Software Testing, Quality Assurance and Maintenance

Winter 2017

Lecture 32 — March 24, 2017

Patrick Lam

version 0 - DRAFT, not finished yet

Static analysis tools for Java that you can download

FindBugs. An open-source static bytecode analyzer for Java out of the University of Maryland.

findbugs.sourceforge.net

It's like PMD in finding bug patterns:

- off-by-one;
- null pointer dereference;
- ignored read() return value;
- ignored return value (immutable classes);
- uninitialized read in constructor:
- and more...

A key difference is that it performs static analysis at Java bytecode level. It's therefore harder to write FindBugs rules.

You can read a comparison of different tools in this paper:

http://www.cs.umd.edu/~jfoster/papers/issre04.pdf

FindBugs gives some false positives. Here are some techniques to help avoid them:

patricklam.ca/papers/14.msr.saa.pdf

Korat (University of Illinois). Key Idea: Generate Java objects from a representation invariant specification written as a Java method.

For instance, here's a binary tree. Binary Tree!

One characteristic of a binary tree:

• left & right pointers don't refer to same node.

We can express that characteristic in Java as follows:

```
1 boolean rep0k() {
2
     if (root == null) return size == 0;
                                                          // empty tree has size 0
3
     Set visited = new HashSet(); visited.add(root);
     List workList = new LinkedList(); workList.add(root);
 4
 5
     while (!workList.isEmpty()) {
6
       Node current = (Node)workList.removeFirst();
7
       if (current.left != null) {
8
          if (!visited.add(current.left)) return false; // acyclicity
9
         workList.add(current.left);
10
       }
       if (current.right != null) {
11
12
          if (!visited.add(current.right)) return false; // acyclicity
13
         workList.add(current.right);
14
       }
15
     }
16
     if (visited.size() != size) return false;  // consistency of size
17
     return true;
18 }
```

Korat then generates all distinct ("non-isomorphic") trees, up to a given size (say 3). It uses these trees as inputs for testing the add() method of the tree (or for any other methods.)

korat.sourceforge.net/index.html