

TRANSMISSION SEMINAR 199,

NEW DESIGNATION	3
4L60	4
4760	20
4T60E	75
3T40	84
200-4R	88
3L80	90
350	93
41.90E	<i>0.4</i>



TRANSMISSION SEMINAR

1991

This years seminar brings the latest information on transmission changes and complaints to you the field technicians in both a video and slide format along with this printed back-up material to help you in the shop. We cover the most often asked questions from the ATSG "hotline" on the 4L60 (700-R4), 4T60 (440-T4), and 3T40 (125-C). This information will help you when the same type problems arise on the vehicles coming into your shop.

The 1991 model year has seen introduction of several new fully electronic controlled transmissions. In the transaxle catagory is the 4T60-E, which will eventually replace the 440-T4, with a 4T80-E and a 4T40-E waiting in the wings. For the rear drive vehicles, the 4L80-E (400 Overdrive), has been released, and the 4L60-E (700 Electronic Control), due to be released in 1992.

The information and part numbers contained in this booklet have been carefully compiled from industry sources known for their reliability, but ATSG does not guarantee its accuracy.

This Booklet Contains:

"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission From Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

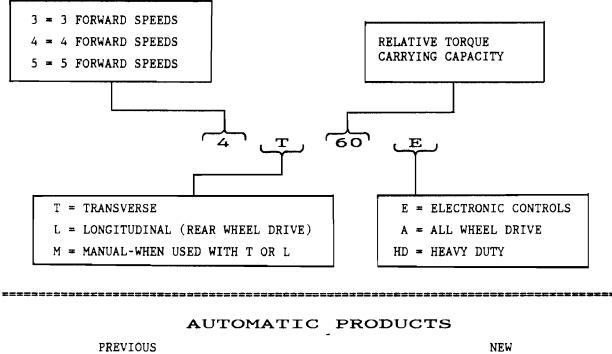
ROBERT D. CHERRNAY TECHNICAL DIRECTOR DALE ENGLAND
FIELD SERVICE CONSULTANT

ED KRUSE LAY OUT

Automatic Transmission Service Group 9200 South Dadeland Blvd. Suite 720 Miami Florida 33156



NEW DESIGNATION SYSTEM FOR HYDRA-MATIC PRODUCTS



PREVIOUS	NEW
DESIGNATION	DESIGNATION
THM 180/180C	HYDRA-MATIC 3L30
THM R1	HYDRA-MATIC 4L30-E
THM A-1	HYDRA-MATIC 3T40-A
THM 125/125C	HYDRA-MATIC 3T40
THM 700-R4	HYDRA-MATIC 4L60
NONE	HYDRA-MATIC 4L60-E
THM 440-T4	HYDRA-MATIC 4T60
THM F-31	HYDRA-MATIC 4T60-E
THM 400	HYDRA-MATIC 3L80
THM 475	HYDRA-MATIC 3L80-HD
THM R-2	HYDRA-MATIC 4L80-E
NONE	HYDRA-MATIC 4T80-E
表示 \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P	
ΜΑΝΙΙΔΤ	PRODUCTS

HM-290	HYDRA-MATIC 5LM60
HM-282	HYDRA-MATIC 5TM40



THM 4L60 (700-R4) soft upshifts and other things

COMPLAINT: Soft and/or mushy upshifts regardless of throttle position.

CAUSE: Not enough feed oil to the 2-4 band, and the 3-4 clutch pack.

CORRECTION: Drill the holes in the spacer plate, as shown in Figure 1, as follows:

HOLE "A", DRILL TO .110".

This will improve the 1-2 shift.

HOLE "B", DRILL TO .086".

This will improve the 2-3 shift. DO NOT drill any larger than .086" as a larger hole will create a flare on the 2-3 shift on some models.

HOLE "C", DRILL TO .055".

This will prevent the T.V. valve from hydraulically locking.

HOLE "D", DRILL TO .093".

This will help prevent the 3-4 clutches from burning. This hole was eliminated on the 1988 and later 5.7L models. If your spacer plate does not have this hole, use the gasket as a template and drill it to .093".

HOLE "E", MAKE SURE THIS HOLE IS NOT COVERED WITH YOUR GASKETS. If this hole is covered by the gaskets, it will create the following:

- (1) Shifts 1-3 in drive, after initial upshift pattern. First set of upshifts are normal, and will be again, after setting awhile.
- (2) Delayed (5 Seconds) 4-2, or 3-2 kickdown.
- (3) Delayed (5 Seconds) manual downshift from D3 to D2. (Stays in 3rd)
- (4) Binds in reverse, after upshifting to 3rd gear. Normal operation after setting for a while.
- (5) Binds in manual Lo, after upshifting to 3rd gear. Normal operation after setting for a while.
- (6) Results in burnt 3-4 clutch plates. They are usually wiped out on the road test, as this is the exhaust hole for the 3-4 clutch.



