#### Nama Anggota:

- 1. Evriska Dayanti-3311901003
- 2. Ayusda Renjani-3311901019
- 3. Gabriella Joice Sitompul-3311901029

Kelas: IF 3A Reguler

# Tugas Besar Data Mining Klasifikasi C5.0

#### Tujuan:

- ✓ Menerapkan algoritma C5.0 Alat:
- ✓ R dan R Studio

#### Deskripsi:

Pada tugas besar ini kelompok kami menggunakan metode klasifikasi C5.0 dan memakai dataset Cryotherapy Dataset yang memiliki Kumpulan data memberikan informasi yang berkaitan dengan pasien, yang karakteristiknya seperti Jumlah Kutil, Area kutil, jenis kelamin dan usia, dll. Digunakan untuk menentukan tingkat ekstremitas kanker, yaitu 0 jinak atau 1 ganas.

#### **Dataset: Cryotheraphy.csv** Terdiri dari:

- 90 data
- -7 variabel

**Classification Tree** 

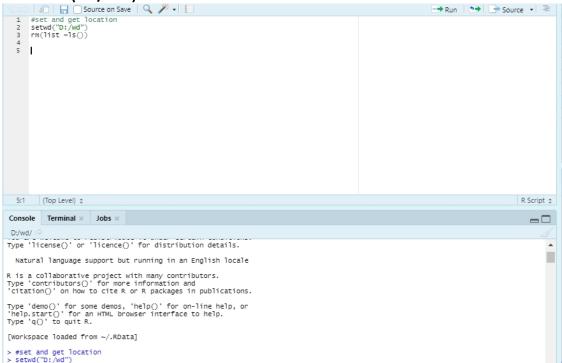
Number of samples: 90Number of predictors: 6

- 4	A	В	С	D	E	F	
1	sex,"age","Time","Number_of_Warts","Type","Area","Result_of_Treatment"						
2	1,"35","12","5","1","100","0"						
3	1,"29","7","5","1","96","1"						
4	1,"50","8","1","3","132","0"						
5	1,"32","11.75","7","3","750","0"						
6	1,"67","9.2						
7	1,"41","8","						
8	1,"36","11"	,"2","1","8	,"0"				
9	1,"59","3.5	","3","3","2	0","0"				
10	1,"20","4.5	","12","1","	6","1"				
11	2,"34","11.	25","3","3"	,"150","0"				
	2,"21","10.						
13	2,"15","6","	"2","1","30	,"1"				
14	2,"15","2",	"3","1","4",	"1"				
15	2,"15","3.7	5","2","3","	70","1"				
16	2,"17","11"	,"2","1","10	0","0"				
17	2,"17","5.2	5","3","1","	63","1"				
18	2,"23","11.	75","12","3	","72","0"				
19	2,"27","8.7	5","2","1","	6","0"				
20	2,"15","4.2	5","1","1","	6","1"				
	2,"18","5.7						
22	1,"22","5.5	","2","1","7	0","1"				
	2,"16","8.5						
24	1,"28","4.7	5","3","1","	100","1"				
	2,"40","9.7						
26	1,"30","2.5	","2","1","1	15","1"				
27	2,"34","12"	,"3","3","95	5","0"				
28	1,"20","0.5	","2","1","7	5","1"				
	2,"35","12"						
30	2,"24","9.5	","3","3","2	0","0"				
31	2,"19","8.7	5","6","1","	160","1"				
32	1,"35","9.2	5","9","1","	100","1"				
33	1,"29","7.2	5","6","1","	96","1"				
34	1,"50","8.7	5","11","3",	,"132","0"				
25	7 *27* *47*	EAS 525 571	O O		1		

### **Tugas Besar Data Mining:**

Pengaturan lokasi direktori

setwd("D:/wd")

