# Seed Composition and Amino Acid Profiles for Quinoa Accessions Grown in Washington State

**Evan B. Craine and Kevin M. Murphy** 

Sustainable Seed Systems Lab

Department of Crop and Soil Sciences – Washington State University C1/C9 Breeding for Improved Nutrition to Feed the World Oral



# <u>Overview</u>

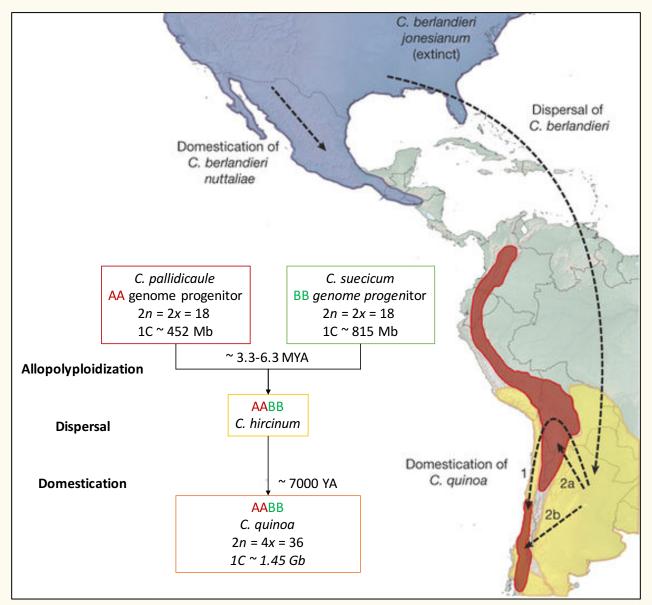
### Introduction to Quinoa

Part 1: Amino Acid Study

Part 2: NIR calibration and application



### Domestication & Diversification



Jarvis et al. (2017) Maughan et al. (2004; 2016) Wilson and Manhart (1993) KAUST Elodie Rey Mark Tester

Translating Visionary Science to Practice

### Quinoa as a Keystone Protein Crop for Global Food Security

Murphy et al. (2016)



- Quinoa is gaining worldwide attention, leading to a rapid expansion
- Excellent nutritional quality & potential to improve global food security, especially in marginal environments





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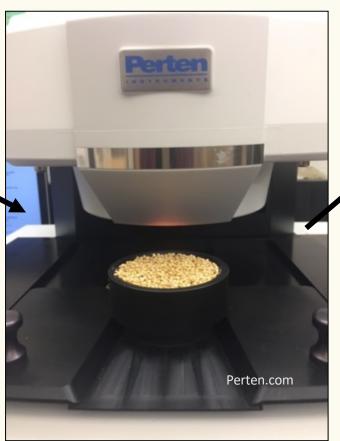
Department of Crop and Soil Sciences, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, United States

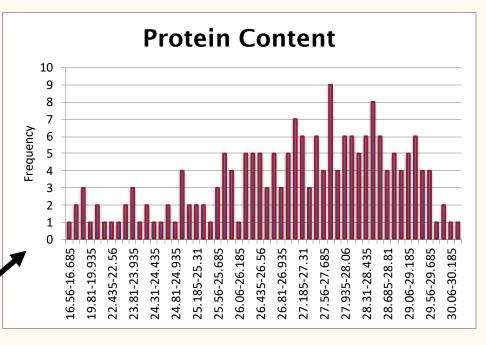
- 1. Provide a baseline for nutritional quality of Washington grown quinoa
- Test the hypothesis that these samples contain adequate amounts of essential amino acids to meet daily requirements set by the World Health Organization (WHO)