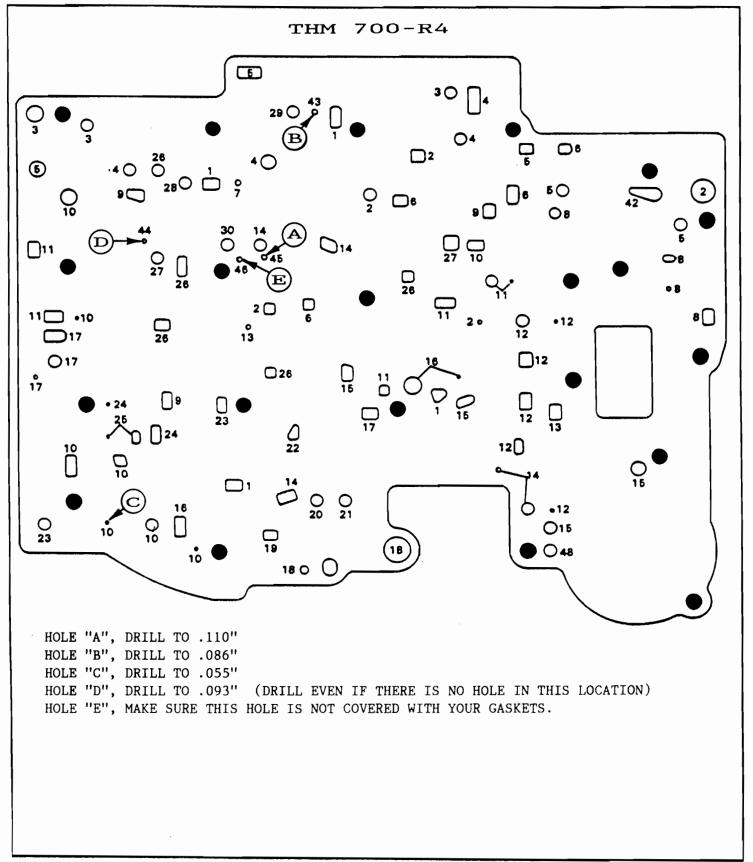


Figure 1



THM 4L60 (700-R4) SHIFT PROBLEMS AND BURNT L/R CLUTCH

PROBLEM NUMBER 1.

Do not install a checkball in the location marked with an "X", as shown in Figure 3. The result will be, NO 2ND GEAR, as it blocks D4 oil from getting to the 1-2 shift valve.

PROBLEM NUMBER 2.

Do not install the number 9 checkball (Det/Lo) in the "Bathtub" in the case on any 1988 or later model (See Figure 3). This will create a tie-up on the 1-2 shift, and wipe out the Lo/Reverse Clutches and 2/4 Band.

PROBLEM NUMBER 3.

If you have very high and harsh upshifts, you can remove the number 10 check ball (T.V. Exhaust), and usually eliminate the problem (See Figure 3).

PROBLEM NUMBER 4.

Do not install the number 12 checkball on top of the orifice cup plug in the auxiliary valve body. It goes next to the orifice cup plug as shown in Figure 2. If you install it improperly, the checkball falls through the spacer plate into the D4 passage, and is forced into the governor screen blocking all of governor feed oil, and creates "No Upshift". It may also be an intermitent problem, as the checkball sometimes falls away from the screen allowing D4 oil to the governor (See Figure 3).

