

Full Stack Developer Program



Agenda

Javascript Exercises

Arrays

- Select the maximum value in an array
- Select the n'th smallest value in an array
- Select top "N" elements of an array

Strings

- Count the number of times a letter appears in a string
- Encrypt/decrypt a message with a substitution cipher
- Reverse the cipher key



Warm up (5-10 write, 10 mins review)

Select largest element in an array

Write a function that takes an array of numbers and returns the maximum value in that array.

- Options:
 - a. Use a for loop
 - b. Use for Each

(I literally write several versions of that function every week)



Exercise 1: (15 mins write, 15 mins review)

Select the "n'th" smallest item in an array

https://www.codewars.com/kata/5a512f6a80eba857280000fc



Exercise 2: (15 mins write, 15 mins review)

Select largest "n" elements of an array

https://www.codewars.com/kata/53d32bea2f2a21f666000256



Warm up: (5-10 mins write, 10 mins review)

Count the number of times a letter occurs in a string

- Input is a string, and a single letter
- Output is the number of times that letter appears in the string

Example:

```
countLetter("hello", "l") = 2
countLetter("Tony", "k") = 0
```



Exercise 3: (15 mins write, 15 mins review)

Encrypt a message with a substitution cipher

- Input is a string, and a cipher key
- Output is a string where every character that has an entry in the cipher key has been substituted with the value of that entry
- If the letter does not exist in the cipher key, you do not change it

Example:

```
encrypt("hello", {h: 'i', e: 'f', l:'m', o: 'p'}) = "ifmmp"
```



Exercise 4: (15 mins write, 15 mins review)

Compute the reverse cipher key

- Input is a cipher key
- Output the inverse of that cipher key that can be used to decrypt a message that has been encrypted with the cipher key
- If a letter exists more than once as a substitution value, the behavior is undefined

Example:

```
reverseKey({h: 'i', e: 'f', l:'m', o: 'p'}) = {i: 'h', f: 'e', m: 'l', p: 'o'}
```

