# User Guide to luaossl, Comprehensive OpenSSL Module for Lua

William Ahern

Daurnimator

June 30, 2022

# Contents

| C | onter | nts      |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | i  |
|---|-------|----------|----------------------------|-----|-----|---|------|------|-----|---------|------|------|------|-----|----------|-----|-----|----|
| 1 | Dep   | oenden   | cies                       |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   | 1.1   | Opera    | ting Systems               |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   | 1.2   | _        | ies                        |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   |       | 1.2.1    | Lua 5.1, 5.2, 5.3          |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   |       | 1.2.2    | OpenSSL                    |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   |       | 1.2.3    | pthreads                   |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   |       | 1.2.4    | libdl                      |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   | 1.3   | GNU      | Make                       |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 1  |
|   |       |          |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     |    |
| 2 |       | tallatio |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 2  |
|   | 2.1   | Buildi   | ng                         |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 2  |
|   |       | 2.1.1    | Targets                    |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 2  |
|   | 2.2   |          | $\inf_{-}$                 |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 2  |
|   |       | 2.2.1    | Targets                    |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      | ٠    |     |          | ٠   |     | 3  |
| 3 | Usa   | uro.     |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 4  |
| U | 3.1   | _        | es                         |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 4  |
|   | 0.1   | 3.1.1    | openssl                    |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 4  |
|   |       | 0.1.1    | орсноот                    |     | • • |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      | •    |     |          | •   |     | -  |
|   |       |          | openssl[]                  |     | •   | 4 |      |      | op  | ens     | sl.  | ext  | en   | sic | nSı      | ıpp | ort | ed |
|   |       |          | openssl.version            | ı   |     | 4 |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     |    |
|   |       |          |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     |    |
|   |       | 3.1.2    | openssl.bignum             |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      | •    |     |          | •   |     | 4  |
|   |       |          | bignum.new                 |     |     | 5 |      |      | hi  | ຜາກ 111 | m.i  | nt_  | rn   | 256 | <b>.</b> |     |     | 5  |
|   |       |          | Digitali: Hew              |     | •   | 0 |      |      | DI, | 51141   |      | 1100 | - P. |     |          |     | •   | 0  |
|   |       | 3.1.3    | openssl.pkey .             |     |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 5  |
|   |       |          |                            |     |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     |    |
|   |       |          | pkey.new                   |     |     | 5 |      |      | _   |         | set  |      |      |     | •        |     |     | 6  |
|   |       |          | pkey.new                   |     |     | 5 |      |      | -   | •       | sign |      |      |     |          |     |     | 6  |
|   |       |          | <pre>pkey.interpose</pre>  |     |     | 5 |      |      |     |         | ver  |      |      |     |          |     |     | 6  |
|   |       |          | <pre>pkey:type</pre>       |     |     | 5 |      |      | pk  | ey:     | toPl | EM . |      |     |          |     | •   | 6  |
|   |       |          | <pre>pkey:setPublich</pre> | Кеу | •   | 6 |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     |    |
|   |       | 3.1.4    | openssl.x509.na            | ama |     |   |      |      |     |         |      |      |      |     |          |     |     | 6  |
|   |       | 0.1.4    | ohempar. Youa. He          | ше  |     |   | <br> | <br> |     |         |      |      | •    |     |          | •   |     | U  |

|       | name.new                 | 6  | name:all                 | 7            |
|-------|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|--------------|
|       | name.interpose           | 6  | name:each                | 7            |
|       | name:add                 | 7  | name:pairs               | 7            |
| 3.1.5 | openssl.x509.altname     |    |                          | 7            |
|       | altname.new              | 7  | altname:add              | 7            |
|       | altname.interpose        | 7  | name:pairs               | 8            |
| 3.1.6 | openssl.x509.extension.  |    |                          | 8            |
|       | extension.new            | 8  | extension:getShortName   | 8            |
|       | extension.interpose      | 8  | extension:getLongName    | 8            |
|       | extension:getID          | 8  | extension:getData        | 9            |
|       | extension:getName        | 8  | extension:getCritical    | 9            |
| 3.1.7 | openssl.x509             |    |                          | 9            |
|       | x509.new                 | 9  | x509:getSubjectAltCritic | <b>al</b> 10 |
|       | x509.interpose           | 9  | x509:setSubjectAltCritic | <b>al</b> 11 |
|       | x509:getVersion          | 9  | x509:getBasicConstraints | 11           |
|       | x509:setVersion          | 9  | x509:setBasicConstraints | 11           |
|       | x509:getSerial           | 9  | x509:getBasicConstraints | Critical 11  |
|       | x509:setSerial           | 9  | x509:setBasicConstraints | Critical 11  |
|       | x509:digest              | 9  | x509:addExtension        | 11           |
|       | x509:getLifetime         | 9  | x509:getExtension        | 11           |
|       | x509:setLifetime         | 10 | x509:getExtensionCount   | 11           |
|       | x509:getIssuer           | 10 | x509:getOCSP             | 11           |
|       | x509:setIssuer           | 10 | x509:isIssuedBy          | 11           |
|       | x509:getSubject          | 10 | x509:getPublicKey        | 11           |
|       | x509:setSubject          | 10 | x509:setPublicKey        | 12           |
|       | x509:getIssuerAlt        | 10 | x509:getPublicKeyDigest  | 12           |
|       | x509:setIssuerAlt        | 10 | x509:getSignatureName    | 12           |
|       | x509:getSubjectAlt       | 10 | x509:sign                | 12           |
|       | x509:setSubjectAlt       |    | x509:verify              | 12           |
|       | x509:getIssuerAltCritica |    | x509:text                | 12           |
|       | x509:setIssuerAltCritica |    | x509:tostring            | 12           |
| 3.1.8 | openssl.x509.csr         |    |                          | 12           |
|       | csr.new                  | 13 | csr:getSubjectAlt        | 13           |
|       | csr.interpose            | 13 | csr:setSubjectAlt        | 13           |
|       | csr:getVersion           | 13 | csr:getPublicKey         | 13           |
|       | csr:setVersion           | 13 | csr:setPublicKey         | 13           |
|       | csr:getSubject           | 13 | csr:sign                 | 13           |
|       | csr:setSubject           | 13 | csr: tostring            | 13           |

| 3.1.9  | openssl.x509.crl                   |    |                               | 14 |
|--------|------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----|
|        | crl.new                            | 14 | crl:setIssuer                 | 14 |
|        | crl.interpose                      | 14 | crl:add                       | 14 |
|        | crl:getVersion                     | 14 | crl:addExtension              | 15 |
|        | crl:setVersion                     | 14 | crl:getExtension              | 15 |
|        | <pre>crl:getLastUpdate</pre>       | 14 | crl:getExtensionCount         | 15 |
|        | crl:setLastUpdate                  | 14 | crl:sign                      | 15 |
|        | crl:getNextUpdate                  | 14 | crl:verify                    | 15 |
|        | crl:setNextUpdate                  | 14 | crl:text                      | 15 |
|        | crl:getIssuer                      | 14 | crl:tostring                  | 15 |
| 3.1.10 | openssl.x509.chain                 |    |                               | 15 |
|        | chain.new                          | 15 | chain:add                     | 15 |
|        | chain.interpose                    | 15 | chain:ipairs                  | 15 |
| 3.1.11 | openssl.x509.store                 |    |                               | 16 |
|        | store.new                          | 16 | store:add                     | 16 |
|        | store.interpose                    | 16 | store:verify                  | 16 |
| 3.1.12 | openssl.x509.verify_para           | m  |                               | 16 |
|        | verify_param.new                   | 16 | verify_param:setAuthLevel     | 17 |
|        | ${\tt verify\_param.interpose}$    | 16 | verify_param:getAuthLevel     | 18 |
|        | $verify\_param:inherit$ .          | 16 | $verify\_param:setHost$ .     | 18 |
|        | <pre>verify_param:setPurpose</pre> | 17 | $verify\_param:addHost$ .     | 18 |
|        | <pre>verify_param:setTime .</pre>  | 17 | $verify\_param:setEmail.$     | 18 |
|        | $verify\_param:setDepth$ .         | 17 | <pre>verify_param:setIP</pre> | 18 |
|        | verify_param:getDepth.             | 17 |                               |    |
| 3.1.13 | openssl.pkcs12                     |    |                               | 18 |
|        | pkcs12.new                         | 18 | pkcs12:tostring               | 19 |
|        | pkcs12.interpose                   | 19 | pkcs12.parse                  | 19 |
| 3.1.14 | openssl.ssl.context                |    |                               | 19 |
|        | context[]                          | 19 | context:setStore              | 22 |
|        | context.new                        | 19 | context:getStore              | 22 |
|        | context.interpose                  | 20 | context:setParam              | 22 |
|        | context:setOptions                 | 20 | context:getParam              | 22 |
|        | context:getOptions                 | 21 | context:setVerify             | 22 |
|        | context:clearOptions .             | 22 | context:getVerify             | 22 |
|        | context:setReadAhead .             | 22 | context:setCertificate        | 22 |
|        | context:getReadAhead .             | 22 | context:getCertificate        | 23 |

