CSCI 4210 — Operating Systems Homework 4 (document version 1.0) Network Programming using TCP/IP

- This homework is due by 11:59PM ET on Monday, May 3, 2021
- This homework is to be done individually, so do not share your code with anyone else
- You **must** use C for this homework assignment, and your code **must** successfully compile via gcc with no warning messages when the -Wall (i.e., warn all) compiler option is used; we will also use -Werror, which will treat all warnings as critical errors
- Your code **must** successfully compile and run on Submitty, which uses Ubuntu v18.04.5 LTS and gcc version 7.5.0 (Ubuntu 7.5.0-3ubuntu1~18.04)

Homework specifications

In this final homework assignment, you will use C to implement a TCP client similar to the given tcp-client.c example. The specifications that follow focus on the application protocol to implement in your client process such that it successfully communicates with the server process that is running on the Submitty machines.

Application protocol

For the application protocol, your client process first sends the four-byte int value n to the server; here, n specifies the number of additional int values to follow. So, your server also sends these subsequent four-byte int values, i.e., int-value-1, int-value-2, etc. All values are sent as one TCP packet to the server.

In response, your client process receives two separate TCP packets. The first packet contains a single four-byte int value; call this value result. The second packet contains a character string; call this output-char-string. Both values are to be displayed as output in your client code.

Note that all integer values are to be sent as four-byte integers in network byte order. And remember that character strings do not have a terminating '\0' character when sent across the network.

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Below is a summary of the required exchange:

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SERVER PRUC	たいい	CLIENI PROCESS
<>>> TCP-connection-established <>>>>		
	<><< REQUEST: n in	t-value-1 int-value-n <<
>> RESPONSE:	result >>>>	
>> RESPONSE:	output-char-string >>>	>>
<><<<< TCP-connection-closed <><<<		

Command-line arguments

There are at minimum four required command-line arguments. The first two command-line arguments are the server hostname and port number to connect to. The third command-line argument specifies n, while the remaining command-line arguments are the actual int values.

If invalid arguments are given, display the following to stderr and exit with EXIT_FAILURE:

```
ERROR: Invalid argument(s)
USAGE: a.out <server-hostname> <server-port> <n> <int-value-1> ... <int-value-n>
```

Program execution and required output

To illustrate via an example, you could execute your program as follows:

```
bash$ ./a.out linux02.cs.rpi.edu 8192 3 895 110 942
```

This will attempt to connect to the server process running on port 8192 of the linux02.cs.rpi.edu machine using TCP. If successful, the client process sends a packet containing the int values using network byte order. In response, the client process receives two packets. Sample client process output is shown below:

```
bash$ ./a.out linux02.cs.rpi.edu 8192 3 895 110 942
CLIENT: Connected to linux02.cs.rpi.edu (port 8192)
CLIENT: Sending 3 integer values
SERVER: Rcvd response 649
SERVER: Rcvd response "ABCEGHIJLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ"
CLIENT: Disconnected from linux02.cs.rpi.edu (port 8192)
```

Match the above output format exactly as shown above.

Error handling

In general, if an error is encountered, display a meaningful error message on stderr by using either perror() or fprintf(). Remember to only use perror() if the given library function or system call sets the global error variable. Otherwise, use fprintf().

In general, error messages must be one line only and use the following format:

```
ERROR: <error-text-here>
```

If an error does occur, have your client process close the TCP connection and exit with EXIT_FAILURE. Otherwise, exit with EXIT_SUCCESS.

Submission instructions

To submit your assignment (and also perform final testing of your code), please use Submitty.

Note that this assignment will be available on Submitty a minimum of three days before the due date. Please do not ask when Submitty will be available, as you should first perform adequate testing on your own Ubuntu platform.

That said, to make sure that your program does execute properly everywhere, including Submitty, use the techniques below.

First, make use of the DEBUG_MODE technique to make sure that Submitty does not execute any debugging code. Here is an example:

```
#ifdef DEBUG_MODE
  printf( "the value of q is %d\n", q );
  printf( "here12\n" );
  printf( "why is my program crashing here?!\n" );
  printf( "aaaaaaaaaaaagggggggghhhh!\n" );
#endif
```

And to compile this code in "debug" mode, use the -D flag as follows:

```
bash$ gcc -Wall -Werror -D DEBUG_MODE hw4.c
```

Second, output to standard output (stdout) is buffered. To disable buffered output for grading on Submitty, use setvbuf() as follows:

```
setvbuf( stdout, NULL, _IONBF, 0 );
```

You would not generally do this in practice, as this can substantially slow down your program, but to ensure output is not buffered, this is a good technique to use.