

## **Technical Service Information**

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# INTRODUCTION FORD F4-EAT, F4E-III

The F4EAT transaxle is a completely automatic, electronic controlled, four speed transaxle and uses a single compound planetary gear-set to give the unit four speed capability. The F4EAT transaxle is found in Ford Motor Companys Escort, Tracer, and Capri vehicles. This transaxle is also found in the Mazda 323, but Mazda refers to it as the F4AEL. This manual will provide the procedures necessary to repair, overhaul and service this unit.

We wish to thank Ford Motor Company for the information and illustrations that have made this booklet possible.

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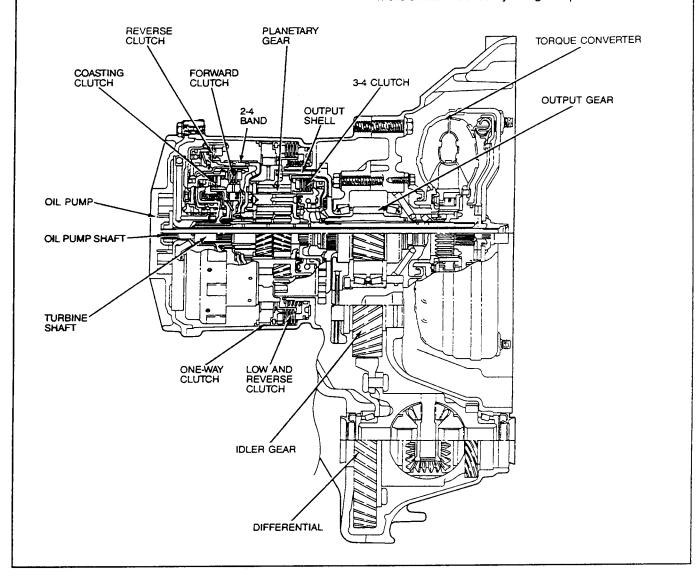
#### **VEHICLE APPLICATION**

Escort/Tracer

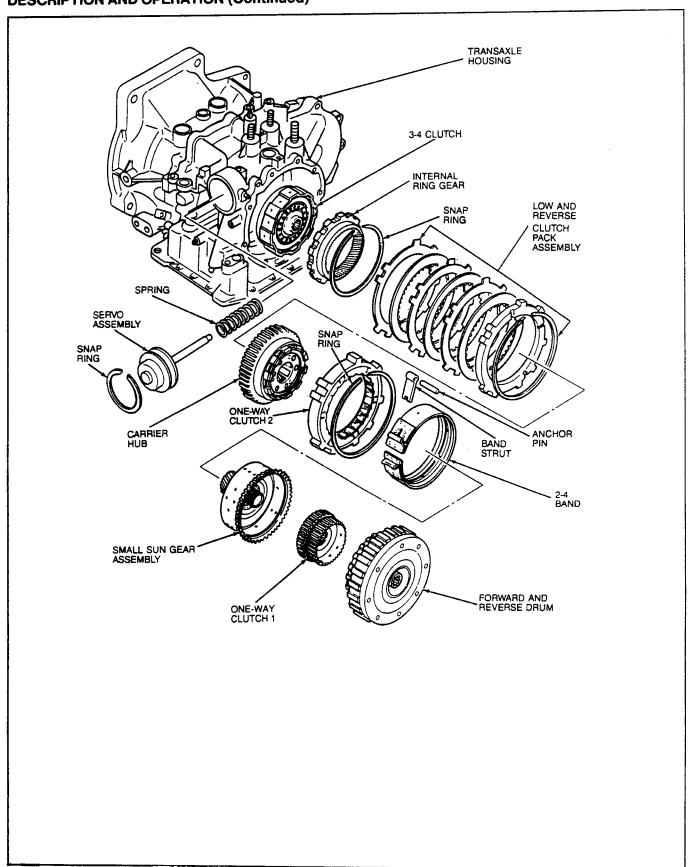
#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The Type F 4EAT is an electronically controlled automatic transaxle featuring a combination of electronic and mechanical systems for controlling forward gear shifting, torque converter lockup for quietness and fuel economy, and self-diagnosis capability for simplifying troubleshooting procedures. This transaxle has a 163 N-m (120 lb-ft) torque capacity.

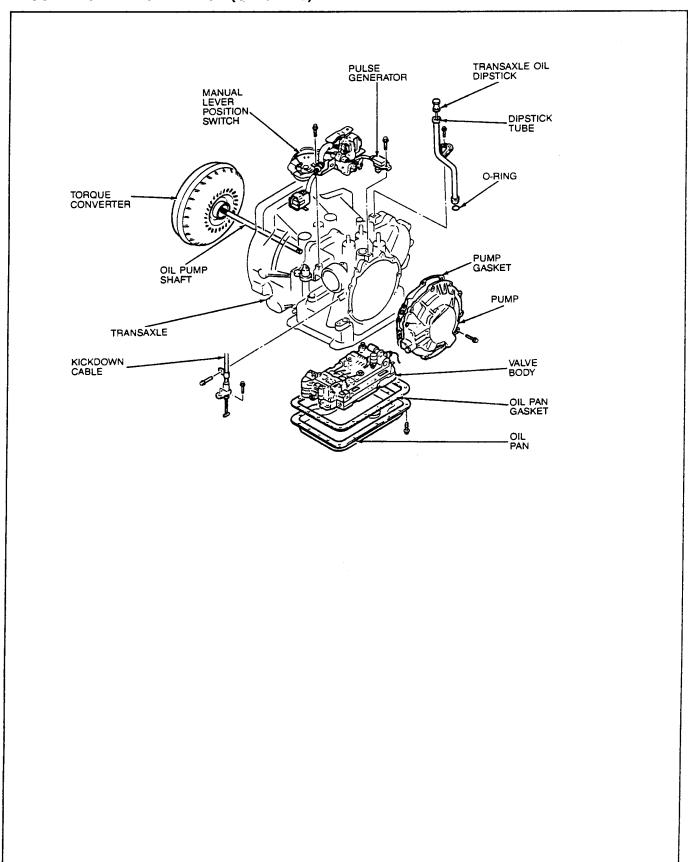
A notable mechanical feature of the 4EAT is a single compact combination-type planetary gear (4-speed capability) instead of two planetary gears used in previous 3-speed transaxles, making a reduction in overall size possible. Also, a new variable-capacity rotor-type oil pump is used which provides a constant oil quantity at and above a medium speed, and reduces the power losses resulting from pumping more oil than necessary at higher speeds.



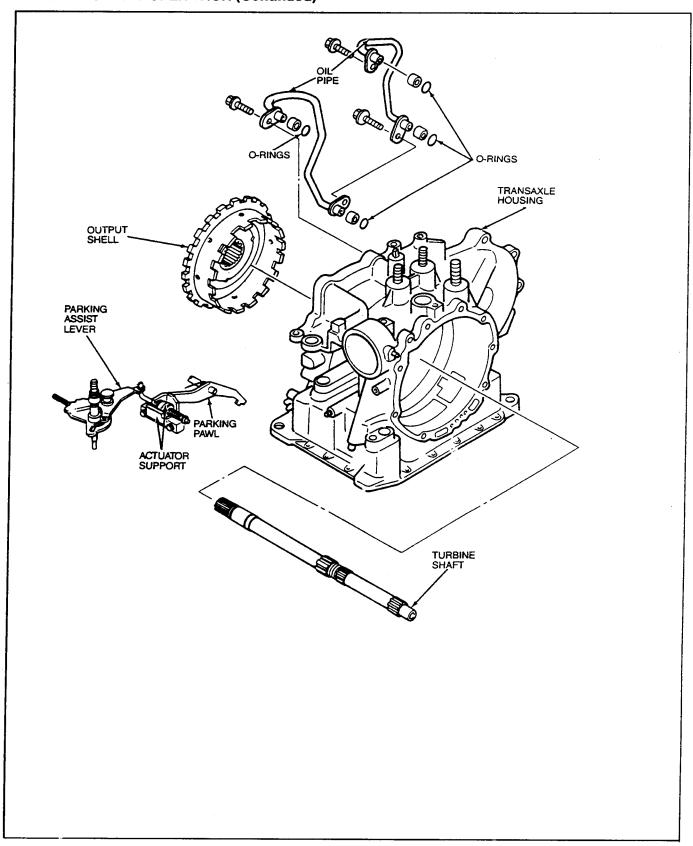






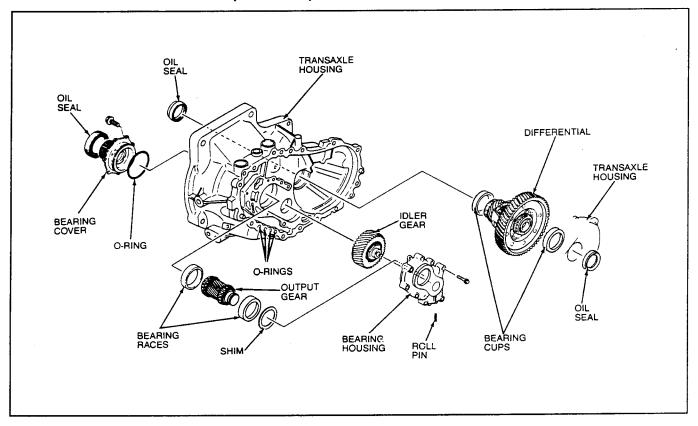








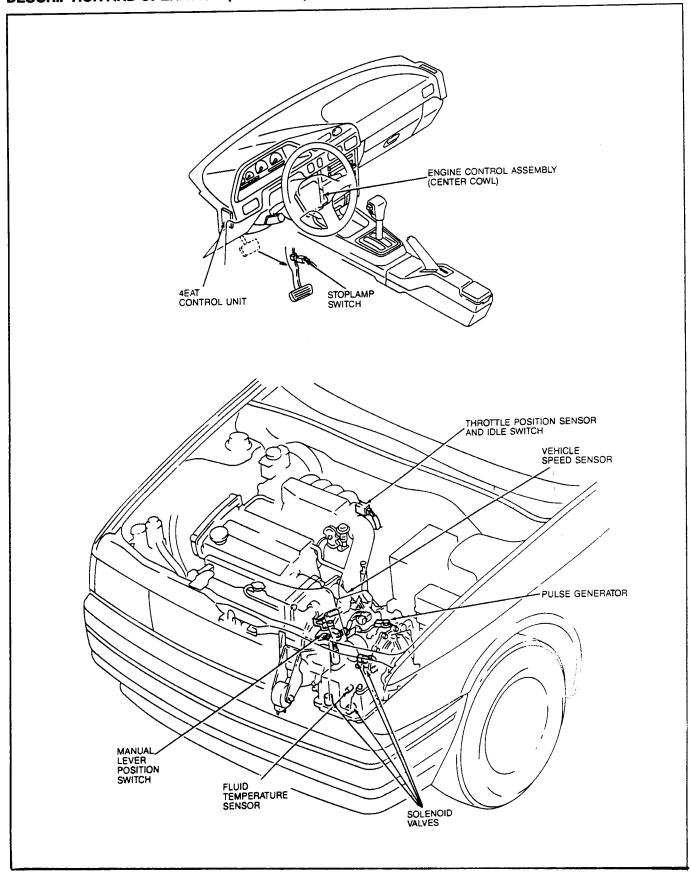
#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION (Continued)**



An electronic system controls the transaxle shifting in forward speeds and torque converter lockup by means of electric solenoid-operated valves. The shift timing and lockup events are regulated by the control unit in programmed logic and in response to input sensors and switches in order to produce optimum driveability.

Component	4EAT Control Unit- Input/Output
Pulse Generator	Input
Vehicle Speed Sensor	Input
Throttle Sensor	Input
Idle Switch	Input
Manual Lever Position Switch	Input
Stoplamp Switch	input
Water Thermo Signal	Input
Fluid Temperature Sensor	Input
1-2 Solenoid Shift Valve	Output
2-3 Solenoid Shift Valve	Output
3-4 Solenoid Shift Valve	Output
Solenoid Lockup Valve	Output







#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION (Continued)**

#### **Electrical System**

The electronically controlled automatic transaxle (4EAT) features a combination of electronic and mechanical systems that control forward gear shifting speeds and torque converter lockup for quietness and economy. The 4EAT also has a self-diagnosis capability that simplifies troubleshooting procedures.

Unique mechanical features of the 4EAT transaxle include a single compact combination-type planetary gear (4-speed capability). Also a variable capacity oil pump is used which provides a constant oil quantity at and above a specified engine speed and reduces the power losses that result from pumping more oil than necessary at higher speeds.

The electronic system controls transaxle forward shifting speeds and torque converter lockup by means of solenoid-operated valves. When energized, these solenoid valves actuate friction elements (clutches and band) to control shifting in the planetary gear. Shift timing and lockup events are regulated by the control unit in programmed logic and in response to input sensors and switches in order to produce optimum driveability.

The 4EAT diagnostic procedure consists of a preliminary inspection for obvious defects and a Quick Test for service codes (seven total), Pinpoint Tests or operational tests performed in a logical sequence, and post-operational tests if required.

Electronic control problems are diagnosed in Pinpoint Tests in the Non-NAAO Engine / Emission Diagnosis Manual.

#### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING**

#### **Preliminary Inspection**

 Visually inspect the 4EAT transaxle from above and below the vehicle. Look for:

Mechanical	Electrical
1. Fluid leaks. 2. Loose engine or transaxle mounts. 3. CV joints and halfshafts loose, worn or	Blown fuses.     Stretched, open, or damaged wiring.     Corroded or loose connectors.
damaged. 4. Shift linkage binding or damaged.	
<ul><li>5. Front brakes excessively worn or damaged.</li><li>6. Incorrect tire pressure.</li></ul>	

- Check the accelerator linkage and the throttle valve linkage for freedom of travel.
- Activate the emergency override button, and then manually shift the selector lever through all ranges to check for ease of movement, obvious binding, or poor adjustment.
- Check the oil cooler (mounted in the side tank of the radiator) for free air flow and leakage.
  - This diagnostic procedure is to be used on 4EAT transaxle-equipped Escort and Tracer vehicles only.
- Drive the vehicle to verify the customer's complaint.

To help locate problems with the transaxle, the following sequence should be followed (except when directed otherwise by the symptom menu):

- Perform Preliminary Inspection. This step will help to find possible problems that are obvious, easy to check, and easy to repair.
- 2. Review Symptom Chart. This step provides basic direction for test procedures. The Symptom Chart only covers problems that are easy to relate to a customer complaint. Follow the directions given in the "Action to Take" column. Directions are given in the recommended order of testing. More detailed symptoms are covered in the operational tests and the road test sections to isolate problems found while driving, or for problems that need specific analysis.
- Perform Switch Monitor Test. This test step checks input signals from the individual input switches to the 4EAT control module.

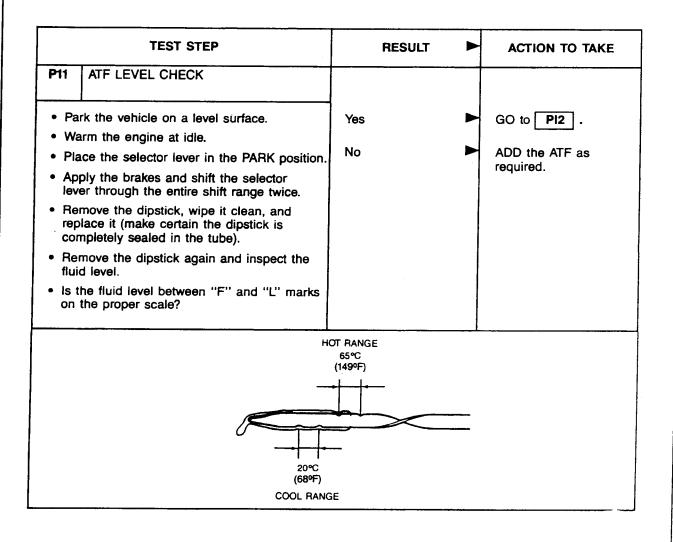


#### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

- 4. Perform Operational Tests. This step determines the causes of most basic problems that may exist. Follow the directions to repair any faults. When directed to perform operational tests and a road test for the same symptom, always perform the operational tests first; this will prevent possible damage to the transaxle during driving.
- 5. Performance Evaluation. This test evaluates the driveability of the 4EAT transaxle. The results of the test may require major disassembly, therefore this test should always be performed last. During the test, the powertrain may also show problems that can cause the transaxle to malfunction, or be confused with transaxle problems. If no problems are found during the test, it is likely that the problem is intermittent. Since the problem may not reoccur, the symptom should be evaluated with the customer present.

NOTE: After any repair is made, test the transaxle again to check if the symptom is still present. If the symptom reoccurs, further testing must be performed to isolate the problem. Whenever fluid is drained from the transaxle, be certain the proper type and amount of fluid is replaced.

Engine problems or driveline problems can affect transaxle performance; therefore, other systems may have to be serviced before the transaxle, such as the engine or halfshafts.





	TEST STEP	RESULT	>	ACTION TO TAKE
P12	ATF CONDITION CHECK.			
<ul><li>Pla</li><li>Wa</li><li>Re</li><li>Ins</li><li>1.</li><li>2.</li><li>3.</li><li>4.</li></ul>	rk the vehicle on a level surface.  ace the selector lever in the PARK position.  arm the engine at idle.  move the dipstick.  spect the ATF for: Burnt ARF Unusual smell Discoloration Contamination (improper type of fluid, etc.)  e any of these concerns evident?	Yes		DRAIN and REPLACE the ATF.  Note: If particles are evident in ATF or there is other contamination (water, dirt, foam, etc.) the transaxle oil pan must be removed for further inspection. If contamination is present, the transaxle must be disassembled flushed and cleaned.
		No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to PI3.
		Burnt ATF		GO to the symptom chart.

	TEST STEP		RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
P13	IDLE SPEED INSPECTION			
Note:	If idle speed is to be checked, ignition timing must be checked also.	Yes No		GO to PI4.  Adjust the idle speed
1.9L •	(Refer to the Engine/Emissions Diagnosis Manual).			as required.
	Warm the engine.			
•	Place the transaxle in the PARK range.			
•	Using a jumper wire, connect the ground terminal to the TEN terminal on the diagnosis connector.			
•	Using the tachometer, check the vehicle's idle speed. The idle speed should be between 700-800 rpm.			
Note:	When the parking brake is not applied, the idle speed for automatic transaxle vehicles (Canadian vehicles) is approximately 800 rpm.			
•	If the idle speed is not within specification, adjust the idle speed by turning the idle speed adjusting screw until the idle speed is within the specification.			
•	Is the idle speed within specification?			



# Technical Service Information

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	TEST STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE
PI4	SELECTOR LEVER INSPECTION			
• Tu bi • Ci • en bu	love the selector lever through every range.  urn the ignition switch to ON and apply the rake pedal.  heck that the button must be pushed to agage DRIVE, REVERSE and PARK ranges at not NEUTRAL, or OVERDRIVE ranges.	Yes No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to PI5.  ADJUST or SERVICE the selector lever as required.
• Ch (sn po	neck that the selector lever position matches indicator position.  neck for proper operation of the button mooth operation and "clicks" in each sition).  nest the selector lever operate properly?			
	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	BUTTON NEED NOT BE DEPRESSED		
		BUTTON MUST BE PRESS	SED	

	TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>•</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
PI5	TRANSAXLE FLUID LEAKAGE CHECKS			
Note be s specific training of the fluid poor training or the fluid poor training or training the fluid poor training or train	ark the vehicle on a level surface.  Theck the speedometer cable connection at the transaxle.  Expected by tightening the attaching bolts to diffication.  The the fluid filler tube connection at the ansaxle case.  Theck the fluid lines and fittings between the ansaxle and the cooler for looseness, wear, adamage.  Expected by tightening the attaching bolts to diffication.  The premised at the rate of 2.5ml (½ teaspoon) the powder to 0.23L (½ pint) of transaxle fluid dielpful when locating the source of fluid dielpful when locating the s	Yes		SERVICE or REPLACE the leaking gasket or component.  Note: Do not try to stop an oil leak by increasing any bolt or fitting torque beyond specification. This may cause damage to the transaxle case threads.  GO to PI6



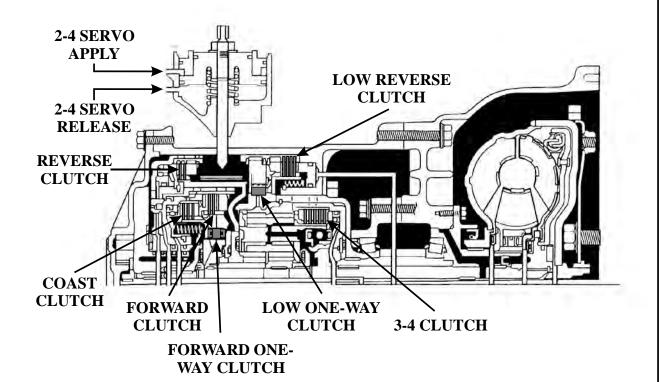
## Technical Service Information

	TEST STEP	RESULT	•	ACTION TO TAKE
PI6	KICKDOWN CABLE INSPECTION			
• P	furn the engine OFF.  Place the transaxle in the PARK range.  Check for smooth operation of the kickdown able from idle to WOT.  Poes the cable operate smoothly?	Yes No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to PI7 .  SERVICE or REPLACE kickdown cable as required.

TEST STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE
P17 THROTTLE CABLE INSPECTION			
Turn the engine OFF.  Place the transaxle in the PARK range.	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to PIB.  ADJUST or REPLACE
Check for smooth operation of the throttle cable from idle to WOT.     Does the cable operate smoothly?			as required.

	TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
PI8	TIRE PRESSURE CHECK			
Turn the engine OFF.  Place the transaxle in the PARK range.		Yes		GO to the symptom chart.
í	heck the tire pressures (cold). re all tires inflated to the proper pressure?	No		INFLATE to the proper level.

#### TRANSAXLE CLUTCH AND BAND APPLICATION CHART



RANGE	2-4 BAND	REVERSE CLUTCH		FORWARD CLUTCH	ONE		COAST CLUTCH	LOW REVERSE CLUTCH	LC ONE- CLU	-WAY
					DRIVE	COAST			DRIVE	COAST
REVERSE		ON						ON		
D 1st				ON	Н	O/R			Н	O/R
D 2nd	ON			ON	Н	O/R				
D 3rd			ON	ON	Н	Н	<b>A</b> *			
D 4th	ON		ON	**	O/R	O/R				
2 2nd	ON			ON	Н	Н	<b>A</b> *			
1 1ST				ON	Н	Н	<b>A</b> *	ON*	Н	Н

H = HOLDING

O/R = OVERRUNNING

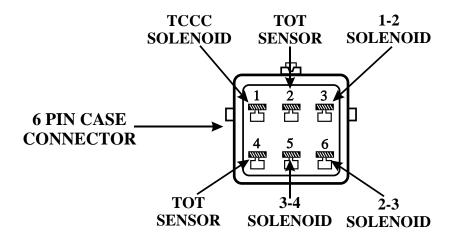
\*\* = APPLIED BUT INEFFECTIVE

A\* = APPLIED FOR ENGINE BRAKING ONLY

ON\* = HOLDING FOR ENGINE BRAKING ONLY

# TRANSAXLE CONTROL SYSTEM SOLENOID OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES

RANGE	1-2	2-3	3-4	TCCC
PARK	OFF/ON <sup>1</sup>	OFF	ON/OFF <sup>2</sup>	OFF
REVERSE	ON/OFF <sup>3</sup>	ON/OFF	OFF/ON <sup>5</sup>	OFF
NEUTRAL	OFF/ON <sup>1</sup>	OFF	ON/OFF <sup>2</sup>	OFF
D-1st	OFF	ON	ON/OFF <sup>6</sup>	OFF
D-2nd	ON	ON	ON	OFF
D-3rd	OFF/ON <sup>7</sup>	OFF	OFF	<b>OFF</b>
D-4th	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
D-4th L.U.	ON	OFF	ON	ON
2-2nd	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
1-1st	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF



OFF/ON = ON in Neutral above 5 km/h (3 mph). 91-95 ESCORT/TRACER

ON/OFF<sup>2</sup> = OFF in Neutral above 5 km/h (3 mph). 91-95 ESCORT/TRACER

ON/OFF<sup>3</sup> = ON 1.8L Models. OFF 1.9L Models

ON/OFF<sup>4</sup> = ON 91-92 1.9L Models ONLY. OFF other Models

OFF/ON<sup>5</sup> = OFF 1.8L Models. ON 1.9 Models.

ON/OFF = OFF in 1st gear 93-95 1.8L OD and D ranges ESCORT/TRACER

OFF/ON<sup>7</sup> = ON above 20 mph. or below operating temp. 93-95 1.8L. ON above 16mph. or below operating temp. 91-95 1.9L. ON in 3rd 91-92 1.8L

TCCC = Torque Converter Clutch Control Solenoid



## **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

#### **Symptom Chart**

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Noise in All Gears—Does Not Change Power to Coast	<ul><li>Defective speedometer gears.</li><li>Bearings worn or damaged.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>EXAMINE/REPLACE the speed drive or driven gear.</li> <li>EXAMINE/REPLACE.</li> </ul>
	Planetary gearset worn.	SERVICE the planetary gearset.
Harsh Shifts (Any Gears)	Kickdown cable out of adjustment.	CHECK the kickdown cable adjustment.
	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body.
	<ul><li>Sticking accumulators.</li><li>CV joints.</li></ul>	<ul><li> INSPECT the accumulators.</li><li> SERVICE as required.</li></ul>
	Engine mounts loose.	INSPECT the throttle valve.
	Throttle valve sticking.	CHECK the band adjustment.
	Band adjustment.     Band servo.	INSPECT the band servo.
Soft Shifts (Any Gears)	Kickdown cable out of adjustment.	CHECK the kickdown cable adjustment.
	Oil pump worn.	INSPECT the oil pump.
	Internal ATF leakage.	INSPECT the transaxle.
	Band adjustment.	CHECK the band adjustment.
	Band servo.	INSPECT the band servo.
	<ul> <li>Pressure regulator valve damaged.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>INSPECT the pressure regulator.</li> </ul>
	ATF level.	CHECK and FILL.
	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body.
	Sticking accumulators.	<ul> <li>INSPECT the accumulators.</li> </ul>
	Throttle valve sticking.	INSPECT the throttle valve.



### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

#### **Symptom Chart**

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Erratic Shifting, Incorrect Shift Points, Incorrect Shift	Kickdown cable out of adjustment.	CHECK the kickdown cable adjustment.
Sequence	<ul><li>Control valves.</li><li>4EAT control module.</li><li>Band adjustment.</li></ul>	GO to switch monitor test SMA.     CHECK the band adjustment.
	Clutches slipping.     Fluid level and quality.	INSPECT the clutches.     CHECK and FILL.
Improper Lockup	<ul><li>Control valves.</li><li>4EAT control module.</li><li>Torque converter.</li></ul>	<ul><li>GO to switch monitor test SMA.</li><li>INSPECT the torque converter.</li></ul>
Skipping Gears (For Example, Shift 1st to 3rd, or 2nd to OVERDRIVE)	<ul> <li>Control valves.</li> <li>4EAT control module.</li> <li>ATF temperature switch.</li> <li>Valve body.</li> <li>2-4 band.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>GO to switch monitor test SMA.</li> <li>INSPECT the valve body.</li> <li>CHECK the band adjustment.</li> </ul>
Transaxle Overheating	<ul> <li>Improper fluid level.</li> <li>Poor engine performance.</li> <li>Worn clutch, incorrect band application, or poor oil pressure control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CHECK the fluid level.</li> <li>ADJUST according to specifications.</li> <li>GO to operational test OPA.</li> </ul>
	Restriction in cooler lines.	CHECK the cooler lines for kinks and damage. CLEAN, SERVICE, or REPLACE the cooler lines.  INSPECT the cooler for
	Clogged cooler.	plugging. SERVICE as required.

NOTE: Excessive overheating may cause damage to the internal components. Always retest the 4EAT for other symptoms after the overheating problem is resolved and the burned fluid is replaced.



### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

#### **Symptom Chart**

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Drags in REVERSE Like     Parking Brake Is Applied	• 2-4 band adjustment incorrect.	INSPECT the band adjustment.
	Brakes partially applied.	GO to Section 06-00.
Drags in Forward Gears Like Parking Brake Is Applied	2-4 band adjustment incorrect.	INSPECT the band adjustment.
	Brakes partially applied.	GO to Section 06-00.
Engine Runaway or Flare-up	Fluid level low.	CHECK the fluid level.
on Upshift	Valve body damaged or sticking valves.	INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.
	Oil pump pressure inadequate.	INSPECT the oil pump and pressure.
	Damaged bypass valve.	INSPECT the bypass valve.
	Clutches slipping.	INSPECT the clutches.
Engine Runaway or Flare-up	Coasting bypass valve	GO to operational test OPA.
on Downshift	sticking.	INSPECT the clutches.
	Clutches slipping.	CHECK the fluid level.
	• Fluid level inadequate.	INSPECT the oil pump.
	Oil pump pressure inadequate.	
Excessive Creep	Torque converter.	• INSPECT the torque converter.
	<ul> <li>Kickdown cable out of adjustment.</li> </ul>	INSPECT the kickdown cable adjustment.
	Ignition timing and idle speed.	CHECK and ADJUST as necessary.
	Manual valve misadjusted.	ADJUST manual valve.
• No Creep	ATF level and condition.	CHECK the level and condition.
	Kickdown cable out of adjustment.	INSPECT the kickdown cable adjustment.
	Selector lever.	CONFIRM the selector linkage adjustment and operation.
	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body.
	Control valves.	INSPECT the control valves.
	Forward clutch.	INSPECT the clutches.
	REVERSE clutch.	
	Oil pump.	INSPECT the oil pump.
	Brakes partially applied.	INSPECT brake adjustment.
Engine Stalls when put into	Torque converter.	INSPECT the torque converter.
Gear	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body.
	Control valves.	GO to switch monitor  Took SNAA
	4EAT control.	Test SMA.



TEST STEP			RESU	LT 🕨	ACTION TO TAKE	
SMA S	SWITCH MONITO	R TEST A				
Perform the Quick Test to determine if any trouble codes are present. Refer to the Engine/Emissions Manual. If codes are present, service the vehicle as necessary. If no codes are present, perform the following switch monitor test with the test equipment listed.				Yes No	<b>A</b>	GO to SMB . GO to the Pinpoint Tests in the Engine/Emissions Manual.
Teste	Vehicle r Application	Adapter#	Overlay #			
4EAT Tester	<b>!</b>	007-00095	3122-690			
the t key 1.8L 20 M	the correct tester following LEDs are OFF:  /1.9L  MEMORY POWER  CHECK CONNECT	e illuminate				
Note: (	Other LEDs may a nput is under the For example, if the sabove 72°C (162 he engine coolant will be illuminated.	also be illur right condi coolant te PF), then the temperatu	tion. mperature ne LED for			



TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
SMB SWITCH MONITOR TEST B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<ul> <li>With the test equipment connected from the previous step, check the condition of each switch listed below under the following conditions:</li> <li>Key ON, engine OFF.</li> </ul>	Yes No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to SMC . GO to Pinpoint Tests. Refer to NE/ED Manual.
Note: Also verify all conditions with the engine running.			
Are all the switches ok?			

PIN#	Description	LED or VOM	Condition	
1F BOO/(BRAKE LIGHT)		BOO/(BRAKE LIGHT) ON Above 10V OFF Below 1.5V		
1O IDL/(IDLE) (1.8L Only)		ON Above 10V OFF Below 1.5V	Accelerator pedal depressed Accelerator pedal released	
2H	MLPL/(L)	ON Above 10V OFF Below 1.5V	Trans. in L range Other ranges	
2F	MLPD/(D)	ON Above 10V	Trans. in D range	
		OFF Below 1.5V	Other ranges	
2D	MLPOD/(OD)	ON Above 10V	Trans. in OD range	
}		OFF Below 1.5V	Other ranges	
2B	MLP/N OR P	ON Below 1.5V OFF Above 10V	Trans. in P or N ranges Other ranges	
1H	MMS/MANUAL SWITCH (1.8L only)	ON Above 10V OFF Below 1.5V	Manual switch depressed Manual switch released	
1B	MML/MANUAL IND. ON Below 1.5 (1.8L only) OFF Above 10		Manual shift ON Manual shift OFF	
	Throttle Position Sensor	4.0-5.5V 0.5V Changes 0.5V	Accelerator fully depressed Accelerator pedal released Every 1/8 position change	

#### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

	TEST STEP		RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
• W	SWITCH MONITOR TEST C  With the test equipment connected from the revious step, check the following switches with the engine running under the conditions specified.	Yes No		<b>&gt;</b>	GO to OPA . GO to the Pinpoint Tests. Refer to NE/ED Manual.
• A	re all the switches ok?				

PIN#	Description	LED or VOM	Condition
1N	ECT/(WATER TEMP)	ON Above 10V OFF Below 1.5V	Above 72° C (162°F) Below 65° C (149°F)
1D	NA/(NO LOAD SIG.) (1.9L Only)	ON Below 1.5V OFF Above 10V	In N or P range In any gear
1G	TOT/(ATF TEMP)	ON Below 1.5V OFF Above 10V	ATF temp. above 143°C (289°F) ATF temp. below 105°C (302°F)

#### **Operational Tests**

#### Description

Operational test procedures serve as pre-road test checks. The procedures are conducted with the engine operating in the service facility using minimal time and less effort than the road test. These procedures determine the causes of (and provide the corrective actions for) the transaxle malfunctions most likely to occur. These include the torque converter, the powertrain, the friction elements (clutches and bands), the hydraulic system, and the associated regulating valves and controls.

#### Preparation:

- 1. Check the following items:
  - Coolant level and condition.
  - ATF level and condition.
  - Idle speed.
- 2. Prepare the vehicle:
  - Place the selector lever in PARK position.
  - Block the wheels.
  - Apply the parking brake.
  - Warm the engine to 50-80°C (122-176°F).
- Perform each operational test and then use the evaluation sheet for direction.



TEST STEP	RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
OPA POWERTRAIN FUNCTION CHECK (STALL TEST)		
Check for slippage of the clutches, bands, and the torque converter capacity as follows:		SEE "Stall Test Evaluation" Chart.
Stall test procedure		
With the selector lever set to REVERSE, and the foot brake firmly applied, steadily increase the engine speed to its maximum, then quickly read and note to the highest rpm. Release the accelerator.		
CAUTION: This procedure must be completed within 5 seconds, followed by cooling the ATF in NEUTRAL range idling for at least one minute.		
Repeat the test, followed by the cooling step for each of the selector lever ranges OVERDRIVE, DRIVE, and LOW.		
Use the following "Stall Test Evaluation" to verify the test results, and the corresponding action to take.		



		TEST STEP		RESULT -	ACTION TO TAKE
OPA		TRAIN FUNCTION EST) — CONTINU			
STA	LL TEST	EVALUATION			,
Test	t Result	Range	Pos	sible Cause	Action to Take
				Worn oil pump	REPLACE.
		In all ranges	Insufficient line pressure	Oil leakage from oil pump, control valve, and/or transmission case	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, and REPAIR or REPLACE as required.
				Stuck pressure regulator valve	
		In OVERDRIVE range	One-way clutch	#2 slipping	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, and REPAIR or REPLACE as
•	above ification*	In forward ranges	Forward clutch slipping, one-way clutch #1 slipping		required.
		In DRIVE and LOW ranges	Coasting clutch	slipping	
		in OVERDRIVE and DRIVE ranges	2-4 band slippir	ng	ADJUST and RETEST.
	In REVERSE and LOW ranges	LOW and REVERSE slipping		DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR/REPLACE as required.	
		-Stall Speed			
OVE	RDRIVE, I	DRIVE, LOW, REV	ERSE	<b>1.9L</b> 2400-2700 rpm	<b>1.8L</b> 2200-2500 rpm



TEST STEP			RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
	TRAIN FUNCTION EST)—CONTINUE			<u></u>
STALL TEST	EVALUATION			,
Test Result	Range	Po	ssible Cause	Action to Take
		LOW and REV REVERSE clut	ERSE brake slipping ch slipping	PERFORM the road test to determine whether problem is LOW and REVERSE brake or REVERSE clutch.
Above specification	In REVERSE range			a) Engine brake applied in 1st REVERSE clutch
				b) Engine brake not applied in 1st LOW and REVERSE brake
				REPAIR or REPLACE as required.
Within specific	ation*	=	elements within e functioning normally	GO to OPB .
		Engine out of tu	ine	TUNE the engine before running stall test.
Below specifica	ation*	One-way clutch converter	slipping within torque	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR or REPLACE as required.
*Specification-	-Stall Speed:			
OVERDRIVE, D	PRIVE, LOW Range		<b>1.9L</b> -2700 rpm	<b>1.8L</b> 2200-2500 rpm



	TEST STEP	RESULT	•	ACTION TO TAKE
OPB	HYDRAULIC CONTROL SYSTEM TIME LAG CHECK			
	theck the time lag between selector lever ositions using a stopwatch.			SEE "Time Lag Evaluation" Chart.
• T	ime Lag Test Procedure:			
1.	With the engine idling at 750 $\pm$ 50 rpm, in PARK range, shift from NEUTRAL range to DRIVE range and measure the elapsed time until engagement is felt, using the stopwatch.			
2	. Idle the engine in NEUTRAL range for one minute (minimum) to cool the ATF.			
3.	Repeat step 1 procedure for NEUTRAL to DRIVE range, and NEUTRAL to REVERSE range.			
4.	Repeat steps 1 through 3, three times and average the results.			
5.	Use the following "Time Lag Evaluation" to verify, and follow the corresponding action to take.			



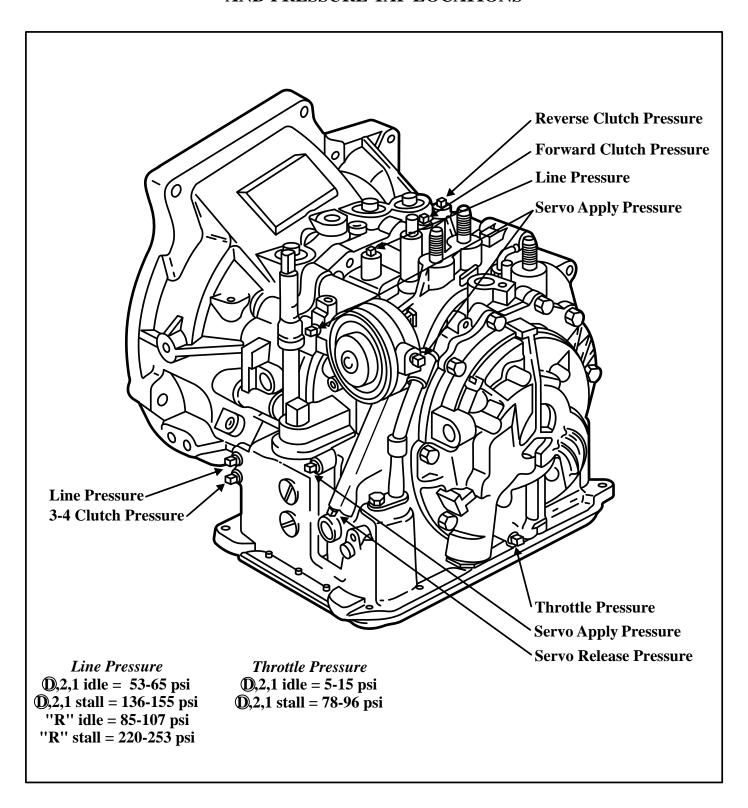
LAG CHE	LIC CONTROL SY	STEM TIME				
	LUATION					
Shift	Range	Pos	sible Cause		Action to Take	
	More than	Insufficient line	pressure	G	O to OPC .	
NEUTRAL- OVERDRIVE	The state of the s		#1 slipping		DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT and REPAIR	
Less than specification*		NEUTRAL-DRIVE accumulator not operating properly		RE	REPLACE as required.	
		Excessive line	pressure	GC	O to OPC .	
	More than	Insufficient line	pressure	GC	to OPC .	
NEUTRAL-	specification*	LOW and REVI REVERSE clute	ERSE brake slipping ch slipping		DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, and REPAIR	
	EVERSE Less than NEUT		ERSE accumulator roperly	1	REPLACE as quired.	
		Excessive line p	pressure	GC	to OPC .	



## **Technical Service Information**

## MAZDA/FORD F4A-EL AND F4EAT

### LINE PRESSURE SPECIFICATIONS AND PRESSURE TAP LOCATIONS





### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

	TEST STEP	RESULT	•	ACTION TO TAKE
OPC	OIL PRESSURE AND CONTROL CHECK—CONTINUED			

#### LINE PRESSURE TEST EVALUATION

Pressure Test Result	Range	Possible Location of Problem	Action to Take
Low	All	Worn oil pump, fluid leaking from oil pump, control valve body or transaxle case, pressure regulator valve sticking	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR or REPLACE as required the complete pump, valve assembly, or components.
Low	OVERDRIVE DRIVE	Fluid pressure leakdown from hydraulic circuit of forward clutch	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR or REPLACE components as required.
Low	REVERSE	Fluid pressure leakdown from hydraulic circuit of LOW and REVERSE band or REVERSE clutch	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR or REPLACE components as required.
High	All	Throttle valve sticking or out of adjustment, throttle modulator valve sticking, pressure regulator valve sticking	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR or REPLACE components as required.
Within Specified Limits	Ali	_	GO to OPD

TI	ST. STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE			
OPD THROTTLE PRES	SSURE TEST						
Check the line press components and for adjustments as follows:	improper throttle cable			SEE "Throttle Pressure Test Evaluation" Chart.			
	e tester at the throttle hole (square head plug						
• Procedure:							
<ol> <li>With the engine ic PARK range, shift OVERDRIVE rang pressure at idle. W applied, steadily in to its maximum, q throttle pressure. I</li> </ol>							
within five secon	must be completed ds, followed by cooling RAL range idling for at						
2. Specification—Thr	ottle Pressure						
	Throttle Pressu	re kPa (kg/cm²psi)					
Range		OVERDRIVE					
idle		32-101 (.33-1.03, 5-15)					
Stall Speed	-	543-660 (5.53-6.73, 78-96)					



#### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)**

	TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
OPD	THROTTLE PRESSURE TEST—CONTINUED			

#### THROTTLE PRESSURE TEST EVALUATION

Pressure Test Result	Possible Location of Problem	Action to Take
Not within specified limits.	Throttle valve sticking Pressure Regulator Valve	DISASSEMBLE, INSPECT, REPAIR, CLEAN or REPLACE the valve(s) as required.
	Improper adjustment of throttle cable	REMOVE, INSPECT for damage and freedom of movement, REPLACE and ADJUST per shop manual as required.
Within specified limits.	_	GO to Road Test.

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Description

This test evaluates the 4EAT performance. The test should be run only at the direction of the 4EAT Symptom Menu. This test is a driving evaluation of the transaxle shifting quality, ability and timing. Shift problems will be directed to a list of symptoms for appropriate actions to take. These symptom menus are Upshift, Downshift, and Shift Feel for the various symptoms encountered.

- Drive the vehicle and attempt to recreate the symptom.
- Safety. It is important that the road test be performed with safety issues in mind. Use the seat belts and operate the vehicle in a safe manner.

- Two people should participate in this test. One person should drive the vehicle, and the other should observe the conditions and symptoms encountered during the road test.
- 4. Alternatives. In some cases it may not be necessary or desirable to perform an actual road test. If the symptom occurs at starting, idling or high rpm idling conditions, perform the test at the operating condition that applies to the situation.
- If several symptoms are found, service them in the order they occur.
- Begin the test with step SP1.



	TEST STEP	RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
SP1	SHIFT POINT CHECK		
	Varm engine to operating temperature above 162°F).	Yes	GO to SP2 .
_	ruise control OFF. elector lever in DRIVE range.	No (problem on upshift)	GO to the upshift symptom menu.
1.	rive vehicle:  . Accelerate at 1/2 throttle.  . Accelerate at full throttle.	No (problem on downshift)	GO to the downshift symptom menu.
	compare the shift point with the chart.  the shift point correct?		

Engine							
		1	1.9L 1				
Throttle Position (Throttle Position Sensor Voltage)	Shifting (Gears)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)		
Fully Opened (4.0V)	1 2 2 3 3 2 2 1	4600-5150 4850-5300 2900-3200 1950-2250	30-34 58-63 54-59 24-27	5900-6500 5550-5950 3350-3650 2850-3200	38-42 66-71 61-66 34-38		
Half Throttle (1.6-2.2V)	1 2 2 3	2600-3200 2800-3400	17-21 33-41	3300-3900 3650-4300	22-25 43-51		



TEST STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE
SP2 SHIFT POINT CHECK			
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162°F).	Yes		GO to SP3
Cruise control OFF.	No (see bloom on		GO to the upshift
Selector lever in LOW range.	(problem on upshift)		symptom menu.
Drive vehicle:	No		GO to the downshift
<ol> <li>Accelerate at 1/2 throttle.</li> <li>Accelerate at full throttle.</li> </ol>	(problem on downshift)		symptom menu.
Compare the shift point with the chart.		ŀ	
• Is the shift point correct?			

			En	gine			
			1	.9L	1.8L		
Throttle Position (Throttle Position Sensor Voltage)	Shif (Ge	iting ars)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)	
Fully Opened (4.0V)	2	1	2200-2500	27-30	2250-2550	27-30	
Half Throttle (1.6-2.2V)	1	2	4050-4600	27-30	4100-4650	27-30	



TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE	
SP3 SHIFT POINT CHECK				
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162°F).	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to SP4.	
Selector lever in OVERDRIVE range.	No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to the upshift	
Cruise control OFF.	(problem on upshift)		symptom menu.	
Drive vehicle:	No		GO to the downshift	
<ol> <li>Accelerate at 1/2 throttle.</li> <li>Accelerate at full throttle.</li> <li>Operate kickdown (sudden acceleration)</li> </ol>	(problem on downshift)		symptom menu.	
• Compare the shift point with the chart.				
• Is the shift point correct?				

		Eng	jine		
		1.9	9L	1.	8L
Throttle Position (Throttle Position Sensor Voltage)	Shifting (Gears)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)	Drum Speed (rpm)	Vehicle Speed (mph)
Fully Opened (4.0V)	1 2 2 3	4600-5150 4850-5300	30-34 58-63	5900-6500 5550-5950	38-42 66-71
Half Throttle	1 2 2 3 3 OD Lockup On (3rd)	2600-3200 2800-3400 2750-3300 2200-2800	17-21 33-41 51-61 41-52	3300-3900 3650-4300	2 <b>2-25</b> <b>43</b> -51
(1.6-2.2V)	Lockup Off (3rd) Lockup	2250-2550 1900-2300	42-47 50-61		
	On (OD) Lockup Off (OD)	1850-2050	50-55	2300-2500	60-65
Fully Opened (Kickdown) (4.0V)	3 2 2 1	2900-3200 2000-2300	54-59 24-27	3400-3650 2900-3200	61-66 34-38



	TEST STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE
SP4	CHECK SLIPPAGE			
	/arm engine to operating temperature above 162°F).	Yes	•	Follow the directions given in the chart.
Connect 4EAT tester		Yes		Inspect the forward
<ul> <li>Connect the tachometer.</li> </ul>		(All speeds are incorrect)	Ì	clutch.
Drive the vehicle.		No		GO to OD1 .
	ompare the vehicle speed (and engine peed) to the four indicated vehicle speeds.			32.0 (32.)
	the vehicle speed (or engine speed) above below the indicated speed?			

	Driving Conditions		Drum Speed (rpm)							
		1000	2000	3000	4000	1000	2000	3000	4000	
Gear	Range		1.	9L		1.8L			Action to Take	
1st	LOW Range	7.	13	20	26	6	13	19	26	Inspect LOW and REVERSE Brake
1st	OVERDRIVE Range	7	13	20	26	6	13	19	26	Inspect 1-Way Clutch
2nd	DRIVE Range	12	24	36	47	12	24	35	47	Inspect 2-4 Brake Bond
3rd	DRIVF Range	19	37	55		18	36	55		Inspect Coasting Clutch
OD	OVERDRIVE Range	26	53			26	52			Inspect 3-4 Clutch



TEST STEP	RESULT		ACTION TO TAKE
SHIFT FEEL CHECK			
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162°F).	Yes		GO to the shift feel symptom menu.
<ul><li>Selector lever in OVERDRIVE range.</li><li>Cruise control OFF.</li></ul>	No	-	GO to OD2 .
<ul> <li>Drive vehicle from closed throttle to wide open throttle.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Does the shift feel excessively harsh or slushy?</li> </ul>			

TEST STEP	RESULT	>	ACTION TO TAKE
OD2 ENGINE BRAKING CHECK			
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162° F).	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to D1 .
<ul><li>Selector lever in OVERDRIVE range.</li><li>Cruise control OFF.</li></ul>	No		GO to the downshift symptom menu.
Drive vehicle until 3rd gear is obtained.			
Shift selector lever into DRIVE range.			
<ul><li>Is the engine braking felt?</li></ul>			

TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
D1 ENGINE BRAKING CHECK			
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162°F).	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to D2.  GO to the downshift
<ul><li>Cruise control OFF.</li><li>Selector lever in LOW range.</li></ul>	No		symptom menu.
<ul><li>Drive vehicle until second gear is obtained.</li><li>Is the engine braking felt?</li></ul>			



	TEST STEP	RESULT	<b>&gt;</b>	ACTION TO TAKE
D2	ENGINE BRAKING CHECK			
Warm engine to operating temperature (above 162°F).		Yes	>	GO to P1.
Cruise control OFF.		No	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to the downshift
• S	elector lever in DRIVE range.			symptom menu.
• D	rive vehicle until third gear is obtained.			
• S	hift selector into LOW range.			
• Is	the engine braking felt immediately?			

	TEST STEP	RESUL	т 🕨	ACTION TO TAKE
P1	VEHICLE STOPPING TEST			
ı	orive vehicle on level surface (engine emperature above 162°F).	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	GO to shift feel symptom menu.
• N	faximum speed of 2 mph.	No	<b>&gt;</b>	PERFORM parking
• s	hift selector lever into PARK range.			pawl inspection.
• D	loes the vehicle stop?			



SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Shift Shock in All Ranges	Kickdown cable out of adjustment.	INSPECT the cable adjustment.
	Throttle valve sticking or damaged.	CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.
	Control valves.	CHECK for clogging blockage; SERVICE as required.
	Coasting clutch.	CHECK for wear; SERVICE or REPLACE.
	LOW and REVERSE brake.	CHECK for adjustment, wear, and damage; SERVICE as required.
	Tire pressure.	INFLATE to the correct pressure.
	Accumulators.	CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.
	• 3-4 clutch.	INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.
	CV joints or engine mounts.	SERVICE or REPLACE.
	2-4 band and servo.	CHECK the adjustment.
	<ul> <li>Pressure regulator valve sticking or damaged.</li> </ul>	CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.
Harsh 1-2 Shift	Kickdown cable broken or out of adjustment.	CHECK the kickdown adjustment.
Harsh Engagement     NEUTRAL-REVERSE	NEUTRAL-REVERSE accumulator sticking or damaged.	INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.
Harsh Engagement     NEUTRAL-OVERDRIVE	NEUTRAL-OVERDRIVE accumulator sticking or damaged.	INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.



SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
2-3 Shift Shock	<ul> <li>2-3 accumulator sticking or damaged.</li> <li>1-2 accumulator sticking or damaged.</li> </ul>	INSPECT and SERVICE or REPLACE.     INSPECT and SERVICE or REPLACE.
Erratic Shifts	<ul> <li>Kickdown cable broken or out of adjustment.</li> <li>Pulse generator not functioning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>INSPECT the cable adjustment.</li> <li>INSPECT the pickup and torque converter.</li> </ul>
Soft Shift in All Ranges	<ul> <li>Kickdown cable broken or out of adjustment.</li> <li>Throttle valve sticking or damaged.</li> <li>Tire pressure.</li> <li>Pressure regulator valve sticking or damaged.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>INSPECT the cable adjustment.</li> <li>CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> <li>INFLATE to the correct pressure.</li> <li>CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> </ul>
1-2 Soft Shift	<ul><li>Valve body.</li><li>2-4 band is too loose.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.</li> <li>INSPECT the adjustment.</li> </ul>
2-3 Soft Shift	<ul><li>2-3 accumulator sticking or damaged.</li><li>Valve body.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> <li>INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.</li> </ul>
NEUTRAL-REVERSE Soft Shift	NEUTRAL-REVERSE accumulator sticking or damaged.	CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.
No Lockup	Lockup valve sticking or damaged.	CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.
Drags in Reverse Like     Parking Brake is Applied	2-4 band is too tight.	CHECK adjustment.
Slow to Engage in Reverse	Reverse clutch.	INSPECT for damage or wear; SERVICE or REPLACE.



SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Engine has Momentary Runaway During 3-2 Downshift	Coasting bypass valve sticking or damaged.	INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.
	2-4 band and servo.	INSPECT adjustment, SERVICE or REPLACE.
Hesitation in 3-2 Shift	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.
No Engine Braking     OVERDRIVE to DRIVE	Fluid blockage to coasting clutch or failed coasting clutch.	CHECK for blockage and coasting clutch condition.
	Valve body.	INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.
No Engine Braking DRIVE to LOW	Fluid blockage to coasting clutch or failed coasting clutch.	INSPECT coasting clutch for blockage or damage.
	2-4 band and servo.	CHECK adjustment and INSPECT condition.
	Valve body.	<ul> <li>INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.</li> </ul>
	Control valve.	INSPECT, CLEAN or SERVICE.



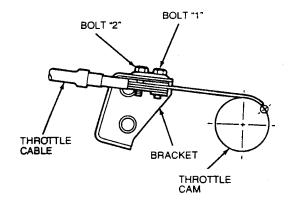
SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
No 2-3 Upshift	<ul><li> 3-4 clutch spring.</li><li> Valve body.</li></ul>	CHECK clutch adjustment and damage.      INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.
No 2nd Gear (Transmission Shifts 1-3)	Valve body.      Loose 2-4 band.	INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.     ADJUST.
No Lockup	<ul><li>Lockup solenoid not functioning.</li><li>Torque converter.</li></ul>	INSPECT the solenoid and related hydraulic circuit.     INSPECT the torque converter.
Shift Points Incorrect	<ul> <li>Valve body.</li> <li>2-4 band out of adjustment.</li> <li>Damaged or worn forward clutch.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>INSPECT the valve body and solenoid valves.</li> <li>CHECK 2-4 band adjustments.</li> <li>INSPECT and SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> </ul>
Engine Runaway When Upshifting	<ul> <li>Neutral safety switch.</li> <li>Valve body.</li> <li>One way clutch #1.</li> <li>2-4 band and servo.</li> <li>3-4 clutch.</li> <li>Bypass valve sticking or damaged.</li> <li>Forward clutch.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CHECK the adjustment and condition.</li> <li>CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> <li>INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> <li>CHECK the adjustment and condition.</li> <li>CHECK the condition and SERVICE.</li> <li>CLEAN, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> <li>INSPECT, SERVICE or REPLACE.</li> </ul>
No Upshift into OVERDRIVE	One way clutch #1. Valve body. Linkage.	CHECK clutch #1. CHECK orifices, solenoid valves and valve body.
Delayed 1-2 Shift	Valve body.	INSPECT valve body and solenoid valves.

#### **ADJUSTMENTS**

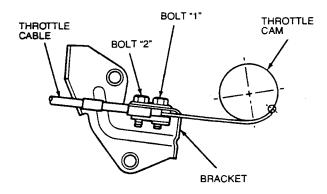
#### Line Pressure

NOTE: The following line pressure adjustment procedure can be used for both 1.8L and 1.9L vehicles. Make sure to refer to the following illustrations for the proper throttle cable and bracket configurations.

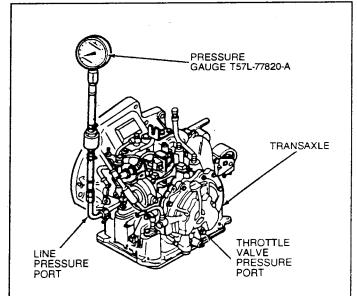
#### 1.8L ENGINE



#### 1.9L ENGINE



- If necessary, install the ends of the throttle cable to the transaxle and the throttle cam.
- 2. If necessary, install the throttle cable bracket to the intake plenum bracket.
- 3. Tighten bolt "1" to 7-9 N-m (61-87 lb-in).
- Remove the splash shield next to the front left tire.
- Remove the square head plug (marked "L") and install Transmission Test Adapters D87C-77000-A and Pressure Gauge T57L-77820-A or equivalents.



- 6. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.
- 7. Adjust the throttle cable until the line pressure reaches the following specifications:

1.8L Engine: 393-413 kPa (57-60 psi)

1.9L Engine: 490-510 kPa (71-74 psi)

- 8. Loosely tighten bolt "2".
- Turn off the engine and verify that the throttle cable moves smoothly.
- 10. Restart the engine and press the accelerator slightly, then run the engine at idle.
- 11. Verify that the line pressure is within the following specifications:

1.8L Engine: 352-441 kPa (51-64 psi)

1.9L Engine: 448-537 kPa (65-78 psi)

If the line pressure is not within specifications, repeat the procedure beginning with Step 7.

- 12. After the line pressure is within the specifications shown in Step 11, tighten bolt "2" to 7-9 N-m (61-87 lb-in).
- 13. Turn off the engine.
- 14. Install a new square head plug and tighten it to 5-10 N·m (43-87 lb-ft).

### **ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)**

#### Servo Assembly

#### Adjustment

If the existing servo piston assembly is not within the proper specification as explained in Servo Assembly Inspection in this Section, select the correct length stem from the following chart.

95.0 mm	95.5 mm	96.0 mm
(3.740 IN)	(3.760 IN)	(3.780 IN)
96.5 mm	97.0 mm	97.5 mm
(3.799 IN)	(3.819 IN)	(3.839 IN)
98.0 mm	98.5 mm	99.0 mm
(3.858 IN)	(3.878 IN)	(3.898 IN)

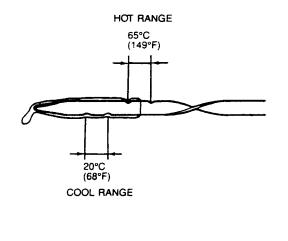
#### **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS**

#### Transaxle Fluid Level Inspection

Use the following procedure to check the transaxle fluid level:

- Apply the parking brake and block the drive wheels.
- Run the engine to its normal operating temperature to warm up the transaxle fluid.
- While the engine is idling, shift the selector lever from PARK to LOW, then shift back to PARK.
- Pull out the dipstick and be sure that the transaxle fluid level is between the LOW and FULL marks using the high temperature scale, 65°C (149°F). If necessary, add the specified transaxle fluid.

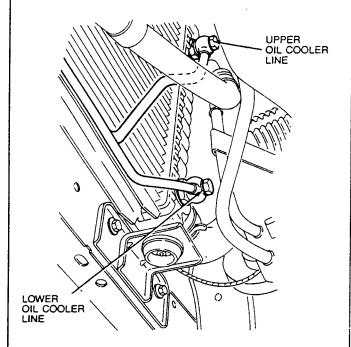
NOTE: The cool temperature scale 20°C (68° F) should be used as a reference only.



#### Oil Cooler Inspection and Flush

The 1.8L and 1.9L engines utilize a crossflow radiator which incorporates the oil cooler in the side tank, located on the passenger's side of the vehicle.

- 1. Place a drain pan under the radiator tank which incorporates the oil cooler.
- 2. Remove the upper and lower transaxle oil cooler lines located on the radiator.



- 3. Inspect the oil cooler for clogging or restrictions.
- 4. Flush the oil cooler as necessary.
- If it is necessary to remove the radiator, refer to Section 03-03.
- Install the oil cooler lines, washers, and bolts.
- 7. Check that the oil cooler lines do not interfere with any underhood components.
- Start the engine and allow it to reach its normal operating temperature.
- 9. Check the cooler lines for possible leaks.
- Check the transaxle fluid level as explained in this Section.

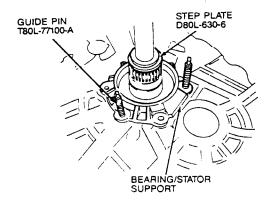
#### **Bearing Preload and Shim Selection**

NOTE: Whenever the transaxle is disassembled, the bearing preload must be adjusted. The output gear and differential bearing preload are adjusted by selecting shim(s) to insert under the bearing cups. To determine the correct thickness of the shim(s), use the appropriate shim selection set along with the following procedure.

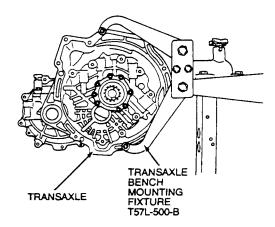
### **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

#### **Output Gear**

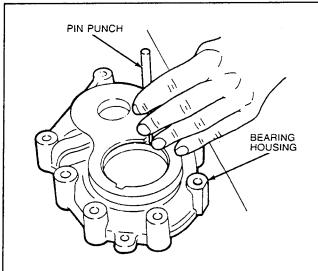
 Align the bearing/stator support using Guide Pins T80L-77 100-A or equivalent, then press the support into the converter housing using Step Plate D80L-630-6 or equivalent. Tighten the bolts to 11-14 N·m (8-10 lb-ft).



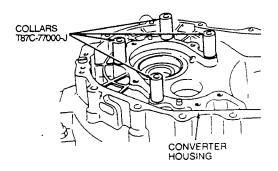
 Install the converter housing onto Transaxle Bench Mounting Fixture T57L-500-B or equivalent.



Remove the bearing cup and adjustment shim(s) from the bearing housing.



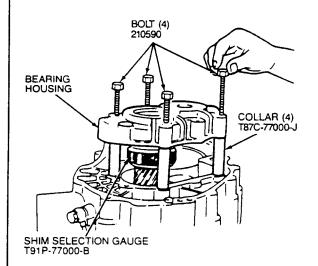
- 4. Place the output gear into the converter housing.
- 5. Place the bearing cup over the output gear bearing.
- 6. Place four Collars T87C-77000-J or equivalent on the converter housing at the positions shown.



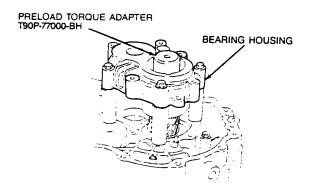
7. Place Shim Selection Gauge T91P-77000-B or equivalent on the output gear. Turn the two halves of the gauge to eliminate any gap between them.

#### **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

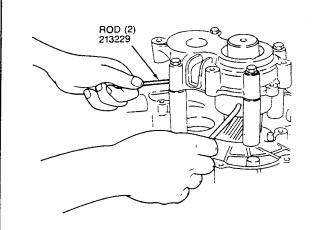
 Place the bearing housing on the collars, then install four Bolts 210590 or equivalent with washers. Tighten the bolts to 19-26 N-m (14-19 lb-ft).



9. Place Preload Torque Adapter T90P-77000-BH or equivalent on the output gear.

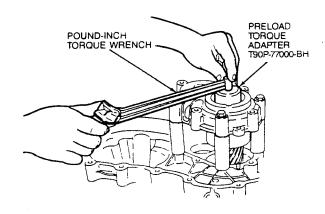


 Using Rods 213229 or equivalent, loosen the gauge halves until all of the free play is removed and the bearing cup is seated. Then thread the gauge halves back together.

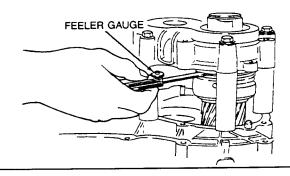


11. Attach a pound-inch torque wrench to the Torque Adapter T90P-77000-BH or equivalent. Measure the drag on the output gear bearing.

NOTE: Read the preload when the output gear starts to turn.

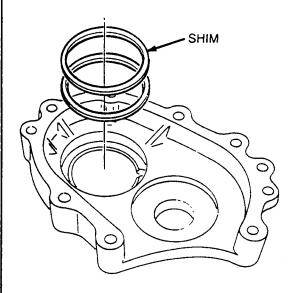


- Using the rods, turn the gauge until a reading of 0.03-0.9 N-m (0.26-7.8 lb-in) is obtained on the torque wrench.
- Use a feeler gauge to measure the gap between the two halves of the shim selection gauge.
   Measure the gap at four spots at 90 degree intervals. Use the largest measurement.

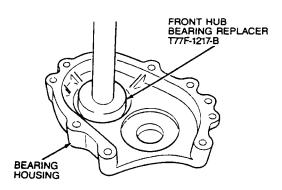


### **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

 Select the shim(s) that is closest (or slightly larger) to the measured value of the gauge gap.
 NOTE: Use no more than seven shims.



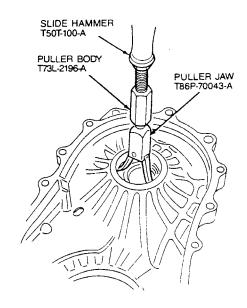
- Remove the bolts, washers, bearing housing, gauge, and bearing cup.
- Press the selected shim(s) and bearing cup into the bearing housing using Front Hub Bearing Replacer T77F-1217-B or equivalent.



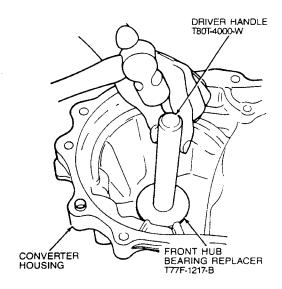
- 17. Install the bearing housing. Tighten the retaining bolts to 19-26 N-m (14-19 lb-ft).
- Measure the bearing preload. The preload should be 0.03-0.9 N-m (0.26-7.81 lb-in). Repeat the gauging process if the preload measurement is not within specification.
- 19. When the proper preload specification has been obtained, remove the bearing housing.

#### Differential

 Remove the rear bearing cup and shims from the transaxle case using Puller Jaw T86P-70043-A, Puller Body T73L-2196-A, and Slide Hammer T50T-100-A or equivalents.



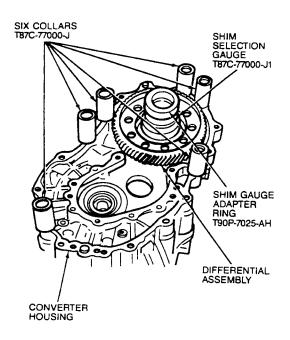
 Install the front bearing cup into the converter housing using Driver Handle T80T-4000-W and Front Hub Bearing Replacer T77F-1217-B or equivalents.



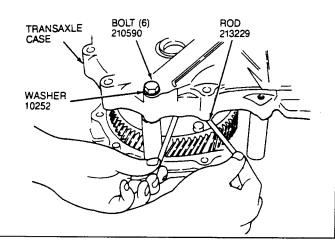
- 3. Place the differential into the converter housing.
- 4. Place six Collars T87C-77000-J or equivalent on the converter housing at the positions shown.
- 5. Place the rear bearing cup over the differential bearing.

## **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

 Place Shim Selection Gauge T87C-77000-J1 and Shim Gauge Adapter Ring T90P-7025-AH or equivalents on the output gear. Turn the two halves of the gauge to eliminate any gap between them.

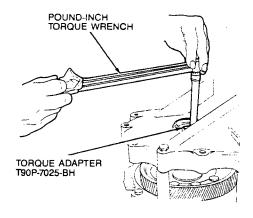


- 7. Place the transaxle case on the collars, then install six Bolts 210590 or equivalent with washers. Tighten the bolts to 37-52 N·m (27-38 lb-ft).
- Using Rods 213229 or equivalent, unthread the gauge halves until the free play is removed and the bearing cup is seated. Then thread the gauge halves back together.

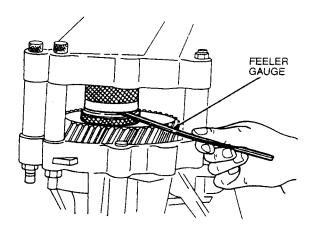


9. Engage Torque Adapter T90P-7025-BH or equivalent and attach a pound-inch torque wrench to the adapter. Measure the drag on the differential bearing.

NOTE: Read the preload when the differential starts to turn.



- Turn the gauge using the rods until a reading of 0.5 N-m (4.3 lb-in) is obtained on the torque wrench.
- Use a feeler gauge to measure the gap between the two halves of the shim selection gauge.
   Measure the gap at four spots at 90 degree intervals. Use the largest measurement.



 Add 0.3mm (0.0118 inch) to the largest measurement. Select the shim(s) closest (or slightly larger) to this final value.

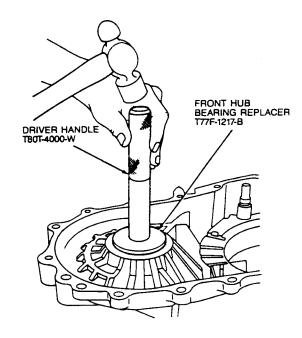
NOTE: Use no more than three shims.



### **GENERAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

	Thickness of shim	mm (in)	
0.50 (0.020)	0.55 (0.022)	0.60 (0.024)	0.65 (0.026)
0.70 (0.028)	0.75 (0.030)	0.80 (0.032)	0.85 (0.034)
0.90 (0.035)	0.95 (0.037)	1.00 (0.039)	1.05 (0.041)
1.10 (0.043)	1.15 (0.045)	1.20 (0.047)	1.25 (0.049)
1.30 (0.051)	1.35 (0.053)	1.40 (0.055)	1.45 (0.057)

- Remove the bolts, washers, transaxle case, gauge, and bearing cup.
- Install the selected shim(s) and bearing cup into the transaxle case using Driver Handle T80T-4000-W and Front Hub Bearing Replacer T77F-1217-B or equivalents.



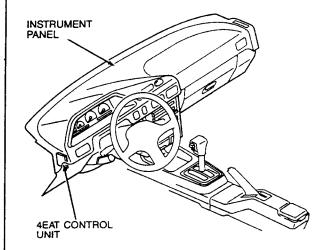
- 15. Install the transaxle case. Tighten the retaining bolts to 37-52 N·m (27-38 lb-ft).
- Measure the bearing preload. The preload should be 2.9-3.9 N-m (26-35 lb-in). Repeat the gauging process if the preload measurement is not within specification.
- 17. When the proper preload specification has been obtained, remove the transaxle case.

#### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

#### **4EAT Control Unit**

#### Removal

- Remove the three nuts located under the instrument panel on the driver's side of the vehicle securing the 4EAT control unit.
- Disconnect the wiring connectors from the 4EAT control unit.
- 3. Remove the 4EAT control unit from the vehicle.



#### Installation

- Position the 4EAT control unit under the instrument panel and connect the wiring connectors.
- Mount the 4EAT control unit to the three studs and secure with nuts.
- Test drive the vehicle to ensure that the transaxle is operating properly.

#### Valve Body

#### Removal

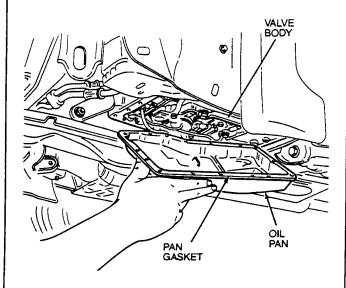
- Raise the vehicle and support it with safety stands.
- 2. Place a suitable container beneath the transaxle

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

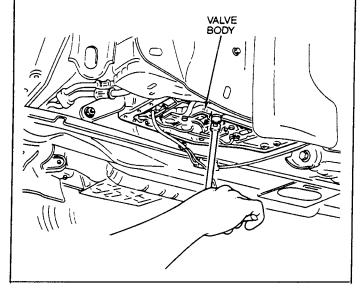
- Remove all the bolts securing the pan except the four corner bolts.
- Remove two of the remaining four bolts from the rear of the transaxle and allow the fluid to drain into the container.

# WARNING: AVOID SPILLING TRANSAXLE FLUID; THE FLUID MAY BE HOT.

- Remove the last two bolts securing the pan.
- 6. Remove the oil pan and pan gasket.



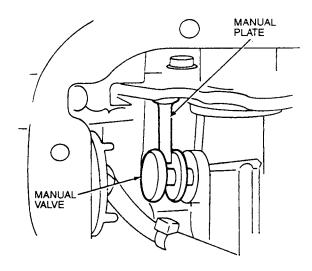
- Remove the bolts securing the wiring clips to the valve body.
- 8. Disconnect the wiring connector.
- Remove the remaining attaching bolts from the valve body and carefully remove the valve body.



#### Installation

NOTE: Shift the transaxle into REVERSE to place the manual plate in the correct position for installation.

 Install the valve body using a mirror to align the groove of the manual valve with the manual plate.



- 2. Tighten the valve body mounting bolts to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 3. Connect the wiring connector.
- Install the oil pan with a new gasket. Tighten the bolts to 8.5-11 N·m (74-95 lb-in).

NOTE: Do not use gasket sealer, RTV, etc. on the pan or gasket.

- 5. Lower the vehicle.
- Add the specified transaxle fluid to the proper level and check for fluid leaks.
- 7. Test drive the vehicle and verify that shift points are accurate and precise.

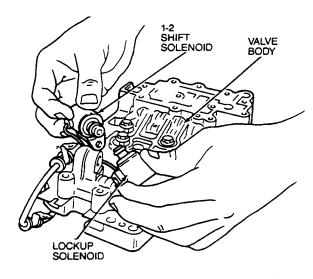
## **Shift and Lockup Solenoids**

#### Removal

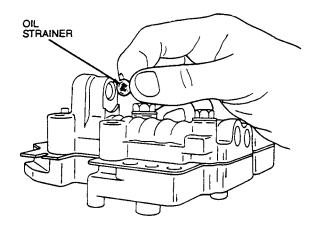
- Remove the valve body as explained in this Section.
- Remove the bolts securing the shift and lockup solenoids to the valve body.

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

3. Remove the shift and lockup solenoids, as necessary.



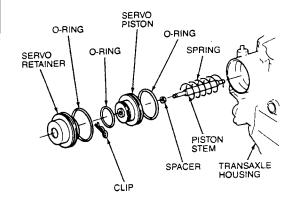
Remove the oil strainers located in the solenoid ports.



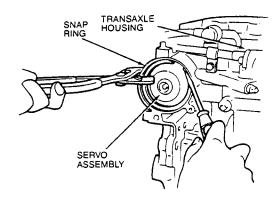
#### Installation

- 1. Install the oil strainers into the solenoid ports.
- Position the solenoids into the valve body and secure with bolts. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N-m (69-95 lb-in).
- Install the valve body, as explained in this Section. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N-m (69-95 lb-in).
- 4. Test drive the vehicle.

### Servo Assembly Removal



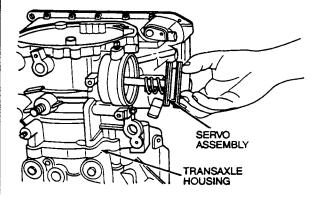
- 1. Remove the air cleaner assembly. Refer to Section 03-12A or 03-12B.
- 2. Remove the clamps and upper radiator hose.
- Depress the servo assembly with a large pair of slide-lock (channel lock) type pliers.
- With the servo assembly depressed, carefully remove the snap ring with a screwdriver.



5. Slowly release the tension on the servo and allow it to travel out of its bore.

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

Remove the servo assembly.



#### Installation

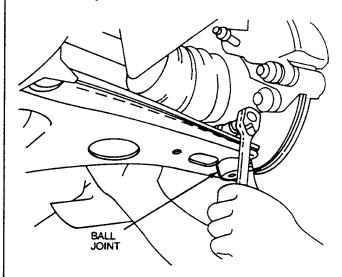
- Apply the specified transaxle fluid to the servo seal and position the servo assembly into its bore.
- Depress the servo assembly with a large pair of slide-lock (channel lock) type pliers.
- With the servo assembly being held in its depressed position, install the snap ring into the servo bore.
- 4. Release the pliers.
- 5. Install the upper radiator hose and clamps.
- 6. Install the air cleaner assembly.
- Start the engine and allow it to reach its normal operating temperature. Check the transaxle fluid level as explained in this Section.
- 8. Test drive the vehicle.

#### **Differential Oil Seals**

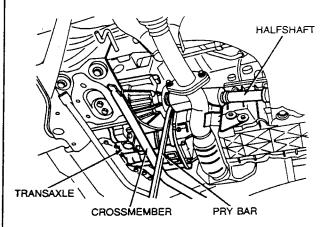
#### Removai

- Raise the vehicle,
- 2. Remove the front wheels.
- Remove the splash shields.
- 4. Drain the transaxle fluid from the differential.
- Remove the tie rod nuts and cotter pins and disconnect the tie rod ends from the steering knuckles.

 Remove the bolts and nuts from the lower control arm ball joints.



- Pull the lower control arms downward to separate them from the knuckles.
- 8. Install Three Bar Engine Support D88L-6000-A or equivalent.
- 9. Remove the lower transaxle crossmember.
- 10. Remove the right-hand halfshaft bracket on vehicles equipped with a 1.8L engine.
- 11. Remove the halfshafts from the transaxle by using a pry bar inserted between the shaft and transaxle case. Support the halfshafts with wire.