# Sample Selection



200 samples of WA grown quinoa





100 samples randomly selected across distribution

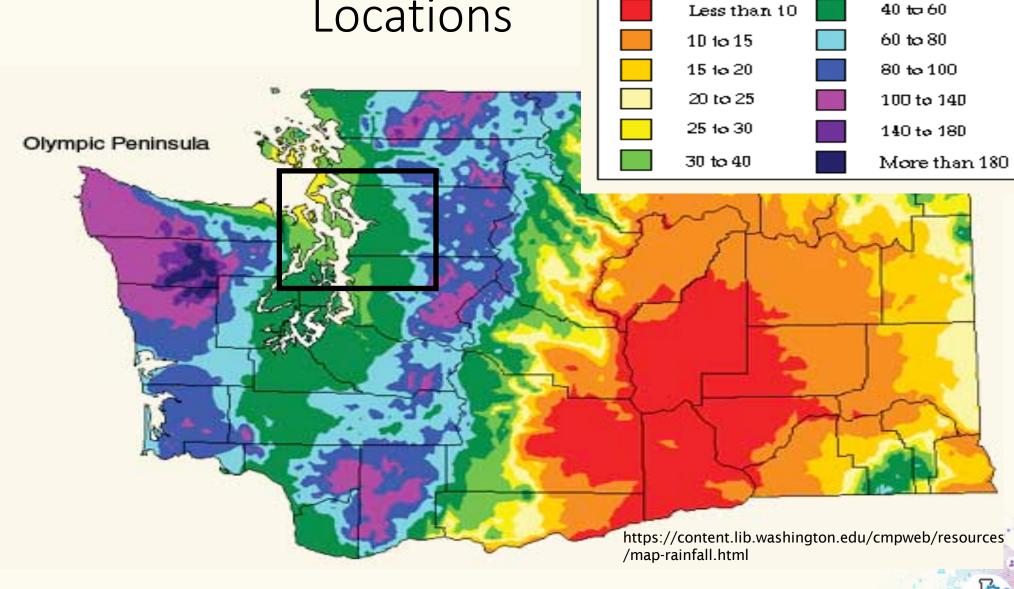
# Germplasm

- F5:F6 advanced breeding lines (n=85)
  - 6 biparental populations from 2013
- Varieties/landraces (n=15)



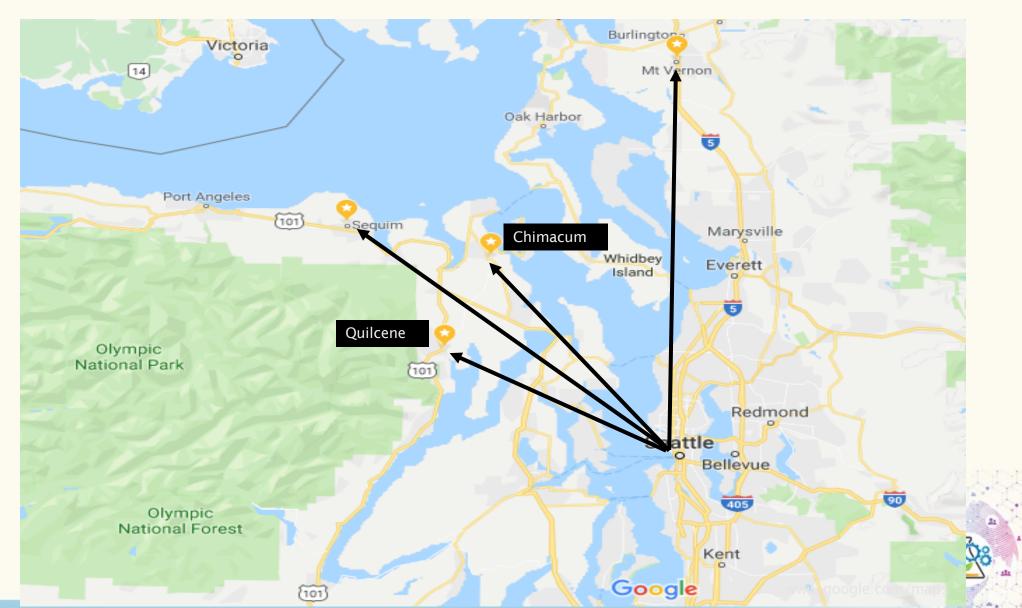
### Locations





Legend (inches per year)

