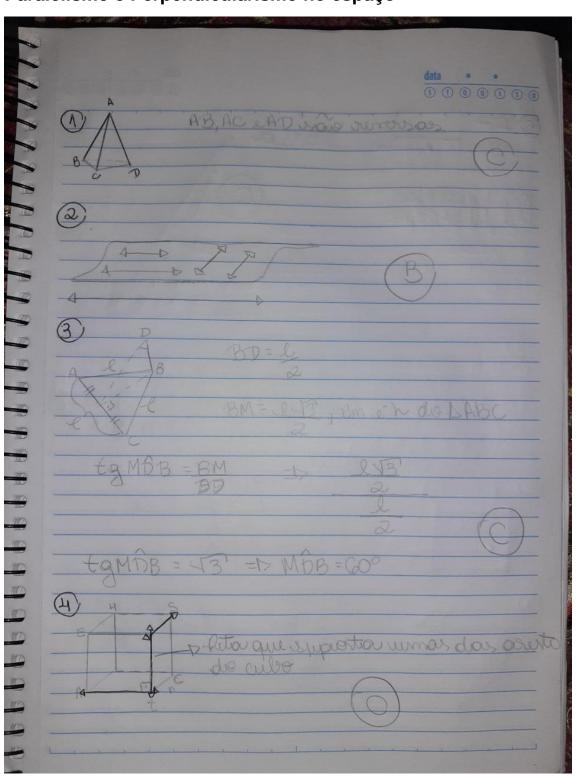
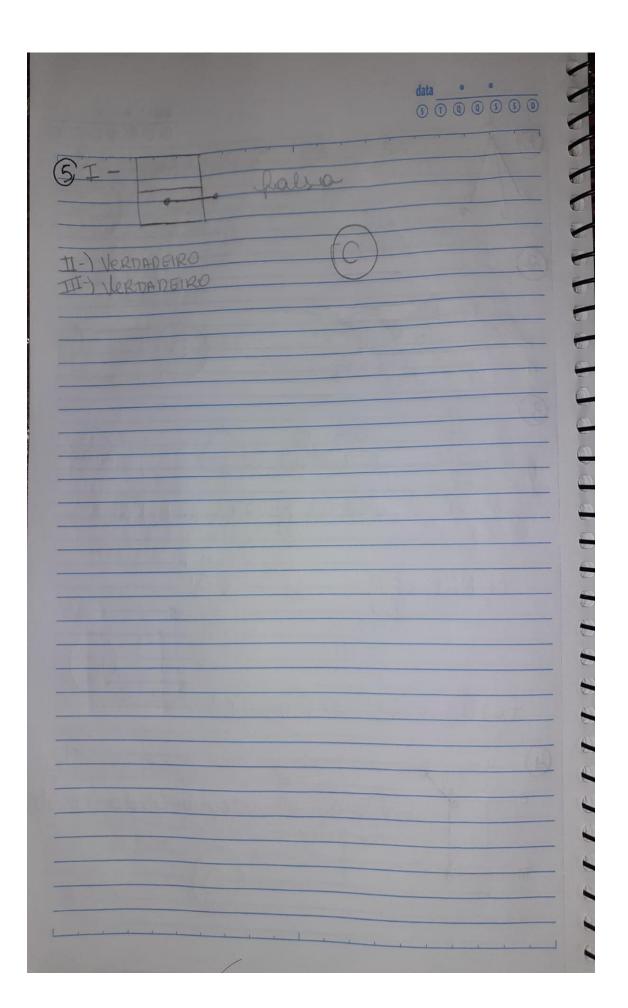
Evelyn Santos de Santana

CTII348

Paralelismo e Perpendicularismo no espaço - Poliedros

Paralelismo e Perpendicularismo no espaço





Poliedros

	VIE-V	5		
1 V= Q F= 8	V+F=A+6			
A= 0	14 = A+6		(C)	
	14-2=A			
	[A=12]			5 4 6 7
Q, F=12	1		1000	400-30
A= 7	PENTAGO = 5	5 LATIOS	7 V+F= A+2	
A=0	A = F. LADO		V+12=30+	2
	100		V+12=32	
1814	A-12.5		V= 32-12	
	D = 6 5		(V-00)	1
	A=6.5 A=30			(9
	H - 00			
3, F= 6 908	adrilateros + 8	tomment	18	Cha C
FENH FA	ES	Thoracon or		
A=?				21111
V=7	Quadrilater	20 = 4LATOS	FRIANGULOS =	3 400
		005/2	AL= E. LADO	3 12
	AQ= 80.21		H-83	-
	E E		Ø.	
	19-3.4		At=4.3	
	Ag= 12		At=12	-
N - N - 1 N		1/TE - N	127	
A= AQ+ A	1		+2	
A=12+12	1	-V+121=	24+2	
	+	V+14=		
A=12+12	1	V+14= V+14= V=26-	24+2	A
A=12+12		V+14=	24+2	