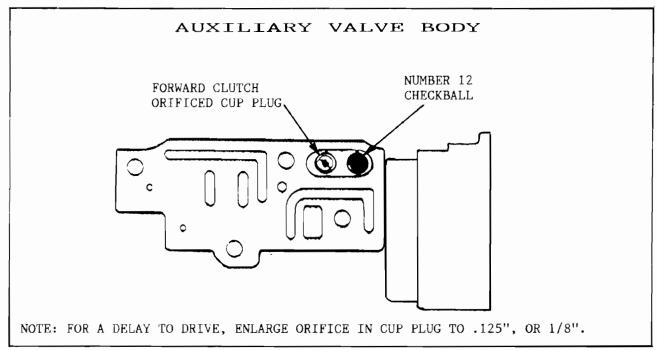
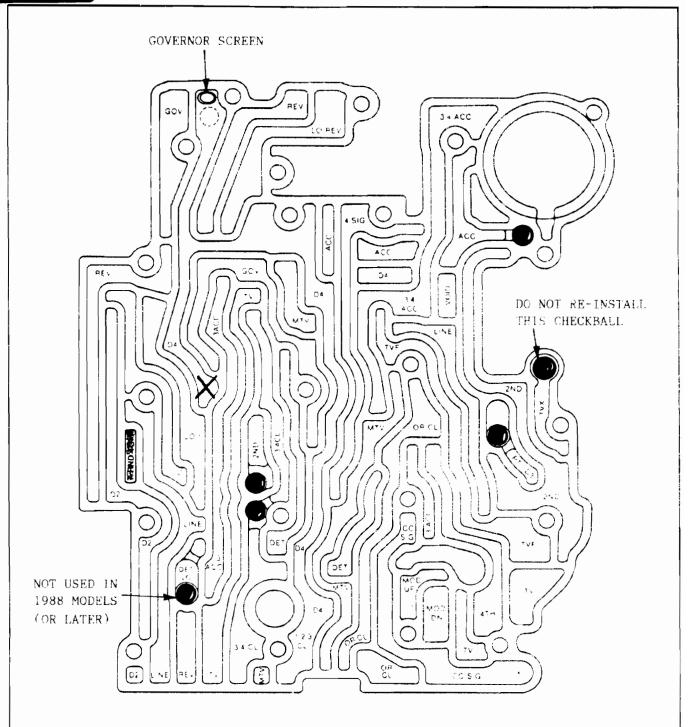


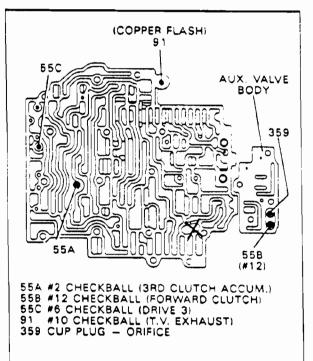
Figure 2

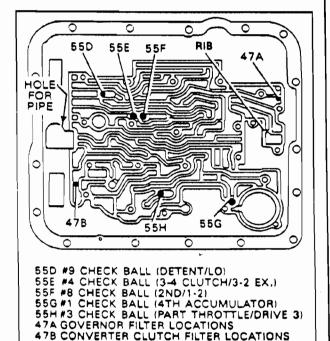


DO NOT INSTALL CHECKBALL IN LOCATION MARKED WITH AN "X" IN THE ILLUSTRATION ABOVE. IF YOU DO, THE RESULT WILL BE NO 2ND GEAR.

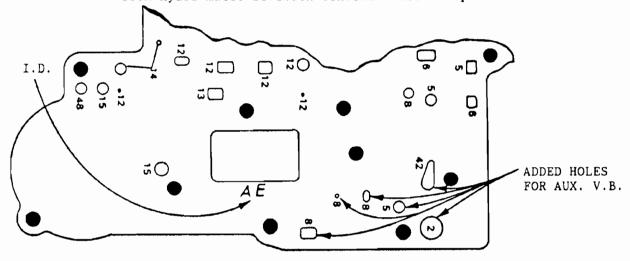


CHECKBALL LOCATIONS 1987 MODELS ONLY - WITH AUX. V.B.





Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp.



NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL CHECKBALL IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE VALVE BODY ON ANY 1987 MODEL, WITH THE AUXILIARY VALVE BODY.

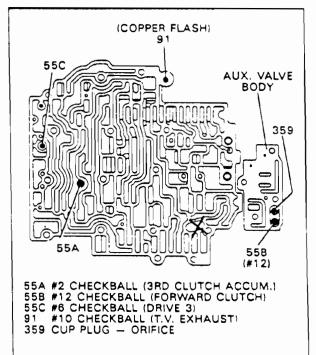
NOTE: 1987 MODEL SPACER PLATES ARE IDENTIFIED WITH A 2 LETTER CODE STAMPED INTO THE SPACER PLATE. THE FIRST LETTER WILL ALWAYS BE AN "A", AND WILL NOT INTERCHANGE WITH ANY OTHER MODELS.

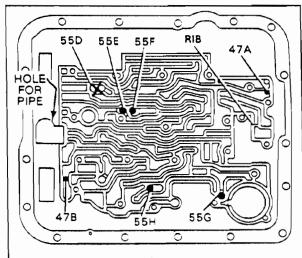
THIS INFORMATION PROVIDED BY "ATSG", MIAMI, FLORIDA. FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL (305) 661-4161. Copyright 1990 ATSG

Figure 4



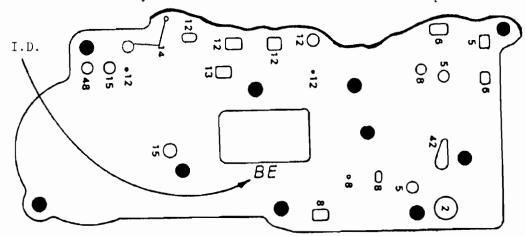
CHECKBALL LOCATIONS 1988 MODELS ONLY - WITH AUX. V.B.





