

USER PERSPECTIVE

Indaba is a meeting scheduling application for OSU students, faculty, and staff. Using the app, users can:

- Log in using your ONID credentials: No need to create a new account! Only university-affiliated users can access the app.
- Organize new events: Enter event details like name and description. Select time slots on a visual calendar. Specify details like meeting location and maximum attendees.
- Manage your events: Change event details, modify or create time slots, and view reservations from the event management page.
- Send invitations: Enter email addresses to send invitations from either the event creation page or event management page.
- Register for time slots: Follow the link in your invitation email to make a reservation (see Fig. 2). Select 1+ available slots or respond that you cannot attend.
- View/manage reservations. See reservation details on your personal homepage (see Fig. 1). Make additional reservations or cancel existing reservations by clicking the buttons



INDABA SCHEDULER

Live app: <https://indaba-scheduler.herokuapp.com/>
GitHub repository: <https://github.com/pauladams12345/indaba>

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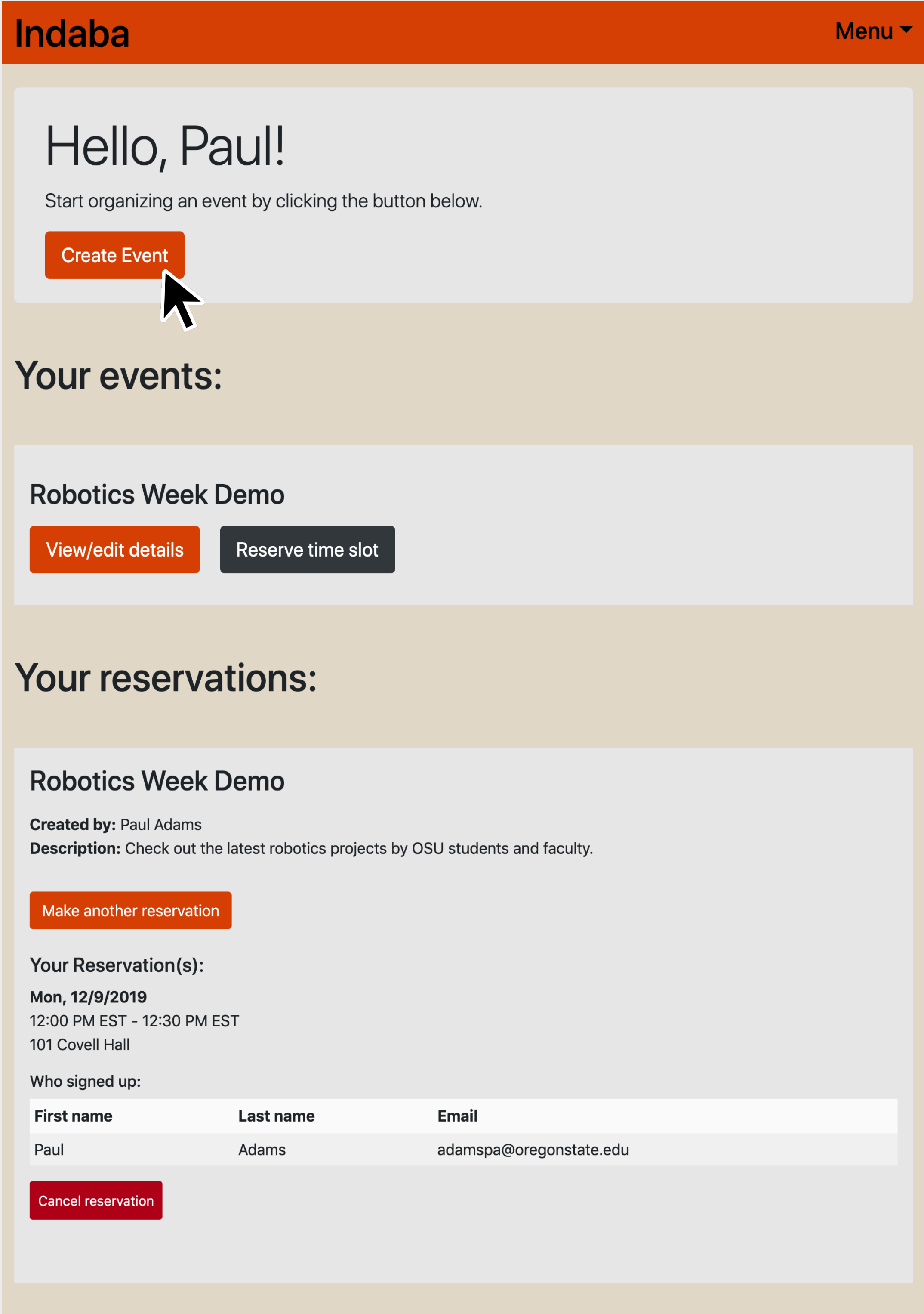


