

CS 5/7350 – Test 1
March 8, 2023

Name: _____

- This exam is **closed book** and **closed notes**.
- Only the approved TI-30Xa calculator
- No cell phones, or other electronics.
- Pencil and/or pen only are permitted.
- Two Scratch Pages are on the back.
- It is **3 hours** in duration.
- You should have 15 problems. Pay attention to the point value of each problem and dedicate time as appropriate.

On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this exam.

SIGNED: _____

DATE: _____

CS 7350 – Test #1
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Name: _____

ID: _____

[+5 pts CS-5350]

1. [5 pts] Circle the asymptotically larger function OR circle both if they are the same.

a. $f(n) = 2n$ and $g(n) = 8n$

f. $f(n) = n!$ and $g(n) = (n+1)!$

b. $f(n) = 2^n$ and $g(n) = 3^n$

g. $f(n) = \log_{10} n$ and $g(n) = \log_2 n$

c. $f(n) = n!$ and $g(n) = n^n$

h. $f(n) = \lg(2^n)$ and $g(n) = n$

d. $f(n) = n^2$ and $g(n) = n^3$

i. $f(n) = \lg(n!)$ and $g(n) = n \lg(n)$

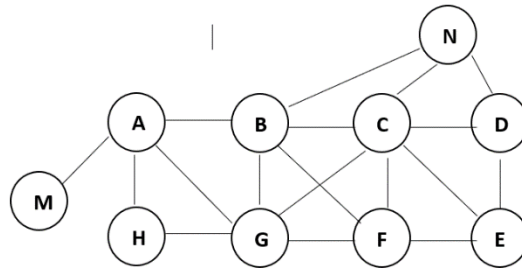
e. $f(n) = \lg(n^2)$ and $g(n) = \lg(n^3)$

j. $f(n) = \lg(2^n)$ and $g(n) = \lg(3^n)$

2. [6 pts] Argue that the problem, S, of sorting an unsorted array of integers is at least as hard - and maybe even harder - than the problem, M, of finding the minimum element of the same unsorted array of integers.

3. [5 pts] Using n_0 equal to 100, find the tightest C_1 and C_2 to show that $f(n) = 7n^2 + 4n + 7$ is $\Theta(n^2)$.

4. [8 pts] Consider the following graph:



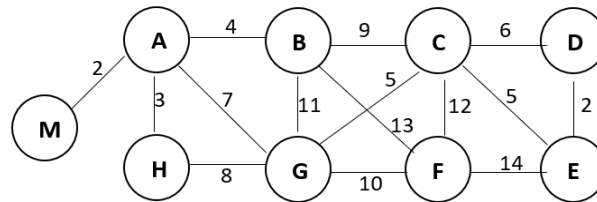
- a) Give a Smallest Last Vertex Ordering for the graph where the terminal clique is the largest complete subgraph. Circle the vertex you removed first in your ordering.

- b) Give a Smallest Last Vertex Ordering for the graph where the terminal clique is not the largest complete subgraph. Circle the vertex you removed first in your ordering.

- c) A smallest last ordering for a different graph has a terminal clique of size 15 and a largest degree when deleted of 17.
 - i. As an upper bound, how many colors might be needed for coloring the graph ?

 - ii. As a lower bound, how many colors must be required for coloring the graph?

5. [6 pts] Consider the following graph: For any algorithms below requiring a starting vertex, **use vertex H**



- a) What is the value of the third edge chosen when computing the minimum spanning tree with Kruskal's Algorithm
 - b) What is the value of the third edge chosen when computing the minimum spanning tree with Prim's Algorithm
 - c) What is the value of the minimum spanning tree.
 - d) You want to find the shortest path from vertex H to all other vertices. What is the order you reach the other vertices using Dijkstra's Single Source Shortest Path algorithm?
6. [6 pts] Describe how you could write an algorithm which uses Dijkstra's Single Source Shortest Path algorithm as a building block to find the shortest path between all pairs of vertices in the graph above.

If Dijkstra's Single Source Shortest Path algorithm had an asymptotically bounded running time of $\Theta(f(n))$, what is the running time of your algorithm?

7. [15 pts] Consider three different implementations that each solve a different problem.

