

MySQL Queries

Exercise:1

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

```
SELECT * FROM movies;
```

RESET

Exercise 1 — Tasks

- Find the **title** of each film ✓
- Find the **director** of each film ✓
- Find the **title** and **director** of each film ✓
- Find the **title** and **year** of each film ✓
- Find **all** the information about each film ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue ›

Exercise:2

Exercise

Using the right constraints, find the information we need from the **Movies** table for each task below.

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

```
SELECT * FROM movies;
```

RESET

Exercise 2 — Tasks

- Find the movie with a row **id** of 6 ✓
- Find the movies released in the **year** s between 2000 and 2010 ✓
- Find the movies **not** released in the **year** s between 2000 and 2010 ✓
- Find the first 5 Pixar movies and their release **year** ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue ›

Exercise:3

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

```
SELECT * FROM movies;
```

RESET

Exercise 3 — Tasks

- Find all the Toy Story movies ✓
- Find all the movies directed by John Lasseter ✓
- Find all the movies (and director) not directed by John Lasseter ✓
- Find all the WALL-* movies ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 4: Filtering and sorting Query results](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 2: Queries with constraints \(Pt. 1\)](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider [Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:4

Exercise

There are a few concepts in this lesson, but all are pretty straight-forward to apply. To spice things up, we've gone and scrambled the **Movies** table for you in the exercise to better mimic what kind of data you might see in real life. Try and use the necessary keywords and clauses introduced above in your queries.

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	Toy Story 3	Lee Unkrich	2010	103
3	Monsters University	Dan Scanlon	2013	110
4	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
5	Brave	Brenda Chapman	2012	102
6	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
7	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101
8	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
9	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
10	Cars 2	John Lasseter	2011	120

```
SELECT * FROM movies;|
```

RESET

Exercise 4 — Tasks

- List all directors of Pixar movies (alphabetically), without duplicates ✓
- List the last four Pixar movies released (ordered from most recent to least) ✓
- List the **first** five Pixar movies sorted alphabetically ✓
- List the **next** five Pixar movies sorted alphabetically ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Exercise:5

Try and write some queries to find the information requested in the tasks you know. You may have to use a different combination of clauses in your query for each task. Once you're done, continue onto the next lesson to learn about queries that span multiple tables.

Table: North_american_cities

Toronto	Canada	2795060	43.653226	-79.383184
Houston	United States	2195914	29.760427	-95.369803
New York	United States	8405837	40.712784	-74.005941
Philadelphia	United States	1553165	39.952584	-75.165222
Havana	Cuba	2106146	23.05407	-82.345189
Mexico City	Mexico	8555500	19.432608	-99.133208
Phoenix	United States	1513367	33.448377	-112.074037
Los Angeles	United States	3884307	34.052234	-118.243685
Ecatepec de Morelos	Mexico	1742000	19.601841	-99.050674
Montreal	Canada	1717767	45.501689	-73.567256
Chicago	United States	2718782	41.878114	-87.629798

Select * FROM North_american_cities;

RESET

Review 1 — Tasks

1. List all the Canadian cities and their populations ✓

2. Order all the cities in the United States by their latitude from north to south ✓

3. List all the cities west of Chicago, ordered from west to east ✓

4. List the two largest cities in Mexico (by population) ✓

5. List the third and fourth largest cities (by population) in the United States and their population ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 6: Multi-table queries with JOINS](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider

Exercise:6

Table: Movies (Read-Only)

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

Table: Boxoffice (Read-Only)

Movie_id	Rating	Domestic_sales	International_sales
5	8.2	380843261	555900000
14	7.4	268492764	475066843
8	8	206445654	417277164
12	6.4	191452396	368400000
3	7.9	245852179	239163000
6	8	261441092	370001000

Query Results

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

SELECT * FROM Movies;

RESET

Exercise 6 — Tasks

1. Find the domestic and international sales for each movie ✓

2. Show the sales numbers for each movie that did better internationally rather than domestically ✓

3. List all the movies by their ratings in descending order ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Exercise:7

Exercise

In this exercise, you are going to be working with a new table which stores fictional data about **Employees** in the film studio and their assigned office **Buildings**. Some of the buildings are new, so they don't have any employees in them yet, but we need to find some information about them regardless.