### Locations



# Wet Chemistry

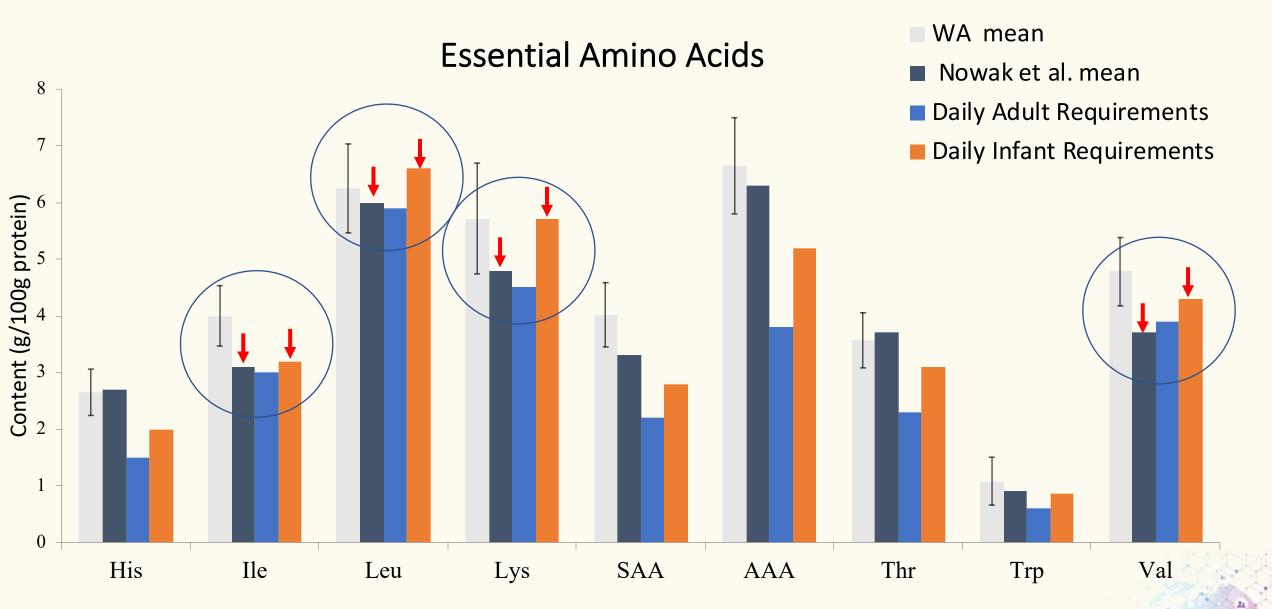
- 30g of raw, whole grain samples sent for analysis
  - ground into a flour before analysis

Complete **Amino Acid Profile** (AAP) (n=23)