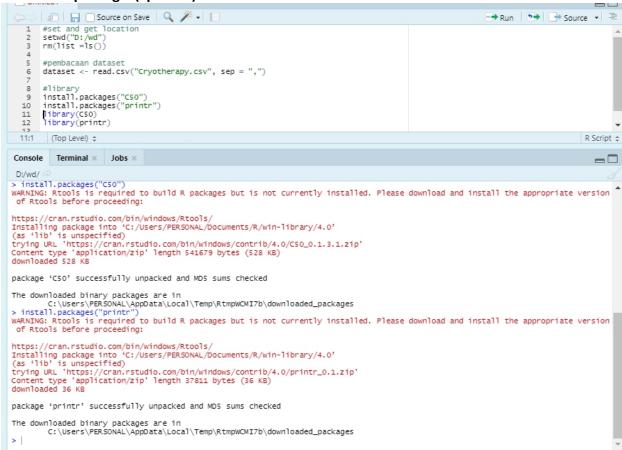


Membaca dataset

dataset <- read.csv("Cryotherapy.csv", sep = ";")



Instalasi package install.packages("C50") install.packages("printr")

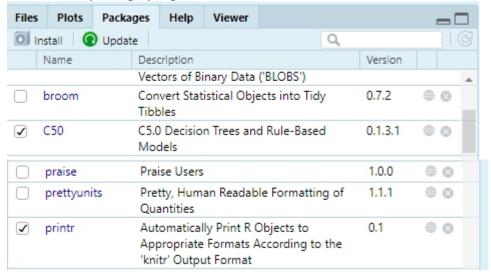


Menggunakan package

## library(C50)

```
library(printr)
C. (USEI S (TENDUMAL MAPPORLA LOCAT) (TEMPONITO LIMPMONITO LUCWITO RUCE L'ARRESTE L'ARREST
> library(C50)
> library(printr)
```

Melihat package yang sudah terinstall



Pembuatan model decision tree menggunakan algoritman C5.0

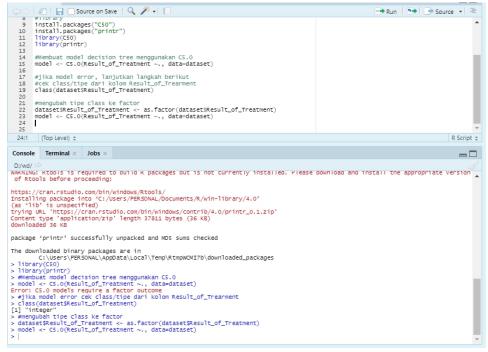
```
> model <- C5.0(Result_of_Treatment ~., data=dataset)

Error: C5.0 models require a factor outcome
> |
```

 Terjadi error karena outputnya bukan factor, factor adalah tipe data. Sehingga untuk melihat tipe kita ketikkan class(dataset\$Result\_of\_Treatment)

```
> #jika model error cek class/tipe dari kolom Result_of_Trearment
> class(dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
[1] "integer"
> |
```

 Setelah di cek tipe datanya, ternyata tipe datanya adalah character. Sehingga kita harus mengonversinya ke factor dengan mengetikkan dataset\$Result\_of\_Treatment <as.factor(dataset\$Result\_of\_Treatment). Selanjutnya jalankan perintah untuk membuat model. Pembuatan model sudah berhasil.



#### Melihat model

#### Model

```
> model
 Call:  {\tt C5.0.formula(formula = Result\_of\_Treatment \sim ., \; data = dataset) } 
 Classification Tree
 Number of samples: 90
Number of predictors: 6
 Tree size: 8
 Non-standard options: attempt to group attributes
```

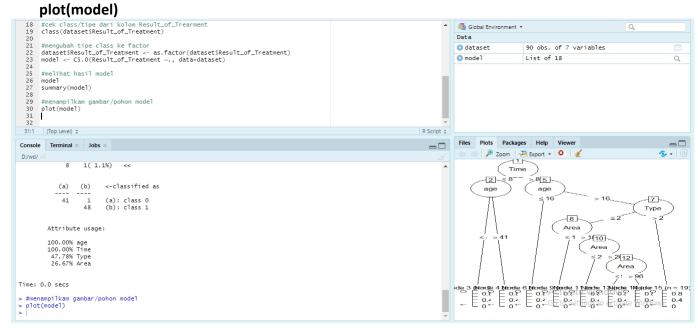
#### **Classification Tree**

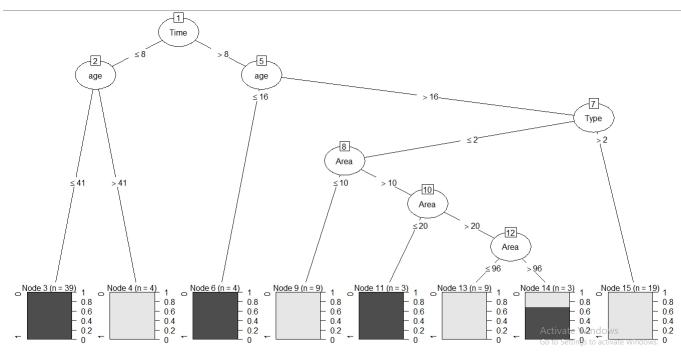
- Number of samples: 90 - Number of predictors: 6

