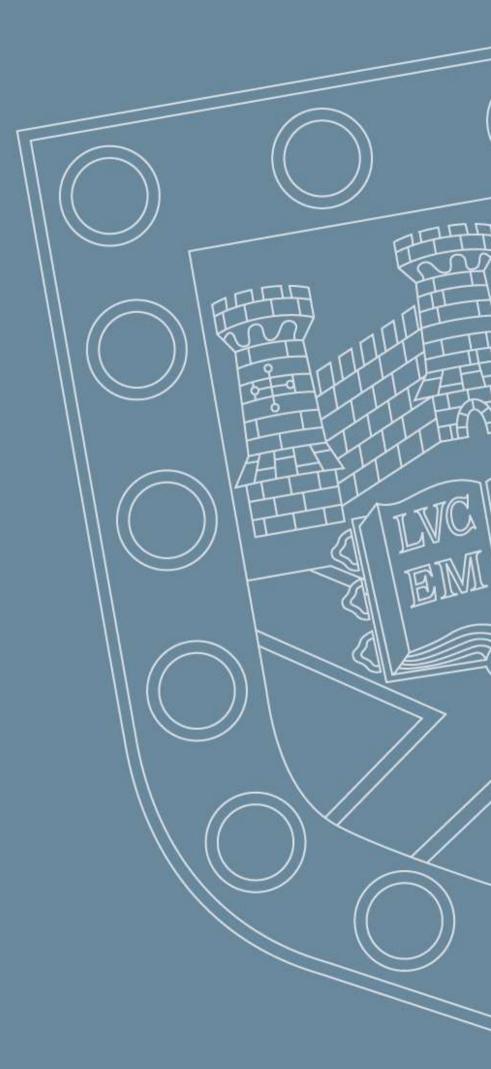


# Python programming

Loops





we've seen the for loop before

## LOOPS

print("")

## We've seen the for loop before for m in range(mowers): print(m+1, "men went to mow") print("went to mow a meadow") for n in range(m+1): print((m+1)-n, "men, ", end="") print("and his dog") print("went to mow a meadow")

## Never

```
jobs_to_be_done = [] # An empty list
for job in jobs_to_be_done:
    do_the_job(job)
```

# LOOPS or forever

```
# Forever Loop
```

#### while True:

```
command = input("Type your command > ")
print("You typed " + command)
```

## Break

```
# Forever Loop with break
while True:
   command = input("Type your command > ")
   print("You typed " + command)
   if command == "quit":
       break
print("Goodbye.")
```

## Iterating through list items

```
words=["ant","bat","cat","dog"]
for w in words:
   found = search text for(w)
   if found:
       print("Found", w, "in text")
```

we've seen the for loop before

## LOOPS

## The range() generator

```
for m in range(mowers):
    print(m+1, "men went to mow")
    print("went to mow a meadow")
```

range() generates a sequence of numbers

If mowers is 4 we will get the values 0, 1, 2, 3

```
for m in [0,1,2,3]:
    print(m+1, "men went to mow")
```

we've seen the for loop before

#### LOOPS

## The range() generator

```
for n in range(m+1):
    print((m+1)-n, "men, ", end="")
```

For the inner loop we can't use a list of numbers, because the length of the sequence increases. What we would like is to count down.

## Iterating through a dict

```
trees={"oak":4, "ash":3, "beech":5, "elm":0}
# loop through the keys
for t in trees:
    print(t)
# also print the values
for t in trees:
    print(t, "count", trees[t])
```

## Other iterables

- characters of a string
- lines of a text file
- individual frames of a movie
- pixels in a picture
- and more...





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