

ANCHORS	ASSERTIONS	GROUPS AND RANGES		
^ Start of string, or start of line in multi-line pattern	?= Lookahead assertion	. Any character except new line (\n)		
\A Start of string	?!= Negative lookahead	(a b) a or b		
\$ End of string, or end of line in multi-line pattern	?<= Lookbehind assertion	(...) Group		
\Z End of string	?!= or ?<! Negative lookbehind	(?:...) Passive (non-capturing) group		
\b Word boundary	?> Once-only Subexpression	[abc] Range (a or b or c)		
\B Not word boundary	?() Condition [if then]	[^abc] Not (a or b or c)		
\L Start of word	?() Condition [if then else]	[a-q] Lower case letter from a to q		
\R End of word	?# Comment	[A-Q] Upper case letter from A to Q		
<hr/>				
CHARACTER CLASSES				
\c Control character	* 0 or more {3} Exactly 3	[0-7] Digit from 0 to 7		
\s White space	+ 1 or more {3,} 3 or more	\x Group/subpattern number "x"		
\S Not white space	? 0 or 1 {3,5} 3, 4 or 5	Ranges are inclusive.		
\d Digit	Add a ? to a quantifier to make it ungreedy.			
\D Not digit				
\w Word				
\W Not word				
\x Hexadecimal digit				
\O Octal digit				
<hr/>				
POSIX				
[:upper:] Upper case letters	Escaping" is a way of treating characters which have a special meaning in regular expressions literally, rather than as special characters.			
[:lower:] Lower case letters				
[:alpha:] All letters				
[:alnum:] Digits and letters				
[:digit:] Digits				
[:xdigit:] Hexadecimal digits				
[:punct:] Punctuation				
[:blank:] Space and tab				
[:space:] Blank characters				
[:cntrl:] Control characters				
[:graph:] Printed characters				
[:print:] Printed characters and spaces				
[:word:] Digits, letters and underscore				
<hr/>				
COMMON METACHARACTERS				
^ [. \$				
{ * (\				
+) ?				
< >				
The escape character is usually \				
<hr/>				
SPECIAL CHARACTERS				
\n New line	Some regex implementations use \ instead of \$.			
\r Carriage return				
\t Tab				
\v Vertical tab				
\f Form feed				
\xxx Octal character xxx				
\xhh Hex character hh				
<hr/>				
PATTERN MODIFIERS				
g Global match				
i Case-insensitive				
m Multiple lines				
s Treat string as single line				
x Allow comments and whitespace in pattern				
e Evaluate replacement				
U Ungreedy pattern				
* PCRE modifier				
<hr/>				
STRING REPLACEMENT				
\$n nth non-passive group				
\$2 "xyz" in /^(abc(xyz))\$/				
\$1 "xyz" in /^(?:abc)(xyz)\$/				
\$` Before matched string				
\$' After matched string				
\$+ Last matched string				
\$& Entire matched string				



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 Page 1 of 1.

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