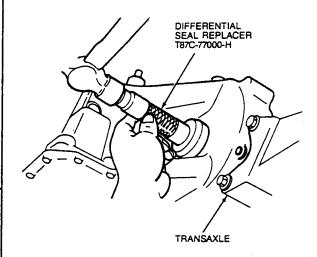


 Remove the differential oil seals with a flat-tip screwdriver.

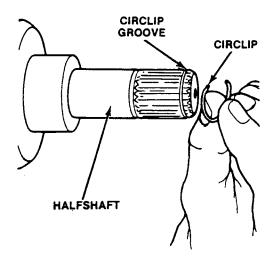
### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

#### Installation

 Tap in the new differential oil seals using Differential Seal Replacer T87C-77000-H or equivalent.



Replace the circlip located on the end of each halfshaft.



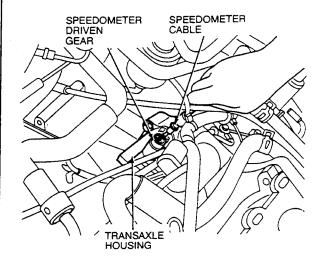
- 3. Install the halfshafts into the transaxle.
- Install the lower crossmember. Tighten the nuts to 37-52 N·m (27-38 lb-ft). Tighten the bolts to 64-89 N·m (47-66 lb-ft).
- Attach the lower control arm ball joints to the knuckles.

- Install the tie rod ends into the knuckles and tighten the nuts to 42-57 N-m (31-42 lb-ft).
   Secure the nuts with new cotter pins.
- Install the bolts and nuts securing the lower control arm ball joints to the knuckles. Tighten to 43-59 N-m (32-43 lb-ft).
- 8. Install the splash shields.
- Install the front wheels and tighten the lug nuts to 88-118 N-m (65-88 lb-ft).
- 10. Lower the vehicle.
- Add the specified transaxle fluid and inspect for leaks.

#### Transaxle

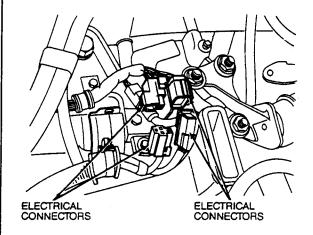
#### Removal

- Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove the battery and battery tray.
- 3. Disconnect the wiring harness retaining clip from the battery tray.
- 4. Remove the air cleaner assembly.
- Disconnect the shift control cable from the manual lever.
- Disconnect the speedometer cable from the transaxle by unsnapping the cable at the speedometer driven gear.

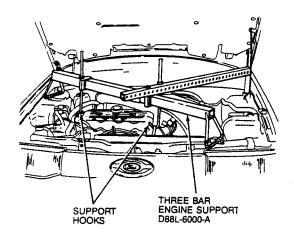


### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

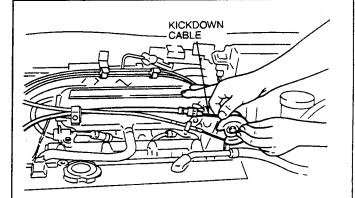
7. Disconnect the 4EAT electrical connectors and separate the 4EAT harness from the transaxle clips.



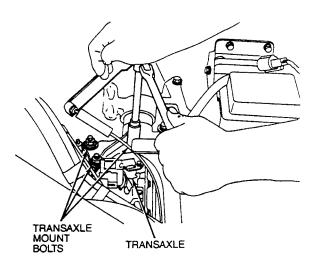
- 8. Remove the manual lever position switch wiring brackets from the top of the transaxle.
- Disconnect the ground cables from the top of the transaxle.
- 10. Remove the starter motor.
- 11. Disconnect the manual lever position switch wiring connectors.
- 12. Install Three Bar Engine Support D88L-6000-A or equivalent.



13. Disconnect the kickdown cable at the throttle cam.



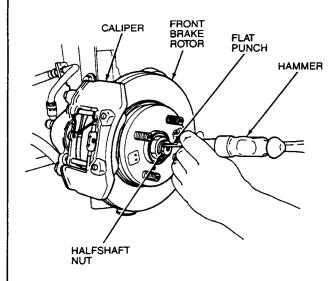
- Place a drain pan under the transaxle and disconnect the transaxle cooler lines at the transaxle.
- Remove the upper transaxle mount bolts and mount.



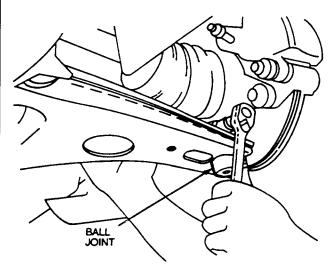
- 16. Remove the upper transaxle housing bolts.
- 17. Disconnect the EGO sensor electrical connector.
- 18. Disconnect the transaxle vent hose.
- 19. Disconnect the electrical connector at the vehicle speed sensor.
- 20. Raise the vehicle.
- 21. Remove the wheel covers.
- 22. Remove the wheels.

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

23. Using a hammer and a flat punch, straighten the detent in the halfshaft nut.

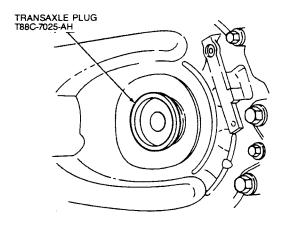


- 24. Remove the nuts securing the halfshafts to the steering knuckles.
- 25. Remove the nuts and bolts securing the lower ball joints to the steering knuckles.



- Separate the lower ball joints from the steering knuckles.
- 27. Disconnect the halfshaft mid-bearing bracket from the back of the engine.
- 28. Remove the halfshafts from both steering knuckles.
- 29. Remove three engine / transaxle lower splash shields.
- 30. Remove the torque converter inspection plate.

- 31. Remove the nuts securing the torque converter to the flex plate.
- Disconnect the lower crossmember from the vehicle chassis.
- 33. Disconnect the lower crossmember from the transaxle mounts.
- 34. Remove the driver's side halfshaft from the transaxle.
- 35. Remove the passenger's side halfshaft from the transaxle.
- 36. Install two Transaxle Plugs T88C-7025-AH or equivalent into the differential side gears.



CAUTION: Failure to install the transaxle plugs may cause the differential side gears to become improperly positioned.

- 37. Remove the drainplug from the transaxle and drain the fluid from the differential cavity.
- 38. Remove the transaxle pan and drain the transaxle fluid.
- 39. Position a transaxle jack under the transaxle. Secure the transaxle to the jack.
- 40. Remove the lower bolts securing the transaxle to the engine.
- 41. Carefully lower the transaxle out of the vehicle.

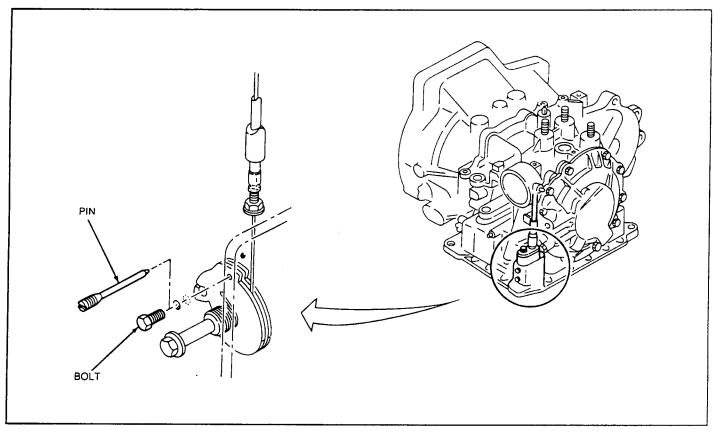
#### Installation

NOTE: A pin is used for securing the throttle cam in a fixed position on new and rebuilt 4EAT units. This pin must be removed to allow proper transaxle operation. If the pin is not removed, the throttle lever will remain in a fixed position.

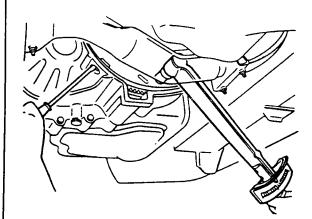
After removing the pin, apply sealant to the bolt from the previous transaxle. Install the bolt and tighten it to 8-11 N-m (69-95 lb-in).



### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

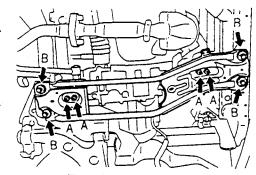


- 1. Secure the transaxle on a transaxle jack.
- 2. Raise the transaxle to the proper height under the vehicle.
- Position the transaxle to the engine and secure it with the lower bolts. Tighten the bolts to 55-80 N·m (41-59 lb-ft).
- Position the torque converter to the flex plate and install the nuts. Tighten the nuts to 34-49 N-m (25-36 lb-ft).



- Install the halfshafts.
- Secure the crossmember to the transaxle mounts. Tighten the nuts to 37-52.N-m (27-38.

7. Secure the crossmember to the vehicle chassis. Tighten the nuts and bolts to 64-89 N·m (47-66 lb-ft).



Tightening torque: A: 37-52 Nm (27-38 LB-FT) B: 64-89 Nm (47-66 LB-FT)

- 8. Install the engine / transaxle splash shields to the vehicle's undercarriage.
- 9. Install the starter motor. Refer to Section 03-06.
- 10. Position the lower ball joints into the steering knuckles and secure with nuts and bolts. Tighten nuts and bolts to 43-59 N·m (32-43 lb-ft).
- Position the tie rod end into the steering knuckles and secure with the nut. Tighten to 42-57 N-m (31-42 lb-ft).



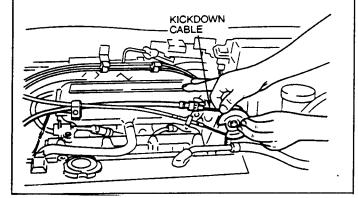
### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

- 12. Install the wheels. Tighten to 88-118 N-m(65-88 lb-ft).
- 13. Install the wheel covers.
- 14. Lower the vehicle.
- 15. Install transaxle-to-engine bolts. Tighten the bolts to 55-80 N·m (41-59 lb-ft).
- 16. Install the upper transaxle mount. Tighten the nuts to 67-93 N·m (49-69 lb-ft).
- 17. Connect the transaxle vent hose.
- Connect the electrical connector at the vehicle speed sensor.
- 19. Connect the speedometer cable.
- 20. Connect the EGO sensor wiring connector.
- 21. Connect the transaxle cooler lines.
- 22. Connect the kickdown cable at the throttle body.
- 23. Remove the Three Bar Engine Support.
- 24. Connect the ground wires to the transaxle.
- 25. Connect the manual lever position switch bracket and wiring connectors.
- 26. Connect the shift control cable to the cable bracket and to the selector lever.
- 27. Install the battery tray and battery.
- 28. Install the air cleaner assembly.
- 29. Connect the negative battery cable.
- 30. Add the specified transaxle fluid as explained in this Section.
- 31. Check for proper operation.

#### Kickdown Cable

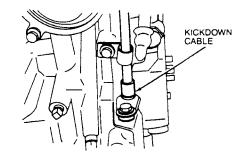
#### Removal

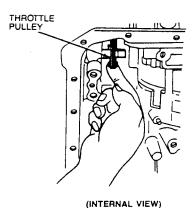
 Loosen the nuts securing the kickdown cable to the bracket mounted on the throttle body.



- 2. Disengage the cable from the throttle cam.
- 3. Remove the cable from the bracket near the throttle cam
- Remove the bolts securing the cable to the transaxle.
- 5. Remove the valve body as explained in this Section.
- Disengage the cable from the throttle pulley in the transaxle.

#### (EXTERNAL VIEW)





#### Installation

- Install the kickdown cable into the transaxle and secure the cable with a bolt.
- 2. Connect the cable to the pulley in the transaxle.
- 3. Install the valve body and the pan, then fill with the specified automatic transaxle fluid as explained in this Section.
- 4. Position the cable into the bracket at the throttle valve and secure.
- Adjust the kickdown cable as explained in this Section.

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)**

Oil Cooler Removal and Installation

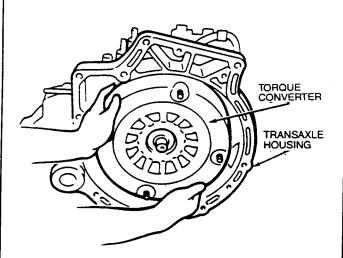
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY**

#### **Transaxle**

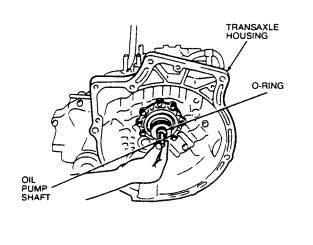
### Disassembly

1. Remove the torque converter.

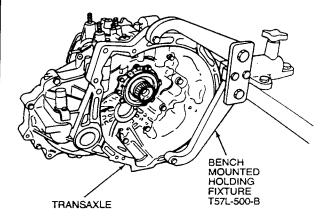
CAUTION: The torque converter is heavy. Be careful not to drop it.



Remove the oil pump shaft by hand.

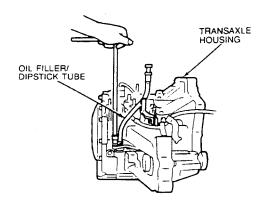


3. Mount the transaxle on Bench Mounted Holding Fixture T57L-500-B or equivalent.



NOTE: Position the transaxle on the bench mount in its normal upright position. Leaning the transaxle may cause any sediment in the pan to move throughout the geartrain.

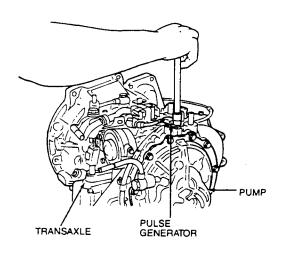
4. Remove the dipstick tube retaining bolts and pull the tube from its slot.



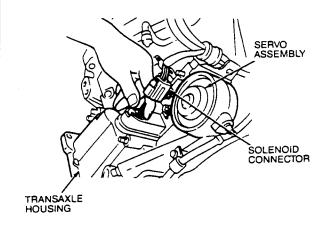
5. Remove the manual lever position switch and rubber seal.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

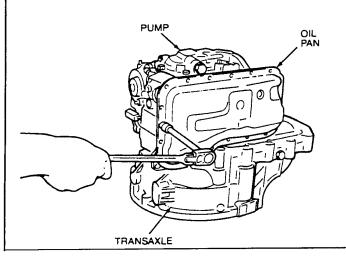
6. Remove the pulse generator.



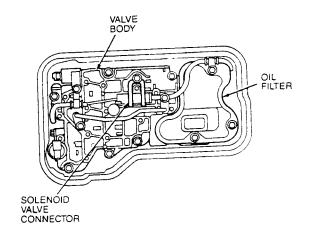
7. Disconnect the solenoid connector.



Remove the oil pan and gasket.

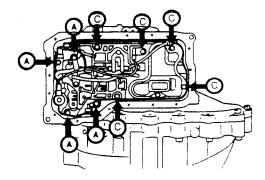


- Remove the electric wire retaining clip.
- 10. Disconnect the solenoid main harness connector.



11. Remove the bolts securing the valve body assembly.

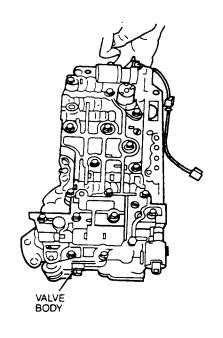
NOTE: The valve body utilizes 50mm and 30mm bolts. Refer to the following illustration for proper bolt location.



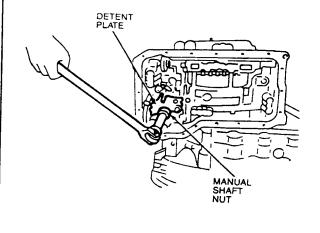
Bolt length (Measured from below the head) A: 30mm (1.18 IN) C: 50mm (1.97 IN)

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

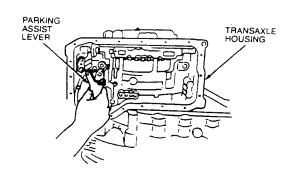
 Remove the valve body with the oil pipe and disconnect the two solenoid electrical connectors.



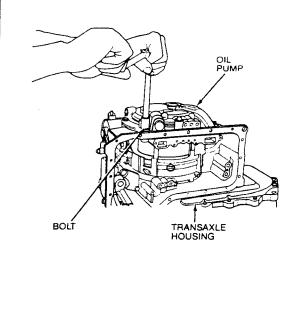
- 13. Rotate the transaxle on the bench fixture to gain access to the lower side of the transaxle.
- Remove the kickdown cable attaching bolts and bracket.
- Remove the cable from the pulley lever in the transaxle.
- Remove the nut, washer, and detent plate securing the manual shaft.



- 17. Remove the manual shaft.
- 18. Remove the bolt and lever holder.
- 19. Remove the parking assist lever.

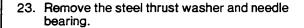


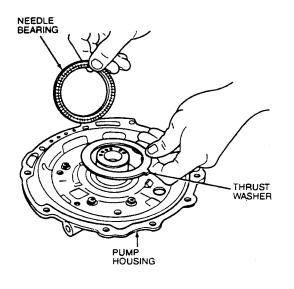
- 20. Remove the detent lever and return spring.
- 21. Remove the actuator support, parking pawl, shaft spring and clip.
- 22. Remove the oil pump.



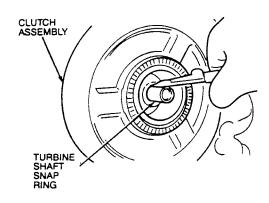


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

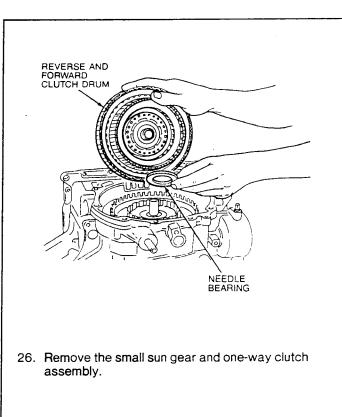


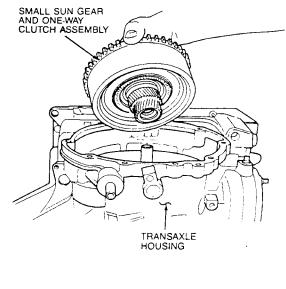


24. Remove the turbine shaft snap ring.



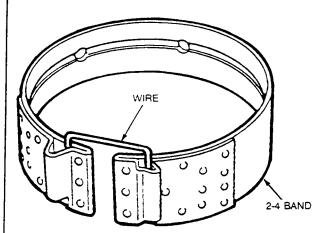
25. Remove the reverse and forward clutch drum assembly and needle bearing.



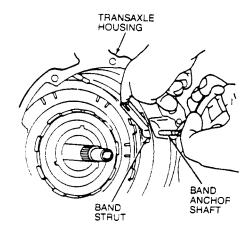


# **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

27. Remove the 2-4 band and secure it with a small piece of wire to keep the band from stretching.

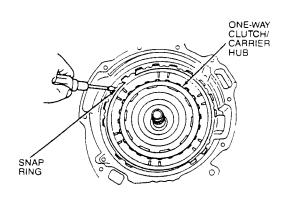


28. Remove the band anchor shaft while holding the band strut.

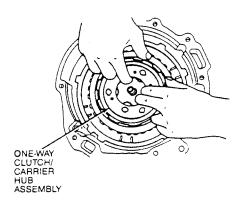


- 29. Remove the band strut.
- 30. Compress the servo assembly and remove the servo snap ring.
- 31. Remove the servo assembly and spring from its bore.

32. Remove the snap ring securing the one-way clutch in the transaxle housing.



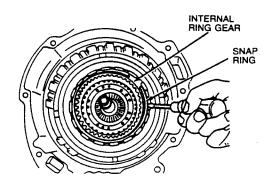
33. Remove the one-way clutch and carrier hub assembly together.



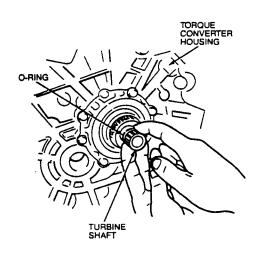
- 34. Remove the large wave spring from beneath the one-way clutch assembly.
- 35. Remove the snap ring securing the internal ring gear.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

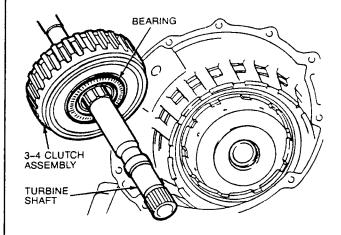
 Remove the internal ring gear from the 3-4 clutch drum.



- 37. Remove the wave ring.
- 38. Remove the snap ring.
- 39. Remove the retaining plate.
- Remove the low and reverse clutch assembly.
   Order of removal is steel plate, friction, steel, friction, steel, friction, steel, and friction.
- 41. Remove the needle bearing.
- Remove the O-ring from the turbine shaft, located on the torque converter housing side of the transaxle.



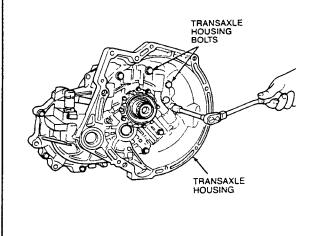
43. Pull the turbine shaft out of the pump side of the transaxle to remove the 3-4 clutch assembly.



44. Slide the 3-4 clutch assembly off of the turbine shaft.

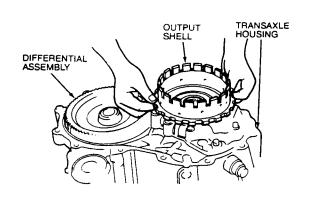
NOTE: If you are removing the low and reverse clutch, refer to the low and reverse clutch disassembly procedure explained later in this Section.

45. Remove the bolts securing the transaxle housings together. Tap the two halves of the housing lightly with a plastic hammer to separate.

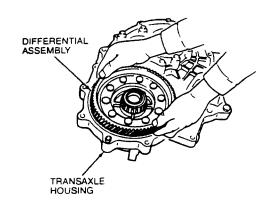


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

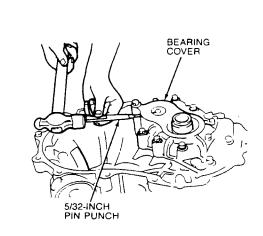
46. Remove the output shell from the output gear.



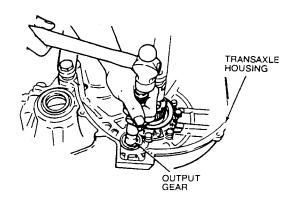
47. Remove the differential assembly.



48. Remove the roll pin from the bearing housing using a 5/32 inch flat pin punch.



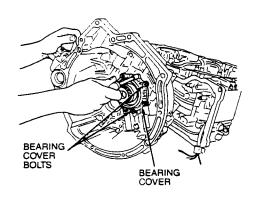
- 49. Remove the bolts and the bearing housing by tapping the housing lightly with a plastic hammer.
- Remove the idler gear assembly and the output gear assembly by lightly tapping them out from the torque converter side of the transaxle housing.



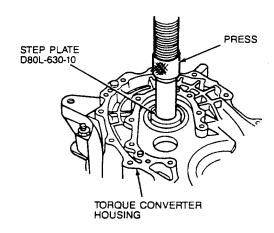
51. Remove the torque converter housing from the transaxle bench mount fixture.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

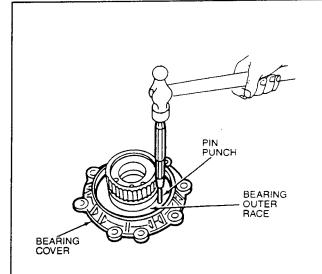
52. Remove the bearing cover bolts.



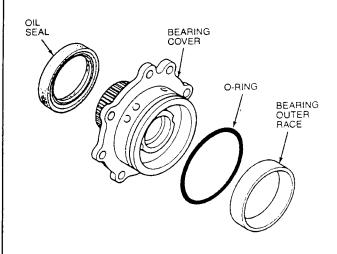
53. Press the bearing cover out of the torque converter housing using Step Plate D80L-630-10 or equivalent.



54. Remove the bearing outer race with a pin punch and a hammer.



55. Replace the oil seals and O-rings.

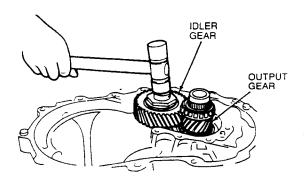


#### **Assembly**

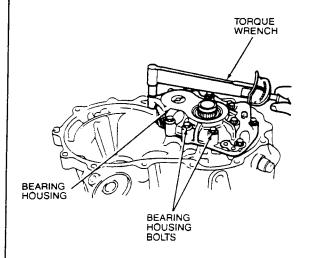
- Align the bearing cover with guide bolts. Press the bearing cover into the torque converter housing.
- 2. Tighten the bearing cover bolts to 11-14 N-m(8-10 lb-ft).

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

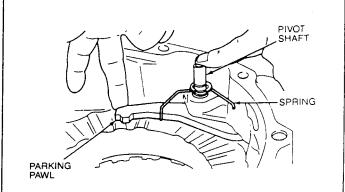
 Install the idler gear and output gear as an assembly by lightly tapping them in with a hammer.



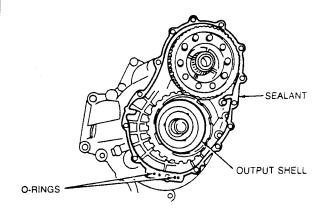
- 4. Install the bearing housing onto the torque converter housing.
- 5. Align the groove on the idler shaft with the mark on the bearing housing.
- Install the bearing housing bolts and tighten to 19-26 N·m (14-19 lb-ft).



- 7. Tap a new roll pin into the bearing housing using a 5/32 inch flat pin punch and hammer.
- 8. Install the parking pawl and shaft.
- 9. Install the spring and snap clip.