|        | <pre>context:setCertificateCh</pre> | ain 23 | context:setHostNameCallba            | $\mathtt{ack}\ 24$ |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
|        | <pre>context:getCertificateCh</pre> | ain 23 | context:setTLSextStatusT             | <b>ype</b> 24      |
|        | context:setPrivateKey               | 23     | <pre>context:getTLSextStatusT;</pre> | ype 24             |
|        | context:setCipherList               | 23     | context:getTicketKeysLeng            | $\mathtt{gth}$ 24  |
|        | <pre>context:setCipherSuites</pre>  | 23     | context:setTicketKeys                | 25                 |
|        | context:setGroups                   | 23     | context:getTicketKeys                | 25                 |
|        | <pre>context:setEphemeralKey</pre>  | 23     | context:useServerInfo                | 25                 |
|        | context:setAlpnProtos               | 24     | context:useServerInfoFile            | <b>e</b> 25        |
|        | context:setAlpnSelect               | 24     | context:addCustomExtensi             | on 25              |
| 3.1.15 | openssl.ssl                         |        |                                      | 27                 |
|        | ssl[]                               | 27     | ssl:setPrivateKey                    | 29                 |
|        | ssl.interpose                       | 27     | ssl:getPeerCertificate               | 29                 |
|        | ssl:setContext                      | 27     | ssl:getPeerChain                     | 29                 |
|        | ssl:getContext                      | 27     | ssl:getCipherInfo                    | 29                 |
|        | ssl:setOptions                      | 27     | ssl:setHostName                      | 29                 |
|        | ssl:getOptions                      | 27     | ssl:getHostName                      | 29                 |
|        | ssl:clearOptions                    | 27     | ssl:getVersion                       | 29                 |
|        | ssl:setReadAhead                    | 27     | ssl:getClientVersion .               | 30                 |
|        | ssl:getReadAhead                    | 27     | ssl:setCipherList                    | 30                 |
|        | ssl:setStore                        | 28     | ssl:setCipherSuites                  | 30                 |
|        | ssl:setChainStore                   | 28     | ssl:setGroups                        | 30                 |
|        | ssl:setVerifyStore                  | 28     | ssl:getAlpnSelected                  | 30                 |
|        | ssl:setVerify                       | 28     | ssl:setAlpnProtos                    | 30                 |
|        | ssl:getVerify                       | 28     | ssl:setTLSextStatusType              | 30                 |
|        | ssl:getVerifyResult                 | 28     |                                      |                    |
|        | ssl:setCertificate                  | 28     | ssl:getTLSextStatusType              | 31                 |
|        | ssl:setCertificateChain             | 28     | ssl:setTLSextStatusOCSPR             | -                  |
|        | context:getCertificateCh            | ain 28 | ssl:getTLSextStatusOCSPR             | esp 31             |
| 3.1.16 | openssl.digest                      |        |                                      | 31                 |
|        | digest.interpose                    |        | digest:update                        |                    |
|        | digest.new                          | 31     | digest:final                         | 31                 |
| 3.1.17 | openssl.hmac                        |        |                                      | 31                 |
|        | hmac.interpose                      | 31     | hmac:update                          | 32                 |
|        | hmac.new                            | 32     | hmac:final                           | 32                 |
| 3.1.18 | openssl.cipher                      |        |                                      | 32                 |
|        | cipher.interpose                    | 32     | cipher:update                        | 32                 |
|        | cipher.new                          | 32     | cipher:final                         | 33                 |
|        | cipher:encrypt                      | 32     | <pre>cipher:getTag</pre>             | 33                 |
|        | cipher:decrypt                      | 32     | cipher:setTag                        | 33                 |

|   | 3.1.19 | openssl.ocsp.response |                     | 33 |
|---|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|----|
|   |        | response:getBasic     | <del>-</del>        | 33 |
|   | 3.1.20 | openssl.ocsp.basic    |                     | 33 |
|   |        | basic:verify          | 33                  |    |
|   | 3.1.21 | openssl.rand          |                     | 33 |
|   |        | rand.bytes            |                     | 34 |
|   | 3.1.22 | openssl.des           |                     | 34 |
|   |        | des.string_to_key :   | des.set_odd_parity. | 34 |
|   | 3.1.23 | openssl.kdf           |                     | 34 |
|   |        | kdf.derive            | 35                  |    |
| 4 |        |                       |                     |    |

## 1 Dependencies

## 1.1 Operating Systems

luaoss1 targets modern POSIX-conformant systems. A Windows port is feasible and patches welcome. Note however that the module employs the POSIX thread API, POSIX dlopen, and the non-POSIX dladdr interface to protect OpenSSL in threaded environments.

#### 1.2 Libraries

#### 1.2.1 Lua 5.1, 5.2, 5.3

luaossl targets Lua 5.1 and above.

## 1.2.2 OpenSSL

luaossl targets modern OpenSSL versions as installed on OS X, Linux, Solaris, OpenBSD, and similar platforms.

#### 1.2.3 pthreads

Because it's not possible to detect threading use at runtime, or to *safely* and dynamically enable locking, this protection is builtin by default. At present the module only understands the POSIX threading API.

**Linking** Note that on some systems, such as NetBSD and FreeBSD, the loading application must be linked against pthreads (using -lpthread or -pthread). It is not enough for the luaossl module to pull in the dependency at load time. In particular, if using the stock Lua interpreter, it must have been linked against pthreads at build time. Add the appropriate linker flag to MYLIBS in lua-5.2.x/src/Makefile.

#### 1.2.4 libdl

In multithreaded environments the module will initialize OpenSSL mutexes if they've not already been initialized. If the mutexes are initialized then the module must pin itself in memory to prevent unloading by the Lua garbage collector. The module first uses the non-standard but widely supported dladdr routine to derive the module's load path, and then increments the reference count to the module using dlopen. This is the safest and most portable method that I'm aware of.

#### 1.3 GNU Make

The Makefile requires GNU Make, usually installed as gmake on platforms other than Linux or OS X. The actual Makefile proxies to GNUmakefile. As long as gmake is installed on non-GNU systems you can invoke your system's make.

## 2 Installation

All the C modules are built into a single core C library. The core routines are then wrapped and extended through Lua modules. Because there several extant versions of Lua often used in parallel on the same system, there are individual targets to build and install for each supported Lua version. The targets all and install will attempt to build and install both Lua 5.1 and 5.2 modules.

Note that building and installation and can accomplished in a single step by simply invoking one of the install targets with all the necessary variables defined.

## 2.1 Building

There is no separate ./configure step. System introspection occurs during compile-time. However, the "configure" make target can be used to cache the build environment so one needn't continually use a long command-line invocation.

All the common GNU-style compiler variables are supported, including CC, CPPFLAGS, CFLAGS, LDFLAGS, and SOFLAGS. Note that you can specify the path to Lua 5.1, Lua 5.2, and Lua 5.3 include headers at the same time in CPPFLAGS; the build system will work things out to ensure the correct headers are loaded when compiling each version of the module.

## 2.1.1 Targets

all

Build modules for Lua 5.1 and 5.2.

all5.1

Build Lua 5.1 module.

all5.2

Build Lua 5.2 module.

all5.3

Build Lua 5.3 module.

## 2.2 Installing

All the common GNU-style installation path variables are supported, including prefix, bindir, libdir, datadir, includedir, and DESTDIR. These additional path variables are also allowed:

```
lua51path
```

Install path for Lua 5.1 modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/share/lua/5.1

#### lua51cpath

Install path for Lua 5.1 C modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/lib/lua/5.1

#### lua52path

Install path for Lua 5.2 modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/share/lua/5.2

#### lua52cpath

Install path for Lua 5.2 C modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/lib/lua/5.2

#### lua53path

Install path for Lua 5.3 modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/share/lua/5.3

#### lua53cpath

Install path for Lua 5.3 C modules, e.g. \$(prefix)/lib/lua/5.3

## 2.2.1 Targets

#### install

Install modules for Lua 5.1 and 5.2.

#### install5.1

Install Lua 5.1 module.

#### install5.2

Install Lua 5.2 module.

#### install5.3

Install Lua 5.3 module.

# 3 Usage

## 3.1 Modules

#### 3.1.1 openssl

Binds various global interfaces, including version and build information.