Since our browser SQL database is somewhat limited, only the **LEFT JOIN** is supported in the exercise below.

Table: Buildings (Read-Only)

Building_name	Capacity
1e	24
1w	32
2e	16
2w	20

Table: Employees (Read-Only)

Role	Name	Building	Years_employed
Engineer	Becky A.	1e	4
Engineer	Dan B.	1e	2
Engineer	Sharon F.	1e	6
Engineer	Dan M.	1e	4
Engineer	Malcom S.	1e	1
Artist	Tylar S.	2w	2

Query Results

Building_name	Role
1e	Engineer
1e	Manager
1w	
2e	
2w	Artist
2w	Manager

```
SELECT DISTINCT b.Building_name, e.Role
FROM Buildings b
LEFT JOIN Employees e ON b.Building_name = e.Building;
```

RESET

Exercise 7 — Tasks

- Find the list of all buildings that have employees ✓
- Find the list of all buildings and their capacity ✓
- List all buildings and the distinct employee roles in each building (including empty buildings) ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Exercise:8

Exercise

This exercise will be a sort of review of the last few lessons. We're using the same **Employees** and **Buildings** table from the last lesson, but we've hired a few more people, who haven't yet been assigned a building.

Table: Buildings (Read-Only)

Building_name	Capacity
1e	24
1w	32
2e	16
2w	20

Table: Employees (Read-Only)

Artist	Lillia A.	2w	7
Artist	Brandon J.	2w	7
Manager	Scott K.	1e	9
Manager	Shirlee M.	1e	3
Manager	Daria O.	2w	6
Engineer	Yancy I.		0
Artist	Oliver P.		0

Query Results

```
SELECT b.Building_name
FROM Buildings b
LEFT JOIN Employees e ON b.Building_name = e.Building
WHERE e.Building IS NULL;
```

Exercise 8 — Tasks

1. Find the name and role of all employees who have not been assigned to a building ✓
2. Find the names of the buildings that hold no employees ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue ›

Next – [SQL Lesson 9: Queries with expressions](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 7: OUTER JOINS](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider [Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:9

Exercise

You are going to have to use expressions to transform the **BoxOffice** data into something easier to understand for the tasks below.

Table: Movies (Read-Only)

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116

Table: Boxoffice (Read-Only)

Movie_id	Rating	Domestic_sales	International_sales
5	8.2	380843261	555900000
14	7.4	268492764	475066843
8	8	206445654	417277164
12	6.4	191452396	368400000
3	7.9	245852179	239163000
6	8	261441092	370001000

Query Results

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
11	Toy Story 3	Lee Unkrich	2010	103
13	Brave	Brenda Chapman	2012	102

```
SELECT * FROM Movies WHERE Year % 2 = 0;
```

RESET

Exercise 9 — Tasks

1. List all movies and their combined sales in **millions** of dollars ✓
2. List all movies and their ratings in **percent** ✓
3. List all movies that were released on even number years ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 10: Queries with aggregates \(Pt. 1\)](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 8: A short note on NULLs](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:10

Exercise

For this exercise, we are going to work with our **Employees** table. Notice how the rows in this table have shared data, which will give us an opportunity to use aggregate functions to summarize some high-level metrics about the teams. Go ahead and give it a shot.

Table: Employees

Building	Total_years_worked
1e	29
2w	36

```
SELECT Building, SUM(Years_employed) AS Total_years_worked FROM Employees
GROUP BY Building;
```

RESET

Exercise 10 — Tasks

1. Find the longest time that an employee has been at the studio ✓

2. For each role, find the average number of years employed by employees in that role ✓

3. Find the total number of employee years worked in each building ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 11: Queries with aggregates \(Pt. 2\)](#)

Previous – [SQL Lesson 9: Queries with expressions](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider [Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:11

Exercise

For this exercise, you are going to dive deeper into **Employee** data at the film studio. Think about the different clauses you want to apply for each task.

