## Worksheet 1.1: Lectures 2 and 3 Growth of Functions and Run-Time Estimation

**Question 1:** For each pair of functions below, first determine which <u>function grows asymptotically faster</u>, and then express the relation between the two functions using <u>all</u> the asymptotic notations ( $\theta$ ,  $\Omega$ ,  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$ ) that apply. Only give the relations in which **f(n)** appears on the left-hand side. **Justify your answer**, and use the limit definition if necessary.

(1) 
$$f(n) = n^2 + (log n)^3$$
  $g(n) = n^2 log n$  No justification is required

(2) 
$$f(n) = 4^n$$
  $g(n) = 3^n + n$  Justify your answer using the limit definition. Show your work.

**Question 2:** If we know that the running time T(n) of some algorithm satisfies the relations:  $T(n) = o(n^{2.5} \log n)$  and  $T(n) = \Omega$  ( $n(\log n)^3$ ), which of the following functions can T(n) possibly be? Circle <u>all</u> that apply.

$$n^{2.5} \log n$$
  $n(\log n)^3$   $n(\log n)^5$   $n^{1.01}$   $n^{2.6}$ 

**Question 3:** Consider two algorithms for solving a certain problem: Algorithm X with an asymptotic complexity of  $\theta(n^2\log n)$  and Algorithm Y with an asymptotic complexity of  $\theta(n^3)$ . Algorithm X is run on a machine that can execute  $10^7$  operation per second. Compute the speed of the machine that we need to run Algorithm Y on in order to get the same execution time as Algorithm X for an input of size **one million**. Assume base 2 for the log. Compute the best possible approximation without using a calculator. **Show your work.**