Leafs

Kaisa Roggeveen, Scott Graham March 22nd 2018

Dr. Steven M. Vamosi Associate Dean, Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Professor, Population Biology 2500 University Drive NW Department of Biological Sciences University of Calgary Calgary AB T2N 1N4 Canada

Introduction

The intent of this paper is to develop a method for classifying leaves as either Cherry or Pear, based on their measured length and width. This method was developed for Dr. Steven Vamosi, a botanist from the University of Calgary.

The classification method used was Linear discriminant analysis, developed by R.A Fischer. To To take training samples from a sampled population take measurements, from these measurements classification rules are created. This will then be tested against the classifying sample to see if there are any miss classifications.

Cherry and Pear leaves are both leaves from fruit trees. Cherry trees belong to the genus Prunus and Pear trees belong to the genus Pyrus [2],[3]. A common feature amongst the leaves is that they both have a midrib, which is the centreal vein of the leaf which extends along the leaf's centerline.

Data

Measurement Process

The first step taken in the measurement of the leaves was to give each leaf an identification number based on the species. The method used to meausre the dimensions was to create a box with the minimum length and width in which the entire leaf would be encompassed in the box.

To begin creating the sides of the box, a ruler was aligned parallel to the midrib, which is the central vein in the leaf and moved towards the left and the right of the picture until only one point on the leaf remained [1]. From the single point on the side of the leaf, a line was drawn parallel to the midrib of the leaf.

Next, the base and point of the leaf were measured, a ruler was placed perpendicular to the midrib and the ruler was moved towards to tip of the leaf until a single point remained, a line was draw perpendicular to the midrib at this point. At the base of the leaves the length of the leaf was set as the point where the leaf ends and the stem begins, at this point a line was drawn perpendicular to the midrib.

After all the boxes were created, the width (lines parallel to midrib) and the length (lines perpendicular to midrib) were measured and the results were recorded in a spread sheet.

Data Creation

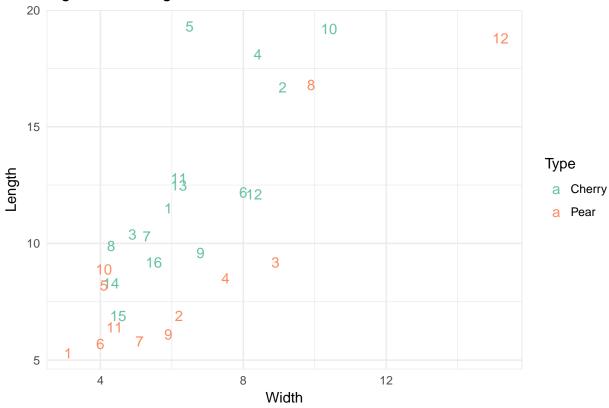
Type	Length	Width
Cherry	11.5	5.9
Cherry	16.7	9.1
Cherry	10.4	4.9
Cherry	18.1	8.4

Type	Length	Width
Cherry	19.3	6.5
Cherry	12.2	8.0
Cherry	10.3	5.3
Cherry	9.9	4.3
Cherry	9.6	6.8
Cherry	19.2	10.4
Cherry	12.8	6.2
Cherry	12.1	8.3
Cherry	12.5	6.2
Cherry	8.3	4.3
Cherry	6.9	4.5
Cherry	9.2	5.5
Pear	5.3	3.1
Pear	6.9	6.2
Pear	9.2	8.9
Pear	8.5	7.5
Pear	8.2	4.1
Pear	5.7	4.0
Pear	5.8	5.1
Pear	16.8	9.9
Pear	6.1	5.9
Pear	8.9	4.1
Pear	6.4	4.4
Pear	18.8	15.2

Type	Length	Width
Cherry:16	Min.: 5.300	Min.: 3.100
Pear :12	1st Qu.: 7.875	1st Qu.: 4.475
NA	Median: 9.750	Median: 6.050
NA	Mean $:10.914$	Mean: 6.536
NA	3rd Qu.:12.575	3rd Qu.: 8.075
NA	Max. :19.300	Max. $:15.200$

In this original dataset there are a few issues that need to be ackowledged. The first issues that occured during the data measurements was the result of the leaves that were distributed as the training sample were images, in which the images were not to scale. This resulted in a few outliers, which much larger lengths and widths compared to the other leaves in the set. These outliers included Pear#12, Cherry#10 and Cherry#5. However, based on the nature of this project in just observing the ratio between the length and width, this should not be affected by the size of the image, unless the image was streched in either direction.

Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot



Classification Procedure (LDA)

Training Data

```
## Call:
## lda(Type ~ Length + Width, data = ., cv = TRUE)
##
## Prior probabilities of groups:
## Cherry Pear
## 0.5714286 0.4285714
##
## Group means:
## Length Width
## Cherry 12.437500 6.537500
## Pear 8.883333 6.533333
##
## Coefficients of linear discriminants:
## LD1
## Length -0.4193533
## Width 0.5310692
```

Table 3: blarg

Predicted	Actual	Length	Width	Cherry Probability	Pear Probability	Correct Prediction
Cherry	Cherry	11.5	5.9	0.7882	0.2118	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	16.7	9.1	0.8839	0.1161	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	10.4	4.9	0.8050	0.1950	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	18.1	8.4	0.9694	0.0306	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	19.3	6.5	0.9967	0.0033	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	12.2	8.0	0.5227	0.4773	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	10.3	5.3	0.7387	0.2613	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	9.9	4.3	0.8292	0.1708	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	9.6	6.8	0.3582	0.6418	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	19.2	10.4	0.9284	0.0716	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	12.8	6.2	0.8685	0.1315	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	12.1	8.3	0.4481	0.5519	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	12.5	6.2	0.8456	0.1544	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	8.3	4.3	0.6414	0.3586	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	6.9	4.5	0.3892	0.6108	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	9.2	5.5	0.5485	0.4515	TRUE
Pear	Pear	5.3	3.1	0.4152	0.5848	TRUE
Pear	Pear	6.9	6.2	0.1426	0.8574	TRUE
Pear	Pear	9.2	8.9	0.0764	0.9236	TRUE
Pear	Pear	8.5	7.5	0.1391	0.8609	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	8.2	4.1	0.6631	0.3369	FALSE
Pear	Pear	5.7	4.0	0.3091	0.6909	TRUE
Pear	Pear	5.8	5.1	0.1664	0.8336	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	16.8	9.9	0.8116	0.1884	FALSE
Pear	Pear	6.1	5.9	0.1134	0.8866	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	8.9	4.1	0.7528	0.2472	FALSE
Pear	Pear	6.4	4.4	0.3355	0.6645	TRUE
Pear	Pear	18.8	15.2	0.1853	0.8147	TRUE

New Data

```
## $class
## [1] Cherry Pear Cherry
## Levels: Cherry Pear
##
## $posterior
##
       Cherry
                   Pear
## 1 0.8003229 0.1996771
## 2 0.2772400 0.7227600
## 3 0.5942515 0.4057485
##
## $x
##
            LD1
## 1 -0.63325061
## 2 0.94345071
## 3 0.04321672
```

Observation Space

Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot

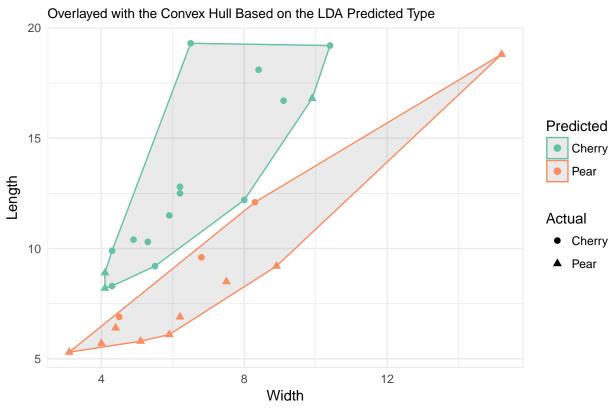
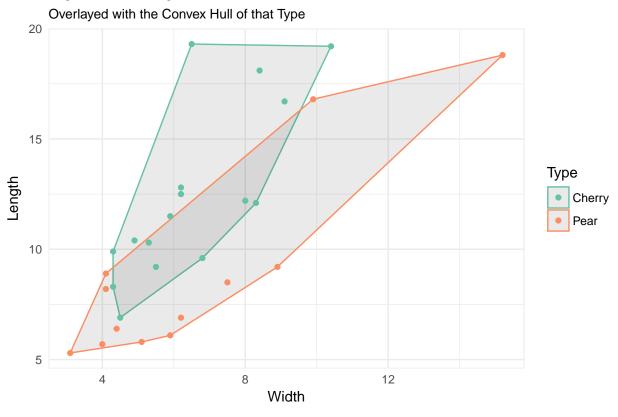


Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot



Probability Distributions

Contour

Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot

Overlayed with the Contour Plot

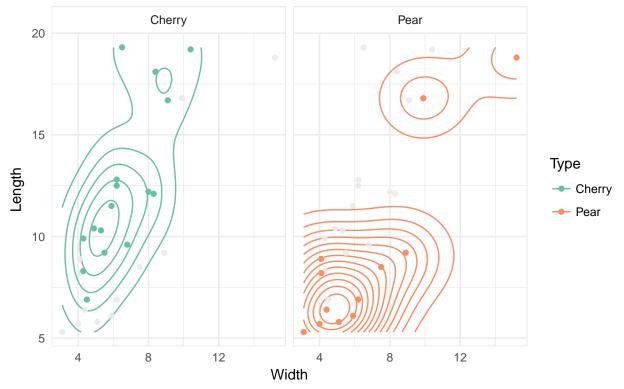
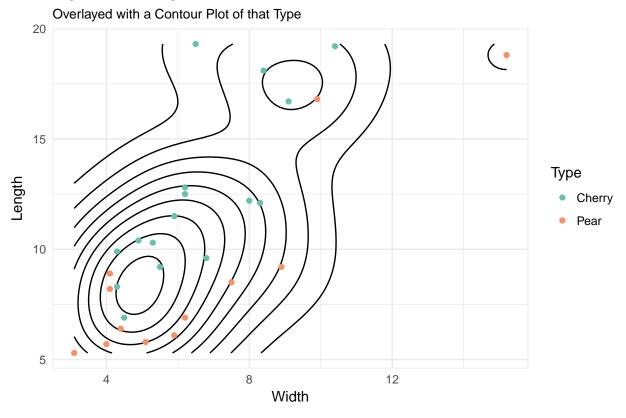


Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot





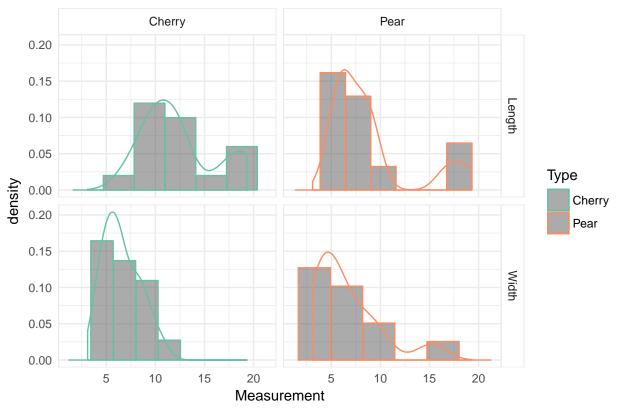
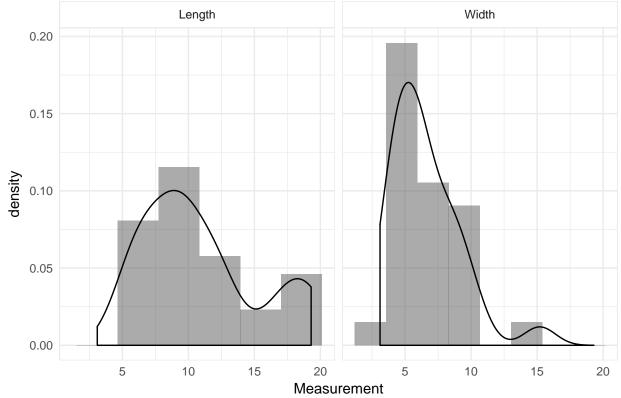


Figure XX: Density Plot



Covariance Matrix

Table 4: Shared Covariance Matrix

	Length	Width
Length	19.422011	8.476508
Width	8.476508	6.685344

Table 5: Cherry Covariance Matrix

	Length	Width
Length	15.047833	5.443833
Width	5.443833	3.357167

Table 6: Pear Covariance Matrix

	Length	Width
Length	19.27788	13.37333
Width	13.37333	11.83152

Classification Procedure (QDA)

Training Data

```
## Call:
## qda(Type ~ Length + Width, data = ., cv = TRUE)
##
## Prior probabilities of groups:
## Cherry Pear
## 0.5714286 0.4285714
##
## Group means:
## Length Width
## Cherry 12.437500 6.537500
## Pear 8.883333 6.533333
```