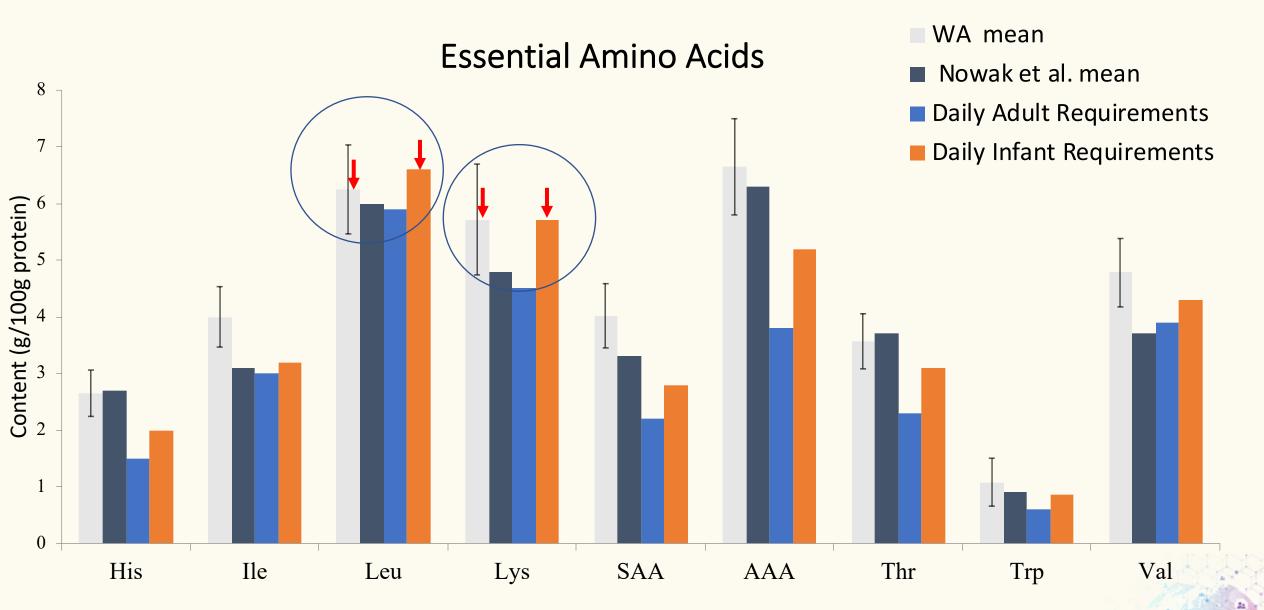
**Seed Composition Components** 

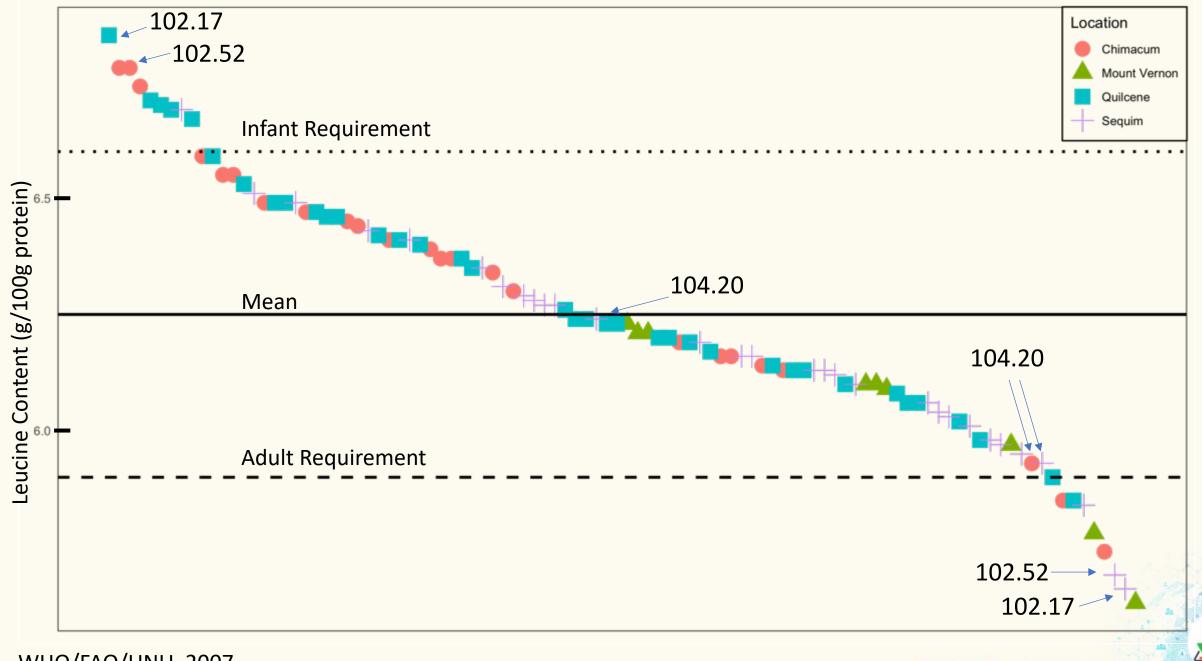
- Crude Protein: total nitrogen x 6.25
- Ash
- Crude Fat
- Moisture
- Total Carbohydrates, crude 'by difference'