Fig. 1 Personal homepage

IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

Indaba is powered by a Node.js web server running an Express application. Pages are constructed server-side using handlebars templates before being delivered to the client via the Heroku cloud hosting platform.

The app was designed using an MVC architecture, abstracting the functions into:

- Models: database interactions (see Fig. 3)
- Views: user interface (see Fig. 4)
- Controllers: user request handling and business logic implementation (see Fig. 5).

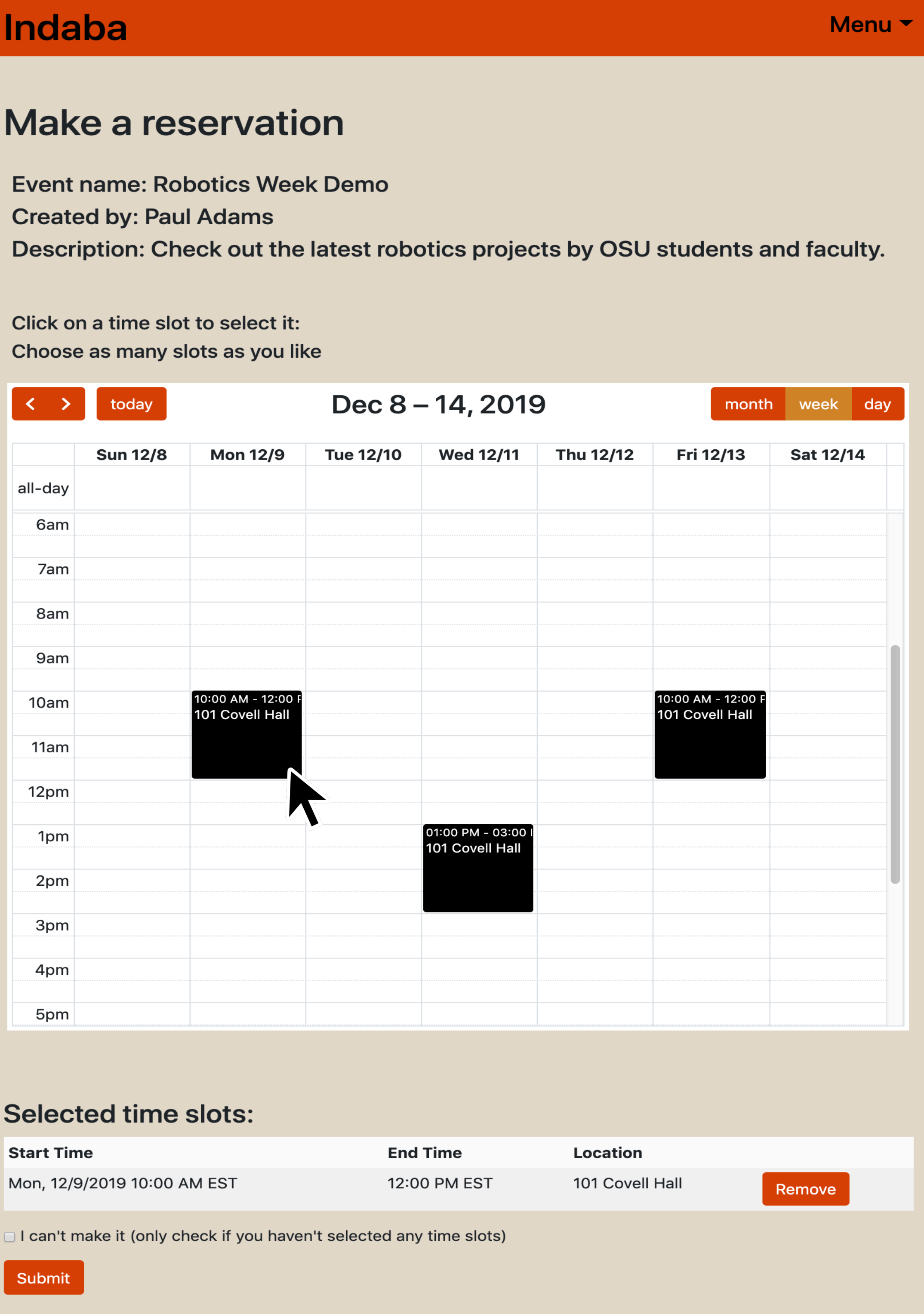


Fig. 2 “Make a reservation” page

KEY FEATURES

- CAS authentication: ONID credentials used for log-in, allowing FERPA compliance
- Local time zones: Automatic date/time conversion to a user’s local time zone
- Mobile-friendly user interface: Bootstrap 4 framework allows the same code to serve both desktop and mobile users
- Graphical calendar: Simple UI for organizers to create/modify slots and for attendees to reserve slots

TECHNOLOGIES

- Back end**
- Node.js: server runtime environment (Javascript)
 - CAS: Central Authentication Service via OSU
 - Notable Node.js packages:
 - express: web framework
 - express-handlebars: templating engine
 - mysql2: database driver

- Front end**
- Bootstrap 4: mobile-first front-end framework (HTML and CSS)
 - FullCalendar: full-sized event calendar (JavaScript)
 - JavaScript + jQuery: facilitate page interactions

- Database**
- MySQL relational database management system

- Hosting**
- Heroku: Node.js server
 - AWS: database
 - SendGrid: email

```
// Create row in Reserve_Slot with the given information
module.exports.createReservation = async function(onid, slotId) {
  try {
    const connection = await sql.createConnection(dbcon);
    await connection.query(
      "INSERT INTO 'Reserve_Slot' " +
