

## MTH 451 Quiz 8

Evan Fox (efox20@uri.edu)

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### Question 1.

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In order to be independent we must have that for all  $x, y$  in the support, the value of the joint density function must equal the product of the marginal distributions. Observe  $f(2, 1) = 0$  but  $f_X(2)f_Y(1) = \frac{1}{4} * \frac{1}{4} \neq 0$ , hence we have a counter example.

### Question 2.

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- (a) We calculate the marginal distributions and check to see if their product is equivalent to the density function.

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{96} \int_0^\infty e^{-(\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{12})} dy = \frac{1}{96} [-12e^{-(\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{12})} \Big|_0^\infty]$$
$$\frac{1}{96} 12e^{-\frac{x}{8}}$$

Now we do the same for  $Y$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{96} \int_0^\infty e^{-(\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{12})} dx = \frac{1}{96} [-8e^{-(\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{12})} \Big|_0^\infty]$$
$$\frac{1}{96} 8e^{-\frac{y}{12}}$$

Then when we multiply these together we get

$$f_X(x) \times f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{96} e^{-(\frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{12})}$$

So yes they are independent.

- (b) we have that  $\sigma_{XY} = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$  But since  $X, Y$  are independent we can split  $E(XY) = E(X)E(Y)$ . Hence  $\sigma_{XY} = 0$ .

**Question 3.**

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Since we are assume  $X$  and  $Y$  to be independant we can get the joint probablity function by multiplying the marginal distributions. We find  $P(X + Y = 3) = f(2, 1) + f(1, 2) = f_X(2)f_Y(1) + f_X(1)f_Y(2) = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$ .