WHO/FAO/UNU, 2007

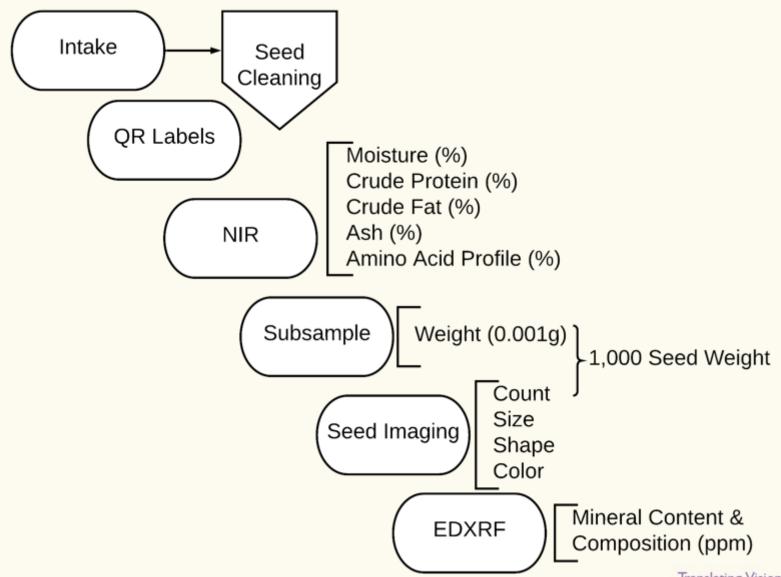
Translating Visionary Science to Practice

### Summary

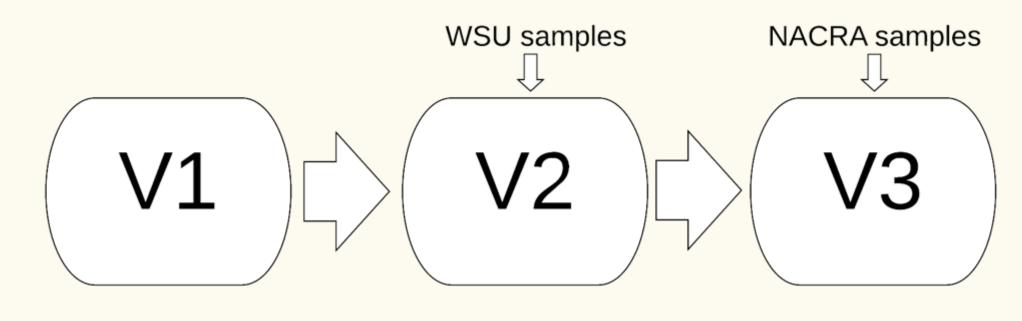
- Testing the universality of the claim that quinoa is a complete protein
- Observed lower protein content, but high protein quality
  - Higher value for 7/9 essential AA compared to Nowak et al., 2016
- Nowak et al., 2016 mean values do not meet:
  - Adult and infant requirements: Val
  - Infant requirements: Ile, Leu, Lys
- WA samples:
  - Mean value for Leu does not meet infant requirements
  - 9% meet all requirements for Leu
  - 52% meet all requirements for Lys
  - 94% meet all requirements for Trp
- Evidence of possible genotype-dependent G X E interactions