55D #9 CHECK BALL (ELIMINATED)
55E #4 CHECK BALL (3-4 CLUTCH/3-2 EX.)
55F #8 CHECK BALL (2ND/1-2)
55G #1 CHECK BALL (4TH ACCUMULATOR)
55H #3 CHECK BALL (PART THROTTLE/DRIVE 3)
47A GOVERNOR FILTER LOCATIONS
47B CONVERTER CLUTCH FILTER LOCATIONS

Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp.



NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL CHECKBALL IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE VALVE BODY, NOR IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE CASE, ON ANY 1988 MODELS. (SEE ABOVE ILLUSTRATIONS).

NOTE: 1988 MODEL SPACER PLATES ARE IDENTIFIED WITH A 2 LETTER CODE STAMPED INTO THE SPACER PLATE. THE FIRST LETTER WILL ALWAYS BE A "B", AND WILL NOT INTERCHANGE WITH PREVIOUS MODEL SPACER PLATES. (SEE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION).

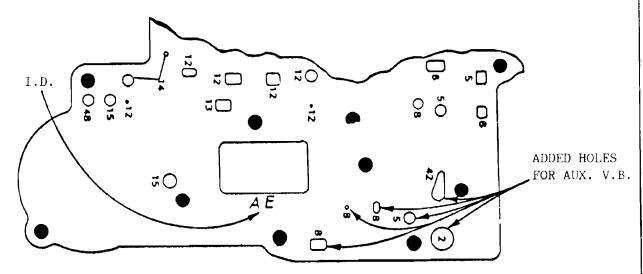
THIS INFORMATION PROVIDED BY "ATSG", MIAMI, FLORIDA. FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL (305) 661-4161.

Copyright 1990 ATSG

Figure 5

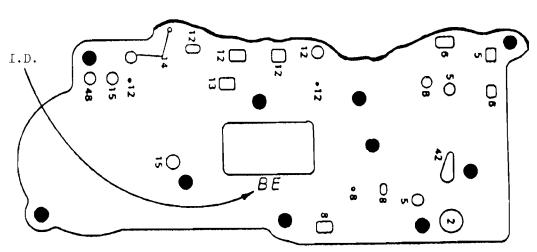


THM 4L60 (700-R4) SPACER PLATE IDENTIFICATION



NOTE: 1987 MODEL SPACER PLATES ARE IDENTIFIED WITH A 2 LETTER CODE STAMPED INTO THE SPACER PLATE. THE FIRST LETTER WILL ALWAYS BE AN "A", AND WILL NOT INTERCHANGE WITH ANY OTHER MODELS.

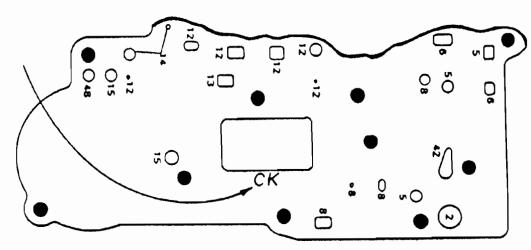
NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL CHECKBALL IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE VALVE BODY ON ANY 1987 OR LATER MODEL, THAT HAS THE AUXILIARY VALVE BODY.



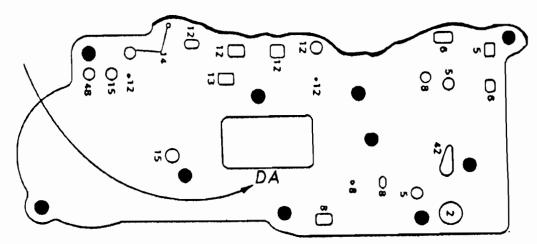
NOTE: 1988 MODEL SPACER PLATES ARE IDENTIFIED WITH A 2 LETTER CODE STAMPED INTO THE SPACER PLATE. THE FIRST LETTER WILL ALWAYS BE A "B", AS SHOWN ABOVE, AND WILL NOT INTERCHANGE WITH ANY PREVIOUS MODEL SPACER PLATES.

NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL CHECKBALL IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE VALVE BODY, NOR IN THE "BATHTUB" IN THE CASE, ON <u>ANY</u> 1988 MODELS. (SEE FIGURE 5)





NOTE: BEGINNING IN 1989, THE FIRST LETTER WILL BE A "C" FOR ALL PASSENGER CAR SPACER PLATES, AND A "B" FOR ALL TRUCK SPACER PLATES. "B" SPACER PLATES, AND "C" SPACER PLATES WILL INTERCHANGE WITH NO FUNCTIONAL PROBLEMS, BUT OBVIOUSLY PASSENGER CARS ARE CALIBRATED DIFFERENT THAN TRUCKS, SO SHOULD NOT BE MIXED.