#### openssl[]

Table of various compile-time constant values. See also openssl.version.

| name                                | description   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| SSLEAY_VERSION_NUMBER               | OpenSSL version as an integer.  |
| LIBRESSL_VERSION_NUMBER             | LibreSSL version as an integer.   |
| $\mathtt{NO}_{-}[\mathtt{feature}]$ | If defined, signals that this installation of OpenSSL was compiled without [feature]. |

#### openssl.version(info)

Returns information about the run-time version of OpenSSL, as opposed to the compile-time version used to build the Lua module. If info is not specified, returns the version number as an integer. Otherwise, info may be one of the following constants.

| name             | description  |
|------------------|--|
| SSLEAY_VERSION   | OpenSSL version description as a string.                         |
| $SSLEAY\_CFLAGS$ | Description of compiler flags used to build OpenSSL as a string. |
| SSLEAY_BUILT_ON  | Compilation date description as a string.                        |
| SSLEAY_PLATFORM  | Platform description as a string.                                |
| SSLEAY_DIR       | OpenSSL installation directory description as a string.          |

#### openssl.extensionSupported(ext\_type)

Returns a boolean indicating if the extension *ext\_type* is handled internally by OpenSSL.

#### 3.1.2 openssl.bignum

openssl.bignum binds OpenSSL's liberypto bignum library. It supports all the standard arithmetic operations. Regular number operands in a mixed arithmetic expression are upgraded as-if bignum.new was used explicitly. The \_\_tostring metamethod generates a decimal encoded represention.

#### bignum.new(number)

Wraps the sign and integral part of number as a bignum object, discarding any fractional part.

#### bignum.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a bignum class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### 3.1.3 openssl.pkey

openssl.pkey binds OpenSSL's liberypto public-private key library. The \_\_tostring metamethod generates a PEM encoded representation of the public key—excluding the private key.

## pkey.new(string[, format])

Initializes a new pkey object from the PEM- or DER-encoded key in *string*. *format* defaults to "\*", which means to automatically test the input encoding. If *format* is explicitly "PEM" or "DER", then only that decoding format is used.

On failure throws an error.

## pkey.new{ ... }

Generates a new pkey object according to the specified parameters.

| field      | type:default      | description  |
|------------|-------------------|--|
| .type      | string:RSA        | public key algorithm—"RSA", "DSA", "EC", "DH", or an internal OpenSSL identifier of a subclass of one of those basic types |
| .bits      | number:1024       | private key size   |
| .exp       | number:65537      | RSA exponent   |
| .generator | number:2          | Diffie-Hellman generator   |
| .dhparam   | string            | PEM encoded string with precomputed DH parameters  |
| .curve     | string:prime192v1 | for elliptic curve keys, the OpenSSL string identifier of the curve  |

The DH parameters "dhparam" will be generated on the fly, "bits" wide. This is a slow process, and especially for larger sizes, you would precompute those; for example: "openssl dhparam -2 -out dh-2048.pem -outform PEM 2048". Using the field "dhparam" overrides the "bits" field.

#### pkey.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a pkey class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### pkey:type()

Returns the OpenSSL string identifier for the type of key.

```
pkey:setPublicKey(string[, format])
```

Set the public key component to that described by the PEM- or DER-encoded public key in *string*. format is as described in openssl.pkey.new—"PEM", "DER", or "\*" (default).

```
pkey:setPrivateKey(string[, format])
```

Set the private key component to that described by the PEM encoded private key in *string*. *format* is as described in openssl.pkey.new.

```
pkey:sign(digest)
```

Sign data which has been consumed by the specified openssl.digest digest. Digests and keys are not all interchangeable.

Returns the signature as an opaque binary string<sup>1</sup> on success, and throws an error otherwise.

```
pkey:verify(signature, digest)
```

Verify the string *signature* as signing the document consumed by openssl.digest *digest*. See the :sign method for constraints on the format and type of the parameters.

Returns true on success, false for properly formatted but invalid signatures, and throws an error otherwise. Because the structure of the signature is opaque and not susceptible to sanity checking before passing to OpenSSL, an application should always be prepared for an error to be thrown when verifying untrusted signatures. OpenSSL, of course, should be able to handle all malformed inputs. But the module does not attempt to differentiate local system errors from errors triggered by malformed signatures because the set of such errors may change in the future.

```
pkey:toPEM(which[, which])
```

Returns the PEM encoded string representation(s) of the specified key component. which must be one of "public", "PublicKey", "private", or "PrivateKey". For the two argument form, returns two values.

#### 3.1.4 openssl.x509.name

Binds the X.509 distinguished name OpenSSL ASN.1 object, used for representing certificate subject and issuer names.

```
name.new()
```

Returns an empty name object.

```
name.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a name class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Elliptic curve signatures are two X.509 DER-encoded numbers, for example, while RSA signatures are encrypted DER structures.

#### name:add(type, value)

Add a distinguished name component. *type* is the OpenSSL string identifier of the component type—short, long, or OID forms. *value* is the string value of the component. DN components are free-form, and are encoded raw.

#### name:all()

Returns a table array of the distinguished name components. Each element is a table with four fields:

| field | description                         |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| .sn   | short name identifier, if available |
| .ln   | long name identifier, if available  |
| .id   | OID identifier                      |
| .blob | raw string value of the component   |

#### name:each()

Returns a key-value iterator over the distinguished name components. The key is either the short, long, or OID identifier, with preference for the former.

#### name:\_\_pairs()

Equal to name: each

#### 3.1.5 openssl.x509.altname

Binds the X.509 alternative names (a.k.a "general names") OpenSSL ASN.1 object, used for representing certificate subject and issuer alternative names.

#### altname.new()

Returns an empty altname object.

#### altname.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose an altname class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### altname:add(type, value)

Add an alternative name. *type* must specify one of the five basic types identified by "RFC822Name", "RFC822", "email", "UniformResourceIdentifier", "URI", "DNSName", "DNS", "IPAddress", "IP", or "DirName".

For all types except "DirName", value is a string acceptable to OpenSSL's sanity checks. For an IP address, value must be parseable by the system's inet\_pton routine, as IP addresses are stored as raw 4- or 16-byte octets. "DirName" takes an openssl.x509.name object.

#### name:\_\_pairs()

Returns a key-value iterator over the alternative names. The key is one of "email", "URI", "DNS", "IP", or "DirName". The value is the string representation of the name.

#### 3.1.6 openssl.x509.extension

Binds the X.509 extension OpenSSL object.

#### extension.new(name, value [, data])

Returns a new X.509 extension. If *value* is the string "DER" or "critical,DER", then *data* is an ASN.1-encoded octet string. Otherwise, *name* and *value* are plain text strings in OpenSSL's arbitrary extension format; and if specified, *data* is either an OpenSSL configuration string defining any referenced identifiers in *value*, or a table with members:

| field     | type:default         | description                    |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| .db       | string:nil           | OpenSSL configuration string   |
| .issuer   | openssl.x509:nil     | issuer certificate             |
| . subject | openssl.x509:nil     | subject certificate            |
| .request  | openssl.x509.csr:nil | certificate signing request    |
| .crl      | openssl.x509.crl:nil | certificate revocation list    |
| .flags    | integer:0            | a bitwise combination of flags |

#### extension.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose an extension class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### extension:getID()

Returns the ASN.1 OID as a plain text string.

#### extension:getName()

Returns a more human-readable name as a plain text string in the following order of preference: OpenSSL's short name, OpenSSL's long name, ASN.1 OID.

#### extension:getShortName()

Returns OpenSSL's short name as a plain text string if available.

#### extension:getLongName()

Returns OpenSSL's long name as a plain text string if available.

#### extension:getData()

Returns the extension value as an ASN.1-encoded octet string.

```
extension:getCritical()
```

Returns the extension critical flag as a boolean.

#### 3.1.7 openssl.x509

Binds the X.509 certificate OpenSSL ASN.1 object.

```
x509.new([string[, format]])
```

Returns a new x509 object, optionally initialized to the PEM- or DER-encoded certificate specified by *string*. *format* is as described in openssl.pkey.new-"PEM", "DER", or "\*" (default).

```
x509.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose an x509 class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
x509:getVersion()
```

Returns the X.509 version of the certificate.

```
x509:setVersion(number)
```

Sets the X.509 version of the certificate.

```
x509:getSerial()
```

Returns the serial of the certificate as an openssl.bignum.

```
x509:setSerial(number)
```

Sets the serial of the certificate. *number* is a Lua or openssl.bignum number.

```
x509:digest([type[, format]])
```

Returns the cryptographic one-way message digest of the certificate. *type* is the OpenSSL string identifier of the hash type—e.g. "md5", "sha1" (default), "sha256", etc. *format* specifies the representation of the digest—"s" for an octet string, "x" for a hexadecimal string (default), and "n" for an openssl.bignum number.

```
x509:getLifetime()
```

Returns the certificate validity "Not Before" and "Not After" dates as two Unix timestamp numbers.