# WSU Nutritional Phenotyping Pipeline



# NIR Calibration Development

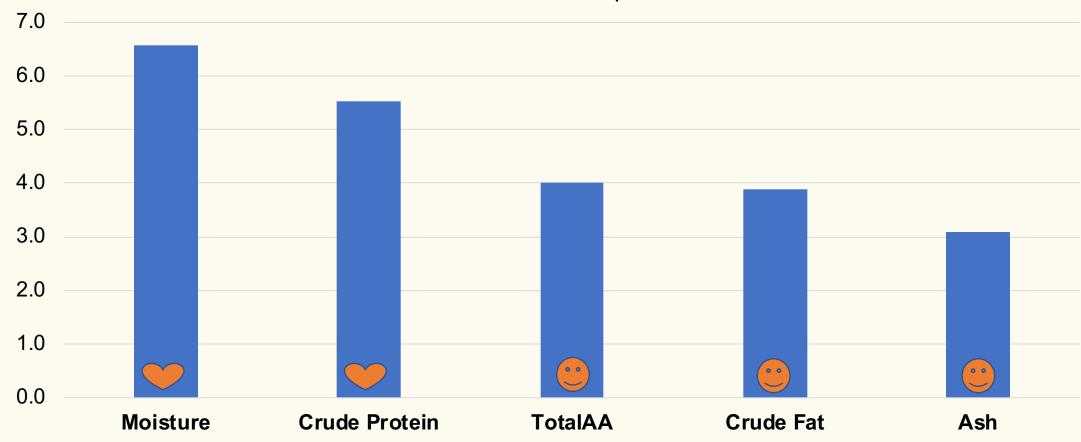


$$N = 27$$

$$N = 116$$

$$N = 175$$

#### **RPDCV Seed Components**

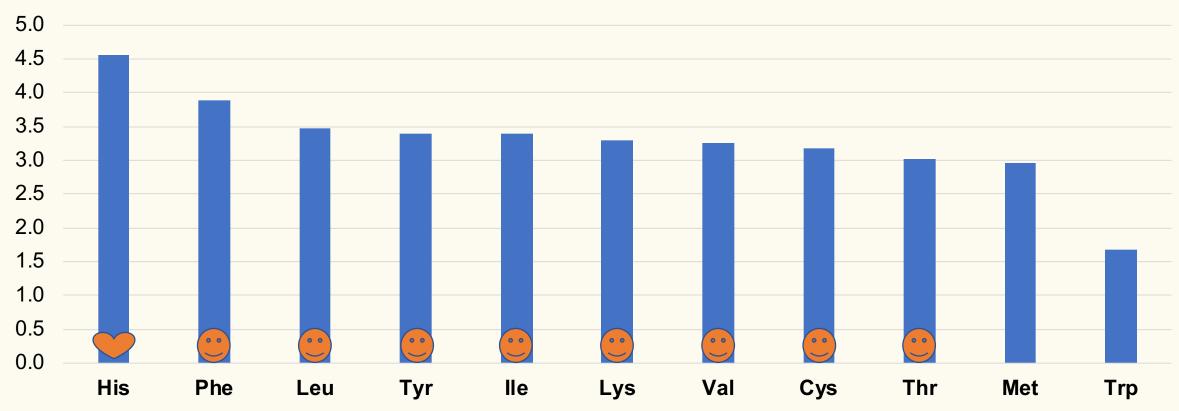


$$\mathsf{RPDCV} \ = \ \frac{standard\ deviation\ reference\ data}{standard\ error\ of\ cross\ validation\ (or\ prediction)}$$

Excellent: RPD > 4 & R2 > 0.95 Quality Measurement: RPD 5-8

**Good**: RPD = 3–4 & R2 = 0.9–0.95 Screening & Ranking: RPD 3-5

#### **RPDCV Essential Amino Acids**



$$RPDCV = \frac{standard\ deviation\ reference\ data}{standard\ error\ of\ cross\ validation\ (or\ prediction)}$$

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## Acknowledgments

#### **Lab Members (current)**

- •Dr. Kevin Murphy (PI)
- •Dr. Dan Packer (Research Associate)
- •Dr. Cedric Habiyaremye (Research Associate)
- Julianne Kellogg

#### **Lab Members (former)**

- •Halle Choi
- •Dr. Leonardo Hinojosa Sanchez
- Adam Peterson

#### **Perten Instruments**

- Ryan Bishop
- David Honigs













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Search "Postharvest Phenotyping" on YouTube

Search "Nutritional Phenotyping Pipeline" on YouTube



## Extra Slides

## Protein Digestibility-Corrected Amino Acid Score

Source	PDCAAS				
Milka	1.00				
Wheya	1.00				
Egg <sup>a</sup>	1.00				
Beefa	0.92				
Soya	0.91				
Quinoa (raw) <sup>b</sup>	0.86				
Quinoa (washed)b	0.85				
Quinoa (boiled) <sup>c</sup>	0.72				
Peaa	0.67				
Oata	0.57				
Whole wheata	0.45				

WHO, 1991

- Actual amount of amino acid/reference
  - Amino Acid Score (AAS)
- Lowest Amino Acid x Protein Digestibility

#### "A <u>nearly</u> complete protein"

- •AAA, Thr, Lys (Ruales and Nair, 1992)
- •Met & Trp (Mahoney et al., 1975)
  - \*certain amino acids in limiting amounts\*

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Schaafsma, 2000 <sup>b</sup>Ruales and Nair 1992 <sup>c</sup>Mahoney et al. 1975