NOTE: BEGINNING IN 1990, WE HAVE THE FOLLOWING:

"B" SPACER PLATES, CALIBRATED AND FOUND IN TRUCKS.

"C" SPACER PLATES, CALIBRATED FOR AND FOUND IN PASSENGER CARS.

"D" SPACER PLATES, CALIBRATED FOR AND FOUND IN DIESELS.

THM 4L60 (700-R4) 3-4 CLUTCH DURABILITY

CHANGE: Load Release Springs are added to the 3-4 clutch pack on "F" and "Y" cars only (See Figure 8).

REASON: The load release springs were added to quicken the release of the 3-4 clutch pack on downshifts.

PARTS AFFECTED:

(1) 3-4 Load Release Springs – Added on YDM, YMM, YWM, and YZM models only, and locates in five places around the 3-4 clutch pack (See Figure 8). The 3-4 clutch pack now requires some special attention on the stack up. The wide tabs on the 3-4 steel plates were eliminated to make room for the load release springs (Figure 8). However, there is still "One" flat steel plate WITH the wide tabs required in the new 3-4 clutch pack. It goes on top of the stepped apply plate, and provides a "Seat" for the 3-4 load release springs (See Figure 8).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

Should not be used on any models previous to 1988, nor on any 1988 model, other than models listed above.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

Plate. 3-4 Stepped Apply (1 Required)	8667423
Plate. 3-4 Steel, With Wide Tabs (1 Required)	8642173
Plate, 3-4 Steel, Without Wide Tabs (5 Required)	8663633
Plate, 3-4 Lined (6 Required)	8654145
Spring Assembly, 3-4 Load Release (5 Required)	8667424
Plate, 3-4 Backing Selective (Stamped "5")	8667535
Plate, 3-4 Backing Selective (Stamped "6")	8667536
Plate, 3-4 Backing Selective (Stamped "7")	8667537
Plate, 3-4 Backing Selective (Stamped "8")	8667538
Ring, Internal Snap (3-4 Clutch)	8663636
Gear, Input Internal (Longer Splines)	8663639

NOTE: THESE SPRINGS WERE ADDED TO ALL MODELS BEGINNING IN 1989, AND SHOULD BE ELIMINATED, ALONG WITH DRILLING THE NO. 44 HOLE IN THE SPACER PLATE AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1. THESE MODIFICATIONS WILL IMPROVE THE 3-4 CLUTCH DURABILITY.



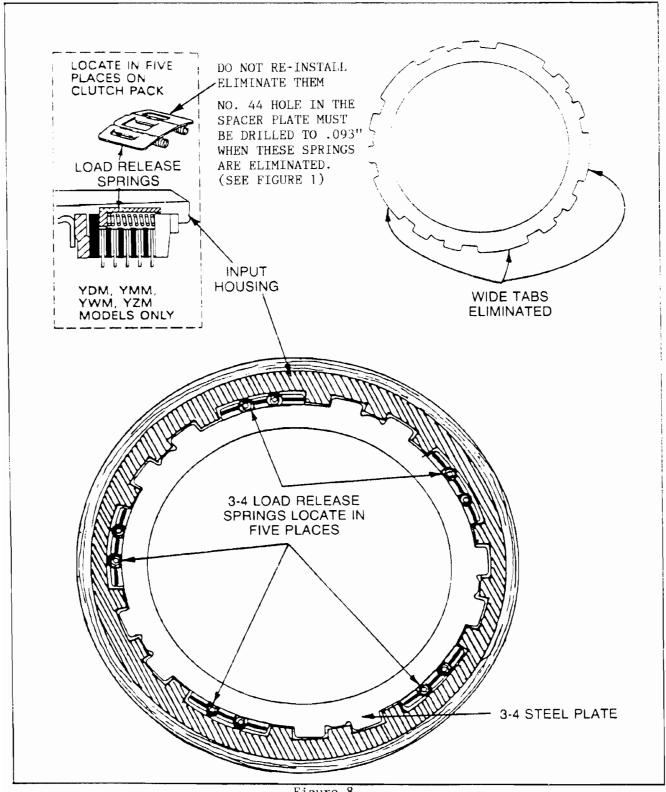


Figure 8



THM 700-R4 (4L60)

NEW LOW/REVERSE CLUTCH SUPPORT AND SELECTIVE PLATE DIMENSIONS

Beginning on November 1, 1989 (Julian Date 305) on all 1990 model THM 700-R4 transmissions, a new Low/Reverse Clutch Support went into production, that was made thicker. The "ONLY" way to identify the new low/reverse clutch support is to measure its thickness with a micrometer (See Figure 9).