```
x509:setLifetime([notbefore][, notafter])
```

Sets the certificate validity dates. *notbefore* and *notafter* should be UNIX timestamps. A nil value leaves the particular date unchanged.

#### x509:getIssuer()

Returns the issuer distinguished name as an x509.name object.

#### x509:setIssuer(name)

Sets the issuer distinguished name.

#### x509:getSubject()

Returns the subject distinguished name as an x509.name object.

#### x509:setSubject(name)

Sets the subject distinguished name.

#### x509:getIssuerAlt()

Returns the issuer alternative names as an x509.altname object.

#### x509:setIssuer(altname)

Sets the issuer alternative names.

#### x509:getSubjectAlt()

Returns the subject alternative names as an x509.name object.

#### x509:setSubjectAlt(name)

Sets the subject alternative names.

#### x509:getIssuerAltCritical()

Returns the issuer alternative names critical flag as a boolean.

#### x509:setIssuerAltCritical(boolean)

Sets the issuer alternative names critical flag.

#### x509:getSubjectAltCritical()

Returns the subject alternative names critical flag as a boolean.

#### x509:setSubjectAltCritical(boolean)

Sets the subject alternative names critical flag.

```
x509:getBasicConstraints([which[, which ...]])
```

Returns the X.509 'basic constraint' flags. If specified, which should be one of "CA" or "pathLen", which returns the specified constraint—respectively, a boolean and a number. If no parameters are specified, returns a table with fields "CA" and "pathLen".

```
x509:setBasicConstraints{ ... }
```

Sets the basic constraint flag according to the defined field values for "CA" (boolean) and "pathLen" (number).

```
x509:getBasicConstraintsCritical()
```

Returns the basic constraints critical flag as a boolean.

```
x509:setBasicConstraintsCritical(boolean)
```

Sets the basic constraints critical flag.

```
x509:addExtension(ext)
```

Adds a copy of the x509.extension object to the certificate.

```
x509:getExtension(key)
```

Returns a copy of the x509.extension object identified by key where key is the plain text string of the OID, long name, or short name; or the integer index (1-based) of the extension. Returns nothing if no such extension was found by that name or at that index.

```
x509:getExtensionCount()
```

Returns the integer count of the number of extensions.

```
x509:getOCSP()
```

Returns the OCSP urls for the certificate.

```
x509:isIssuedBy(issuer)
```

Returns a boolean according to whether the specified issuer—an openssl.x509.name object—signed the instance certificate.

```
x509:getPublicKey()
```

Returns the public key component as an openssl.pkey object.

#### x509:setPublicKey(key)

Sets the public key component referenced by the openssl.pkey object key.

#### x509:getPublicKeyDigest([type])

Returns the digest of the public key as a binary string. *type* is an optional string describing the digest type, and defaults to "sha1".

#### x509:getSignatureName()

Returns the type of signature used to sign the certificate as a string. e.g. "RSA-SHA1"

#### x509:sign(key [, type])

Signs and updates the instance certificate using the openssl.pkey key. type is an optional string describing the digest type. See pkey:sign, regarding which types of digests are valid. If type is omitted than a default type is used—"sha1" for RSA keys, "dss1" for DSA keys, and "ecdsa-with-SHA1" for EC keys.

## x509:verify{ ... }

Verifies the certificate against to the specified parameters.

| field   | type                      | description   |
|---------|---------------------------|---|
| .store  | openssl.x509.store        | The certificate store to verify against, any custom settings from the store will be used. |
| .chain  | openssl.x509.chain        | A collection of additional certificates to consider                                       |
| .params | openssl.x509.verify_param | The verification parameters to use; overrides any pa-                                     |
|         |                           | rameters in .store  |

Returns two values. The first is a boolean value for whether the specified certificate *crt* was verified. If true, the second value is a openssl.x509.chain object validation chain. If false, the second value is a string describing why verification failed.

#### x509:text()

Returns a human-readable textual representation of the X.509 certificate.

#### x509:\_\_tostring

Returns the PEM encoded representation of the instance certificate.

#### 3.1.8 openssl.x509.csr

Binds the X.509 certificate signing request OpenSSL ASN.1 object.

```
csr.new([x509|string[, format]])
```

Returns a new request object, optionally initialized to the specified openssl.x509 certificate x509 or the PEM- or DER-encoded certificate signing request string. format is as described in openssl.pkey.new—"PEM", "DER", or "\*" (default).

```
csr.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a request class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
csr:getVersion()
```

Returns the X.509 version of the request.

```
csr:setVersion(number)
```

Sets the X.509 version of the request.

```
csr:getSubject()
```

Returns the subject distinguished name as an x509.name object.

```
csr:setSubject(name)
```

Sets the subject distinguished name. name should be an x509.name object.

```
csr:getSubjectAlt()
```

Returns the subject alternative name as an x509.altname object.

```
csr:setSubjectAlt(name)
```

Sets the subject alternative names. name should be an x509.altname object.

```
csr:getPublicKey()
```

Returns the public key component as an openssl.pkey object.

```
csr:setPublicKey(key)
```

Sets the public key component referenced by the openssl.pkey object key.

```
csr:sign(key)
```

Signs the instance request using the openssl.pkey key.

```
csr:__tostring
```

Returns the PEM encoded representation of the instance request.

#### 3.1.9 openssl.x509.crl

Binds the X.509 certificate revocation list OpenSSL ASN.1 object.

#### crl.new([string[, format]])

Returns a new CRL object, optionally initialized to the specified PEM- or DER-encoded CRL string. format is as described in openssl.pkey.new—"PEM", "DER", or "\*" (default).

## crl.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a request class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### crl:getVersion()

Returns the CRL version.

#### crl:setVersion(number)

Sets the CRL version.

#### crl:getLastUpdate()

Returns the Last Update time of the CRL as a Unix timestamp, or nil if not set.

#### crl:setLastUpdate(time)

Sets the Last Update time of the CRL. *time* should be a Unix timestamp.

#### crl:getNextUpdate()

Returns the Next Update time of the CRL as a Unix timestamp, or nil if not set.

#### crl:setNextUpdate(time)

Sets the Next Update time of the CRL. *time* should be a Unix timestamp.

#### crl:getIssuer()

Returns the issuer distinguished name as an x509.name object.

#### crl:setIssuer(name)

Sets the issuer distinguished name. name should be an x509.name object.

#### crl:add(serial [, time])

Add the certificate identified by *serial* to the revocation list. *serial* should be a openssl.bignum object, as returned by x509:getSerial. *time* is the revocation date as a Unix timestamp. If unspecified *time* defaults to the current time.

#### crl:addExtension(ext)

Adds a copy of the x509.extension object to the revocation list.

#### crl:getExtension(key)

Returns a copy of the x509.extension object identified by key where key is the plain text string of the OID, long name, or short name; or the integer index (1-based) of the extension. Returns nothing if no such extension was found by that name or at that index.

#### crl:getExtensionCount()

Returns the integer count of the number of extensions.

```
crl:sign(key)
```

Signs the instance CRL using the openssl.pkey key.

```
crl:verify(publickey)
```

Verifies the instance CRL using a public key.

#### crl:text()

Returns a human-readable textual representation of the instance CRL.

#### crl:\_\_tostring

Returns the PEM encoded representation of the instance CRL.

#### 3.1.10 openssl.x509.chain

Binds the "STACK\_OF(X509)" OpenSSL object, principally used in the OpenSSL library for representing a validation chain.

```
chain.new()
```

Returns a new chain object.

```
chain.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a chain class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
chain:add(crt)
```

Append the X.509 certificate crt.

chain:\_\_ipairs()

Returns an iterator over the stored certificates.

#### **3.1.11** openssl.x509.store

Binds the X.509 certificate "X509\_STORE" OpenSSL object, principally used for loading and storing trusted certificates, paths to trusted certificates, and verification policy.

#### store.new()

Returns a new store object.

```
store.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a store class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
store:add(crt | filepath | dirpath)
```

Add the X.509 certificate crt to the store, load the certificates from the file filepath, or set the OpenSSL 'hashdir' certificate path dirpath.

```
store:verify(crt[, chain])
```

Returns two values. The first is a boolean value for whether the specified certificate *crt* was verified. If true, the second value is a openssl.x509.chain object validation chain. If false, the second value is a string describing why verification failed. The optional parameter *chain* is an openssl.x509.chain object of untrusted certificates linking the certificate *crt* to one of the trusted certificates in the instance store.

#### 3.1.12 openssl.x509.verify\_param

Binds the "X509\_VERIFY\_PARAM" OpenSSL object, principally used for setting parameters to be used during certificate verification operations.

```
verify_param.new()
```

Returns a new verify\_param object.