      "(`fk_onid`, `fk_slot_id`) VALUES (?,?)",
      [onid, slotId]);
    connection.end();
  } catch (err) {
    console.log(err);
  }
};

// Delete reservation for the corresponding onid and slot Id
module.exports.deleteReservation = async function(onid, slotId){
  try{
    const connection = await sql.createConnection(dbcon);
    await connection.query(
      "DELETE FROM 'Reserve_Slot' " +
      "WHERE `fk_onid` = ? and `fk_slot_id` = ?;",
      [onid, slotId]);
    connection.end();
  } catch (err) {
    console.log(err);
  }
};
```

Fig. 3 Model: Manipulating reservation in database

```
<h3>{{each this.reservations}}</h3>
<div class="row d-flex justify-content-center">
  <div class="col-12 col-lg-10">
    <div class="mb-0">{{this.slot_date}}</div>
    <div class="mb-0">{{this.start_time}}</div>
    <div class="mb-0">{{this.end_time}}</div>
    <div class="mb-0">{{this.slot_location}}</div>
    <div class="mt-3">Who signed up:</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

Fig. 4 View: Display reservations to user

```
// Display a user's Past Reservations page
router.get('/past-reservations', async function (req, res, next) {
  // If there is no session established, redirect to the landing page
  if (!req.session.onid) {
    res.redirect('/login');
  }

  // If there is a session, render user's past reservations
  else {
    let context = {};
    context.eventsManaging = await createsEvent.getPastUserEvents(req.session.onid);
    context.eventsAttending = await helpers.processPastReservationsForDisplay(req.session.onid);
    context.firstName = req.session.firstName;
    context.stylesheets = ['main.css'];
    context.scripts = ['convertISOToLocal.js'];
    res.render('past-reservations', context);
  }
});
```

Fig. 5 Controller: Serve the “Past reservations” page