This change also effects the thickness of the selective plates for the Low/Reverse clutch pack. The selective plates have decreased in thickness and "WILL NOT" interchange with the previous plates. Refer to the chart in Figure $10~{\rm for}$ identification and dimensions.

To choose the proper selective plate for the low/reverse clutch pack, stack the entire clutch pack on a flat work table. With the selective plate installed, the overall height at dimension "D" should be 1.201"-1.236" (31.40mm-30.51mm). Refer to Figure 11. In most cases, the new low/reverse clutch support will only require a fifth reaction plate instead of a selective plate.

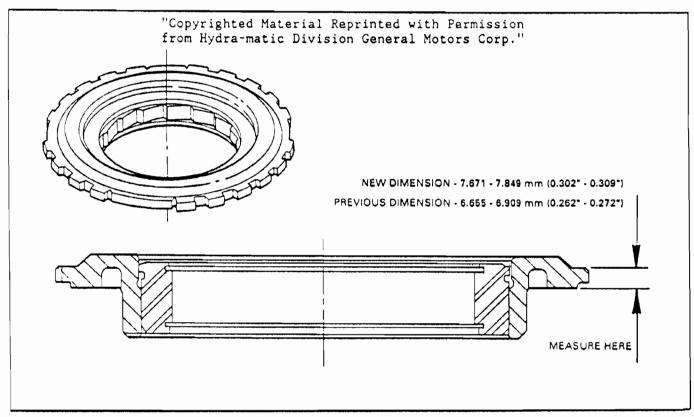


Figure 9

PART NAME	DIMENSION	IDENTIFICATION	PART NO.
Reaction Plate	.066"073"	NONE	6261120
Selective Plate	.094"101"	Stamped "4"	8667584
Selective Plate	.122"129"	Stamped "5"	8667585
	•	SELECTIVE IDENTIFICATION	
PART NAME	DIMENSION	IDENTIFICATION	PART NO.
PART NAME	•		
NEW L PART NAME Selective Plate Reaction Plate	DIMENSION	IDENTIFICATION	PART NO.

Figure 10

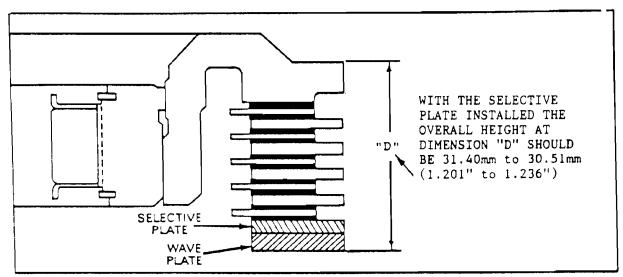


Figure 11



THM 4L60 (700-R4)

PREMATURE REVERSE INPUT CLUTCH FAILURE

COMPLAINT: Premature failure of the reverse input clutches, on 1987 or later

models only. These models have the new aluminum piston.

CAUSE: The cause may be the orifice hole in the new aluminum piston being

larger than the feed hole in the reverse input housing. The original

orifice hole was .116".

CORRECTION: This should be modified on ALL aluminum pistons to eliminate any

repeat failures, and there are two methods.

METHOD NO. 1.

Plug the original hole from the back side of piston with an allen head set screw, flush or below. Retain the set screw with Loc-tite,

(See Figure 12, Inset "A").

180 degrees from original hole you will find a hole started but not drilled through. Drill through here with a 1/16" drill bit, from the front side of piston. Turn the piston over and from the back side of piston, drill about half way through with a 1/8" drill bit (See Figure 12, Inset "B"). Please use a drill press for this operation to keep the holes straight.

METHOD NO. 2.

Install an orifice cup plug, OEM part number 8631146, into original hole from the back side of piston, and enlarge orifice to 1/16".