```
verify_param.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a verify\_param class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
verify_param:inherit(src)
```

Inherit flags from  $src.\ src$  can be either another <code>verify\_param</code> object to inherit from, or a string referring to one of the OpenSSL predefined parameters:

| name          | description                |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| default       | X509 default parameters    |
| $smime\_sign$ | S/MIME sign parameters     |
| pkcs7         | Identical to $smime\_sign$ |

| $ssl\_client$ | SSL/TLS client parameters |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| $ssl\_server$ | SSL/TLS server parameters |

#### verify\_param:setPurpose(id\_or\_name)

Sets the verification purpose of the *verify\_param*. Valid argument can be either an integer which corresponds to OpenSSL's internal purpose ID, or string indicating predefined purposes:

| name                          | description         |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| sslclient                     | SSL/TLS client      |
| sslserver                     | SSL/TLS server      |
| nssslserver                   | Netscape SSL server |
| $\operatorname{smimeencrypt}$ | S/MIME encryption   |
| any                           | Any Purpose         |
| ocsphelper                    | OCSP helper         |
| time stamp sign               | Time Stamp signing  |

#### verify\_param:setTime([timestamp])

Sets the verification time in  $verify\_param$  to the provided Unix timestamp. By default the current system time is used.

#### $verify_param:setDepth(depth)$

Sets the maximum verification depth to depth. That is the maximum number of untrusted CA certificates that can appear in a chain.<sup>2</sup>

#### verify\_param:getDepth()

Returns the current maximum verification depth.

#### $verify_param:setAuthLevel(auth\_level)$

Sets the authentication security level to *auth\_level*. The authentication security level determines the acceptable signature and public key strength when verifying certificate chains. For a certificate chain to validate, the public keys of all the certificates must meet the specified security level. The signature algorithm security level is not enforced for the chain's trust anchor certificate, which is either directly trusted or validated by means other than its signature. See <u>SSL\_CTX\_set\_security\_level(3)</u> for the definitions of the available levels. The default security level is -1, or "not set". At security

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ OpenSSL's behaviour in regards to depth changed between OpenSSL 1.0.1 and OpenSSL 1.0.2; similarly for LibreSSL

level 0 or lower all algorithms are acceptable. Security level 1 requires at least 80-bit-equivalent security and is broadly interoperable, though it will, for example, reject MD5 signatures or RSA keys shorter than 1024 bits.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

#### verify\_param:getAuthLevel()

Returns the current authentication security level.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

```
verify_param:setHost(name)
```

Sets the expected DNS hostname to the string name, overriding any previously specified host name or names. If name is nil then name checks will not be performed on the peer certificate.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

```
verify_param:addHost(name)
```

Adds *name* as an additional reference identifier that can match the peer's certificate. Any previous names set via verify\_param:setHost or verify\_param:addHost are retained. When multiple names are configured, the peer is considered verified when any name matches.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

```
verify_param:setEmail(email)
```

Sets the expected RFC822 email address to the string *email*, overriding any previously specified email address.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

```
verify_param:setIP(address)
```

Sets the expected IP address to address. Can be dotted decimal quad for IPv4 and colon-separated hexadecimal for IPv6. The condensed "::" notation is supported for IPv6 addresses.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

#### 3.1.13 openssl.pkcs12

Binds the PKCS #12 container OpenSSL object.

```
pkcs12.new{ ... }
```

Returns a new PKCS12 object initialized according to the named parameters—password, key, certs.

FIXME.

#### pkcs12.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a store class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### pkcs12:\_\_tostring()

Returns a PKCS #12 binary encoded string.

#### pkcs12.parse(bag[, passphrase])

Parses a PKCS#12 bag, presented as a binary string bag. The second parameter passphrase is the passphrase required to decrypt the PKCS#12 bag. The function returns three items; namely the key, certificate and the CA chain, as their respective objects. If an item is absent, it will be substituted with nil.

#### 3.1.14 openssl.ssl.context

Binds the "SSL\_CTX" OpenSSL object, used as a configuration prototype for SSL connection instances. See socket.starttls.

#### context[]

A table mapping OpenSSL named constants. The available constants are documented with the relevant method.

#### context.new([protocol][, server])

Returns a new context object. *protocol* is an optional string identifier selecting the OpenSSL constructor, defaulting to "TLS". If *server* is true, then SSL connections instantiated using this context will be placed into server mode, otherwise they behave as clients.

#### protocol identifiers

| ables SSLv2           |
|-----------------------|
| ables SSLv2           |
|                       |
| ables SSLv2           |
| ables DDLV2           |
| ual versions<br>thod. |
|                       |
|                       |
|                       |
|                       |
|                       |
|                       |
|                       |
| ι                     |

#### context.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a context class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

## context:setOptions(flags)

Adds the option flags to the context instance. flags is a bit-wise set of option flags to be ORd with the current set. The resultant option flags of the context instance will be the union of the old and new flags.<sup>3</sup>

| name                                | description  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| OP_MICROSOFT_SESS_ID_BUG            | When talking SSLv2, if session-id reuse is performed, the session-id passed back in the server-finished message is different from the one decided upon.  |
| OP_NETSCAPE_CHALLENGE_BUG           | Workaround for Netscape-Commerce/1.12 servers.   |
| OP_LEGACY_SERVER_CONNECT            |  |
| OP_NETSCAPE_REUSE_CIPHER_CHANGE_BUG | As of OpenSSL 0.9.8q and 1.0.0c, this option has no effect.  |
| OP_SSLREF2_REUSE_CERT_TYPE_BUG      |  |
| OP_TLSEXT_PADDING                   |  |
| OP_MICROSOFT_BIG_SSLV3_BUFFER       |  |
| OP_SAFARI_ECDHE_ECDSA_BUG           |  |
| OP_MSIE_SSLV2_RSA_PADDING           |  |
| OP_SSLEAY_080_CLIENT_DH_BUG         |  |
| OP_TLS_D5_BUG                       |  |
| OP_TLS_BLOCK_PADDING_BUG            |  |
| OP_ALLOW_NO_DHE_KEX                 | Allow a non-(ec)dhe based kex_mode.  |
| OP_DONT_INSERT_EMPTY_FRAGMENTS      | Disables a countermeasure against a SSL 3.0/TLS 1.0 protocol vulnerability affecting CBC ciphers, which cannot be handled by some broken SSL implementations. This option has no effect for connections using other ciphers. |
| OP_NO_QUERY_MTU                     |  |
| OP_COOKIE_EXCHANGE                  |  |
| OP_NO_TICKET                        | Disable RFC4507bis ticket stateless session resumption.  |

 $<sup>^3{\</sup>rm This}$ idiosyncratic union behavior is how the OpenSSL routine works.

#### OP\_CISCO\_ANYCONNECT When performing renegotiation as a server, al-OP\_NO\_SESSION\_RESUMPTION\_ON\_RENEGOTIATION ways start a new session (i.e., session resumption requests are only accepted in the initial handshake). This option is not needed for clients. OP\_NO\_COMPRESSION . . . OP\_ALLOW\_UNSAFE\_LEGACY\_RENEGOTIATION . . . Always create a new key when using tempo-OP\_SINGLE\_ECDH\_USE rary/ephemeral ECDH parameters. OP\_NO\_ENCRYPT\_THEN MAC Always create a new key when using tempo-OP\_SINGLE\_DH\_USE rary/ephemeral DH parameters. Always use ephemeral (temporary) RSA key OP\_EPHEMERAL\_RSA when doing RSA operations. Prioritize ChaCha20Poly1305 on servers when OP\_PRIORITIZE\_CHACHA client does. TLSv1.3 Compatibility mode. OP\_ENABLE\_MIDDLEBOX\_COMPAT TLSv1.3 anti-replay protection for early data. OP\_NO\_ANTI\_REPLAY When choosing a cipher, use the server's prefer-OP\_CIPHER\_SERVER\_PREFERENCE ences instead of the client preferences. OP\_TLS\_ROLLBACK\_BUG Disable version rollback attack detection. Do not use the SSLv2 protocol. OP\_NO\_SSLv2 OP\_NO\_SSLv3 Do not use the SSLv3 protocol. Do not use the (D)TLSv1.0 protocol. OP\_NO\_TLSv1/OP\_NO\_DTLSv1 Do not use the (D)TLSv1.2 protocol. OP\_NO\_TLSv1\_2/OP\_NO\_DTLSv1\_2 OP\_NO\_TLSv1\_1 Do not use the TLSv1.1 protocol. OP\_NETSCAPE\_CA\_DN\_BUG . . . OP NO TLSv1 3 OP\_NETSCAPE\_DEMO\_CIPHER\_CHANGE\_BUG OP\_NO\_RENEGOTIATION OP\_CRYPTOPRO\_TLSEXT\_BUG . . . OP\_PKCS1\_CHECK\_1 . . . OP\_PKCS1\_CHECK\_2 . . .

#### context:getOptions()

Returns the option flags of the context instance as an integer.

OP\_NO\_SSL\_MASK

OP\_ALL

. . .

All of the bug workarounds.

#### context:clearOptions()

Clears the option flags of the context instance.

#### context:setReadAhead(yes)

Sets if read ahead is enabled for the context, yes should be a boolean.

#### context:getReadAhead()

Returns if read ahead is enabled for the context instance as a boolean.

#### context:setStore(store)

Associate the openssl.x509.store object store with context. Replaces any existing store.

#### context:getStore()

Returns the openssl.x509.store object associated with context.

#### context:setParam(params)

Causes *context* to inherit the parameters from the openssl.x509.verify\_param object *params*. Only parameters set in *params* will take effect (others will stay unchanged).

#### context:getParam()

Returns an openssl.x509.verify\_param object containing a copy of context's parameters.

#### context:setVerify([mode][, depth])

Sets the verification mode flags and maximum validation chain depth.

| name                        | description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| VERIFY_NONE                 | disable client peer certificate verification             |
| VERIFY_PEER                 | enable client peer certificate verification              |
| VERIFY_FAIL_IF_NO_PEER_CERT | require a peer certificate                               |
| $VERIFY\_CLIENT\_ONCE$      | do not request peer certificates after initial handshake |

See the NOTES section in the OpenSSL documentation for SSL\_CTX\_set\_verify\_mode.

#### context:getVerify()

Returns two values: the bitwise verification mode flags, and the maximum validation depth.

#### context:setCertificate(crt)

Sets the X.509 certificate openssl.x509 object crt to send during SSL connection instance hand-shakes.

#### context:getCertificate()

Returns the X.509 certificate openssl.x509 object to be sent during SSL connection instance handshakes.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

