

Assignment 3

Q1 $\alpha + \beta = 2\alpha\beta$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

Sum of roots = $-\frac{b}{a}$

Product of roots = $\frac{c}{a}$

$$-\frac{b}{a} = \frac{2c}{a}$$

$$b = -2c$$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0 \\ x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Ans

Q2 $2x + 3y = 12$

$(2, 3)$

$$2 \times 2 + 3 \times 3 = 12$$

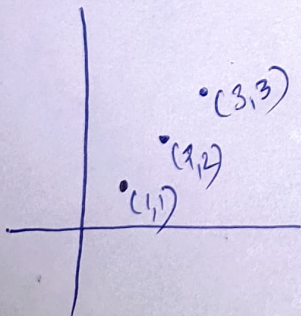
$$4 + 9 = 12$$

$$13 \neq 12$$

So, $(2, 3)$ is not a solution

Ans

Q3 $(3, 3)$ Ans



Q4 $\frac{a^3 + b^3}{a^3 - b^3} = \frac{1}{1} \text{ --- (1)}$

Cross-Multiply

$$a^3 + b^3 = a^3 - b^3$$

Add b^3 to both side

$$a^3 + b^3 + b^3 = a^3 - b^3 + b^3$$

$$a^3 + 2b^3 = a^3$$

$$2b^3 = 0$$

$$b = 0$$

Substitute $b=0$ in eqn (1)

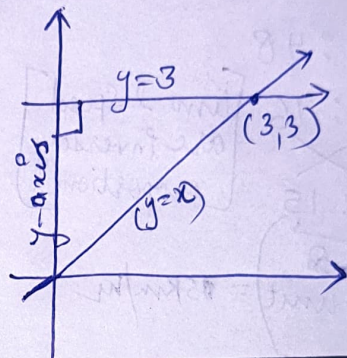
$$\frac{a^3 + 0}{a^3 - 0} = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{a^3}{a^3} = \frac{1}{1}$$

a can have any real number except 0, and b can have only value 0.

Ans

Q5



Right Angled Triangle.

Ans