Table 7: blarg

Predicted	Actual	Length	Width	Cherry Probability	Pear Probability	Correct Prediction
Cherry	Cherry	11.5	5.9	0.8815	0.1185	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	16.7	9.1	0.9488	0.0512	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	10.4	4.9	0.8529	0.1471	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	18.1	8.4	0.9971	0.0029	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	19.3	6.5	1.0000	0.0000	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	12.2	8.0	0.5677	0.4323	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	10.3	5.3	0.8177	0.1823	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	9.9	4.3	0.8310	0.1690	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	9.6	6.8	0.4686	0.5314	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	19.2	10.4	0.9662	0.0338	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	12.8	6.2	0.9454	0.0546	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	12.1	8.3	0.4363	0.5637	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	12.5	6.2	0.9302	0.0698	TRUE
Cherry	Cherry	8.3	4.3	0.6487	0.3513	TRUE
Pear	Cherry	6.9	4.5	0.4710	0.5290	FALSE
Cherry	Cherry	9.2	5.5	0.6619	0.3381	TRUE
Pear	Pear	5.3	3.1	0.3250	0.6750	TRUE
Pear	Pear	6.9	6.2	0.2714	0.7286	TRUE
Pear	Pear	9.2	8.9	0.0382	0.9618	TRUE
Pear	Pear	8.5	7.5	0.1751	0.8249	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	8.2	4.1	0.6431	0.3569	FALSE
Pear	Pear	5.7	4.0	0.3748	0.6252	TRUE
Pear	Pear	5.8	5.1	0.3235	0.6765	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	16.8	9.9	0.8095	0.1905	FALSE
Pear	Pear	6.1	5.9	0.2545	0.7455	TRUE
Cherry	Pear	8.9	4.1	0.7287	0.2713	FALSE
Pear	Pear	6.4	4.4	0.4250	0.5750	TRUE
Pear	Pear	18.8	15.2	0.0000	1.0000	TRUE

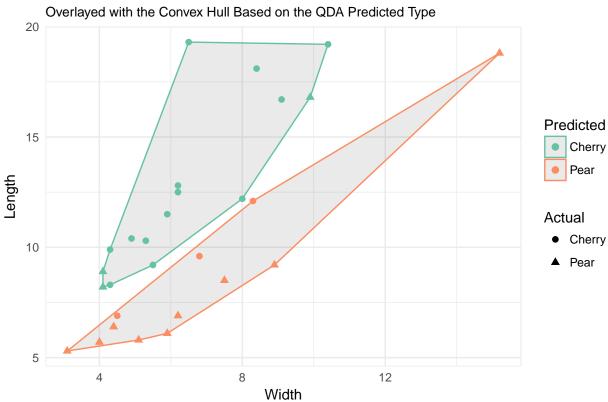
New Data

```
## $class
## [1] Cherry Pear Cherry
```

```
## Levels: Cherry Pear
##
## $posterior
## Cherry Pear
## 1 0.6362745 0.3637255
## 2 0.3382849 0.6617151
## 3 0.5712093 0.4287907
```

Observation Space

Figure XX: Length vs Width Scatter Plot

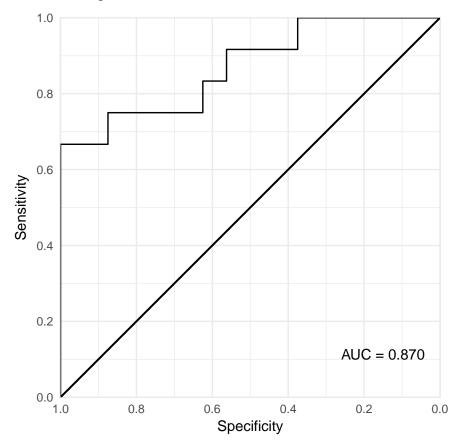


Classification Procedure (GLM)

Training Data

```
Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                1.7396
                           1.5194
                                   1.145 0.25223
               -0.7764
                           0.2875 -2.700 0.00693 **
## Length
## Width
                0.9338
                           0.3815
                                    2.448 0.01438 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 38.243 on 27 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 24.257 on 25 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 30.257
```

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5



New Data

Observation Space

Conclusion

Appendix

References

[1] The Parts of a Leaf. (17, October 30). Retrieved March 20, 18, from http://www.robinsonlibrary.com/science/botany/anatomy/leafparts.htm [2] Britannica, T. E. (2016, November 11). Cherry. Retrieved March 20, 2018, from https://www.britannica.com/plant/cherry

[3]Britannica, T. E. (2015, May 13). Pear. Retrieved March 20, 2018, from https://www.britannica.com/plant/pear