Chapter 1 Overview

01.23.2024

- Meeting People's Quality Expectations
- Book Organization/Overview/Usage
- Pre-requisite Knowledge

1.1 General Expectations

- General expectation: "good" software quality
- · Objects of our study: software
 - o software products, systems, and services
 - stand-alone to embedded
 - software-intensive systems
 - wide variety, but focus on software
- Quality (and how "good") formally defined in Ch.2
- People: Consumers vs producers
 - quality expectations by consumers
 - to be satisfied by producers through software quality engineering (SQE)
- Deliver software system that...
 - does what it is supposed to do
 - needs to be "validated"
 - does the things correctly
 - needs to be "verified"
 - show/demonstrate/prove it ("does")
 - modeling/analysis needed

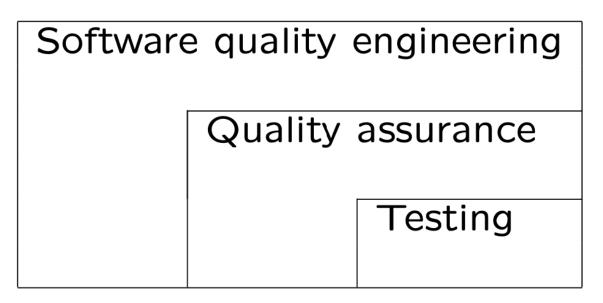
1.2 Meeting Quality Expectations

- Difficulties in achieving good quality:
 - size: MLOC products common
 - o complexity
 - environmental stress/constraints
 - o flexibility/adaptability expected
- Other difficulties/factors:
 - product type

- cost and market conditions
- addressed later (especially Part III)
- "no silver bullet", but...
 SQE (software quality engineering) helps

1.3 SQE as an Answer

- Major SQE activities:
 - Testing: remove defect & ensure quality
 - Other QA alternatives to testing
 - How do you know: analysis & modeling
- Scope and content hierarchy: Fig.1.1 (p.6).



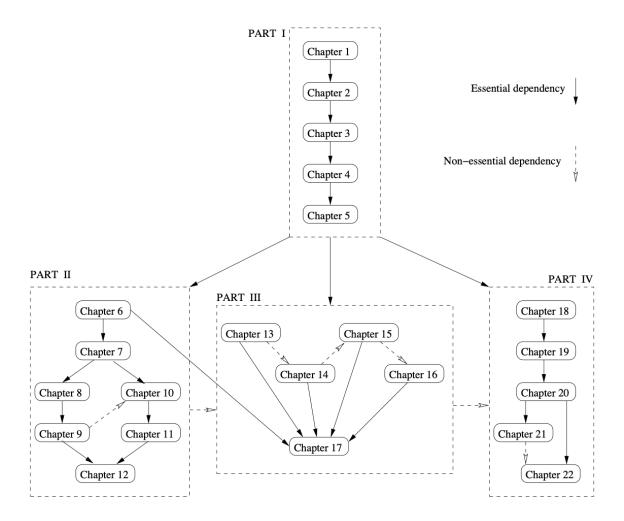
Quality assurance 质量保证

1.4 Book Contents

- QA alternatives/SQE activities:
 (and mapping to our Parts/Chapters)
- Overview and Basics (Part I)
- QA alternatives:
 - Testing (Part II)
 - Other alternatives (Part III)
 - Overall comparison (Ch.17)
- Analysis and improvement (Part IV)
 - overall mechanism (Ch.18)
 - o measurements/models (Ch.19)

- specific analyses/models (Ch.20~22)
- Testing (Part II):
 - all topics, but focus on techniques
 - o overview and general questions (Ch.6)
 - important common issues (Ch.7)
 - activities/management/automation
 - testing techniques (Ch.8~11)
 - specialization and integration (Ch.12)
- Testing techniques (Ch.8~11):
 - organized by underlying models:
 - lists and partitions (Ch.8&9)
 - finite-state machines (Ch.10&11)
 - both black-box and white-box views
 - all chapters
 - both coverage goals (all chapters) and usage/reliability goals (Ch.8&10)
- Other alternatives (Part III):
 - defect prevention (Ch.13)
 - inspection, review, analysis (Ch.14)
 - formal verification (Ch.15)
 - defect containment (Ch.16)
 - comparison, including testing, (Ch.17)
- Comparing different QA alternative
 - applicability and effectiveness
 - dealing with quality problems/defects:
 - prevention/removal/tolerance
 - o cost
 - overall comparison (Ch.17)

1.4 Content Dependency



- Dependency: Fig 1.2 (p.10) above
 - o Essential (solid-lines): prior knowledge
 - Part I precedes other (parallel?) parts.
 - Non-essential (dashed-lines) sequence,
 e.g., simple→complex/top-down/etc.

依赖性:图1.2 (p.10)

必要的(实线):先前的知识

第一部分先于其他部分(平行的?)

• 非必要(虚线)序列;

例如,简单→复杂/自上而下/等。

1.5 Usage and Readership

- Math/statistics pre-requisite:
 - o discrete math, logic, graph, etc.
 - probability and statistics
 - used in modeling/analysis.

- Background knowledge in CS/SE:
 - computer systems and programming
 - o fundamentals of computing
 - o general SE knowledge and experience
- Detailed lists: Section 1.4
 - o review/self-study for specific topic