summary(model)

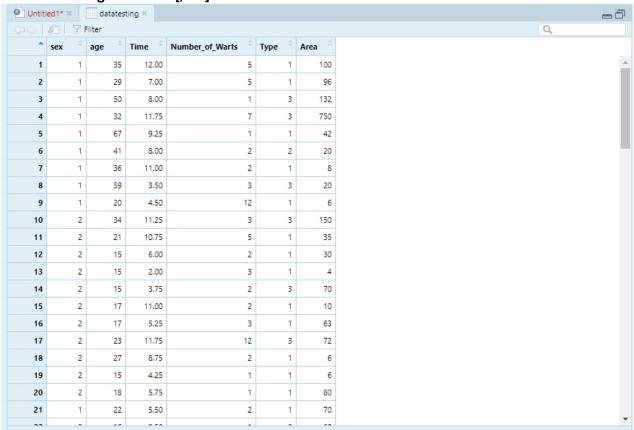
```
> summary(model)
 Call:
 C5.0.formula(formula = Result_of_Treatment ~ ., data = dataset)
 C5.0 [Release 2.07 GPL Edition]
                                          Tue Jan 12 13:29:37 2021
 Class specified by attribute `outcome'
 Read 90 cases (7 attributes) from undefined.data
 Decision tree:
 Time <= 8:
 :...age <= 41: 1 (39)
    age > 41: 0 (4)
 Time > 8:
 :...age <= 16: 1 (4)
     age > 16:
     :...Type > 2: 0 (19)
         Type <= 2:
         :...Area <= 10: 0 (9)
Area > 10:
             :...Area <= 20: 1 (3)
Area > 20:
                  :...Area <= 96: 0 (9)
                      Area > 96: 1 (3/1)
 Evaluation on training data (90 cases):
             Decision Tree
           Size Errors
               8
                 1( 1.1%) <<
                          <-classified as
             (a)
                 (b)
                    1
             41
                          (a): class 0
                         (b): class 1
         Attribute usage:
         100.00% age
100.00% Time
47.78% Type
          26.67% Area
 Time: 0.0 secs
```

Menampilkan pohon yang sudah dibangun

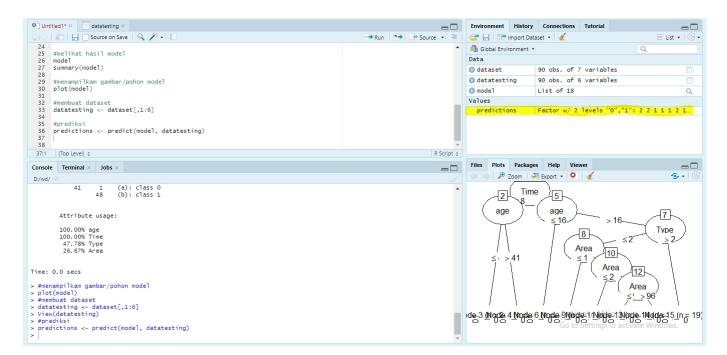




Menjadikan dataset sebagai data testing. Namun hanya kolom 1, 2, 3, 4,5,6 saja dan tanpa label.
 datatesting <- dataset[,1:6]</li>



Melihat prediksi predictions < - predict(model, datatesting)</li>



#### head(predictions)

```
> head(predictions)
[1] 1 1 0 0 0 1
Levels: 0 1
```

Membandingkan hasil prediksi dengan dataset

```
table(predictions, dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
```

```
> table(predictions, dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
predictions 0 1
          0 41 0
          1 1 48
```