- Install the actuator support with new bolts.
   Tighten the bolts to 11-14 N-m (8-10 lb-ft).
- Install the detent lever and return spring.
- 12. Install the parking assist lever.
- 13. Install the detent lever holder and bolt. Tighten to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 14. Install the manual shaft.
- Install the detent plate, washer, and nut securing the manual shaft. Tighten the nuts to 41-55 N·m(30-41 lb-ft).
- 16. Install the output shell to the output gear.
- 17. Apply a thin coat of silicone sealant to the contact surfaces of the torque converter housing and transaxle housing.

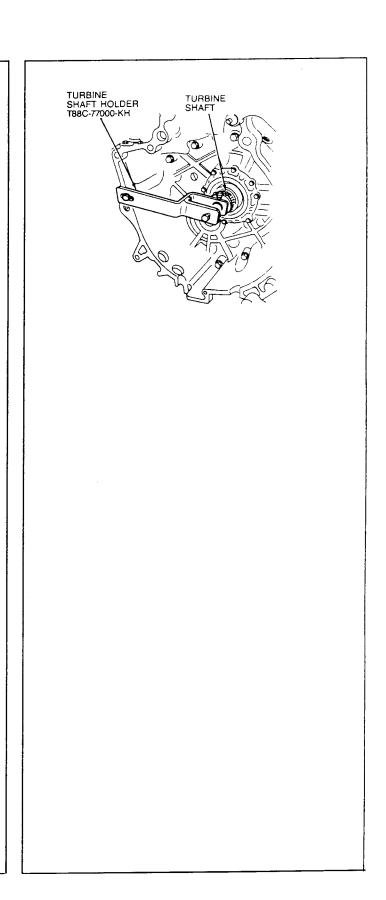


- 18. Install new O-rings onto the oil passage ports.
- Attach the transaxle housing to the torque converter housing. Tighten the bolts to 37-52 N-m (27-38 lb-ft).
- 20. If necessary, install the low and reverse clutch. Refer to the low and reverse clutch assembly procedure explained later in this Section.



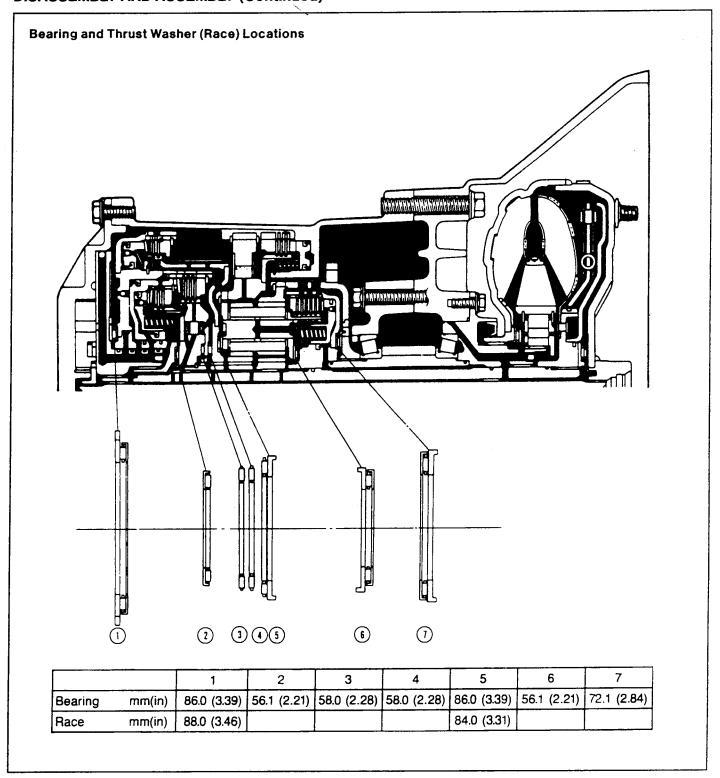
## **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

21. Install Turbine Shaft Holder T88C-77000-KH or equivalent to the transaxle.





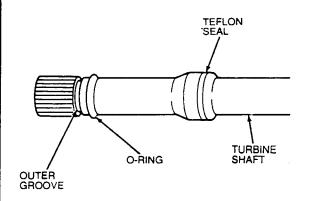
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**



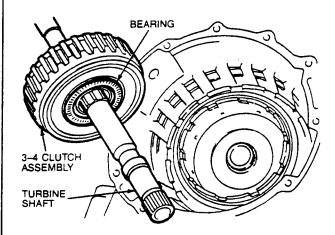
- 22. Assemble the turbine shaft and 3-4 clutch assembly.
- 23. Position the needle bearing between the 3-4 clutch assembly and the thrust washer on the output shell.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

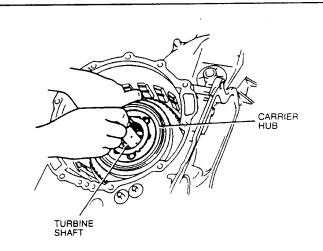
NOTE: The O-ring should be installed on the inner groove of the turbine shaft.



24. Install the turbine shaft and the 3-4 clutch assembly into the transaxle housing.

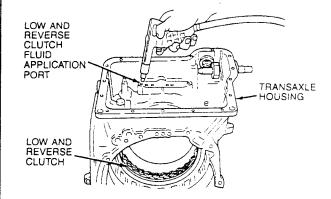


- 25. Install the internal ring gear into the 3-4 clutch assembly.
- 26. Install the snap ring.
- Position the needle bearing and thrust washer between the carrier hub assembly and the 3-4 clutch drum.
- 28. Hold the turbine shaft with one hand.
- 29. Install the carrier hub into the 3-4 clutch drum by rotating it to align the carrier hub with the 3-4 clutch pack.



- 30. Install the low and reverse clutch assembly.

  Order of installation is driven plate, drive plate, driven, drive, driven, drive, driven, and drive.
- 31. Install the retaining plate.
- 32. Install the snap ring.
- 33. Measure the clearance between the snap ring and the pressure plate. If it is not within specification 2.1-2.4mm (0.083-0.094 inch), select the appropriate snap ring from the chart.
- 34. Verify the proper operation of the low and reverse clutch by applying compressed air 392 kPa (57 psi) through the fluid passage as shown.



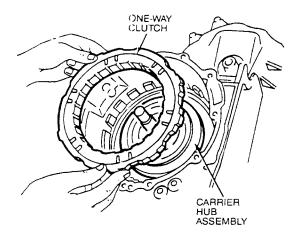
2.0 mm	2.2 mm	2.4 mm
(0.0787 in)	(0.0866 in)	(0.0945 in)
2.6 mm	2.8 mm	3.0 mm
(0.1024 in)	(0.1102 in)	(0.1181 in)

- 35. Install the wave ring.
- 36. Install the one-way clutch horizontally. Rotate the carrier counterclockwise while installing the

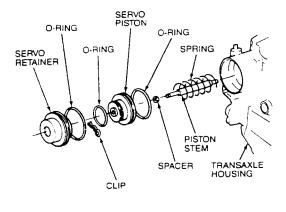
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

CAUTION: The one-way clutch can be installed improperly. Be certain that after installing the one-way clutch, you can rotate the carrier by hand in a counterclockwise direction while working from the rear side of the transaxle. If the one-way clutch is installed improperly, gear ranges may not function or the geartrain may lock up. This may cause overheating of the transaxle and unnecessary overhauling of the unit.

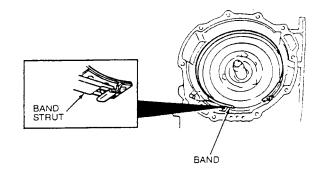
37. Install the snap ring.



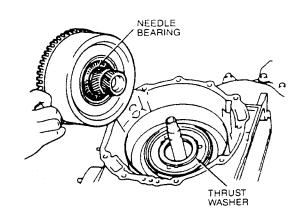
- 38. Install the servo assembly and spring into the transaxle housing.
- 39. Compress the servo assembly into its bore and install the snap ring.



- Install the band anchor strut into the transaxle housing.
- 41. Install the 2-4 band into the transaxle housing so it is fully expanded.
- 42. Interlock the band and band strut as illustrated.



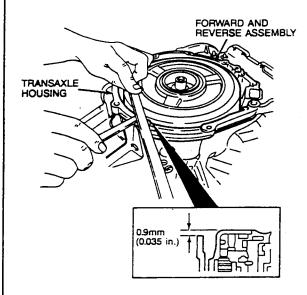
 Position the needle bearing and the thrust washer.



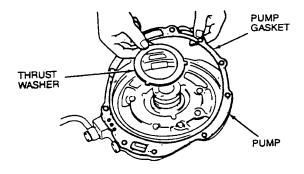
- 44. Install the small sun gear and clutch assembly.
- 45. Rotate the clutch assembly to line up the clutch pack.
- 46. Install thrust bearing into its correct position.
- 47. Install the reverse clutch assembly while rotating it to align the clutch pack.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

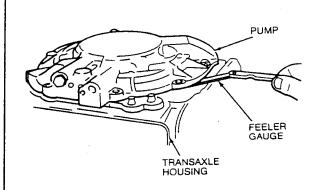
NOTE: Measure the height difference between the forward and reverse drum and the transaxle housing. Maximum clearance should be 0.9mm (0.035 inch).



- 48. Install the snap ring into the bottom groove of the turbine shaft.
- 49. To adjust the total end play, set the bearing onto the forward and reverse clutch assembly.
- 50. Remove the previously used thrust washer and gasket located on the pump.



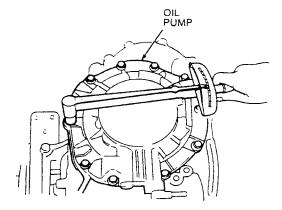
- 51. Set the thickest thrust washer, 2.2mm (0.087 inch), on the oil pump.
- 52. Set the oil pump onto the clutch assembly.
- Using a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between the transaxle housing and the oil pump.



54. Select a suitable thrust washer.

Clearance A mm (in)	Select this thrust washer mm (in)
0.91-1.10 (0.036-0.043)	1.2 (0.047)
0.71-0.90 (0.028-0.035)	1.4 (0.055)
0.51-0.70 (0.020-0.027)	1.6 (0.063)
0.31-0.50 (0.012-0.019)	1.8 (0.071)
0.11-0.30 (0.004-0.011)	2.0 (0.078)
0-0.10 (0)	2.2 (0.087)

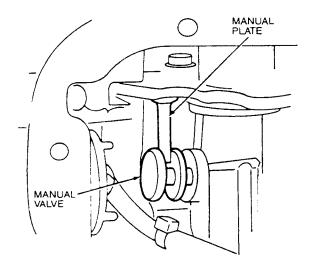
- 55. Remove the oil pump.
- Place the selected thrust washer and a new gasket onto the oil pump.
- Install the oil pump onto the clutch assembly.
   Secure it with bolts. Tighten the bolts to 19-26
   N-m (14-19 lb-ft).



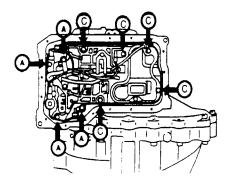
- 58. Install a new O-ring onto the kickdown cable bracket and insert the cable into the transaxle.
- Connect the kickdown cable to the throttle lever in the transaxle.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

- 60. Install the kickdown cable bracket and secure with a bolt. Tighten the bolt to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 61. Connect the solenoid connector.
- 62. Position the valve body to the transaxle housing. Align the manual valve with the pin on the manual plate.



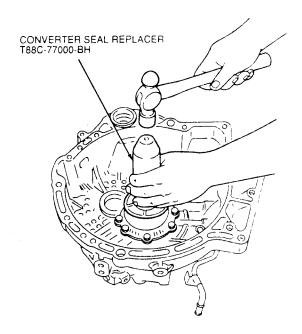
63. Install the bolts securing the valve body. Refer to the illustration for bolt lengths and positions. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lbtin).



Boit length (Measured from below the head) A: 30mm (1.18 IN) C: 50mm (1.97 IN)

- 64. Connect the wiring connectors on the valve body.
- 65. Install a new gasket onto the oil pan. Be certain to properly position the magnets in the pan.

- 66. Position the pan onto the transaxle. Tighten to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 67. Install the pulse generator and solenoid valve connector. Tighten the bolt to 8-11 N-m (69-95 lb-in).
- 68. Install and adjust the manual lever position switch.
- 69. Install the remaining wiring brackets to the transaxle housing
- 70. Install a new O-ring onto the transaxle dipstick
- 71. Install the filler tube into the transaxle housing. Tighten the bolt to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 72. Install the oil pump shaft into the transaxle.
- 73. Install a new O-ring on the turbine shaft.
- 74. Install a new torque converter hub seal onto the transaxle using Converter Seal Replacer T88C-77000-BH or equivalent.

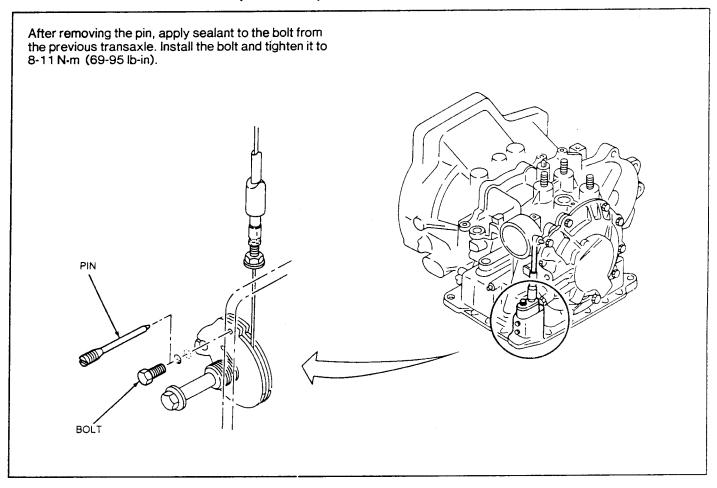


75. Position the torque converter to the torque converter housing and rotate it to align the splines.

NOTE: A pin is used for securing the throttle cam in a fixed position on new and rebuilt 4EAT units. This pin must be removed to allow proper transaxle operation. If the pin is not removed, the throttle lever will remain in a fixed position.

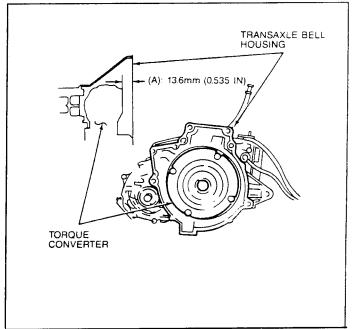


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**



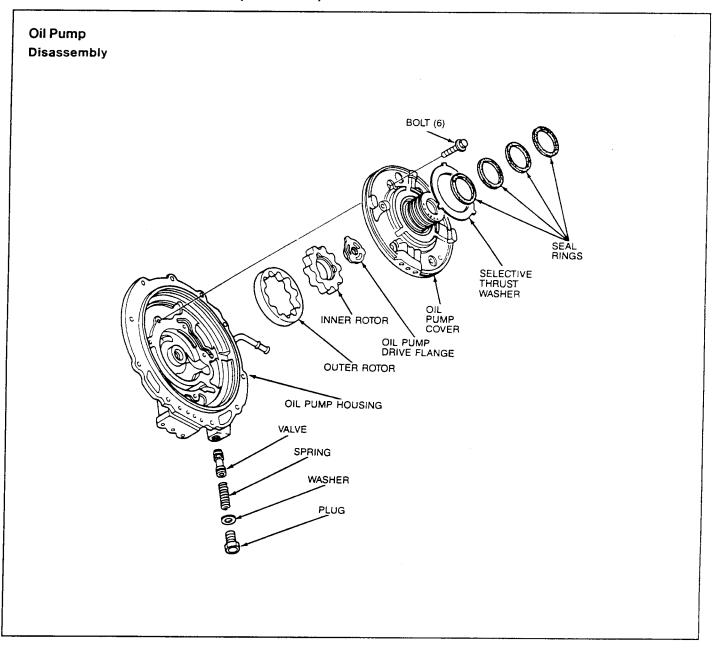
NOTE: The torque converter should slide into the transaxle very easily. Do not force the torque converter into the transaxle.

76. To ensure that the torque converter has aligned properly, measure the distance between the torque converter and the edge of the transaxle bell housing. The distance should be at least 13.6mm (0.535 inch).





### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**



- Remove the selective thrust washer and seal rings.
- 2. Remove the oil pump cover bolts in an even order.
- 3. Remove the oil pump cover.
- 4. Remove the oil pump drive flange.

# CAUTION: Do not use a punch to mark the inner and outer rotors.

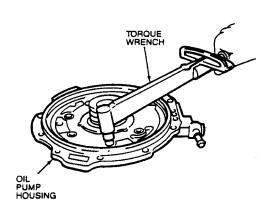
- Mark the inner and outer rotors and separate them from the oil pump housing.
- 6. Remove the nut plug, washer, spring, and spool valve from the pump housing.

#### **Assembly**

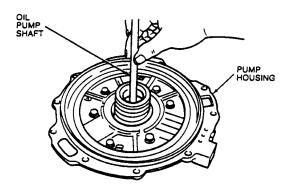
- Install the spool valve and spring into the pump housing and verify that the spring and spool move freely.
- 2. Install the nut plug and a new washer. Tighten to 31-47 N·m (23-35 lb-ft).
- Align the marks made during disassembly and install the outer and inner rotors into the pump housing.
- 4. Install the oil pump drive flange.
- Mount the oil pump cover onto the oil pump housing. Tighten the bolts evenly and gradually to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

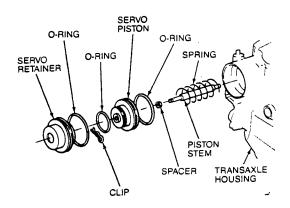
NOTE: Tighten cover bolts with an "X" pattern.



- Install the oil pump shaft and verify smooth oil pump operation.
- 7. Install new seal rings.
- Apply petroleum jelly to the selective thrust washer and secure it onto the oil pump cover.



### Servo Assembly Disassembly



NOTE: Before disassembling the servo assembly, refer to Servo Assembly Inspection in this Section.

- Remove the servo assembly from the transaxle housing as described in this Section.
- 2. Remove the servo retainer from the servo assembly.
- 3. Remove the O-ring from the servo retainer.
- 4. Remove the spring from the servo piston stem.
- 5. Remove the clip from the servo piston stem.
- Remove the O-ring from the servo piston.
- 7. Remove the spacer from the servo piston stem.

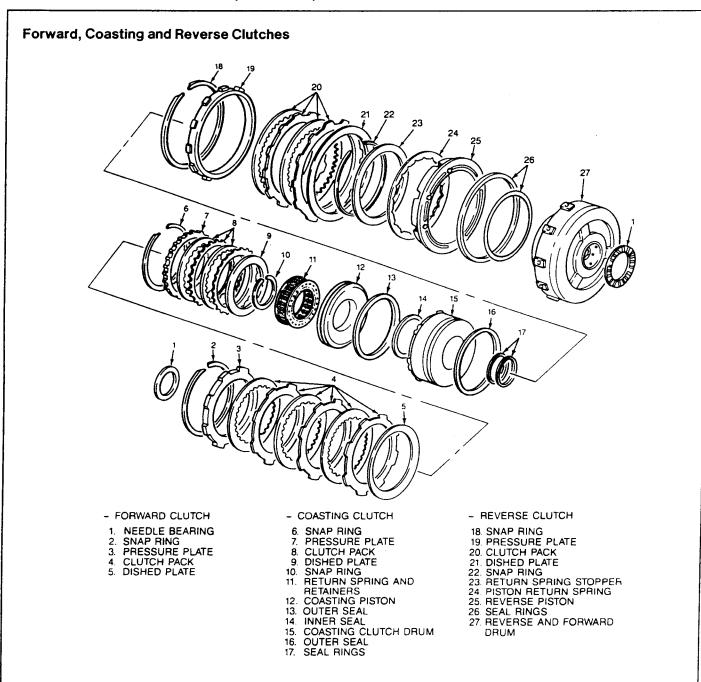
#### **Assembly**

- 1. Install the spacer onto the servo piston stem.
- Install the new O-rings onto the servo piston and servo retainer. Apply a liberal coat of the appropriate ATF to the O-rings.
- Install the servo piston onto the servo piston stem.
- 4. Install the clip onto the servo piston stem.
- 5. Install the servo retainer onto the servo piston.
- 6. Install the spring onto the servo piston stem.
- 7. Install the servo assembly into the transaxle housing as described in this Section.

CAUTION: Verify that the 2-4 band and all related components have been installed properly.

 Assemble the transaxle as explained in this Section.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**



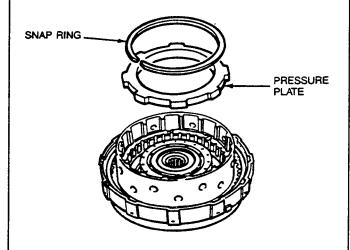
#### **Forward Clutch**

#### Disassembly

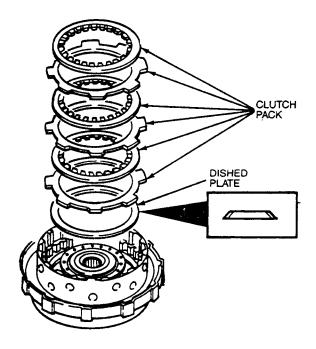
1. Remove the snap ring.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

Remove the pressure plate.



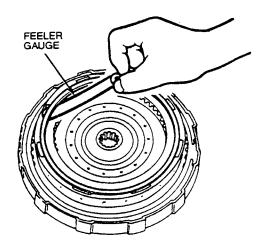
- 3. Remove the clutch pack.
- 4. Remove the dished plate.



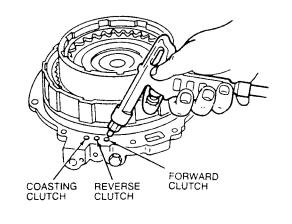
#### **Assembly**

- Install the dished plate with the dished side face down.
- Install the clutch pack starting with a steel disc next to the dished plate.
- 3. install the pressure plate.

- 4. Install the snap ring.
- Use a feeler gauge to measure the forward clutch pack clearance. Measure between the snap ring and the pressure plate. Allowable clearance is 1.0-1.2mm (0.040-0.047 inch). Choose the appropriate snap ring thickness.



6. Set the forward and reverse drum onto the oil pump. Check the forward clutch operation by applying a short burst of compressed air through the fluid passages. The air pressure should not exceed 392 kPa (57 psi).

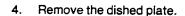


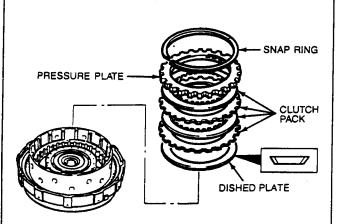
#### **Coasting Clutch**

#### Disassembly

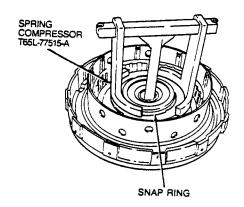
- 1. Remove the snap ring.
- 2. Remove the pressure plate.
- 3. Remove the coasting clutch pack.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

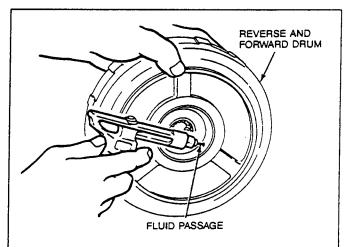




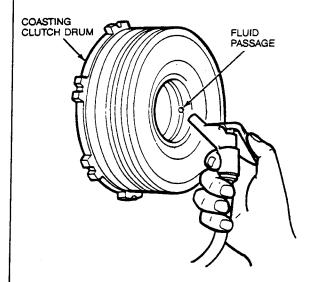
- Install Spring Compressor T65L-77515-A or equivalent and compress the return spring and retainer.
- 6. Remove the snap ring.



- 7. Remove the spring compressor.
- 8. Remove the return spring retainer.
- Remove the coasting clutch drum from the reverse and forward drum by applying compressed air through the fluid passage.



 Remove the coasting clutch piston from the coasting clutch drum by applying compressed air through the fluid passages.

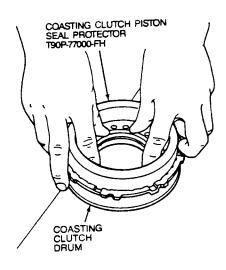


#### Assembly

 Apply the specified transaxle fluid to the new seals and install them on the coasting piston.

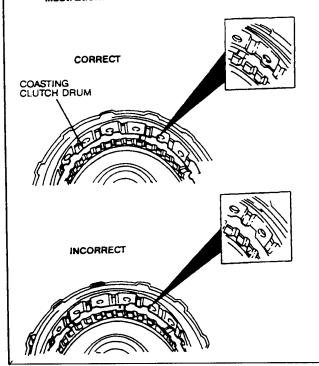
# DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)

 Attach Coasting Clutch Piston Seal Protector T90P-77000-FH or equivalent to the coasting piston and install the coasting piston into the coasting clutch drum by pushing evenly around the circumference.

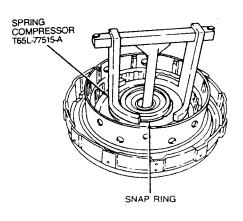


- Apply the specified transaxle fluid to a new seal and install it on the coasting clutch drum.
- Install the coasting clutch drum into the forward and reverse drum.

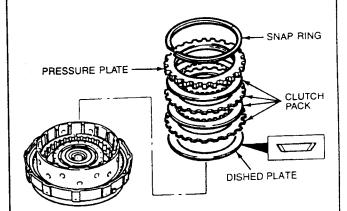
NOTE: Install the coasting clutch drum so that the outer ridges are aligned as shown in the illustration.



- Install the return spring retainer.
- Install Spring Compressor T65L-77515-A or equivalent and compress the return spring and retainer.
- 7. Install the snap ring.