```
context:setCertificateChain(chain)
```

Sets the X.509 certificate chain openssl.x509.chain object *chain* to send during SSL connection instance handshakes.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

```
context:getCertificateChain()
```

Returns the X.509 certificate chain openssl.x509.chain object to be sent during SSL connection instance handshakes.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

```
context:setPrivateKey(key)
```

Sets the private key openssl.pkey object key for use during SSL connection instance handshakes.

```
context:setCipherList(string [, ...])
```

Sets the allowed public key and private key algorithm(s). The string format is documented in the OpenSSL ciphers(1) utility documentation.

```
context:setCipherSuites(string [, ...])
```

Sets the supported TLS 1.3 cipher suites. The string format is a list of colon separated curve names similar to ctx:setCipherList(...).

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.1.

```
context:setGroups(string [, ...])
```

Sets the supported groups. The string format is a list of colon separated group names similar to ctx:setCipherList(...). A list of supported EC groups can be found by running openssl ecparam -list\_curves.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

```
context:setEphemeralKey(key)
```

Sets openssl.pkey object key as the ephemeral key during key exchanges which use that particular key type. Typically key will be either a Diffie-Hellman or Elliptic Curve key.

In older version of OpenSSL, in order to configure an SSL server to support an ephemeral key exchange cipher suite (i.e. DHE-\* and ECDHE-\*), the application must explicitly set the ephemeral

keys. Simply enabling the cipher suite is not sufficient. The application can statically generate Diffie-Hellman public key parameters, and many servers ship with such a key compiled into the software. Elliptic curve keys are necessarily static, and instantiated by curve name<sup>4</sup>.

In addition, to attain Perfect Forward Secrecy the options OP\_SINGLE\_DH\_USE and OP\_SINGLE\_ECDH\_USE must be set so that OpenSSL discards and regenerates the secret keying parameters for each key exchange.

#### context:setAlpnProtos(table)

Sets the advertised ALPN protocols. *table* is an array of protocol string identifiers.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### context:setAlpnSelect(cb)

Sets the callback used to select an ALPN protocol. cb should be a function that takes two arguments: an openssl.ssl object and a table containing a sequence of ALPN protocol strings; it should return the ALPN protocol string it selected or nil to select none of them.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### context:setHostNameCallback(cb)

Sets the callback used to process the SNI in a ClientHello. cb should be a function that one argument: a openssl.ssl object; it should return true to indicate success, false if no acknowledgement should be send to the client, or nil and an integer to send an error to the peer.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.0.

#### context:setTLSextStatusType(type)

Sets the default TLS extension status for SSL objects derived from this context. See ssl:setTLSextStatusType Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

#### context:getTLSextStatusType()

Gets the default TLS extension status for SSL objects derived from this context as a string. See ssl:getTLSextStatusType

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

#### context:getTicketKeysLength()

Returns the expected length of ticket keys data. See context:setTicketKeys

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.0.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>OpenSSL; 1.0.2 only supports a single curve, according to Wikipedia the most widely supported curve is prime256v1, so to enable ECDHE-\*, applications can simply do ctx:setEphemeralKey(pkey.new{ type = ''EC'', curve = ''prime256v1''}). For OpenSSL versions  $\xi = 1.0.2$ , see context:setGroups instead. To achieve Perfect Forward Secrecy for ECDHE-\*, applications must also do ctx:setOptions(context.OP\_SINGLE\_ECDH\_USE). The ctx object must then be used to configure each SSL session, such as by passing it to cqueues.socket:starttls().

#### context:setTicketKeys(keys)

Sets the current random data used to generate tickets. *keys* should be a string of the length returned by context:getTicketKeysLength.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.0.

#### context:getTicketKeys()

Returns the current random data used to generate tickets. See context:setTicketKeys

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.0.

#### context:useServerInfo(version, serverinfo)

If version is 1 then the extensions in the array must consist of a 2-byte Extension Type, a 2-byte length, and then length bytes of extension data. The type value has the same meaning as for context:addCustomExtension.

If version is 2 then the extensions in the array must consist of a 4-byte context, a 2-byte Extension Type, a 2-byte length, and then length bytes of extension\_data. The context and type values have the same meaning as for context:addCustomExtension. If serverinfo is being loaded for extensions to be added to a Certificate message, then the extension will only be added for the first certificate in the message (which is always the end-entity certificate).

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2, ServerInfo version 2 is only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.1

#### context:useServerInfoFile(file)

Loads one or more serverinfo extensions from *file* into *context*. The extensions must be in PEM format. Each extension must be in a format as described above for **context:useServerInfo**. Each PEM extension name must begin with the phrase "BEGIN SERVERINFOV2 FOR" for version 2 data or "BEGIN SERVERINFO FOR" for version 1 data.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2

## context:addCustomExtension(ext\_type, ext\_context, add\_cb, parse\_cb)

Adds a custom extension with the TLS extension type (see RFC 5246) ext\_type that may be present in the context(s) specified by ext\_context, which should be a bitmask of the flags:

| name                        | description                                    |
|-----------------------------|--|
| EXT_TLS_ONLY                | The extension is only allowed in TLS           |
| EXT_DTLS_ONLY               | The extension is only allowed in DTLS          |
| EXT_TLS_IMPLEMENTATION_ONLY | The extension is allowed in DTLS, but there is |
|                             | only a TLS implementation available (so it is  |
|                             | ignored in DTLS).                              |

| EXT_SSL3_ALLOWED                | Extensions are not typically defined for SSLv3. Setting this value will allow the extension in SSLv3. Applications will not typically need to use this.         |
|---------------------------------|---|
| EXT_TLS1_2_AND_BELOW_ONLY       | The extension is only defined for TLSv1.2/DTLSv1.2 and below. Servers will ignore this extension if it is present in the ClientHello and TLSv1.3 is negotiated. |
| EXT_TLS1_3_ONLY                 | The extension is only defined for TLS1.3 and above. Servers will ignore this extension if it is present in the ClientHello and TLSv1.2 or below is negotiated.  |
| EXT_IGNORE_ON_RESUMPTION        | The extension will be ignored during parsing if a previous session is being successfully resumed.   |
| EXT_CLIENT_HELLO                | The extension may be present in the ClientHello message.  |
| EXT_TLS1_2_SERVER_HELLO         | The extension may be present in a TLSv1.2 or below compatible ServerHello message.  |
| EXT_TLS1_3_SERVER_HELLO         | The extension may be present in a TLSv1.3 compatible ServerHello message.   |
| EXT_TLS1_3_ENCRYPTED_EXTENSIONS | The extension may be present in an EncryptedExtensions message.   |
| EXT_TLS1_3_HELLO_RETRY_REQUEST  | The extension may be present in a HelloRetryRequest message.  |
| EXT_TLS1_3_CERTIFICATE          | The extension may be present in a TLSv1.3 compatible Certificate message.   |
| EXT_TLS1_3_NEW_SESSION_TICKET   | The extension may be present in a TLSv1.3 compatible NewSessionTicket message.  |
| EXT_TLS1_3_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST  | The extension may be present in a TLSv1.3 compatible CertificateRequest message.  |

add\_cb should be a function with signature add\_cb(ssl, ext\_type, ext\_context, x509, chainidx); it will be called from the relevant context to allow you to insert extension data. It receives the ssl object of the connection, the ext\_type you registered the callback for, the current context and, for only some contexts, the current openssl.x509 certificate and chain index (as an integer). You should return the extension data as a string, false if you don't want to add your extension, or nil and an optional integer specifying the TLS error code to raise an error.

parse\_cb should be a function with signature parse\_cb(ssl, ext\_type, ext\_context, data, x509, chainidx); it will be called from the relevant context to allow you to parse extension data. It receives the ssl object of the connection, the ext\_type you registered the callback for, the current context, the extension data as a string, and for only some contexts, the current openssl.x509

certificate and chain index (as an integer). You should return true on success, or nil and an optional integer specifying the TLS error code to raise an error.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.1.

#### 3.1.15 openssl.ssl

Binds the "SSL" OpenSSL object, which represents an SSL connection instance. See cqueues.socket:checktls.

#### ssl[]

A table mapping OpenSSL named constants. Includes all constants provided by openssl.ssl.context. Additional constants are documented with the relevant method.

## ssl.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose an ssl class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### ssl:setContext(context)

Replaces the openssl.ssl.context used by ssl with context.

#### ssl:getContext()

Returns the openssl.ssl.context used by ssl.

#### ssl:setOptions(flags)

Adds the option flags of the SSL connection instance. See openssl.ssl.context:setOptions.

#### ssl:getOptions()

Returns the option flags of the SSL connection instance. See openssl.ssl.context:getOptions.

#### ssl:clearOptions()

Clears the option flags of the SSL connection instance. See openssl.ssl.context:clearOptions.

#### ssl:setReadAhead(yes)

Sets if read ahead is enabled for the SSL connection instance, yes should be a boolean.

#### ssl:getReadAhead()

Returns if read ahead is enabled for the SSL connection instance as a boolean.

#### ssl:setStore(store)

Associate the openssl.x509.store object *store* with *ssl* for both verification and chain building. Replaces any existing stores.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:setChainStore(store)

Associate the openssl.x509.store object *store* with *ssl* for chain building. Replaces any existing store.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:setVerifyStore(store)

Associate the openssl.x509.store object *store* with *ssl* for verification. Replaces any existing store.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

