#### CS/ECE 438: Communication Networks

Spring 2023

Machine Problem 0

Handed Out: January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2023

Due: Never

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### 1 Introduction

This MP introduces socket programming in C and the mechanism for submitting assignments. Github will host your submissions and the course staff will manage virtual machines to simulate multiple network entities. This assignment will help you prepare your environment so that all following assignments will be simpler to code and submit. The course staff will expect you to know how to use this system as the course continues.

The introductory exercise in this MP will have you obtain, compile, run, and extend simple C network programs. Extensions to the given code will introduce you to one method of framing data into individual messages when using a byte stream abstraction such as TCP communication.

# 2 What Is Expected in this MP?

Inside the release folder, you will find a folder named mp0, which contains the programs client.c, server.c, talker.c, and listener.c—all from Beej's Guide to Network Programming:

http://beej.us/guide/bgnet/

Beej's guide is an excellent introduction to socket programming, and very approachable. Compile the files using gcc to create the executable files client, server, talker, and listener. The provided Makefile will compile all 4 (simply run make inside the directory). The real assignments will require you to submit a Makefile, so if you aren't already experienced with make, please familiarize yourself with the provided Makefile, and ensure that you can adapt it to a new project.

Login to two different virtual machines, and execute client on one and server on the other. This makes a TCP connection. Next, execute talker on one machine and listener on the other. This sends a UDP packet.

Note that the connection oriented pair, server and client, use a different port than the datagram oriented pair, listener and talker. Try using the same port for each pair, and run the pairs simultaneously. Do the pairs of programs interfere with each other?

Next, change server.c to accept a file name as a command line argument and to deliver the length and contents of the file to each client. Assume that the file contains no more than 100 bytes of data. Send the length of the file (an integer between 0 and 100) as an 8-bit integer. Change client.c to read first the length, then that number of bytes from the TCP socket, and then print what was received.

The client output should look like this:

client: connecting to <hostname>
client: received <filelen> bytes

This is a sample file that is sent over a TCP connection.

where <hostname> is the address of the server, <filelen> is the number of bytes received, and the rest of the output is the file contents. That's it. Sounds simple, doesn't it? Indeed, for experienced Unix/C programmers this MP is trivial. Others should find it a nice way to get started on network programming.

You will need to have (or quickly acquire) a good knowledge of the ANSI C programming language, including the use of pointers, structures, typedef, and header files. If you have taken CS 241, you should already have the necessary background. Don't simply download the source code and compile the programs, but make sure that you read and understand how the sockets are created and the connection established. Beej's guide is a very useful tool in this sense.

## 3 Setting Up Your VirtualBox VM Environment

The autograder runs your code in VMs — 64-bit Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS VMs, running on VirtualBox. Therefore, to test your code, you will need a 64-bit Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS VM of your own. (Even if you're already running Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS on your personal machine, later assignments will use multiple VMs, so you might as well start using the VM now.)

WARNING: COMPILATION CAN BE A LOT LESS PORTABLE THAN YOU THINK, ESPE-CIALLY WHEN MAC OS OR EWS IS INVOLVED. Please don't assume that it will be ok after testing it only on your personal machine or EWS. (Just don't use EWS at all; it is not well suited to classes that involve networked programming assignments.)

A tutorial for installing Ubuntu on VirtualBox can be found at

https://www.psychocats.net/ubuntu/virtualbox

This tutorial is for Windows, but VirtualBox works and looks the same on all OSes. If your version of VirtualBox displays the Unattended Installation option, it can be skipped. The Ubuntu 20.04.5 image is available at:

https://releases.ubuntu.com/focal/

After the Ubuntu install process (within the VM), you should install the ssh server. You can run these commands once the OS is installed:

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y sudo apt-get install openssh-server gcc g++ make gdb wget iperf tcpdump
```

Use sudo apt-get install <package> to install any programs you'll need, like gdb or valgrind. We also suggest getting iperf and tcpdump, which will be useful later.

## 4 How to Set Up Networking Inside VMs

VirtualBox's default network setup is a NAT (which we'll learn about later!) interface to the outside world, provided by the host computer. This allows the VM to access the Internet, but the host computer and other VMs will not be able to talk to it. We're going to replace the NAT interface with one that allows those communications.

Now it's time to replace the network interface.

- Make sure the VM is fully shut down, then go to its Settings  $\rightarrow$  Network section.
- Switch the Adapter Type from "NAT" to "Host-only Adapter", and click ok.
- Restart, and the VM can now talk to other VMs on the same computer and the host.

With SSH enabled on the VM, you should be able to access it from Visual Studio Code. Check the IP address inside the VM with this command: ip a.

## 5 What Tips and Tricks Will be Useful?

Copy-pasting directly from pdf files is a bad idea. Dashes, quotes, and kerned characters may get completely misrepresented when pasted in a terminal.

Never add compiled executables and object files to git. You might lose points in subsequent assignments if you do. Use git add to add only the source files (src folder), Makefile, version.txt, and teamname.txt files. Alternatively, learn how a .gitignore file works!

MP0 is ungraded but still very important to get you started. Performing this assignment successfully will make submitting the subsequent assignments much easier.

### 6 Git Instructions

## 6.1 Course Setup (only once for the entire semester)

The first time you're accessing the CS/ECE 438 repository this semester, you will need to have a CS/ECE 438 repository set up for you. This process is simple:

- 1. Visit https://edu.cs.illinois.edu/create-ghe-repo/sp23\_cs438
- 2. The web service will generate your CS/ECE 438 repository and provide you with your repository name: https://github.com/illinois-cs-coursework/sp23\_cs438\_NETID.

### 6.2 Workspace Setup (necessary only once per computer/directory)

#### Username and password entry:

Your username is the one you use for Github. For the password, you need to setup a Personal Access Token and enable SSO (single sign-on) for the *illinois-cs-coursework* organization. Once you generate the token, make sure to save it since you won't see it again. Follow this guide to generate it: https://www.shanebart.com/clone-repo-using-token/

To enable SSO, click the button next to the token you just generated and authorize it for the organization.

### Cloning your repository:

To clone your repository, run git clone inside the directory you want to house your code in: git clone https://github.com/illinois-cs-coursework/sp23\_cs438\_NETID.git <folderName>

You can replace <folderName> with whatever folder you want created (for example cs438). You can submit this MP and all subsequent ones through this repository.

Finally, move into the directory you just cloned: cd <folderName>

#### Released code:

The code we release as a starting point for any MP will be present in the .release repository. You need to add this repository as a remote:

git remote add release https://github.com/illinois-cs-coursework/sp23\_cs438\_.release.git You're now all set to begin to work on your assignment!

## 6.3 Assignment Setup (necessary only once per assignment)

To retrieve the latest assignments for CS/ECE 438, you need to fetch and merge the release repository into your repository. This can be done with the following commands:

```
git pull
git fetch release
git merge release/main -m "Merging release repository"
```

## 6.4 Assignment Submission (do this often!)

The first step in assignment submission is to increment the version number in your version.txt file. Your code will not be picked up by the autograder if you fail to increment the version number.

Every time you want to submit your work, you will need to add, commit, and push your work to your git repository. This can always be done using the following commands on a command line while within your CS/ECE 438 directory:

```
git add -u
git commit -m "your commit message"
git push origin main
```

You can also check the working tree status of your repository by running git status. Be sure not to skip origin main when trying to push or pull.

### 6.5 Verifying Submission

You can always verify your submission by visiting https://github.com/illinois-cs-coursework/and viewing the files in your repository. Only the files that appear in your Github repository will be graded.

#### 6.6 How to See Your Grade

The autograder runs periodically on all new submissions (again, don't forget to update the version number!). The results are updated in a different branch (\_grades) inside your directory.

For your convenience, we have created a script to see the results: ./see\_results.sh

The script swaps the branch to \_grades, shows the results, and swaps the branch back. If you run the see\_results.sh file on mp0 before the autograder has run, your directory will move to the \_grades branch. You will have to manually execute git checkout main to get back to your working branch. DO NOT work on the \_grades branch!

Tests generally take 1-4 minutes, and there may be a queue of students. You can see where you are in the queue at

http://mobius03.cs.illinois.edu:4380/queue/queue.html. This is an Illinois private IP address. If your device is not accessing it through the campus network, please use the Illinois VPN to get a private IP address.

Caution: During the last few hours leading of the submission deadline, queues could be multiple hours long. We advise you to get your work done early.