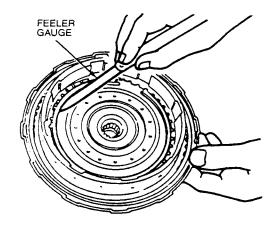
- Remove the spring compressor.
- 9. Install the dished plate with the dished side upward.
- 10. Install the coasting clutch pack.
- 11. Install the pressure plate.
- 12. Install the snap ring.



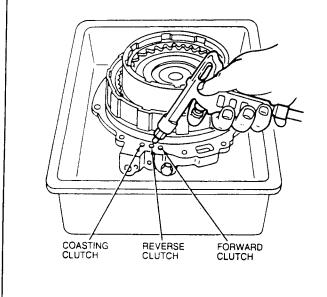
 Use a feeler gauge to check the coasting clutch clearance. Measure between the snap ring and the pressure plate.

## **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

If the clearance is not within 1.0-1.2mm (0.040-0.047 inch), adjust it by selecting an appropriate snap ring.



- 14. Position the clutch pack onto the pump.
- Apply compressed air to the coasting clutch hole at the pump. The air pressure should not exceed 392 kPa (57 psi).

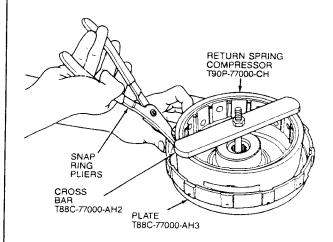


#### **Reverse Clutch**

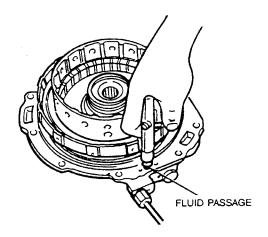
#### Disassembly

- Remove the snap ring.
- 2. Remove the pressure plate.
- Remove the reverse clutch pack.

- 4. Remove the dished plate.
- Compress the piston return spring using Return Spring Compressor T90P-77000-CH, Cross Bar T88C-77000-AH2, and Plate T88C-77000-AH3 or equivalents.
- Remove one end of the snap ring from the groove with snap ring pliers. Once started, remove the snap ring with a screwdriver.



- Remove the spring compressor, cross bar, and plate.
- 8. Place the clutch assembly on the oil pump.
- 9. Apply compressed air through the fluid passage to remove the reverse piston.

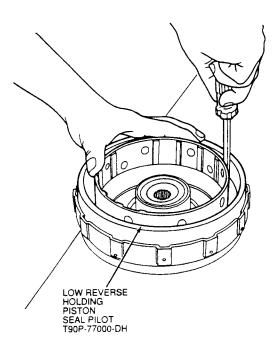


#### **Assembly**

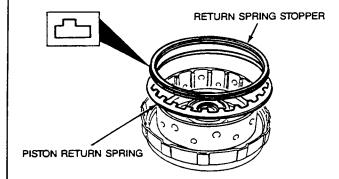
 Apply the specified transaxle fluid to the inner and outer faces of new seals and install them on the reverse piston.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

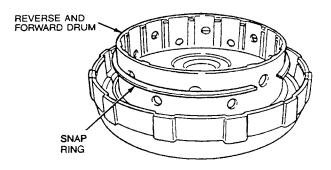
 Attach Low Reverse Holding Piston Seal Pilot T90P-77000-DH or equivalent to the reverse piston. Install the reverse piston into the forward and reverse drum by pushing the piston evenly around its circumference. If necessary, use a screwdriver to seat the piston. Remove the seal pilot.



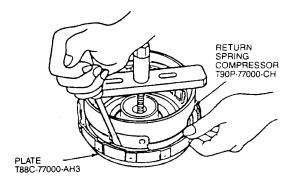
- Install the new piston return spring with the tabs facing away from the reverse piston.
- Install the return spring stopper with the step facing upwards.



5. Install the snap ring halfway down the forward and reverse drum.



- 6. Compress the piston return spring using Return Spring Compressor T90P-77000-CH and Plate T88C-77000-AH3 or equivalents.
- 7. Install the snap ring with a screwdriver.

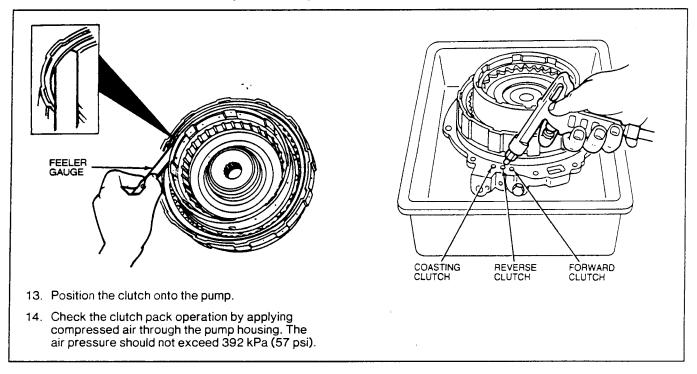


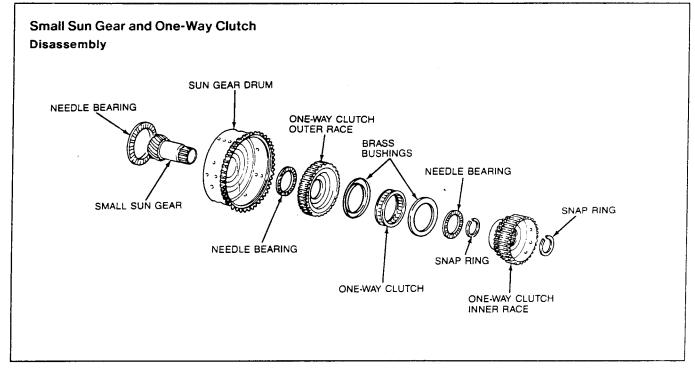
- Remove the spring compressor and plate. Install the dished plate with the beveled side facing upward.
- 9. Install the reverse clutch pack.
- Install the pressure plate with the step facing down.
- 11. Install the snap ring.

12. Use a feeler gauge to check the reverse clutch clearance. Measure between the snap ring and the pressure plate. If the clearance is not within 1.0-1.3mm (0.040-0.051 inch), adjust it by selecting an appropriate snap ring.



### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**





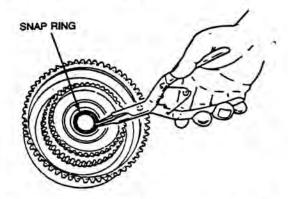
 Remove the needle bearing from the sun gear drum.



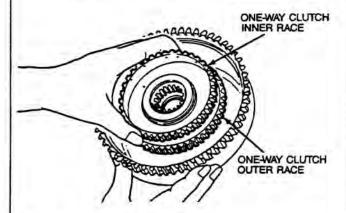
## **Technical Service Information**

### DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)

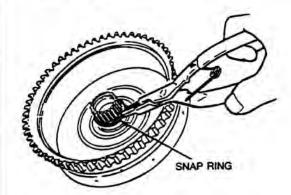
2. Remove the snap ring.



Remove the one-way clutch inner and outer race as an assembly.

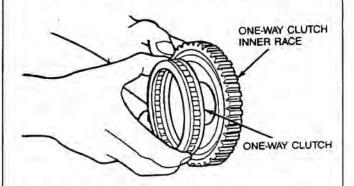


- 4. Remove the needle bearing.
- Remove the snap ring securing the small sun gear to the sun gear drum.



- Remove the small sun gear from the sun gear drum
- 7. Separate the inner race from the outer race.

- 8. Remove the needle bearing.
- 9. Remove the one-way clutch.
- 10. Remove the inner race brass bushing.
- 11. Remover the outer race brass bushing.

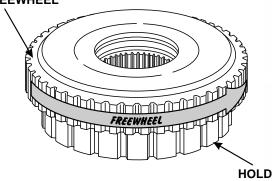


#### Assembly

- Install the outer race brass bushing.
- Install the inner race brass bushing.
- Install the one-way clutch and needle bearing into the outer race.
- 4. Attach the inner race to the outer race.

THE FORWARD CLUTCH HUB MUST FREEWHEEL COUNTER CLOCKWISE AND LOCK CLOCKWISE WHEN HOLDING THE OVERRUN CLUTCH HUB

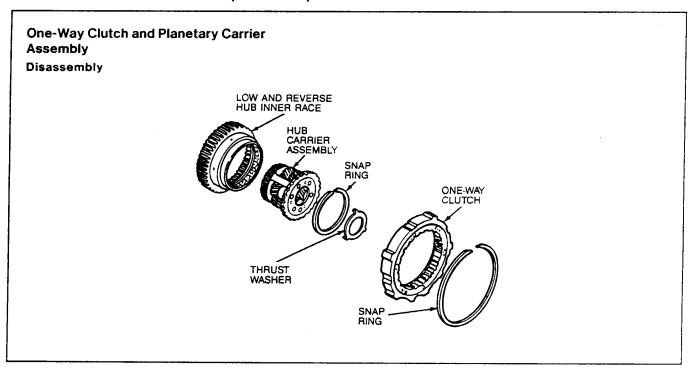
#### **FREEWHEEL**

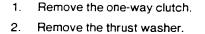


- Position the small sun gear into the sun gear drum.
- Install the snap ring.
- Using petroleum jelly, position the needle bearing into the sun gear drum.
- 8. Install the one-way clutch inner and outer races.
- 9. Install the snap ring.
- Using petroleum jelly, position the needle bearing onto the sun gear drum.



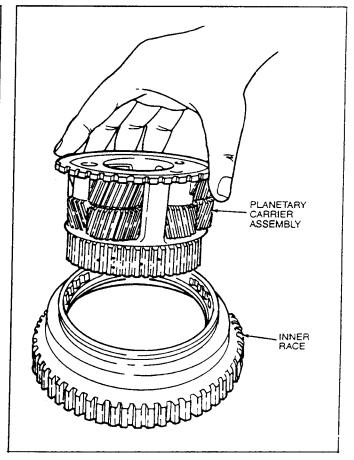
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**





- 3. Remove the snap ring.
- SNAP
  RING

Remove the planetary carrier assembly from the inner race.

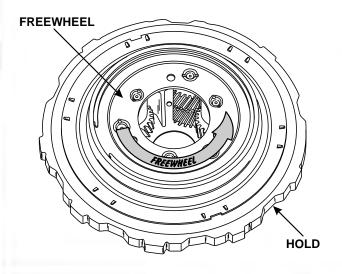




# **Technical Service Information**

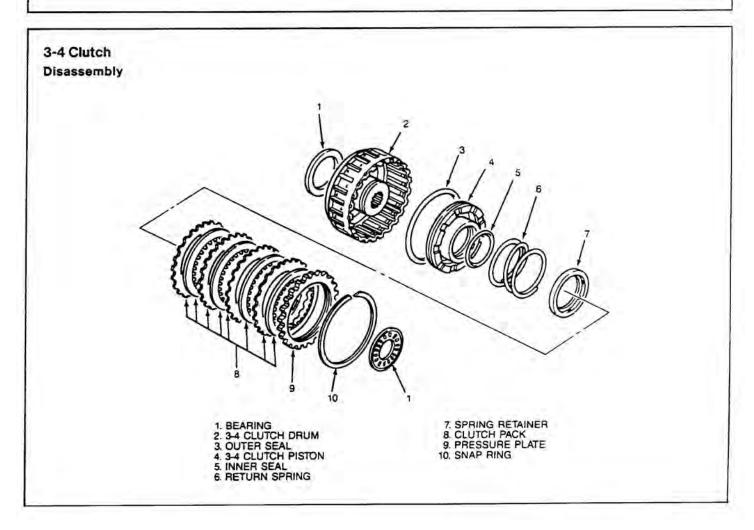
### DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)

PLANETARY CARRIER MUST FREEWHEEL COUNTER CLOCKWISE AND LOCK CLOCKWISE, WHEN ROLLER CLUTCH IS HELD STATIONARY



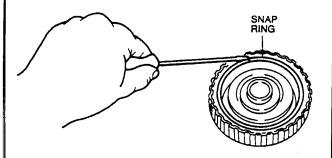
#### Assembly

- Assemble the planetary carrier assembly to the inner race.
- 2. Install the snap ring.
- Apply petroleum jelly to the thrust washer and install it on the planetary carrier assembly. The thrust washer outer diameter for the sun gear drum side should be 84.0mm (3.307 inch).
- Install the one-way clutch.

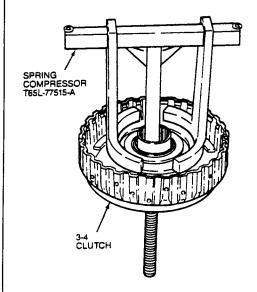


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

- Remove the needle bearings.
- Remove the snap ring.

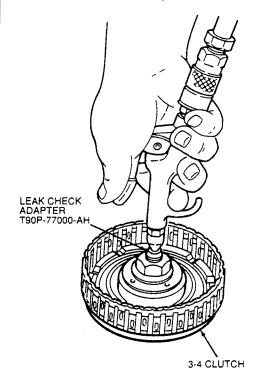


- 3. Remove the pressure plate.
- 4. Remove the 3-4 clutch pack.
- Install Spring Compressor T65L-77515-A or equivalent and compress the return spring and spring retainer.



6. Remove the snap ring.

- 7. Remove the spring compressor.
- 8. Remove the return spring and spring retainer.
- Remove the 3-4 clutch piston using compressed air applied through Leak Check Adapter T90P-77000-AH or equivalent.



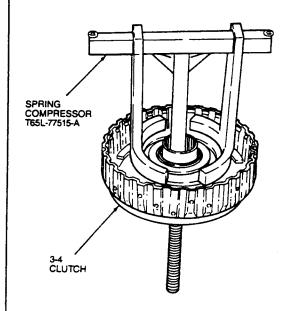
 Remove the inner and outer seals from the 3-4 clutch piston.

#### **Assembly**

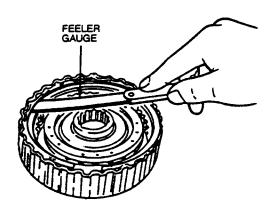
- Apply the specified transaxle fluid to the inner and outer seals and install them onto the 3-4 clutch piston.
- Install the 3-4 clutch piston by pushing evenly around the circumference.
- 3. Install the return spring and spring retainer.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

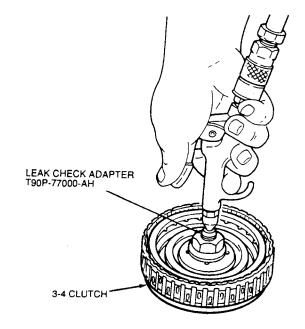
 Install Spring Compressor T65L-77515-A or equivalent and compress the return spring and spring retainer.



- 5. Install the snap ring.
- Remove the clutch spring compressor.
- 7. Install the 3-4 clutch pack.
- Install the pressure plate with the step facing upward.
- 9. Install the snap ring.
- Use a feeler gauge to check the 3-4 clutch clearance. Measure between the snap ring and the pressure plate.



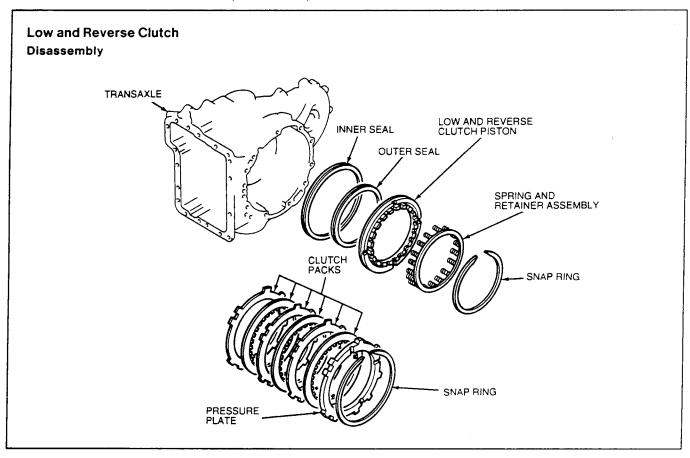
- If the clearance is not within 1.3-1.6mm (0.051-0.063 inch), adjust it by selecting a proper snap ring.
- 11. Apply petroleum jelly to the needle bearings and install them on the 3-4 clutch. The outer diameter is 56.1mm (2.21 inch) for the planetary carrier side, and 72.1mm (2.84 inch) for the output shell side.
- Install Leak Check Adapter T90P-77000-AH or equivalent and apply compressed air to check the clutch operation.



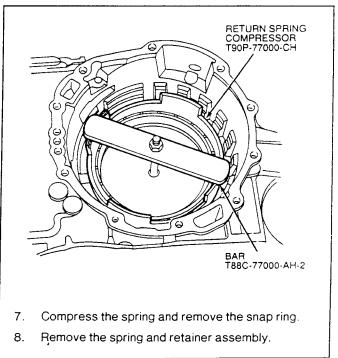
CAUTION: Do not apply over 392 kPa (57 psi) of air pressure.

13. Pour the specified transaxle fluid into the clutch drum so the 3-4 clutch piston is fully submerged. Apply compressed air to check that no bubbles come from the clutch piston seal.

CAUTION: Do not apply over 392 kPa (57 psi) of air pressure. Do not apply the air pressure for more than three seconds.

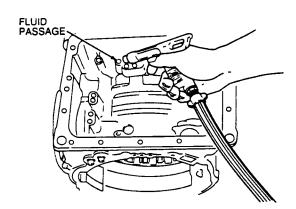


- Refer to the transaxle disassembly procedures to gain access to the low and reverse clutch.
- 2. Remove the snap ring.
- 3. Remove the pressure plate.
- 4. Remove the low and reverse clutch pack.
- Place Step Plate T88C-77000-AH-3 on the bottom of the transaxle case.
- Position Return Spring Compressor T90P-77000-CH on the spring and retainer assembly, then install Bar T88C-77000-AH-2 on the compressor.



### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

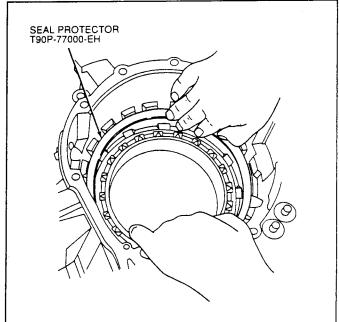
 Apply compressed air through the fluid passage and remove the low and reverse clutch piston.



 Remove the low and reverse clutch piston inner and outer seals.

#### **Assembly**

- Install new inner and outer seals onto the low and reverse clutch piston.
- Attach Seal Protector T90P-77000-EH to the low and reverse clutch piston and install the piston into the forward drum.



- Install the spring and retainer assembly.
- 4. Place Step Plate T88C-77000-AH-3 on the bottom of the transaxle case.
- Install Return Spring Compressor T90P-77000-CH and Bar T88C-77000-AH-2.
- Compress the spring and install the snap ring.
- 7. Install the low and reverse clutch pack.
- 8. Install the pressure plate.
- Install the snap ring.
- Assemble the remaining transaxle components. Refer to the transaxle assembly procedures explained earlier in this Section.

#### **Accumulators**

#### Disassembly

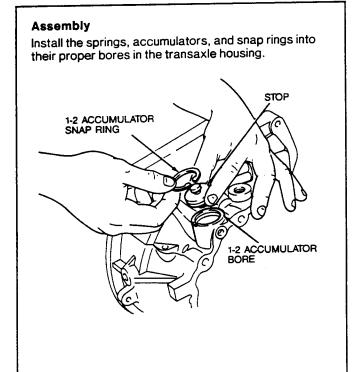
Remove the accumulator snap rings, pistons and springs from their bores by applying compressed air through the oil passages. Refer to the following illustrations and chart for the location of specific accumulators and components.

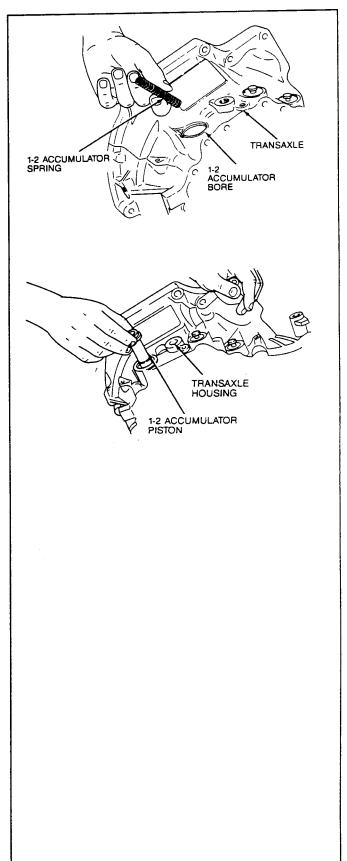


# **Technical Service Information**

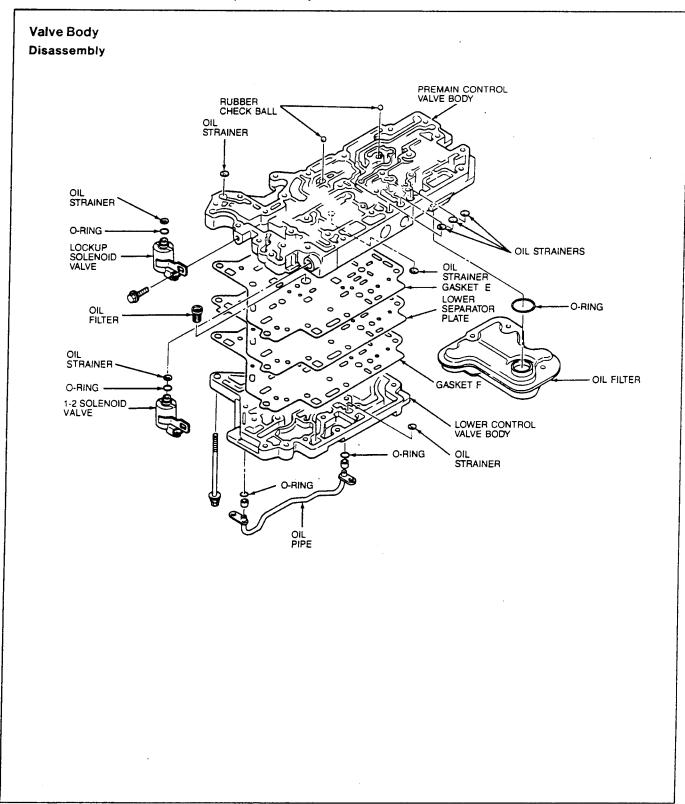
			UDU	u.au	UDU
AC	CCUMULATOR PIS	TON I.D.	"B"	"C"	"D"
ACCUM.	PISTON COLOR	LENGTH			
"A" = 2-3	GREEN	2.108"	90	90	
"B" = 1-2	RED	2.313"			
'C'' = N/D	BEIGE/WHITE	2.152"		(8)	
'D'' = N/R	TURQUOISE/BLUE	2.152"			
			U	U	
ACCU	JMULATOR SPRIN				25
ACCUM.	SPRING COLOR Inner/Outer	SPRING LENGTH Inner/Outer			
"A" = 2-3	GREY/GREY	2.345"/2.813			
"B" = 1-2	**/WHITE	**/3.080"			11
'C'' = N/D	YELLOW/PLAIN	2.100"/2.080"	9	<b>9</b>	
D'' = N/R	ORANGE/ORANGE	3.670"/4.115"			
	Spring not used on 1.9L Engine.				
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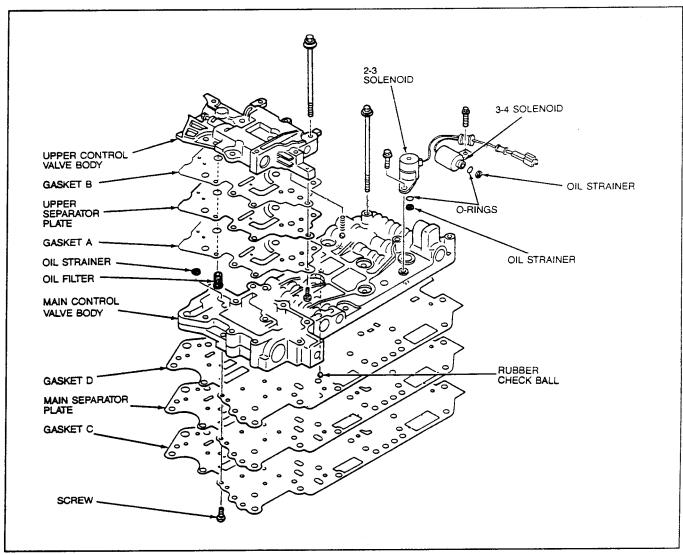




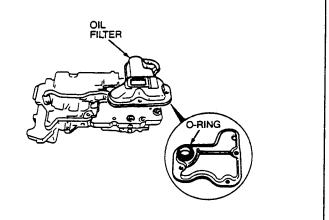








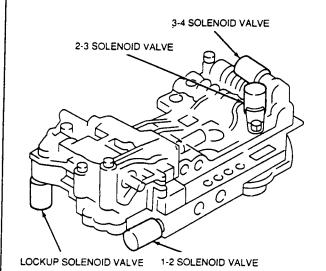
- 1. Remove the oil filter.
- 2. Remove the O-ring from the oil filter.



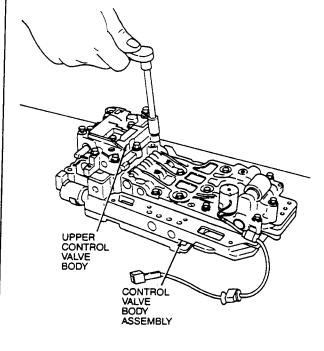
- 3. Remove the oil pipe assembly.
- 4. Remove the O-rings from the oil pipe assembly.
- 5. Remove the 1-2 solenoid valve and the oil strainer.
- Remove the lockup solenoid valve and the oil strainer.

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

Remove the 2-3 and 3-4 solenoid valves and oil strainers.