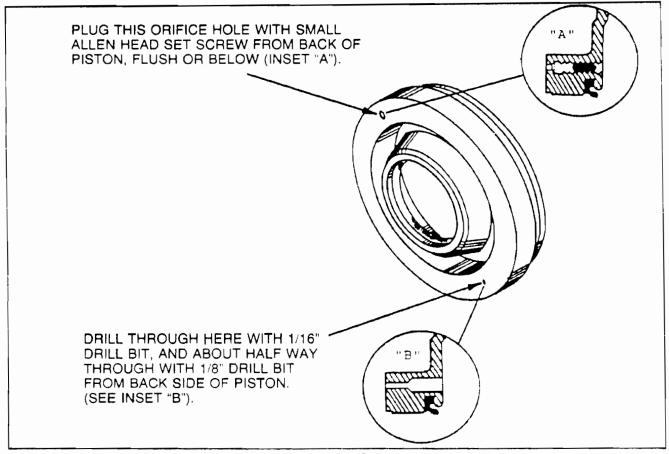


Figure 12



THM 4L60 (700-R4)

DELAYED ENGAGEMENT TO REVERSE

COMPLAINT: Delayed engagement when selector lever is placed in reverse, on

1987 or later models ONLY.

CAUSE: The cause may be, lack of feed oil to the Lo/Reverse clutch pack.

CORRECTION: Remove the BALL ONLY from the capsule at the rear of the case in

the Lo/Reverse feed passage (See Figure 13). Leave the capsule in

place in the case. Remove the ball only.

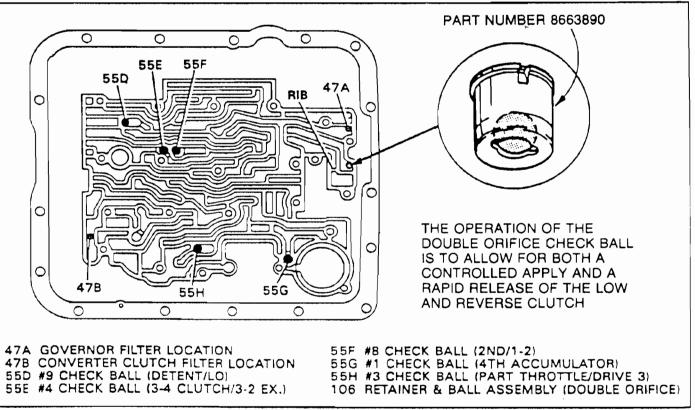


Figure 13



THM 4L60 (700-R4)

3-2 COASTDOWN "CLUNK" IN D3 ONLY

COMPLAINT: Severe "Clunk" on a coastdown 3-2 shift, in the D3 range only. The

noise is more noticeable if the vehicle is heavily loaded or towing

a trailer.

CAUSE: Not enough travel for the 2/4 servo cushion spring.

CORRECTION: Remove .100" to .125" from the inner hub of the 2nd apply servo

piston as shown in Figure 14, and replace the servo cushion spring

with OEM Part Number 8642539.

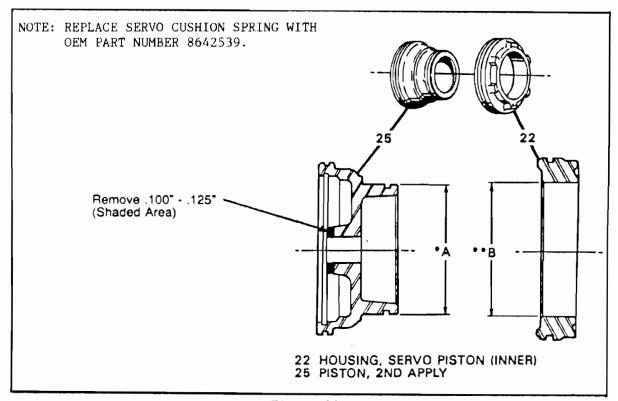


Figure 14



THM 4L60 (700-R4) FREQUENTLY REQUESTED PART NUMBERS

1-2 ACCUMULATOR VALVE SPRING (HARSH 1-2 SHIFT)	8647974
RD ACCUMULATOR BALL CAPSULE (SERVO)	8634400
PRESSURE REGULATOR VALVE (CROSS DRILLED)	8637546
LATE REACTION CARRIER (WITH OIL DEFLECTOR)	8654200
REACTION RING GEAR SUPPORT (FOR OIL DEFLECTOR)	8654197
REACTION RING GEAR (LATE STYLE)	8667055
T.C.C. THROTTLE VALVE KIT	8642970
28 ELEMENT SPRAG ASSEMBLY	8657928
INNER PUMP SLIDE SPRING	8639562
OUTER PUMP SLIDE SPRING	8639563
FORWARD CLUTCH ACCUMULATOR COVER (LATE STYLE)	8673043
ORIFICE CUP PLUG (FOR REVERSE INPUT PISTON MODIFICATION)	8631146
BALL CAPSULE (FOR LO/REVERSE FEED PASSAGE)	8663890
2/4 SERVO CUSHION SPRING (3-2 DOWNSHIFT CLUNK IN D3)	8642539

THM 440-T4 (4T60) CONVERTER CLUTCH SHUDDER

COMPLAINT: Converter clutch shudder on any THM 440-T4.

