helpful for securing axles in place.
- **93.** Damper 2M (4198367). This piece is essentially 2M levers stacked together, with two axle holes. It is completely made of rubber.
- **94.** Technic Triangle (6009019). This piece has an odd shape with five round holes and two cross-shaped holes.
- **95.** Technic 3M Lever (4211566). This type of lever has two cross-shaped holes on each end, and a round hole in the middle.
- **96.** Technic 4M Lever (4142236). This type of lever is larger than the 3M, with two round holes in its middle.
- **97.** Technic 5M Lever (6030286). This type of lever is larger than the 4M, with three round holes in its middle.

- 98. Hub (4211758). This is a round piece that has a round hole in the middle.
- **99.** Pointer (White 417941, Red 4185661). This part allows for connecting to an axle, and it good for all kinds of things, particularly showing direction.
- **100.** Steering Wheel Axle (4629920). Many Lego sets use this piece for steering, and the ends fit perfectly over pieces with that have the ball shape on them.
- 101. Technic Catch (4210665). This is essentially an axle with a bush placed 90 degrees of it.
- 102. Brick 2 x 2 Round (Blue Transparent 4178398, Yellow Transparent 611649) This is one brick that I consider a part of "mainstream" Lego. This is round instead of square, and has a center of a cross-hole.
- **103.** Technic Change-over Catch (4270473). This is a way to perfect shifting on a Technic creation, and it has other uses as well.
- **104.** CVC Ball Joint (4268659). This piece is has a through-hole on one end, and a ball joint that fits into the cup joint.
- 105. CVC Cup Joint (4610374). This piece fits in perfectly with the previous piece.
- **106.** Weapon Barrel (4654432). I am assuming that this piece is named because it looks like a Gatling-gun barrel, and it is full of round-holes and cross-holes.
- **107.** Driving Ring (4278957). Like the change-over catch, it is also helpful in situations with shifting of gears and such.
- 108. Half Spike Ball (6027626). This is a very unusual piece whose shape I cannot really describe in simple words. It does have a cross-hole in the middle.

Wings and Panels

Most of these pieces have a wing shape, which is where their name derives. You will notice that each of the wings has a designated left side and right side. As for the panels, they are more rectangular and good for structure. Figure 1-17 shows them in storage.



Figure 1-17. A collection of some Wings and Panels from LEGO MINDSTORMS

Referring to Figure 1-17, the numbered wings and panels are as follows:

- 109. Bowed Panel $3 \times 11 \times 2$ (6031916). This piece is full of through-holes and can fit in many places.
- 110. Right Panel 5 x 11 (4543490). One of the larger wing pieces.
- 111. Left Panel 5×11 (4541326). Also one of the larger wing pieces, made for the left.
- **112**. Left Panel 3 x 7 (4541924).
- **113.** Left Panel 2 x 5 (6022752).
- **114.** Left Panel 3 x 5 (4566251).
- **115.** Right Panel 3 x 7 (4541325).
- 116. Right Panel 2 x 5 (6022750).
- 117. Right Panel 3 x 5 (4566249).
- **118.** Left Panel 5 x 7 (4558775).
- **119.** Right Panel 5 x 7 (4558740).
- **120.** Left Panel 3 x 11 (4558774).
- **121**. Right Panel 3 x 11 (4558731).

- 122. Beam Frame 5×7 (4539880). This particular frame is terrific for when you need to fit things at right angles with each other. It has a lot of through holes.
- 123. Beam Frame 5 x 11 (4540797). Similar to the 5 x 7, it also has a bunch of through-holes.

Wheels and Treads

I will discuss a lot of wheeled creations in this book, so I will briefly introduce the wheels here (see Figure 1-18). I also include tank treads, rubberbands, and various other pieces associated with wheels.



Figure 1-18. A collection of Wheels and Treads, as well as Rubberbands for LEGO creations

Referring to Figure 1-18, the numbered wheels and treads are as follows:

- 124. Gear Block $3.5 \times 6.5 \times 3$ (4610377). This is a very good joint section for a wheel.
- 125. Power Joint Ballpart (4610379). Also another good joint for a wheel.
- **126.** V-Belt 24 Red Rubberband (4544143). Rubberbands are often used in Lego creations, and their size does matter depending on what you would like to do with them.
- 127. V-Belt 33 Yellow Rubberband (4544151).
- 128. V-Belt 26 Blue Rubberband (4544147).
- 129. V-Belt 15 White Rubberband (4544140).
- 130. Wedge-Belt Wheel (4587275). This piece has six through holes that are ½ M thick.

CHAPTER 1 ■ WHAT'S NEW WITH LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3

- 131. Tire for Wedge-Belt Wheel (6028041). This piece goes right on the wedge-belt wheel and turns it into something like a bike tire.
- **132.** Tire Low Wide 24 x 14 (4639695).
- **133.** Rim Narrow 18 x 7 W Hole (6044729).
- **134.** 3 Snap Gearblock (4610378). This is very good for mounting a wheel, especially with the rims in this set.
- **135**. Rim Wide 18/14 W. Cross (4490127).
- **136.** Ball, Metal (6023956). This ball forms a kind of spherical wheel for a Lego MINDSTORMS creation. More about this later.
- 137. Power Joint (4610380). This is made to mount the metal ball.
- **138.** Sprocket (4582792). These are good for holding the tank tread.
- **139.** Tire, Normal Wide 43, 2 x 22 (4184286).
- **140.** Rim Wide W. Cross 30/20 (4297210).
- **141.** Rubber Attachment for Track Element (6036424). This is an excellent cushion for the tank tread.
- 142. Track Element, $5 \times 1, 5$ (6014648). If you want to make a tank tread, this is what you will use.

Figure 1-19 shows some more samples of rims and tires you might want to use.



Figure 1-19. Other types of wheels for LEGO creations

Referring to Figure 1-19, the numbered wheels are as follows:

- **143**. Tire, Low Wide 56 x 28 (6035364).
- **144.** Rim Wide 43, 2 x 25 w/6 Hol. (4634091).
- **145.** Tire Low Wide 8 x 36 (4614801).
- **146.** Rim 56 x 34 (4211845).