- Implementation X solves Problem Px and Implementation X is $\Theta(n)$
- Implementation Y solves Problem Py and Implementation Y is $\Theta(2^n)$
- Implementation Z solves Problem Pz and Implementation Z is $O(n^2)$
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Determine if each of these “**Yes** it is true”, “**Maybe** it is true but doesn’t have to be”, or “**No** it is not true”

- _____ Problem Py is harder than Problem Px
- _____ Implementation Y is harder than Implementation X
- _____ Problem X is $\Omega(n)$
- _____ Problem X is $\omega(n)$
- _____ Problem Z is $O(n^3)$
- _____ Problem Z is $O(n^2)$
- _____ Problem Y is $O(n)$
- _____ Problem X is $o(n)$
- _____ Implementation X is $\Omega(n)$
- _____ Implementation X is $\omega(n)$
- _____ Implementation X is $O(n^4)$
- _____ Implementation Z is $O(n)$
- _____ Implementation Z is $O(n^3)$
- _____ Implementation Z is $\Omega(n)$
- _____ Implementation Y is $O(n)$

8. [6 pts] Answer the following questions:

- a) What is the maximum flow between two vertices for a complete graph with $|V|$ vertices where all edges have a weight of w ?
- b) What is the maximum flow between two vertices for a tree with $|V|$ vertices where all edges have a weight of w ?
- c) A complete bi-partite graph $B_{j,k}$ is a graph which has j vertices in one partition and k vertices in another partition and all possible edges present between the partitions. What is the maximum flow between the two partitions for a complete bi-partite graph $B_{j,k}$ where all edges have a weight of w ?
- d) What is the weight of a minimum spanning tree for a connected bi-partite graph $B_{j,k}$ where all edges have a weight of w ?

9. [4 pts] Two people need to establish a secret key for encrypting communications. They agree to use a Diffie-Hellman key exchange with a modulus of 11 and decide on 2 as the base. Person A chooses a random value performs the appropriate computations and sends the value 4 to person B. Person B chooses a random value of 5 and performs the appropriate computations:

- a. What is the value Person B sends to Person A
- b. What is the shared secret key between Person A and Person B

10. [8 pts] Consider a Huffman encoding of the following string.

20 A's, 20 B's, 7 D's, 7 E's, 4 F's, 2 G's, 1 H and 1 K.

How many bits are in the entire message if each symbol is encoded with 3 bits?

Create a Huffman encoding of the bits for each symbol:

How many bits are in the entire Huffman coded message?

How much entropy is in the entire message?

11. [6 pts] Answer the following Questions:

- a. Compute $\Phi(31 \cdot 29)$ _____
- b. Compute $11^{\Phi(35879)} \% 35879$ _____
- c. Compute $11^{\Phi(35879) + 1} \% 35879$ _____

12. [7 pts] Answer the following Questions:

- a. Given that $M > 100$ and $3^{31} \bmod M = 4$; Find $3^{32} \bmod M =$ _____
- b. Given that $M > 100$ and $3^{32} \bmod M = 4$; Find $3^{64} \bmod M =$ _____
- c. How much entropy does an entire message with 50A's and 50 B's have?
- d. How much entropy does an entire message with 100A's and 0 B's have?
- e. How much entropy does an entire message with 20 A's, 10 B's, 5 C's and 5 D's have?
- f. Compute $-7 \bmod 11$ _____
- g. Compute $(\frac{1}{2}) \bmod 7$ _____
- h. Compute $-(\frac{1}{2}) \bmod 13$ _____

13. [6 pts] What is an algorithm?

14. [6 pts] Answer the following questions.:

- a) A program requires 9 days to brute force attack a password of 64 bits. Since the running time is $\Theta(2^n)$ about how days would it take for the program to brute force attack a password of 128 bits?

- b) A program requires 9 days to brute force attack a password of 64 bits. About how days would it take for the program to brute force attack a password of 128 bits if the running were $O(n^2)$ instead of exponential?

15. [6 pts] A particular algorithm on a computer requires 3 seconds to process 50 items and is $\Theta(n^2)$. You want to process 4000 items. You have a choice to either use a computer that is 10 times faster (allowing it to process 50 items in 0.3 seconds) or use the same computer with a different algorithm that still processes 50 items in 3 seconds, but has a growth rate that is $\Theta(n)$.

- a) Which is the faster choice for 4000 items?

- b) For what input sizes is the faster computer better?

- c) For what input sizes is the $\Theta(n^2)$ algorithm better?