Table: Employees

Role	Name	Building	Years_employed
Engineer	Becky A.	1e	4
Engineer	Dan B.	1e	2
Engineer	Sharon F.	1e	6
Engineer	Dan M.	1e	4
Engineer	Malcom S.	1e	1
Artist	Tylar S.	2w	2
Artist	Sherman D.	2w	8
Artist	Jakob J.	2w	6
Artist	Lillia A.	2w	7
Artist	Brandon J.	2w	7

```
SELECT * FROM Employees;
```

RESET

Exercise 11 — Tasks

1. Find the number of Artists in the studio (without a **HAVING** clause) ✓

2. Find the number of Employees of each role in the studio ✓

3. Find the total number of years employed by all Engineers ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).

Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 12: Order of execution of a Query](#)

Previous – [SQL Lesson 10: Queries with aggregates \(Pt. 1\)](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider [Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:12

Exercise

Here ends our lessons on **SELECT** queries, congrats of making it this far! This exercise will try and test your understanding of queries, so don't be discouraged if you find them challenging. Just try your best.

Table: Movies (Read-Only)

7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101
11	Toy Story 3	Lee Unkrich	2010	103
12	Cars 2	John Lasseter	2011	120
13	Brave	Brenda Chapman	2012	102

Table: Boxoffice (Read-Only)

11	8.4	415004880	648167031
1	8.3	191796233	170162503
7	7.2	244082982	217900167
10	8.3	293004164	438338580
4	8.1	289916256	272900000
2	7.2	162798565	200600000
13	7.2	237283207	301700000

Query Results

3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101
11	Toy Story 3	Lee Unkrich	2010	103
12	Cars 2	John Lasseter	2011	120
13	Brave	Brenda Chapman	2012	102

```
SELECT * FROM Movies;
```

RESET

Exercise 12 — Tasks

1. Find the number of movies each director has directed ✓
2. Find the total domestic and international sales that can be attributed to each director ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson 13: Inserting rows](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 11: Queries with aggregates \(Pt. 2\)](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:13

Exercise

In this exercise, we are going to play studio executive and add a few movies to the **Movies** to our portfolio. In this table, the **Id** is an auto-incrementing integer, so you can try inserting a row with only the other columns defined.

Since the following lessons will modify the database, you'll have to manually run each query once they are ready to go.

Table: Movies (Read-Only)

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Toy Story 4	John Lasseter	2022	100

Table: Boxoffice (Read-Only)

Movie_id	Rating	Domestic_sales	International_sales
3	7.9	245852179	239163000
1	8.3	191796233	170162503
2	7.2	162798565	200600000
4	8.7	340000000	2700000000

Query Results

Movie_id	Rating	Domestic_sales	International_sales
3	7.9	245852179	239163000
1	8.3	191796233	170162503
2	7.2	162798565	200600000
4	8.7	340000000	2700000000

```
INSERT INTO Boxoffice (Movie_id, Rating, Domestic_sales, International_sale)
VALUES (4, 8.7, 340000000, 2700000000);
```

RUN QUERY RESET

Exercise 13 — Tasks

- 1. Add the studio's new production, **Toy Story 4** to the list of movies (you can use any director) ✓
- 2. Toy Story 4 has been released to critical acclaim! It had a rating of **8.7**, and made **340 million domestically** and **270 million internationally**. Add the record to the **BoxOffice** table. ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Exercise:14

Exercise

It looks like some of the information in our **Movies** database might be incorrect, so go ahead and fix them through the exercises below.

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101

[RUN QUERY](#) [RESET](#)

Exercise 14 — Tasks

1. The director for A Bug's Life is incorrect, it was actually directed by **John Lasseter** ✓
2. The year that Toy Story 2 was released is incorrect, it was actually released in **1999** ✓
3. Both the title and director for Toy Story 8 is incorrect! The title should be "Toy Story 3" and it was directed by **Lee Unkrich** ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

[Continue >](#)

Next – [SQL Lesson 15: Deleting rows](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 13: Inserting rows](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:15

Exercise

The database needs to be cleaned up a little bit, so try and delete a few rows in the tasks below.