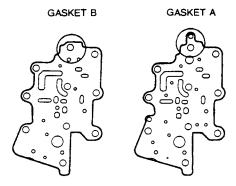


8. Remove the upper control valve body.

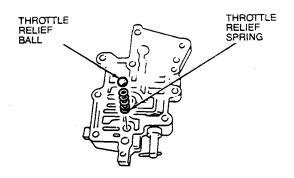


9. Remove the screws.

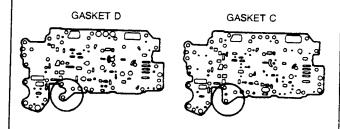
 Remove gasket B, upper separator plate, oil filter, and gasket A.



11. Remove the throttle relief ball and the throttle relief spring from the upper valve body.

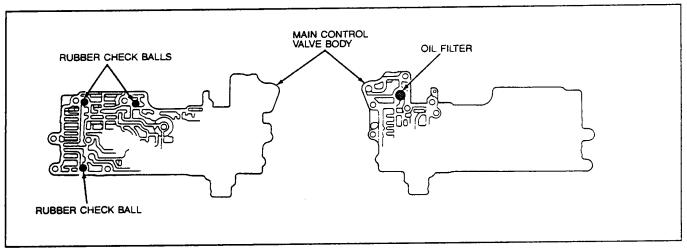


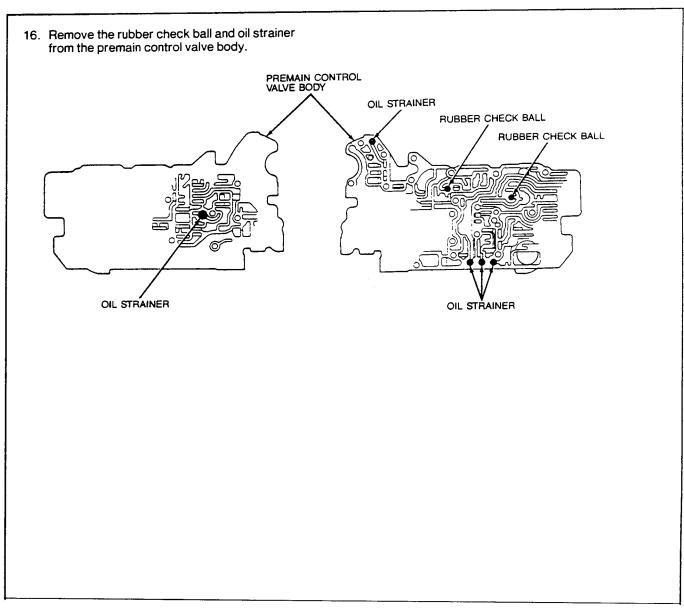
- 12. Remove the main control valve body.
- 13. Remove the screws.
- 14. Remove gasket D, the main separator plate, and gasket C.



 Remove the rubber check balls from the main control valve body.



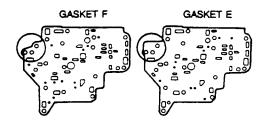




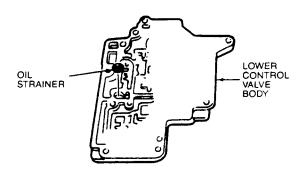


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

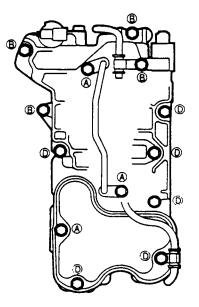
- 17. Remove the premain control valve body.
- Remove gasket E, lower separator plate, oil filter, and gasket F.

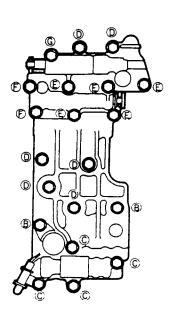


19. Remove the oil strainer from the lower control valve body.



#### **Assembly**

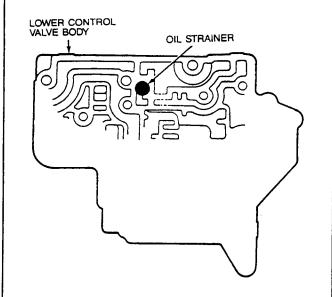




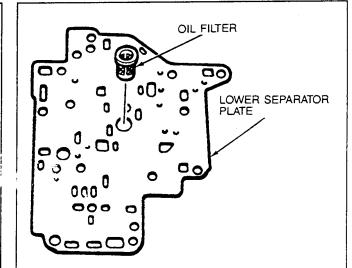
Identification mark	Bolt	Length mm (in)	Tightening torque N-m (cm-kg, in-lb)
A		14 (0.551)	
8		30 (1.181)	
С		40 (1.575)	
D		50 (1.969)	7.8—11 N·m (69-95 lb-in)
E		82 (3.228)	
F		90 (3.543)	
G		95 (3.740)	

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

 Install the oil strainer into the lower control valve body.

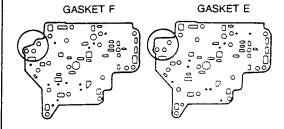


2. Set the oil filter into the lower separator plate.



CAUTION: Do not confuse gasket F with gasket E.

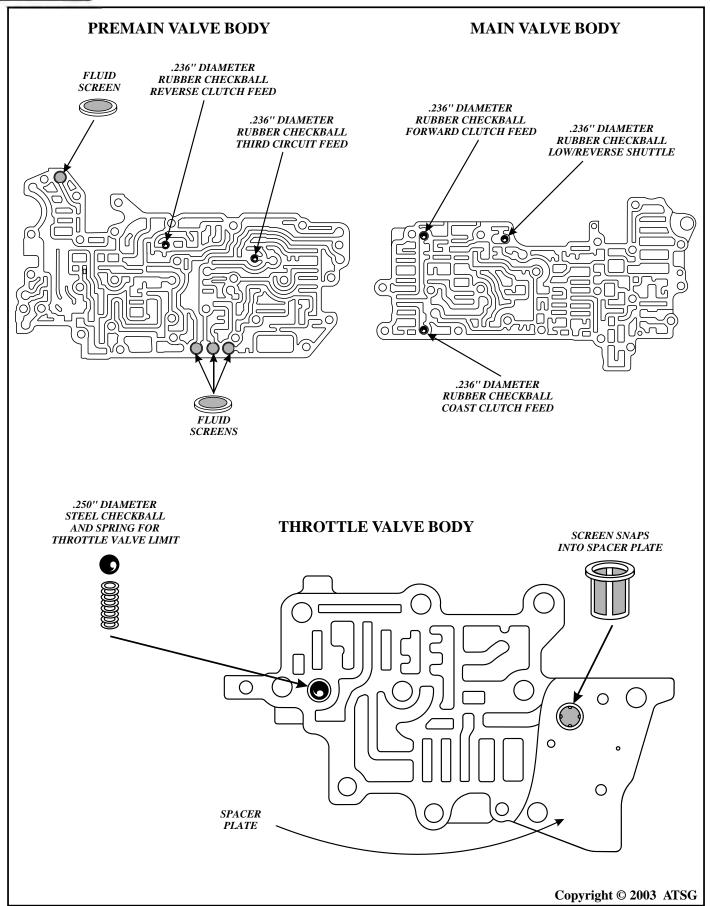
 Set the new gasket F, the lower separator plate, and the new gasket E onto the lower valve body.



4. Set the premain control valve body onto the lower valve body.



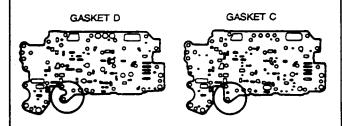
# **Technical Service Information**



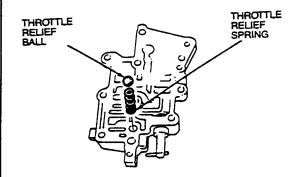


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

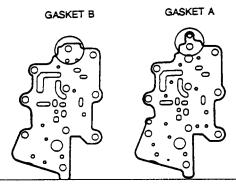
CAUTION: Do not confuse gasket C with gasket D.



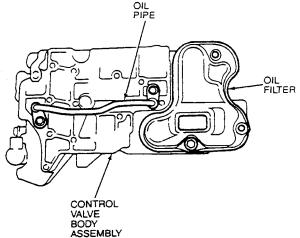
- Set the new gasket C, the main separator plate, and the new gasket D onto the main control valve body.
- Secure the plate and gaskets to the valve body with the two screws.
- Set the main control valve body onto the premain control valve body. Match the bolt head letters.
- 10. Finger tighten the bolts.
- Install the throttle relief spring and the throttle relief ball into their proper position in the upper control valve body.
- Position the oil filter into the upper separator plate.



CAUTION: Do not confuse gasket A with gasket B.

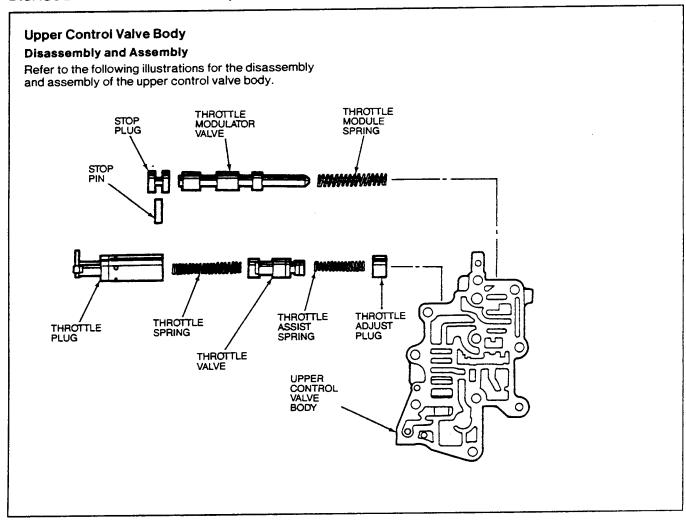


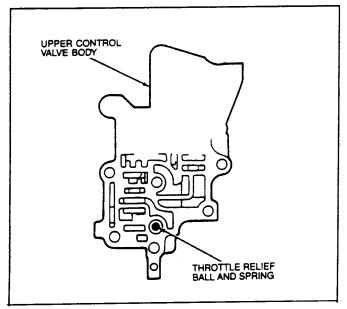
- Set the new gasket A, the upper separator plate, and the new gasket B onto the main control valve body.
- 14. Secure the gaskets and plate with two screws.
- Position the upper control valve body onto the main control valve body.
  - NOTE: Align the throttle plug assembly groove and the bolt hole of the upper valve body.
- Install the bolts. Match the bolt letter head. Finger tighten the bolts.
- 17. Install the 2-3 and 3-4 solenoid valves, oil strainers, and bracket.
- 18. Tighten the mounting bolts to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- 19. Install the lockup solenoid and oil strainer. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N-m (69-95 lb-in).
- Install the 1-2 solenoid valve onto the upper valve body.
- 21. Apply automatic transaxle fluid to the new O-rings and install them onto the oil pipe assembly.
- 22. Install the oil pipe assembly. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).
- Apply automatic transaxle fluid to the O-ring and install it onto the oil filter assembly.
- 24. Install the oil filter assembly. Tighten the bolts to 8-11 N·m (69-95 lb-in).

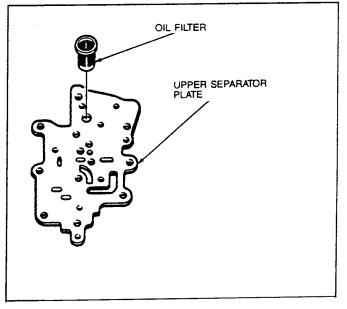


CAUTION: Each valve should slide in and out of its bore under its own weight. When a valve will not slide out under its own weight, depending on the valve, push it out with a wire or place the valve body open-side down and lightly tap it with a soft hammer. Never scratch or damage a valve bore. Do not drop the valves or use a valve that has been damaged. Before assembling the valve body, be certain that all valves are clean and lubricated with automatic transaxle fluid.



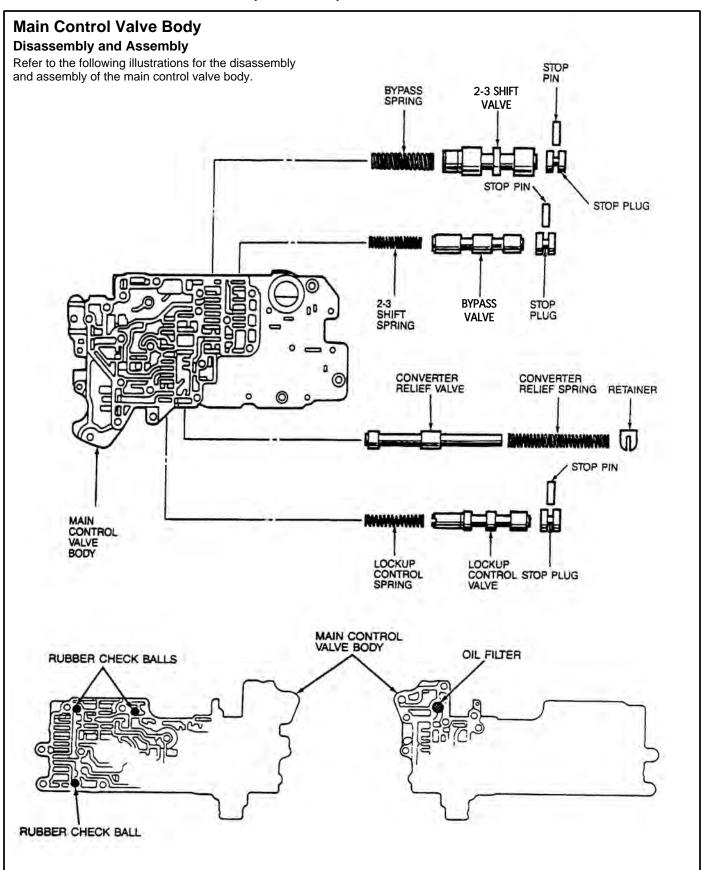




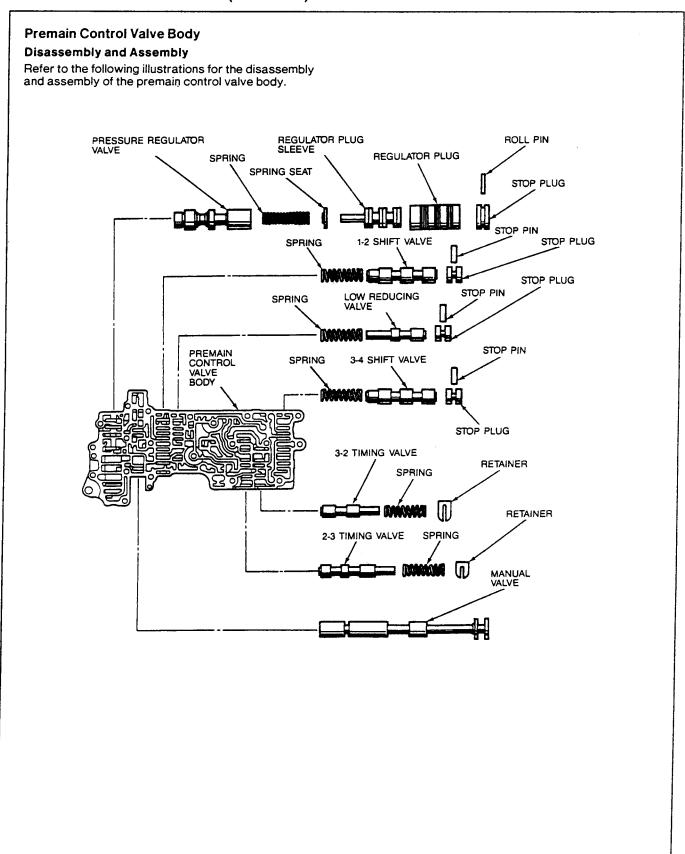




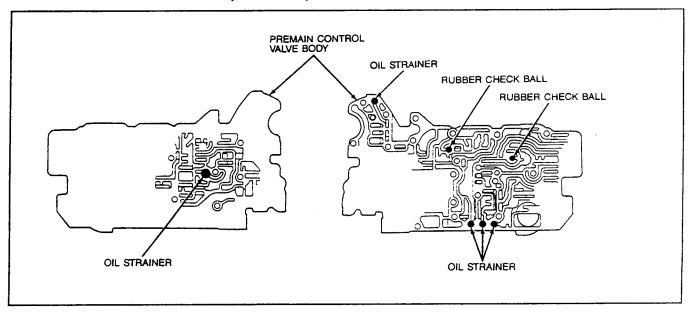
# **Technical Service Information**

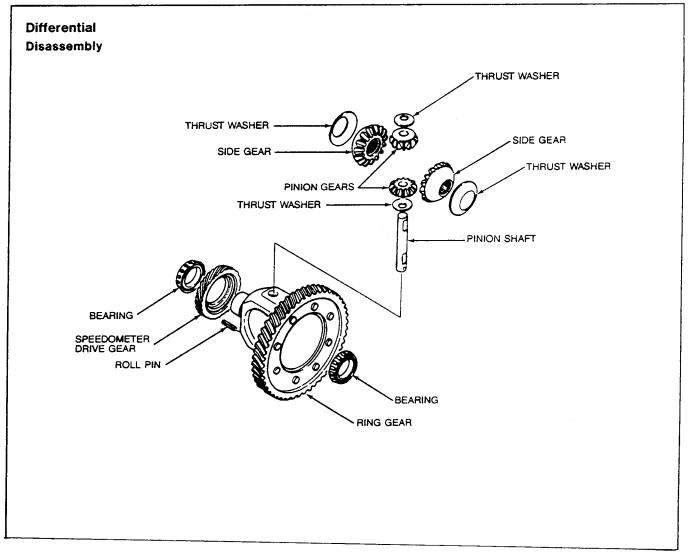






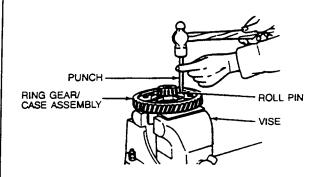




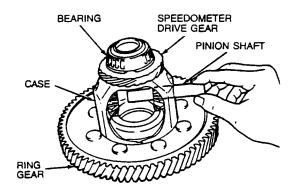


### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

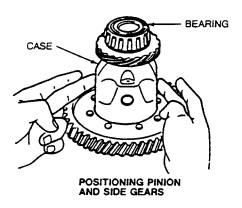
 Remove the roll pin using a 2.0mm (0.079 inch) pin punch and hammer.



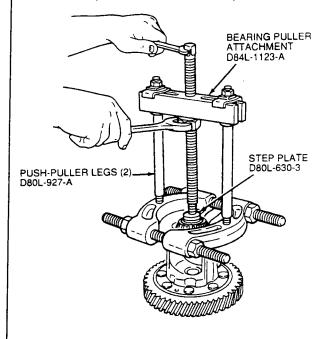
2. Remove the pinion shaft.



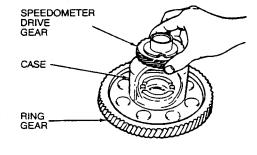
3. Remove the pinions gears, side gears, and thrust washers by rotating them out of the gear case.



4. Remove the bearing cone (speedometer drive gear end) using Bearing Puller Attachment D84L-1123-A, Push-Puller Legs D80L-927-A, and Step Plate D80L-630-3 or equivalents.



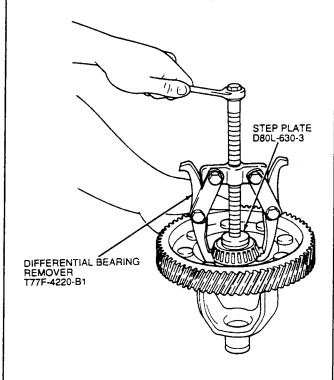
5. Remove the speedometer drive gear.





### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

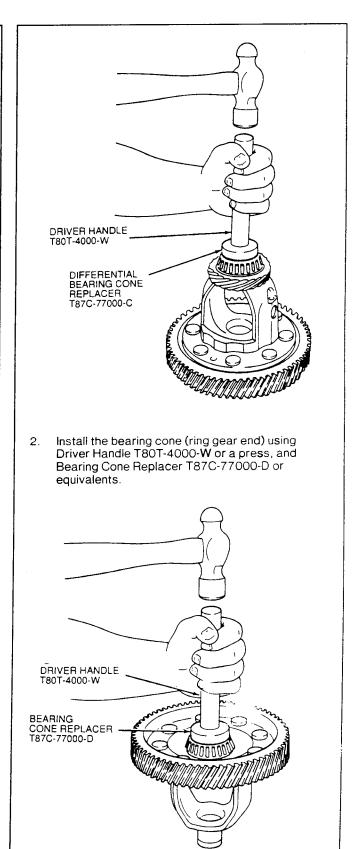
6. Remove the bearing cone (ring gear end) using Step Plate D80L-630-3 and Differential Bearing Remover T77F-4220-B1 or equivalents.



#### Assembly

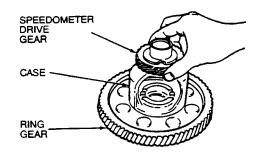
NOTE: Whenever a bearing cone is removed, it must be replaced.

 Install the speedometer drive gear and bearing cone using Driver Handle T80T-4000-W or press, along with Differential Bearing Cone Replacer T87C-77000-C.



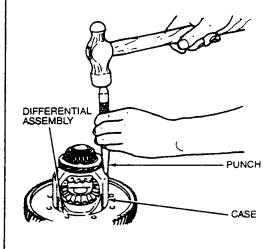
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

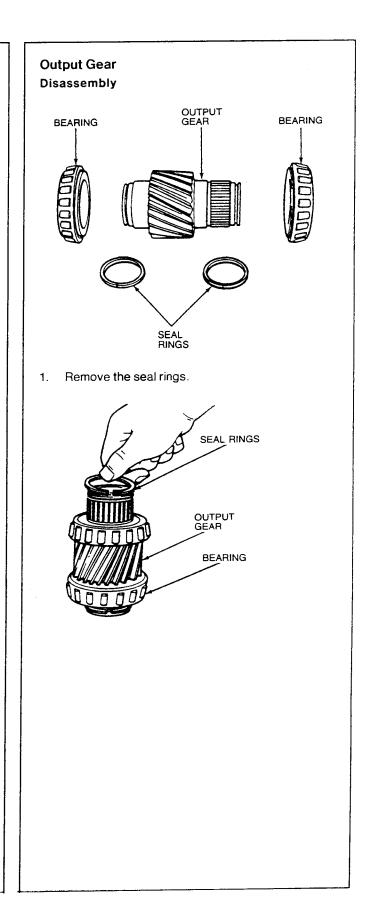
 Install the thrust washers, side gears, and pinion gears into the gearcase at the same time. Rotate the gears to align the pinion gears with the pinion shaft hole.



- 4. Install the pinion shaft.
- Install the roll pin, then crimp it so that it cannot come out of the gearcase.

NOTE: Refer to Cleaning and Inspection for the proper backlash procedure and setting.

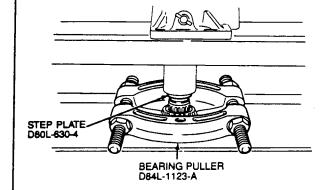






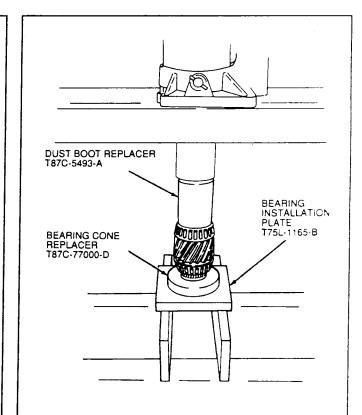
### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

 Press off the output gear bearings using Step Plate D80L-630-4 and Bearing Puller D84L-1123-A or equivalents.



#### **Assembly**

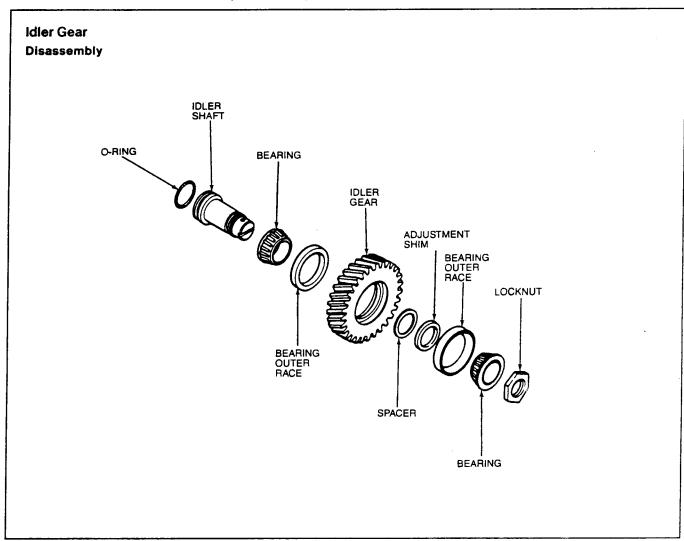
 Press on the output gear bearings using Dust Boot Replacer T87C-5493-A, Bearing Cone Replacer T87C-77000-D, and Bearing Installation Plate T75L-1165-B.



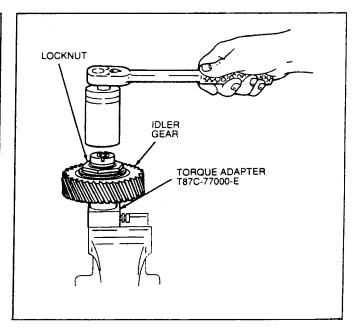
2. Install the seal o-rings.



### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**



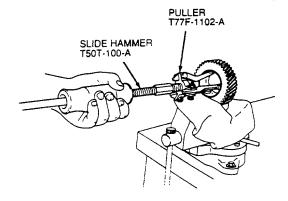
 Secure the idler shaft in a vise using Torque Adapter T87C-77000-E or equivalent and remove the locknut.



#### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

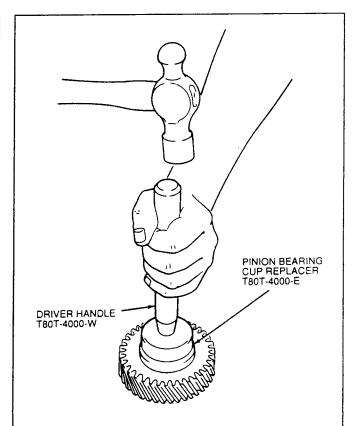
CAUTION: Use protective plates to prevent damage to the special tool.

- 2. Remove the bearing.
- 3. Remove the spacer.
- 4. Remove the idler gear from the idler shaft.
- 5. Remove the adjustment shim.
- 6. Remove the remaining bearing.
- Secure the idler gear in a soft-jawed vise and remove the bearing cups using Slide Hammer T50T-100-A and Puller T77F-1102-A.



#### Assembly

 Install the bearing cups into the idler gear using Driver Handle T80T-4000-W and Pinion Bearing Cup Replacer T80T-4000-E or equivalents.



- 2. Install the bearing onto the idler shaft.
- 3. Install the adjustment shim.
- 4. Install the spacer.
- Install the idler gear.
- Install the other idler gear bearing.
- Secure the idler shaft in a vise using Torque Adapter T87C-77000-E.

CAUTION: Use protective plates to prevent damage to the special tool.

- Tighten the locknut to 128-177 N-m (94-130 lb-ft).
- Turn the idler gear and adapter over and secure the gear in a vise.

CAUTION: Use protective plates to prevent damage to the idler gear.

 Attach a pound-inch torque wrench and measure the preload while tightening the locknut to 128-177 N-m (94-130 lb-ft). The preload should be 0.03-0.9 N-m (0.26-7.8 lb-in).

NOTE: Read the preload when the idler shaft starts to turn.

 If the specified preload is not reached within the specified tightening torque, select an appropriate adjustment shim(s).



## Technical Service Information

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)**

NOTE: The preload can be reduced by increasing the thickness of the shims or increased by reducing the thickness of the shims. Do not use more than seven shims.

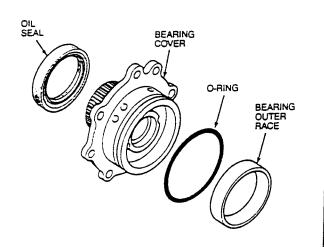
Thickness of Shim mm (in)				
3.80 (0.150)	4.30 (0.169)			
3.85 (0.152)	4.35 (0.171)			
3.90 (0.154)	4.40 (0.173)			
3.95 (0.156)	4.45 (0.175)			
4.00 (0.158)	4.50 (0.177)			
4.05 (0.159)	4.55 (0.179)			
4.10 (0.161)	4.60 (0.181)			
4.15 (0.163)	4.65 (0.183)			
4.20 (0.165)	4.70 (0.185)			
4.25 (0.167)	4.75 (0.187)			

#### **Bearing Housing**

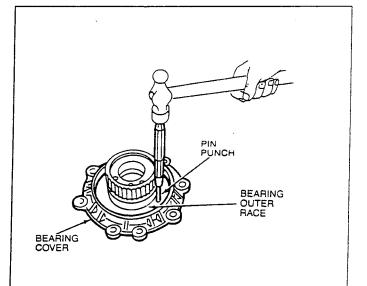
#### Disassembly and Assembly

Remove and install the bearing cup and adjustment shim(s) during the bearing preload and shim selection procedure outlined earlier in this Section.

# Bearing Cover Disassembly



- Remove the bearing race with a pin punch.
- 2. Remove the O-ring and oil seal.



#### Assembly

- 1. Install the O-ring and oil seal.
- 2. Press the bearing race into the cover using Bearing Installation Plate T80T-4000-E.

#### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION**

#### Transaxle

Clean the components with a suitable solvent and use compressed air to dry all parts and clean fluid passages.

CAUTION: The composition clutch plates, valve body gaskets, bands, and synthetic seals should not be cleaned in a vapor degreaser or with any type of detergent solution. To clean these parts, wipe them off with a lint-free cloth. New clutch plates or bands should be soaked in the specified transaxle fluid for two hours before being assembled.

### Valve Body

- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly in clean solvent and blow dry with compressed air.
- Inspect all valve and plug bores for scores. Check all fluid passages for obstructions. Inspect all mating surfaces for burrs and scores. If needed, use crocus cloth to polish valve and plugs. Avoid rounding the sharp edges of the valves and plugs with the crocus cloth.
- Inspect all springs for distortion. Check all valves and plugs for free movement in their respective bores. Valve and plugs, when dry, must fall from their own weight into their respective bores.
- 4. Roll the manual valve on a clean, flat surface to check for a bent condition. Replace, if necessary.



# Hot-Line Service Information

### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION (Continued)**

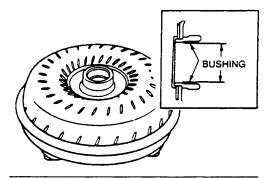
#### **Needle Bearings**

Wash the needle bearings thoroughly in cleaning solvent. Blow the bearings dry with compressed air. Lubricate with the specified transaxle fluid. Replace any bearings which show signs of pitting or roughness.

#### **Torque Converter**

The torque converter is welded together and cannot be disassembled.

- Check the torque converter for damage or cracks and replace, if necessary.
- Remove any rust from the pilot hub and boss of the converter.
- Measure the inner diameter of the boss bushing. If it exceeds 53.075mm (2.090 inch), replace the torque converter.



Bushing inner diameter Standard: 53.030mm (2.088 in) Maximum: 53.075mm (2.090 in)

When internal wear or damage has occurred in the transaxle, contaminants such as metal particles, clutch plate material, or band material may have been carried into the converter and oil cooler. These contaminants can be a major cause of recurring transaxle troubles and must be removed from the system before the transaxle is put back into service.

Whenever the transaxle has been disassembled to replace worn or damaged parts or because the valve body sticks due to foreign material, the torque converter, oil and oil cooler lines must be cleaned and flushed using the Rotunda Torque Converter Cleaner 014-00028 or equivalent. Under no circumstances should an attempt be made to clean converters by hand.

The lack of a drain plug in the 4EAT converter increases the amount of residual flushing solvent retained in the converter after cleaning. This retained solvent is not acceptable and a method of diluting is required. The following procedure is to be used after removal of the 4EAT torque converter from the cleaning equipment.

- 1. Thoroughly drain the remaining solvent through the hub.
- Add 0.5L (0.53 US quart) of clean transaxle fluid into the converter. Agitate by hand.
- Thoroughly drain the solution through the converter hub.

#### Oil Pump

- Check the oil pump for a broken or worn seal ring, weakened springs and damaged or worn sliding surfaces. Replace as required.
- Measure the following clearances using an appropriate bar gauge and a feeler gauge. If the clearances are not within specification, replace the oil pump.

### Oil Pump Housing, Outer Rotor, Inner Rotor

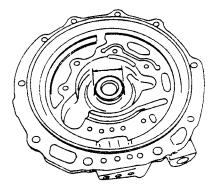
Standard Clearance: 0.02-0.04mm (0.008-0.0157 inch)

Maximum Clearance: 0.05mm (0.0196 inch)

#### **Pump Housing Inner Diameter**

Standard Clearance: 0.04-0.115mm (0.0157-0.0453 inch)

Maximum Clearance: 0.125mm (0.0492 inch)



Inner diameter

Standard: 0.04-0.115mm (0.0157-0.0453 in)

Maximum: 0.125mm (0.0492 in)

Pump Spool Valve Outer Diameter



## Hot-Line Service Information

### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION (Continued)**

Standard Outer Diameter: 13.98mm (0.55 inch)
Maximum Outer Diameter: 14.0mm (0.551 inch)

#### 1-2, 2-3, N-OD, and N-R Accumulators

- Check for a damaged or worn piston or stopper plug.
- 2. Check for a broken or worn spring.

### Small Sun Gear and One-Way Clutch

Check the sun gear drum, small sun gear, bushing, clutch hub and inner and outer races for damage or wear. Replace as required.

### **Planetary Carrier Assembly**

Check the inner race, thrust washers, and gears for damage or wear. Replace as required.

#### 3-4 Clutch

- Check the drive and driven plates for damage or wear. The minimum thickness should be 1.3mm -1.6mm (0.0515 - 0.063 inch).
- Check the clutch piston and clutch drum and seal contact areas for damage.
- 3. Check for broken or worn springs. The free length of the spring should be 40.5mm (1.594 inch).

#### **Differential**

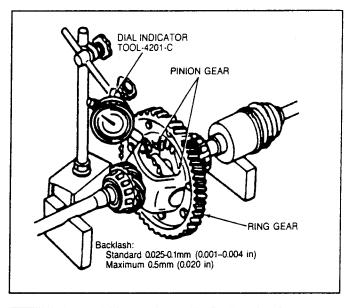
- Check for damaged or worn gears.
- 2. Check for a cracked or damaged gear case.

#### Side Gear and Pinion Backlash Check

- Install the left and right halfshafts into the differential.
- 2. Support the halfshafts on V-blocks.
- Use Dial Indicator Tool-4201-C or equivalent with Magnetic Base/Flex Arm D78P-4201-C or equivalent to measure the backlash of both pinion gears. If the backlash is more than allowable, replace the differential as an assembly.

Standard Backlash: 0.025 - 0.1mm (0.001 - 0.004 inch)

Maximum Backlash: 0.5mm (0.020 inch)



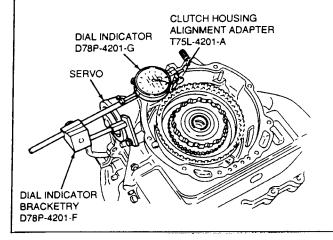
#### **Speedometer Driven Gear Assembly**

- Worn or damaged teeth or O-ring.
- 2. Worn or damaged seal.

### Servo Assembly

#### Inspection

- Disassemble the transaxle to gain access to the servo piston stem, as explained in this Section.
   NOTE: When performing this procedure, verify that the band and band servo are installed correctly.
- Remove the valve body from the transaxle housing as described in this Section.
- Install Dial Indicator Bracketry D78P-4201-F, Dial Indicator D78P-4201-G, and Clutch Housing Alignment Adapter T75L-4201-A onto the transaxle housing.

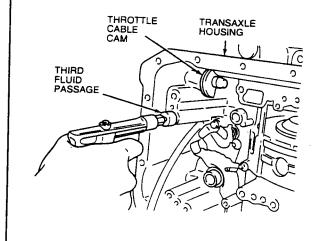




# Hot-Line Service Information

## **CLEANING AND INSPECTION (Continued)**

 Apply compressed air (4.0kg/cm2, 57 psi) to the third fluid passage beneath the throttle cable cam.



 The servo piston stem should move 1.0-1.7mm (0.0394-0.0669 inch). If not within specification, select the correct length stem from the following chart.

95.0 mm	95.5 mm	96.0 mm
(3.740 IN)	(3.760 IN)	(3.780 IN)
96.5 mm	97.0 mm	97.5 mm
(3.799 IN)	(3.819 IN)	(3.839 IN)
98.0 mm	98.5 mm	99.0 mm
(3.858 IN)	(3.878 IN)	(3.898 IN)

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

## **General Specifications**

Model		4EAT F-Style	
Item		1.9L Engine	1.8L Engine
Torque converter stall torque ratio	torque ratio 2.100:1		00:1
Gear ratio	1st	2.800	
	2nd	1.540	
	3rd	1.000	
	OD	0.700	
	Reverse	2.333	
Final gear ratio		3.550	3.736
Number of drive/driven plates	Forward clutch	3/3	
	Coasting clutch	2/2	
	3-4 clutch	4/4	
	Reverse clutch	2/2	
	Low and reverse clutch	4/4	
Servo diameter (Piston outer dia./retainer inner dia.) mm (in)		70/36 (2.76/1.42)	
Automatic transaxle fluid (ATF)	Туре	MERCON® or DEXRON® II	
	Capacity liters (US qt, Imp qt)	6.3 (6.7, 5.5)	



## **SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)**

## **Torque Specifications**

Description	N•m	Lb-Ft	Lb-In
Square Head Oil Passage Plug	5-10	_	43-87
Torque Converter Stator Support Bolts	11-14	8-10	_
Output Gear Housing Bolts	19-26	14-19	_
Parking Pawl Actuator Bolts	11-14	8-10	_
Detent Lever Bolt	8-11		69-95
Manual Shaft Nut	41-55	30-41	_
Transaxle Housing To Converter Housing	37-52	27-38	_
Oil Pump To Transaxle Housing	19-26	14-19	
Throttle Cable Bracket At Transaxle	8-11		69-95
Valve Body To Transaxle Bolts	8-11		69-95
Oil Pan Gasket Bolts	8.5-11		74-95
Pulse Generator Bolt	8-11		69-95
Manual Lever Position Switch Bolts	8-11	_	69-95
Manual Lever Position Switch Screw	0.4-0.7	_	4-6
Oil Filler Tube Bolt	7-10	_	61-87
Transaxle To Engine Bolts	55-80	41-59	
Lower Transaxle To Engine Oil Pan Bolts	37-52	27-38	
Lower Crossmember To Vehicle Chassis	64-89	47-66	_
Lower Engine Mount To Crossmember	37-52	27-38	
Torque Converter To Flex Plate	34-49	25-36	_
Oil Pump Valve Nut	31-47	23-35	_
Valve Body Oil Pipe	8-11		69-95
Transaxle Oil Filter	8-11	_	69-95
Locknut Idler Shaft	128-177	94-130	_
Shift Solenoids	8-11	_	69-95
Lockup Solenoid	8-11		<b>69-9</b> 5
Oil Pump Cover Bolts	8-11	_	<b>69-9</b> 5
Upper Transaxle Mount	67-93	49-69	



# FORD F4E-III VALVE BODY CHANGES

**CHANGE:** Beginning at the start of production for the 1998 model year, Escort and Tracer vehicles equipped with the new F4E-III transaxle received a totally new valve body assembly, with many engineering changes that will affect service.

**REASON:** Improved line pressure and torque converter clutch control.

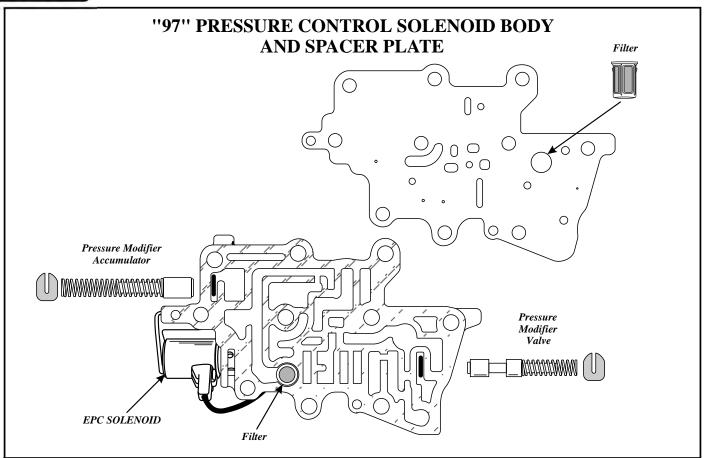
### PARTS AFFECTED:

- The pressure control solenoid, solenoid body, spacer plate and gaskets were changed. The pressure modifier valve was also changed and a spring was added to the end of the valve and an adjustable bore plug replaced the old retainer. Refer to Figure 1 for the previous and new design parts, as well as the new pressure modifier valve line-up.
- The main valve body upper side worm track was changed to accommodate the new pressure control solenoid body and spacer plate, as shown in Figure 2.
- The main valve body lower side worm tracks were changed to incorperate a new solenoid reducing valve, as shown in Figure 3.
- The main valve body spacer plate and gaskets were changed to accommodate the changes in the premain valve body, as shown in Figure 4.
- The premain valve body upper side casting was changed and a screen was added in the line pressure feed passage to the solenoid reducing valve. Refer to Figure 5 for illustrations of both valve bodies. Notice the casting change and the added screen.
- The premain valve body lower side and the lock-up control valve were changed. Refer to Figure 6 for previous and new design lock-up control valve installations. NOTE: the new design valve is counter bored on the opposite side, to accommodate the new spring placement on the opposite side.
- The premain cover, spacer plate and gaskets were changed and the tube on the exterior was eliminated, as shown in Figure 7.

### **INTERCHANGEABILITY:**

*None of the parts listed above can be used in any previous models.* However, when using the complete valve body as a service package, it will retro-fit back to previous models, equipped with the F4E-III transaxle.





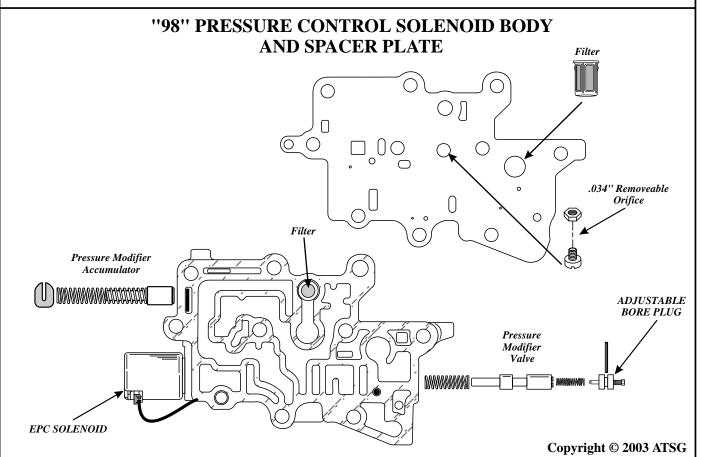
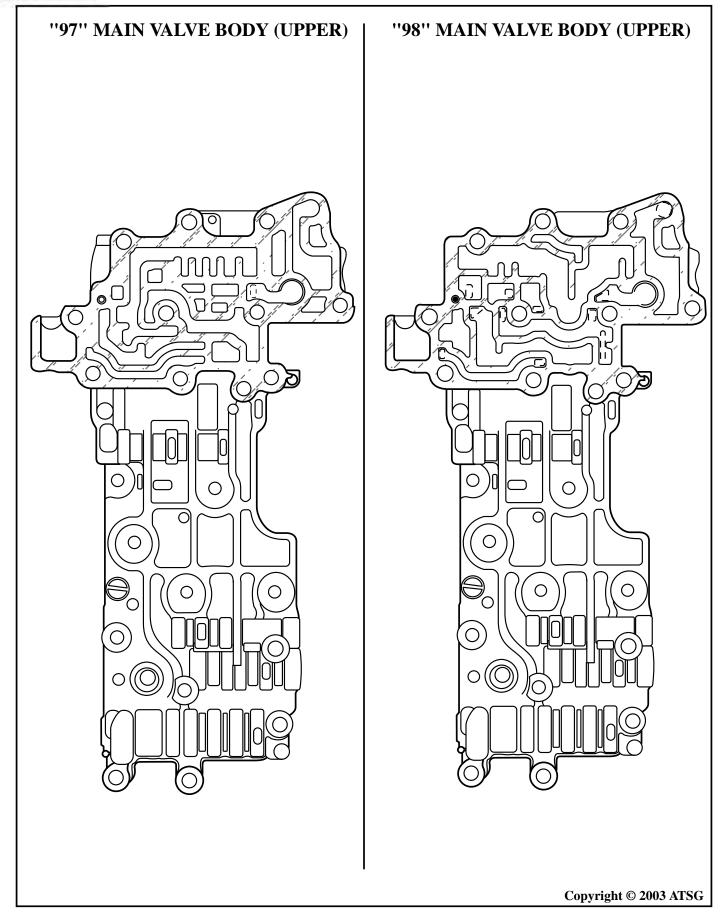
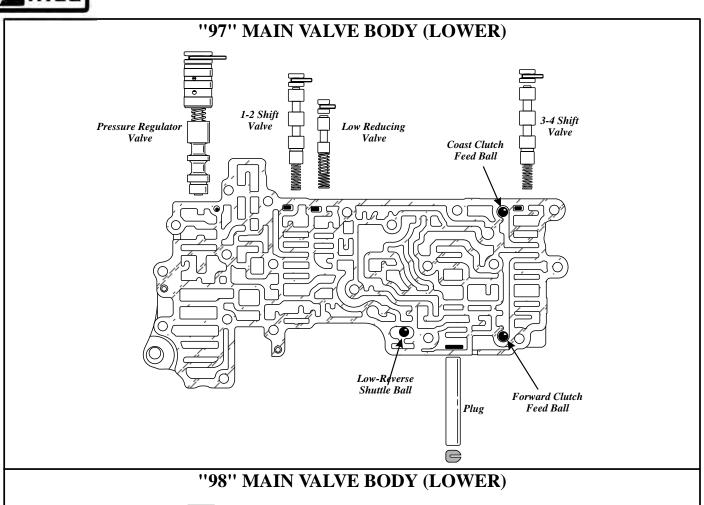


Figure 1
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP









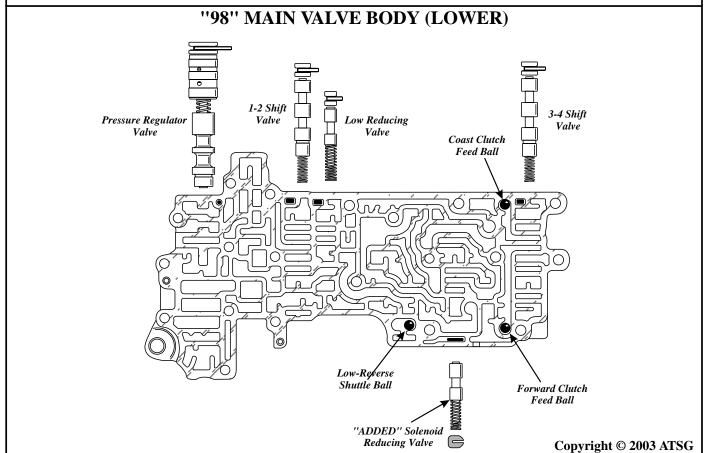
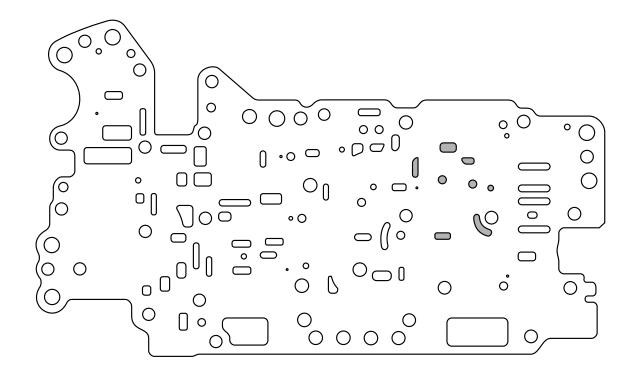


Figure 3
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



## "97" MAIN VALVE BODY SPACER PLATE



## "98" MAIN VALVE BODY SPACER PLATE

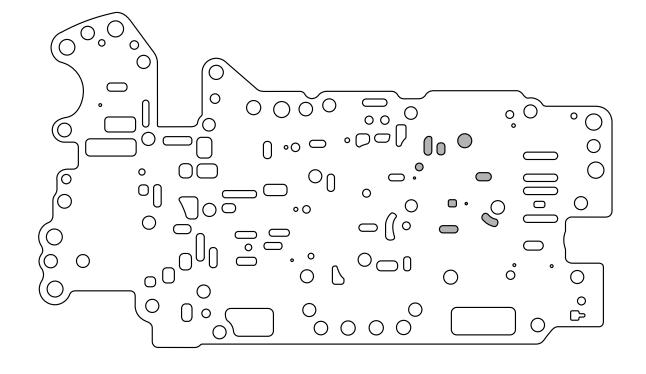
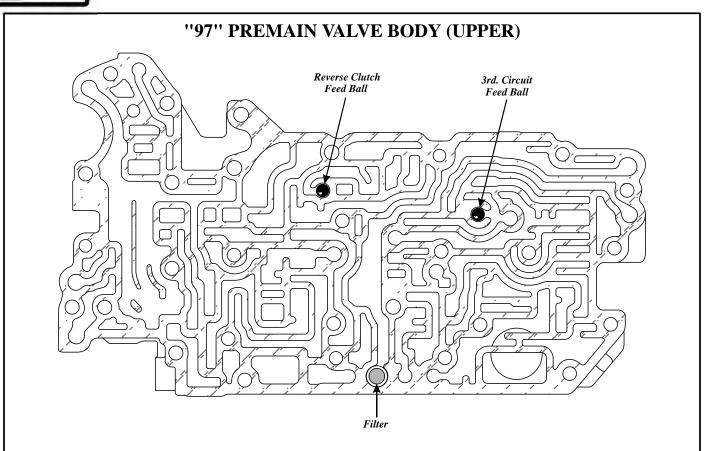


Figure 4
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP

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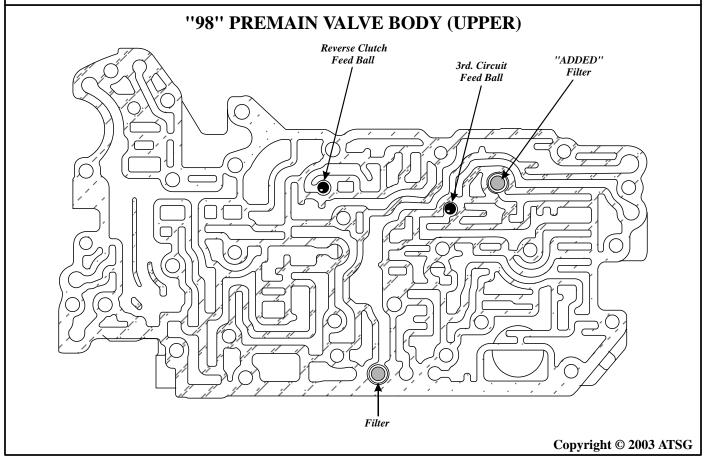


Figure 5
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