Melihat tingkat akurasi

```
mean(predictions == dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
```

```
> #Melihat tingkat akurasi
 > mean(predictions == dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
[1] 0.9888889
```

rules yang dihasilkan

```
> rulemodel <- C5.0(Result_of_Treatment ~., data = dataset, rules = TRUE)
> rulemodel
C5.0.formula(formula = Result_of_Treatment ~ ., data = dataset, rules = TRUE)
Rule-Based Model
Number of samples: 90
Number of predictors: 6
Number of Rules: 8
Non-standard options: attempt to group attributes
>
```

```
> summary(rulemodel)
C5.0.formula(formula = Result_of_Treatment ~ ., data = dataset, rules = TRUE)
C5.0 [Release 2.07 GPL Edition]
                                       Tue Jan 12 13:40:59 2021
Class specified by attribute 'outcome'
Read 90 cases (7 attributes) from undefined.data
Rule 1: (19, lift 2.0)
        Time > 8
        Type > 2
        -> class 0 [0.952]
Rule 2: (16, lift 2.0)
        age > 16
        Time > 8
        Area > 20
        Area <= 96
        -> class 0 [0.944]
Rule 3: (9, lift 1.9)
        Time > 8
        Area <= 10
        -> class 0 [0.909]
Rule 4: (9, lift 1.9)
        age > 41
        -> class 0 [0.909]
Rule 5: (39, lift 1.8)
        age <= 41
        Time <= 8
        -> class 1 [0.976]
```

```
Rule 6: (15, lift 1.8)
        age <= 16
-> class 1 [0.941]
Rule 7: (5, lift 1.6)
        Type <= 2
Area > 10
        Area <= 20
-> class 1 [0.857]
Rule 8: (11/1, lift 1.6)
        Type <= 2
Area > 96
         -> class 1 [0.846]
Default class: 1
Evaluation on training data (90 cases):
                 Rules
            No Errors
            8 1(1.1%) <<
           (a) (b) <-classified as
                  1 (a): class 0
48 (b): class 1
        Attribute usage:
          84.44% Time
          72.22% age
45.56% Area
          38.89% Type
```

#### Rule yang dihasilkan:

```
> rule 1:
                                           > rule 5 :
    time > 8
                                           age <= 41
    type > 2
                                           Time <= 8
    class -> 0 (jinak)
                                           class -> 1 (Ganas)
> rule 2:
                                           > rule 6 :
    age > 16
                                           age <= 16
   Time > 8
                                           class -> 1 (Ganas)
    Area > 20
    Area <= 96
                                           > rule 7:
    class -> 0 (jinak)
                                           Type \leq 2
                                           Area >
> rule 3:
                                           Area <= 20
    Time > 8
                                           class -> 1 (Ganas)
    Area <= 10
                                           > rule 8:
    class -> 0 (jinak)
                                           Type <= 2
> rule 4:
                                           Area >96
                                           class -> 1 (Ganas)
    age > 41
    Area <= 10
    Class -> 0 (Jinak)
```

#### Kode penuh:

```
#set and get location
setwd("D:/wd")
rm(list =ls())
#pembacaan dataset
dataset <- read.csv("Cryotherapy.csv", sep = ",")
#library
install.packages("C50")
install.packages("printr")
library(C50)
library(printr)
#Membuat model decision tree menggunakan C5.0
model <- C5.0(Result_of_Treatment ~., data=dataset)
#jika model error cek class/tipe dari kolom Result_of_Trearment
class(dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
#mengubah tipe class ke factor
dataset$Result of Treatment <- as.factor(dataset$Result of Treatment)
model <- C5.0(Result_of_Treatment ~., data=dataset)
#melihat hasil model
model
summary(model)
#menampilkam gambar/pohon model
plot(model)
#membuat dataset
datatesting <- dataset[,1:6]</pre>
#prediksi
predictions <- predict(model, datatesting)</pre>
head(predictions)
#membandingkan hasil prediksi dari datatesting dengan dataset
table(predictions, dataset$Result_of_Treatment)
#Melihat tingkat akurasi
mean(predictions == dataset$Result of Treatment)
#Memngetahui rule model
rulemodel <- C5.0(Result of Treatment ~., data = dataset, rules = TRUE)
rulemodel
summary(rulemodel)
```