ECE453/CS447/SE465 Software Testing, Quality Assurance, and Maintenance Assignment/Lab 2, version 1.1

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Due: 11:59 PM, Monday, February 27, 2017 Submit: via ecgit

Getting set up

Same as last time, but this time a2 instead of a1. There is a Vagrant VM description, but you shouldn't need it. Tools used: python (sort of optional); g++/make (very optional); Selenium (required).

Submission summary

Here's what you need to submit in your fork of the repo. Be sure to commit and push your changes back to ecgit.

- 1. in directory q1, your modified generate.py file (unless you've mailed me to tell me that you're not using Python);
- 2. in directory q2, file mutants.pdf as described in the question;
- 3. in directory q3, either file testcases.txt or testcases.pdf, which includes your test cases and the minimized test case and explanation; and, in directory shared/selenium/src/test/java/se465, file CalcSuite.java containing your test cases;
- 4. in directory shared/selenium/src/test/java/se465, files CalculatorPageObject.java, OriginalCalculatorPageObject.java, FrancaisCalculatorPageObject.java, along with files RefactoredCalcSuite.java and FrancaisCalcSuite.java.

You may choose to move the q1 and q2 files into the shared subdirectory if you want to access them in Vagrant. We'll mark submissions of q1 and q2 either in the original place or under shared.

Question	TA in Charge
1	TBA
2	Parsa
3	Song
4	Rollen

Question 1 (10 points)

Your task is to write code to randomly generate valid iCalendar .ics files. You can find the specification at

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5545

Although you will be marked against the full specification, following the description of the subset here will suffice.

- an ics file starts with a BEGIN: VCALENDAR line and ends with an END: VCALENDAR line. It must also contain a VERSION and PRODID line. (The provided code generates these for you.)
- your ics file should contain a sequence of events. Each event starts with BEGIN: VEVENT and ends with END: VEVENT and contains a set of components. Each event must contain UID, DTSTAMP and DTSTART components. Valid iCalendar events may contain other components, and we'll be checking that your events do contain some other components.
- the UID must be a string that is unique per-event;
- the DTSTAMP and DTSTART components must contain dates/times, which are yyyymmddThhmmssZ, with T and Z literal and dates/times as appropriate.
- other valid components include LOCATION, SUMMARY, and DTEND.

You will find a generate.py file with skeleton code in the q1 directory of your repo. You can also find a number of sample ics files in the shared/icalendarlib directory. I can run the Python file with python generate.py at a prompt.

You are not required to use the skeleton generate.py; if you choose to write your own generator, email me (Patrick) to let me know. I suspect that the path of least resistance is using the provided skeleton. You just need to add new rules to the CFG at the end of generate.py and new special productions to generate_special_production. (My solution adds 4 special productions and 9 add_prod lines to the CFG; you don't really need to know Python to solve this problem, just pattern-match against what's there already.)

Marking scheme. We will mark this by running your code 20 times to generate ics files. We then check that the files are different and that they include more than zero events and also more than zero optional components. Finally, we'll check your generated files for validity against the iCal spec using an automated tool. (Details to come).

Bonus (0 marks). Can you create valid ics files that break the app in shared/icalendarlib? (I can't.)

You can find links to more sample ics files here:

http://apple.stackexchange.com/questions/125338/calendar-ical-ics-format

Question 2 (10 points)

Consider the following implementation of the cycle-finding algorithm from http://en.literateprograms.org/Floyd% 27s_cycle-finding_algorithm_%28C%29. (We've included the complete implementation from there in the skeleton at q2/cycle-finder.c, including a test harness.) In your q2/mutants.pdf file, propose two non-stillborn and non-equivalent mutants of this function. Clearly indicate where you've mutated the ground string. Write down test inputs which strongly kill these mutants (syntax doesn't matter) and the expected output of your test cases on the original code and on the mutant.

```
typedef struct node_s {
    void *data;
    struct node_s *next;
} NODE;
int list_has_cycle(NODE *list)
```

```
{
    NODE *fast=list;
    while(1) {
        if(!(fast=fast->next)) return 0;
        if(fast==list) return 1;
        if(!(fast=fast->next)) return 0;
        if(fast==list) return 1;
        list=list->next;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Question 3 (10 points)

In your repository, you will find a JavaScript application at shared/calc/index.html. I wrote this application (or at least ported it from the Internet). It uses a Pratt parser to parse a simple expression language and evaluate the given expression.

Here is a grammar for this application. The ^ operator is supposed to denote exponentiation.