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101
11	Toy Story 3	Lee Unkrich	2010	103
12	Cars 2	John Lasseter	2011	120
13	Brave	Brenda Chapman	2012	102
14	Monsters University	Dan Scanlon	2013	110

[RUN QUERY](#) [RESET](#)

Exercise 15 — Tasks

1. This database is getting too big, lets remove all movies that were released **before** 2005. ✓
2. Andrew Stanton has also left the studio, so please remove all movies directed by him. ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

[Continue >](#)

Next – [SQL Lesson 16: Creating tables](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 14: Updating rows](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:16

Exercise

In this exercise, you'll need to create a new table for us to insert some new rows into.

Table: Database

Name	Version	Download_count
SQLite	3.9	92000000
MySQL	5.5	512000000
Postgres	9.4	384000000

|

[RUN QUERY](#) [RESET](#)

Exercise 16 — Tasks

1. Create a new table named **Database** with the following columns:
 - **Name** A string (text) describing the name of the database
 - **Version** A number (floating point) of the latest version of this database
 - **Download_count** An integer count of the number of times this database was downloaded

This table has no constraints. ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

[Continue >](#)

Exercise:17

Exercise

Our exercises use an implementation that only support adding new columns, so give that a try below.

Table: Movies

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes	Aspect_ratio	Language
1	Toy Story	John Lasseter	1995	81	FLOAT	English
2	A Bug's Life	John Lasseter	1998	95	FLOAT	English
3	Toy Story 2	John Lasseter	1999	93	FLOAT	English
4	Monsters, Inc.	Pete Docter	2001	92	FLOAT	English
5	Finding Nemo	Andrew Stanton	2003	107	FLOAT	English
6	The Incredibles	Brad Bird	2004	116	FLOAT	English
7	Cars	John Lasseter	2006	117	FLOAT	English
8	Ratatouille	Brad Bird	2007	115	FLOAT	English
9	WALL-E	Andrew Stanton	2008	104	FLOAT	English
10	Up	Pete Docter	2009	101	FLOAT	English

[RUN QUERY](#) [RESET](#)

Exercise 17 — Tasks

1. Add a column named **Aspect_ratio** with a **FLOAT** data type to store the aspect-ratio each movie was released in. ✓
2. Add another column named **Language** with a **TEXT** data type to store the language that the movie was released in. Ensure that the default for this language is **English**. ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

[Continue >](#)

Next – [SQL Lesson 18: Dropping tables](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 16: Creating tables](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site.

Exercise:18

Exercise

We've reached the end of our exercises, so lets clean up by removing all the tables we've worked with.

Table: Movies (Read-Only)

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes

Table: Boxoffice (Read-Only)

Movie_id	Rating	Domestic_sales	International_sales

Query Results

Id	Title	Director	Year	Length_minutes

RUN QUERY RESET

Exercise 18 — Tasks

1. We've sadly reached the end of our lessons, lets clean up by removing the **Movies** table ✓
2. And drop the **BoxOffice** table as well ✓

Stuck? Read this task's [Solution](#).
Solve all tasks to continue to the next lesson.

Continue >

Next – [SQL Lesson X: To infinity and beyond!](#)
Previous – [SQL Lesson 17: Altering tables](#)

Find SQLBolt useful? Please consider
[Donating \(\\$4\)](#) via Paypal to support our site.



SQL Lesson X: To infinity and beyond!



You've finished the tutorial!

We hope the lessons have given you a bit more experience with SQL and a bit more confidence to use SQL with your own data.

We've just brushed the surface of what SQL is capable of, so to get a better idea of how SQL can be used in the real world, we'll be adding more articles in the [More Topics](#) part of the site. If you have the time, we recommend that you continue to dive deeper into SQL!

If you need further details, it's also recommended that you read the documentation for the specific database that you are using, especially since each database has its own set of features and optimizations.

If you have any suggestions on how to make the site better, you can get in touch using one of the links in the footer below.

And if you found the lessons useful, please consider [donating \(\\$4\) via Paypal](#) to support our site. Your contribution will help keep the servers running and allow us to improve and add even more material in the future.

[Continue to More Topics >](#)