```
ssl:setVerify([mode][, depth])
```

Sets the verification mode flags and maximum validation chain depth. See openssl.ssl.context:setVerify.

#### ssl:getVerify()

Returns two values: the bitwise verification mode flags, and the maximum validation depth. See openssl.ssl.context:getVerify.

#### ssl:getVerifyResult()

Returns two values: the integer verification result code and the string representation of that code.

#### ssl:setCertificate(crt)

Sets the X.509 certificate openssl.x509 object crt to send during SSL connection instance handshakes. See openssl.ssl.context:setCertificate.

#### ssl:setCertificateChain(chain)

Sets the X.509 certificate chain openssl.x509.chain object *chain* to send during SSL connection instance handshakes. See openssl.ssl.context:setCertificateChain.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### context:getCertificateChain()

Returns the X.509 certificate chain openssl.x509.chain object to be sent during SSL connection instance handshakes. See openssl.ssl.context:getCertificateChain.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:setPrivateKey(key)

Sets the private key openssl.pkey object key for use during SSL connection instance handshakes. See openssl.ssl.context:setPrivateKey.

#### ssl:getPeerCertificate()

Returns the X.509 peer certificate as an openssl.x509 object. If no peer certificate is available, returns nil.

#### ssl:getPeerChain()

Similar to :getPeerCertifiate, but returns the entire chain sent by the peer as an openssl.x509.chain object.

#### ssl:getCipherInfo()

Returns a table of information on the current cipher.

| field        | description   |
|--------------|---|
| .name        | cipher name returned by SSL_CIPHER_get_name                     |
| .bits        | number of secret bits returned by SSL_CIPHER_get_bits           |
| .version     | SSL/TLS version string returned by SSL_CIPHER_get_version       |
| .description | key:value cipher description returned by SSL_CIPHER_description |

#### ssl:setHostName(host)

Sets the Server Name Indication (SNI) host name. Using the SNI TLS extension, clients tells the server which domain they're contacting so the server can select the proper certificate and key. This permits SSL virtual hosting. This routine is only relevant for clients.

#### ssl:getHostName()

Returns the Server Name Indication (SNI) host name sent by the client. If no host name was sent, returns nil. This routine is only relevant for servers.

#### ssl:getVersion([format])

Returns the SSL/TLS version of the negotiated SSL connection. By default returns a 16-bit integer where the top 8 bits are the major version number and the bottom 8 bits the minor version number. For example, SSL 3.0 is 0x0300 and TLS 1.1 is 0x0302. SSL 2.0 is 0x0002.

If format is "." returns a floating point number. 0x0300 becomes 3.0, and 0x0302 becomes 3.2. If the minor version is  $\geq 10$  an error is thrown.<sup>5</sup>

The following OpenSSL named constants can be used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>This condition shouldn't be possible.

| name              | description                            |
|-------------------|--|
| SSL2_VERSION      | 16-bit SSLv2 identifier (0x0002).      |
| $SSL3_VERSION$    | 16-bit SSLv3 identifier $(0x0300)$ .   |
| $TLS1\_VERSION$   | 16-bit TLSv1.0 identifier $(0x0301)$ . |
| $TLS1_1\_VERSION$ | 16-bit TLSv1.1 identifier $(0x0302)$ . |
| $TLS1_2\_VERSION$ | 16-bit TLSv1.2 identifier $(0x0303)$ . |

#### ssl:getClientVersion([format])

Returns the SSL/TLS version supported by the client, which should be greater than or equal to the negotiated version. See ssl:getVersion.

#### ssl:setCipherList(string [, ...])

Sets the allowed public key and private key algorithm(s). See openssl.ssl.context:setCipherList.

## ssl:setCipherSuites(string [, ...])

Sets the supported TLS 1.3 cipher suites for this SSL connection instance. See openssl.ssl.context:setCipherSu

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.1.

#### ssl:setGroups(string [, ...])

Sets the supported groups for this SSL connection instance. See openssl.ssl.context:setGroups.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:getAlpnSelected()

Returns the negotiated ALPN protocol as a string.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:setAlpnProtos(table)

Sets the advertised ALPN protocols. *table* is an array of protocol string identifiers.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.0.2.

#### ssl:setTLSextStatusType(type)

Sets the TLS extension status.

Only the type "ocsp" is currently supported, this is used by a client to request that a server sends a stapled OCSP response as part of the TLS handshake.

See also: context:setTLSextStatusType()

#### ssl:getTLSextStatusType()

Gets the TLS extension status. As set by ssl:setTLSextStatusType or context:setTLSextStatusType.

Only the type "ocsp" is currently known.

Only supported since OpenSSL 1.1.0.

#### ssl:setTLSextStatusOCSPResp(or)

Sets an openssl.ocsp.response. Used by a server to staple an OCSP response into a TLS handshake.

#### ssl:getTLSextStatusOCSPResp()

Returns the openssl.ocsp.response associated with the ssl object (or nil if one has not been set).

#### 3.1.16 openssl.digest

Binds the "EVP\_MD\_CTX" OpenSSL object, which represents a cryptographic message digest (i.e. hashing) algorithm instance.

## digest.interpose(name, function)

Add or interpose a digest class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

#### digest.new([type])

Return a new digest instance using the specified algorithm type. type is a string suitable for passing to the OpenSSL routine EVP\_get\_digestbyname, and defaults to "sha1".

```
digest:update([string [, ...]])
```

Update the digest with the specified string(s). Returns the digest object.

```
digest:final([string [, ...]])
```

Update the digest with the specified string(s). Returns the final message digest as a binary string.

#### 3.1.17 openssl.hmac

Binds the "HMAC\_CTX" OpenSSL object, which represents a cryptographic HMAC algorithm instance.

```
hmac.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose an HMAC class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
hmac.new(key [, type])
```

Return a new HMAC instance using the specified *key* and *type*. *key* is the secret used for HMAC authentication. *type* is a string suitable for passing to the OpenSSL routine EVP\_get\_digestbyname, and defaults to "sha1".

```
hmac:update([string [, ...]])
```

Update the HMAC with the specified string(s). Returns the HMAC object.

```
hmac:final([string [, ...]])
```

Update the HMAC with the specified string(s). Returns the final HMAC checksum as a binary string.

## 3.1.18 openssl.cipher

Binds the "EVP\_CIPHER\_CTX" OpenSSL object, which represents a cryptographic cipher instance.

