

taurex-emcee: a TauREx 3.1 plugin for the emcee sampler

Andrea Bocchieri • 1, Quentin Changeat • 2, Lorenzo V. Mugnai • 3,4,5, and Enzo Pascale • 1

1 Department of Physics, La Sapienza Università di Roma, Piazzale Aldo Moro 2, Roma, 00185, Italy 2 European Space Agency (ESA), ESA Office, Space Telescope Science Institute (STScI), Baltimore, MD, 21218, USA 3 School of Physics and Astronomy, Cardiff University, Queens Buildings, The Parade, Cardiff, CF24 3AA, UK 4 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, Gower Street, London, WC1E 6BT, UK 5 INAF, Osservatorio Astronomico di Palermo, Piazza del Parlamento 1, Palermo, I-90134, Italy

DOI: N/A

Software

■ Review 🗗

■ Repository 🗗

■ Archive ♂

Editor: Open Journals ♂

Reviewers:

@openjournals

Submitted: 01 January 1970 Published: 01 January 1970

License

Authors of papers retain copyright and release the work under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0).

Summary

taurex-emcee is a plugin for the TauREx 3.1 atmospheric retrieval framework (A. F. Al-Refaie et al., 2021) that extends the choice of sampling methods available to the user. The plugin implements an interface to the emcee sampler (Foreman-Mackey et al., 2013), which is a popular affine-invariant ensemble sampler widely used in the astronomy community. The interface is automated by adopting the autoemcee package by Johannes Buchner, which also handles parallelization. Thus, the taurex-emcee plugin enables users to launch parallelized retrievals using the emcee sampler with a single line of code. This allows fast retrievals of exoplanet atmospheric spectra, especially when coupled with the GPU-accelerated forward models of the TauREx 3.1 framework (A. Al-Refaie et al., 2020).

Statement of need

Optimized sampling methods are a key component of any retrieval code. Nested samplers are generally considered the most robust sampling method for retrieval of exoplanet atmospheric spectra, and are natively implemented in TauREx 3.1 or available as plugins. The estimation of the Bayesian evidence is the primary product of nested samplers, whereas the estimation of the Bayesian posterior is a by-product. Compared to nested samplers, affine-invariant ensemble samplers sample directly from the Bayesian posterior, and therefore the interpretation of the results is more straightforward, even for non-expert users. Moreover, in some instances nested samplers may require to define bespoke priors to ensure that the parameter space is thoroughly explored, whereas affine-invariant ensemble samplers asymptotically sample the entire parameter space. The trade-off being that the latter are more computationally expensive, and the computational time scales much faster with dimensionality.

The emcee sampler is a popular affine-invariant ensemble sampler that is widely used in the astronomy community. However, TauREx 3.1 does not natively implement the emcee sampler. The taurex-emcee plugin implements the emcee sampler in TauREx 3.1, allowing users to perform retrievals using the emcee sampler. The taurex-emcee plugin is compatible with the TauREx 3.1 parallelization framework, allowing users to perform parallelized retrievals using the emcee sampler.



Acknowledgements

Andrea Bocchieri and Enzo Pascale acknowledge funding by the Italian Space Agency (ASI) with Ariel grant n. 2021.5.HH.0.

References

- Al-Refaie, A. F., Changeat, Q., Waldmann, I. P., & al., et. (2021). TauREx 3: A Fast, Dynamic, and Extendable Framework for Retrievals. 917(1), 37. https://doi.org/10.3847/1538-4357/ac0252
- Al-Refaie, A., Changeat, Q., Venot, O., & al., et. (2020). TauREx 3.1 Extending atmospheric retrieval with plugins. *European Planetary Science Congress*, EPSC2020–669. https://doi.org/10.5194/epsc2020-669
- Foreman-Mackey, D., Hogg, D. W., Lang, D., & al., et. (2013). emcee: The MCMC Hammer. *125*(925), 306. https://doi.org/10.1086/670067