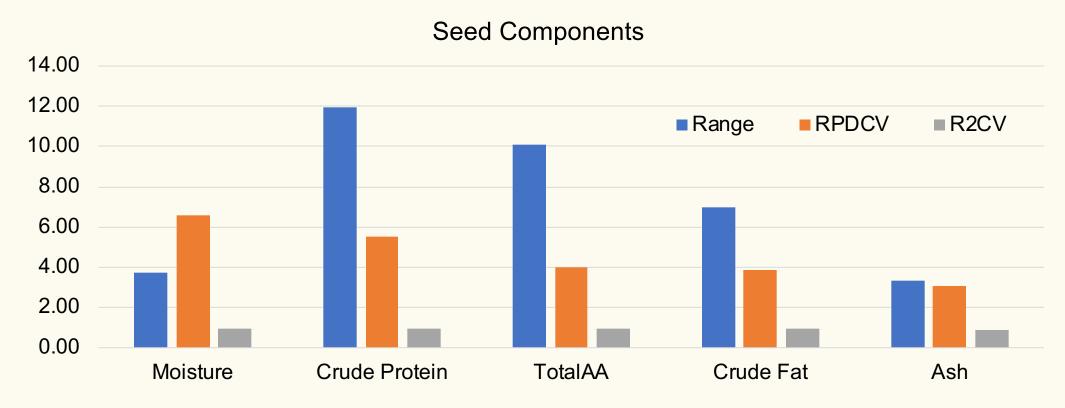
### **Comparing Literature Review to Daily Requirements**

	His	lle	Leu	Lys	Met	Cys	Phe + Tyr	Thr	Trp	Val
Infant	2	3.2	6.6	5.7	2.04	0.76	5.2	3.1	0.85	4.3
3-10	1.6	3.1	6.1	4.8	1.75	0.65	4.1	2.5	0.66	4
Adult	1.5	3	5.9	4.5	1.6	0.6	3.8	2.3	0.6	3.9
Quinoa, raw mean	2.7	3.1	6	4.8	1.9	1.4	6.3	3.7	0.9	3.7
Min-Max	1.4-5.1	0.8-7.4	2.3-9.4	2.4-7.8	0.3-9.1	0.1-2.7	2.7-10.3	2.1-8.9	0.6-1.9	0.8-6.1
n	42	42	42	42	41	11	41	42	27	42

Adapted from Nowak et al. 2016

Suggested patterns of requirements for each age group reported as g/100g protein (WHO/FAO/UNU, 2007)

### V3 CALIBRATION METRICS

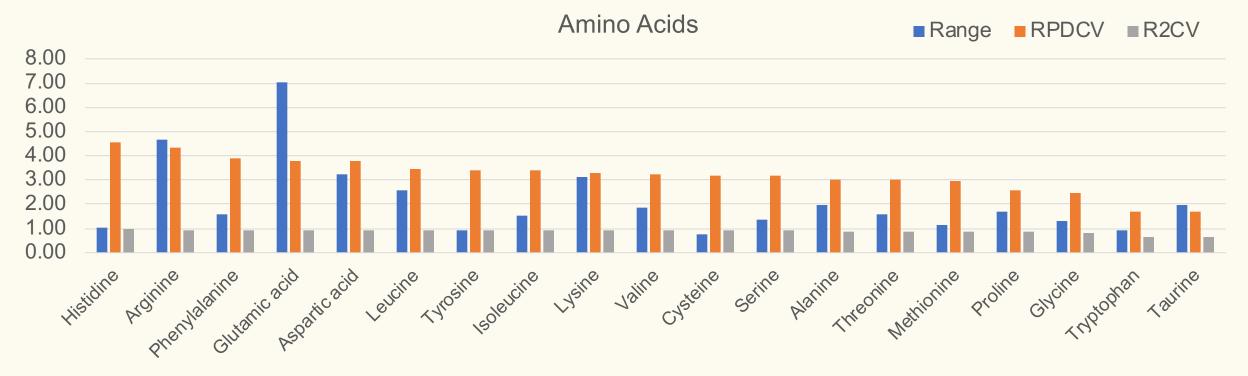


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