Title of the LREC 2018 Paper (Title in 14-point Times New Roman Bold)

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Abstract

Each article must include an abstract of 150 to 200 words in Times New Roman 9 with interlinear spacing of 10 pt. The heading Abstract should be centred, font Times New Roman 10 bold. This short abstract will also be used for producing the Booklet of Abstracts (PDF) containing the abstracts of all papers presented at the Conference.

Keywords: keyword1, keyword2, keyword3

1. Extended Abstract

Each submitted abstract should be submitted on white A4 paper. The fully justified text should be formatted in two parallel columns, each 8.25 cm wide, and separated by a space of 0.63 cm. Left, right, and bottom margins should be 1.9 cm and the top margin 2.5 cm. The font for the main body of the text should be Times New Roman 10 with interlinear spacing of 11 pt.

1.1. General Instructions for the Submitted Abstract

Each submitted abstract should be between a minimum of three and a maximum of four pages including figures.

2. Paper

Each manuscript should be submitted on white A4 paper. The fully justified text should be formatted in two parallel columns, each 8.25 cm wide, and separated by a space of 0.63 cm. Left, right, and bottom margins should be 1.9 cm. and the top margin 2.5 cm. The font for the main body of the text should be Times New Roman 10 with interlinear spacing of 12 pt. Articles must be between 4 and 8 pages in length, regardless of the mode of presentation (oral or poster).

2.1. General Instructions for the Final Paper

Each paper is allocated between a minimum of four and a maximum of eight pages including figures. The unprotected PDF files will appear in the on-line proceedings directly as received. Do not print the page number.

3. Page Numbering

Please do not include page numbers in your article. The definitive page numbering of articles published in the proceedings will be decided by the organising committee.

4. Headings / Level 1 Headings

Headings should be capitalised in the same way as the main title, and centred within the column. The font used is Times New Roman 12 bold. There should also be a space of 12 pt between the title and the preceding section, and a space of 3 pt between the title and the text following it.

4.1. Level 2 Headings

The format for level 2 headings is the same as for level 1 Headings, with the font Times New Roman 11, and the heading is justified to the left of the column. There should also be a space of 6 pt between the title and the preceding section, and a space of 3 pt between the title and the text following it

4.1.1. Level 3 Headings

The format for level 3 headings is the same as for level 2 headings, except that the font is Times New Roman 10, and there should be no space left between the heading and the text. There should also be a space of 6 pt between the title and the preceding section, and a space of 3 pt between the title and the text following it.

5. Citing References in the Text

5.1. Bibliographical References

All bibliographical references within the text should be put in between parentheses with the author's surname followed by a comma before the date of publication (Strötgen and Gertz 2012). If the sentence already includes the author's name, then it is only necessary to put the date in parentheses: Strötgen and Gertz (2012). When several authors are cited, those references should be separated with a semicolon: (Strötgen and Gertz 2012; Castor and Pollux 1992). When the reference has more than three authors, only cite the name of the first author followed by "et al." (e.g. (Superman et al. 2000)).

5.2. Language Resource References

5.2.1. When Citing Language Resources

When citing language resources, we recommend to proceed in the same way to bibliographical references, except that, in order to make them appear in a separate section, you have to use the \citelanguageresource tag. Thus, a language resource should be cited as (Speecon Consortium 2014).

5.2.2. When Not Citing Any Language Resource

Just don't forget to remove the "Language resources" section.—When no language resource needs to be cited in the paper, you need to comment out a few lines in the . tex file:

6. Figures & Tables

6.1. Figures

All figures should be centred and clearly distinguishable. They should never be drawn by hand, and the lines must be very dark in order to ensure a high-quality printed version. Figures should be numbered in the text, and have a caption in Times New Roman 10 pt underneath. A space must be left between each figure and its respective caption.

Example of a figure enclosed in a box:



Figure 1: The caption of the figure.

Figure and caption should always appear together on the same page. Large figures can be centred, using a full page.

6.2. Tables

The instructions for tables are the same as for figures.

Level	Tools
Morphology	Pitrat Analyser
Syntax	LFG Analyser (C-Structure)
Semantics	LFG F-Structures + Sowa's
	Conceptual Graphs

Table 1: The caption of the table

7. Footnotes

Footnotes are indicated within the text by a number in superscript¹.

8. Copyrights

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9. Conclusion

Your submission of a finalised contribution for inclusion in the LREC proceedings automatically assigns the above-mentioned copyright to ELRA.

10. Acknowledgements

Place all acknowledgements (including those concerning research grants and funding) in a separate section at the end of the article.

11. Providing References

11.1. Bibliographical References

Bibliographical references should be listed in alphabetical order at the end of the article. The title of the section, "Bibliographical References", should be a level 1 heading. The first line of each bibliographical reference should be justified to the left of the column, and the rest of the entry should be indented by 0.35 cm.

The examples provided in Section section 12 (some of which are fictitious references) illustrate the basic format required for articles in conference proceedings, books, journal articles, PhD theses, and chapters of books.

11.2. Language Resource References

Language resource references should be listed in alphabetical order at the end of the article, in the Language Resource References section, placed after the Bibliographical References section. The title of the "Language Resource References" section, should be a level 1 heading. The first line of each language resource reference should be justified to the left of the column, and the rest of the entry should be indented by 0.35 cm. The example in Section section 13 illustrates the basic format required for language resources. In order to be able to cite a language resource, it must be added to the . bib file first, as a @LanguageResource (case-insensitive) item type, which contains the following fields:

- author: the builder of the resource
- title: the name of the resource
- publisher: the publisher of the resource (project, organisation etc)
- year: year of the resource release
- series: more general resource set this language resource belongs to
- edition: version of the resource
- islrn: the International Standard Language Resource Number (ISLRN) of the resource²

If you want the full resource author name to appear in the citation, the language resource author name should be protected by enclosing it between $\{\ldots\}$, as shown in the model .bib file.

¹Footnotes should be in Times New Roman 9 pt, and appear at the bottom of the same page as their corresponding number. Footnotes should also be separated from the rest of the text by a horizontal line 5 cm long.

²The ISLRN number is available from http://islrn.org

Appendix: How to Produce the .pdf Version

In order to generate a PDF file out of the LaTeX file herein, when citing language resources, the following steps need to be performed:

- Compile the .tex file once
- Invoke biberbibtex on the corresponding eponymous .bcf-aux file
- Compile the .tex file twice

12. Bibliographical References

Castor, A. and Pollux, L. E. (1992). The use of user modelling to guide inference and learning. *Applied Intelligence*, 2(1): 37–53.

Strötgen, J. and Gertz, M. (2012). Temporal Tagging on Different Domains: Challenges, Strategies, and Gold Standards. In N. Calzolari et al., editors, *Proceedings of the Eight International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC'12)*, pages 3746–3753. Istanbul, Turkey: European Language Resource Association (ELRA). Superman, S. et al. (2000). *Superheroes experiences with books*. 20th. Gotham City: The Phantom Editors Associates.

13. Language Resource References

Speecon Consortium (2014). *Dutch Speecon Database*. Speecon Project, distributed via ELRA. Speecon resources. 1.0. ISLRN 613-489-i674-355-0.