```
\langle expr \rangle ::= number
| '-' \langle expr \rangle
| '+' \langle expr \rangle
| \langle expr \rangle '+' \langle expr \rangle
| \langle expr \rangle '-' \langle expr \rangle
| \langle expr \rangle '+' \langle expr \rangle
| '(' \langle expr \rangle ')'
\langle number \rangle ::= [`0' - `9']^+
```

Your task is to manually (or otherwise) generate a set of test cases for this application and to use Selenium to automate these test cases. You shouldn't need to look at the application source code, but you do need to look at the HTML of shared/calc/index.html.

I recommend setting baseUrl to one of:

- baseUrl = "file://" + System.getProperty("user.dir") + "/../calc/index.html";
- baseUrl = "https://patricklam.ca/files/calc.html";

Specifically:

- (2 points) Generate 10 test cases for the application. Specify the input along with the actual and expected output. Some of the inputs must be valid strings for the application, while others must be invalid. Be sure to choose interesting test cases.
- (3 points) The following test case exposes a bug in the application:

```
2+(8*3/4)^4*(1+3+5)*2-4*(3/2)+9*3
```

Minimize this test case. That is, produce a minimal-length subset of this test case—not necessarily using contiguous characters—which shows the same error. Explain the cause of the bug as well as the expected output.

• (5 points) Use Selenium to automate your 10 test cases. In the shared/selenium directory in your repo, you will find a SeleniumExample. You can run tests from this example using the command:

mvn test "-Dtest=se465.SeleniumExample#test*" -Dwebdriver.base.url=http://www.google.com

Your test suite should be called se465.CalcSuite and we should be able to run your tests with this command:

mvn test "-Dtest=se465.CalcSuite#test*"

We will check that your tests exercise the functionality that you specified in the first part. Assert on all fields on the calculator page. **HINT:** You can't get the text from an input element with <code>getText()</code>. See instead <code>http://www.w3schools.com/jsref/prop_text_value.asp</code>.

Useful reference:

https://seleniumhq.github.io/selenium/docs/api/java/org/openqa/selenium/WebElement.html

Question 4 (20 points)

If all goes according to plan, I'll describe the Page Object design pattern in Lecture 19 (and hope to have notes up before that). Your task is to create Page Objects for the JavaScript calculator. This will allow your tests to generalize to francais.html (and even eval.html, though we won't use that).

- (10 points) In this part, we'll create page objects. Create a generic Page Object interface se465.CalculatorPage, along with an implementation se465.OriginalCalculatorPage, which encapsulates the UI elements on the index.html page. (I created the implementation first and then reverse-engineered the interface). These objects should allow you to access the controls that your tests from Question 4 need. Also, create an additional Page Object se465.FrancaisCalculatorPage which implements the same interface but which works with francais.html.
- (10 points) Copy se465.CalcSuite to se465.RefactoredCalcSuite. Modify the refactored suite to use both of the page objects that you created for the first part; you should have two tests in the refactored suite for each test in the original suite. It's OK for your English and French tests to essentially be the same except for the choice of the WebDriver, or you could be more clever. (This could be done via JUnit Parameters, but we haven't talked about that.)

References for this question:

http://www.seleniumhq.org/docs/06_test_design_considerations.jsp#chapter06-reference¹ https://martinfowler.com/bliki/PageObject.html

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{use}$ a WebDriver rather than a Selenium object as in the example.