```
cipher.interpose(name, function)
```

Add or interpose a cipher class method. Returns the previous method, if any.

```
cipher.new(type)
```

Return a new, uninitialized cipher instance. *type* is a string suitable for passing to the OpenSSL routine EVP\_get\_cipherbyname, typically of a form similar to "AES-128-CBC".

The cipher is uninitialized because some algorithms support or require additional *ad hoc* parameters before key initialization. The API still allows one-shot encryption like "cipher.new(type):encrypt(key, iv):final(plaintext)".

```
cipher:encrypt(key [, iv] [, padding])
```

Initialize the cipher in encryption mode. key and iv are binary strings with lengths equal to that required by the cipher instance as configured. In other words, key stretching and other transformations must be done explicitly. If the mode does not take an IV or equivalent, such as in ECB mode, then it may be nil. padding is a boolean which controls whether PKCS padding is applied, and defaults to true. Returns the cipher instance.

```
cipher:decrypt(key [, iv] [, padding])
```

Initialize the cipher in decryption mode. key, iv, and padding are as described in :encrypt. Returns the cipher instance.

```
cipher:update([string [, ...]])
```

Update the cipher instance with the specified string(s). Returns a string on success, or nil and an error message on failure. The returned string may be empty if no blocks can be flushed.

```
cipher:final([string [, ...]])
```

Update the cipher with the specified string(s). Returns the final output string on success, or nil and an error message on failure. The returned string may be empty if all blocks have already been flushed in prior :update calls.

```
cipher:getTag(len)
```

Returns the authentication tag for the ciphertext (GCM ciphers only) as a binary string. This method can only be called when encrypting data, and must be called after all data has been processed (i.e. after calling :final()).

```
cipher:setTag(tag)
```

Sets the provided binary string as the expected authentication tag for the forthcoming ciphertext (GCM ciphers only). This method can only be called when decrypting data, and must be called before :final() to ensure the ciphertext integrity can be verified successfully.

#### 3.1.19 openssl.ocsp.response

Binds OpenSSL's OCSP\_RESPONSE object.

response:getBasic()

Returns a openssl.ocsp.basic representation of the object contained within the OCSP response.

response:tostring()

Returns a human readable description of the OCSP response as a string.

response:toPEM()

Returns the OCSP response as a PEM encoded string.

#### 3.1.20 openssl.ocsp.basic

Binds OpenSSL's OCSP\_BASICRESP object.

```
basic:verify([certs [, store[, flags]]])
```

Verifies that the OCSP response is signed by a certificate in the openssl.x509.chain certs or a trusted certificate in openssl.x509.store store.

#### 3.1.21 openssl.rand

Binds OpenSSL's random number interfaces.

OpenSSL will automatically attempt to seed itself from the system. The only time this could theoretically fail is if /dev/urandom (or similar) were not visible or could not be opened. This might happen if within a chroot jail, or if a file descriptor limit were reached.

#### rand.bytes(count)

Returns *count* cryptographically-strong bytes as a single string. Throws an error if OpenSSL could not complete the request—e.g. because the CSPRNG could not be seeded.

#### rand.ready()

Returns a boolean describing whether the CSPRNG has been properly seeded.

In the default CSPRNG engine this routine will also attempt to seed the system if not already. Because seeding only needs to happen once per process to ensure a successful RAND\_bytes invocation<sup>6</sup>, it may be prudent to assert on rand:ready() at application startup.

#### rand.uniform([n])

Returns a cryptographically strong uniform random integer in the interval [0, n-1]. If n is omitted, the interval is  $[0, 2^{64} - 1]$ .

The routine operates internally on 64-bit unsigned integers.<sup>7</sup> Because neither Lua 5.1 nor 5.2 support 64-bit integers, it's probably best to generate numbers that fit the integral range of your Lua implementation. Lua 5.3 supports a new arithmetic type for 64-bit signed integers in two's-complement representation. This new arithmetic type will be used for argument and return values when available.

#### 3.1.22 openssl.des

Binds OpenSSL's DES interfaces. These bindings are incomplete. No modern protocol would ever need to use these directly. However, legacy protocols like Windows LAN Manager authentication require some of these low-level interfaces.

#### des.string\_to\_key(password)

Converts an arbitrary length string, *password*, to a DES key using DES\_string\_to\_key. Returns an 8-byte string.

Note that OpenSSL's DES\_string\_to\_key is not compatible with Windows LAN Manager hashing scheme. Use des.set\_odd\_parity instead. See examples/lm.hash.

#### $des.set\_odd\_parity(key)$

Applies DES\_set\_odd\_parity to the string key. Only the first 8 bytes of key are processed. Returns an 8-byte string.

#### 3.1.23 openssl.kdf

Binds OpenSSL's Key Derivation Function interfaces.

 $<sup>^6</sup>$ At least this appeared to be the case when examining the source code of OpenSSL 1.0.1. See md\_rand.c near line 407—"Once we've had enough initial seeding we don't bother to adjust the entropy count, though, because we're not ambitious to provide \*information-theoretic\* randomness."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Actually, unsigned long long.

## kdf.derive(options)

Derive a key given the table of options, different KDF types require different options. Accepted options are:

| field             | type   | description  |
|-------------------|--------|--|
| .type             | string | key derivation algorithm—"PBKDF2", "id-scrypt", "hkdf", "TLS-PRF1"   |
|                   |        | or other depending on your version of OpenSSL                        |
| .outlen           | number | the desired output size  |
| .pass             | string | password   |
| .salt             | string | salt   |
| .iter             | number | iteration count  |
| $.\mathrm{md}$    | string | digest to use  |
| .key              | string | key  |
| $. maxmem\_bytes$ | number | amount of RAM key derivation may maximally use (in bytes)            |
| .secret           | string | TLS1-PRF secret  |
| .seed             | string | TLS1-PRF seed  |
| $. hkdf\_mode$    | string | the HKDF mode to use, one of "extract_and_expand", "extract_only" or |
|                   |        | "expand_only"  |
| .info             | string | HKDF info value  |
| .N                | number | scrypt "N" parameter to use  |
| .r                | number | scrypt "r" parameter to use  |
| .p                | number | scrypt "p" parameter to use  |

## 4 Examples

These examples and others are made available under examples/ in the source tree.

## 4.1 Self-Signed Certificate

```
-- Example self-signed X.509 certificate generation.
   -- Skips intermediate CSR object, which is just an antiquated way for
  -- specifying subject DN and public key to CAs. See API documentation for
   -- CSR generation.
   local pkey = require"openssl.pkey"
9 local x509 = require "openssl.x509"
   local name = require"openssl.x509.name"
11 local altname = require"openssl.x509.altname"
  -- generate our public/private key pair
   local key = pkey.new{ type = "EC", curve = "prime192v1" }
   -- our Subject and Issuer DN (self-signed, so same)
17 local dn = name.new()
   dn:add("C", "US")
19 dn:add("ST", "California")
  dn:add("L", "San_{\sqcup}Francisco")
 dn:add("O", "Acme, Lnc")
   dn:add("CN", "acme.inc")
   -- our Alternative Names
25 local alt = altname.new()
   alt:add("DNS", "acme.inc")
  alt:add("DNS", "*.acme.inc")
  -- build our certificate
   local crt = x509.new()
   crt:setVersion(3)
  crt:setSerial(42)
33
  crt:setSubject(dn)
   crt:setIssuer(crt:getSubject())
  crt:setSubjectAlt(alt)
  local issued, expires = crt:getLifetime()
   crt:setLifetime(issued, expires + 60) -- good for 60 seconds
41
   crt:setBasicConstraints{ CA = true, pathLen = 2 }
```

```
43 crt:setBasicConstraintsCritical(true)
45 crt:setPublicKey(key)
    crt:sign(key)
47
    -- pretty-print using openssl command-line utility.
49 io.popen("openssl_x509_-text_-noout", "w"):write(tostring(crt))
```

## 4.2 Signature Generation & Verification

```
-- Example public-key signature verification.
   local pkey = require"openssl.pkey"
5 local digest = require"openssl.digest"
7 -- generate a public/private key pair
   local key = pkey.new{ type = "EC", curve = "prime192v1" }
   -- digest our message using an appropriate digest
11 local data = digest.new "sha1"
   data:update(... or "hello<sub>□</sub>world")
   -- generate a signature for our data
15 local sig = key:sign(data)
17 -- to prove verification works, instantiate a new object holding just
   -- the public key
19 local pub = pkey.new(key:toPEM"public")
21 -- a utility routine to output our signature
   local function tohex(b)
       local x = ""
23
       for i = 1, #b do
           x = x ... string.format("%.2x", string.byte(b, i))
25
       end
       return x
27
   end
29
   print("okay", pub:verify(sig, data))
31 print("type", pub:type())
  print("sig", tohex(sig))
```