CAUSE: The cause may be, not enough converter apply pressure, as

the factory has it calibrated at 45 PSI.

CORRECTION: There is now available from the aftermarket suppliers a

spring for the converter clutch regulator valve that will raise the apply pressure from 45 PSI to 61 PSI, and will

eliminate converter clutch shudder (See Figure 15).

The new spring is available under part number SGSF-440.

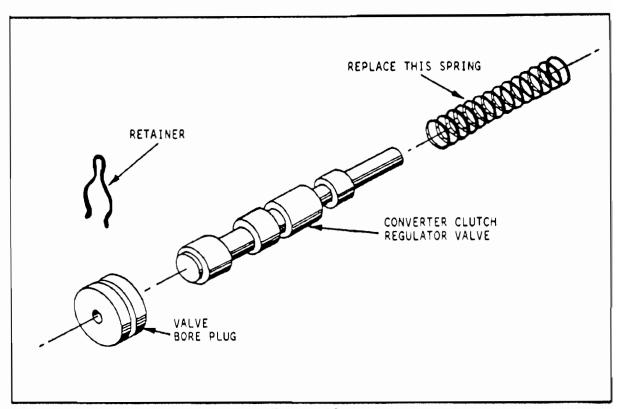


Figure 15



THM 440-T4 (4T60) EARLY UPSHIFTS AND NO PASSING GEAR

COMPLAINT: Early upshift pattern (Regardless of Throttle Position), and no

forced (Part or Full Throttle) downshifts.

CAUSE: The cause may be, a loss of T.V. pressure due to a mis-matched spacer plate and T.C.C. Regulator Valve.

There are two totally different types of converter regulator valve systems.

- (1) T.V. CONTROLLED T.C.C. REGULATOR VALVE On this system lands one, two, and three are all the same diameter, and requires a spacer plate <u>WITH</u> a T.V. hole as shown in Figure 16.

 There are currently two different styles of the T.V. controlled converter regulator valve as shown in Figure 16. The 1st design is identified by "2 Narrow Rings", and the 2nd design is identified by a "Wide Band". The 2nd design valve improves T.C.C. apply feel because land No. 2 is .018" longer than the 1st design. Refer to Figure 16 to compare the length.
- (2) NON T.V. CONTROLLED CONVERTER REGULATOR VALVE On this system lands one and two are the same size, but land three is .052" smaller in diameter (See Figure 17). This system requires a spacer plate <u>WITHOUT</u> a T.V. hole by arrow, as shown in Figure 17.

If the non T.V. controlled converter regulator valve is mis-matched with a spacer plate "WITH" the T.V. hole, all T.V. pressure will be exhausted and early upshifts and no kickdown will be the result.

CORRECTION: Install spacer plate and T.C.C. regulator valve that are compatable with one another. Refer to Figures 16 and 17.



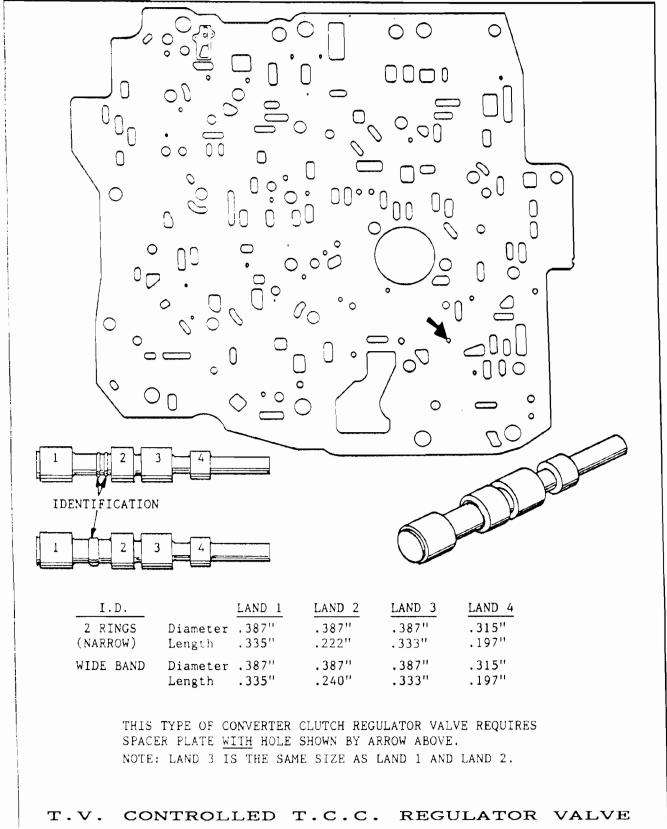
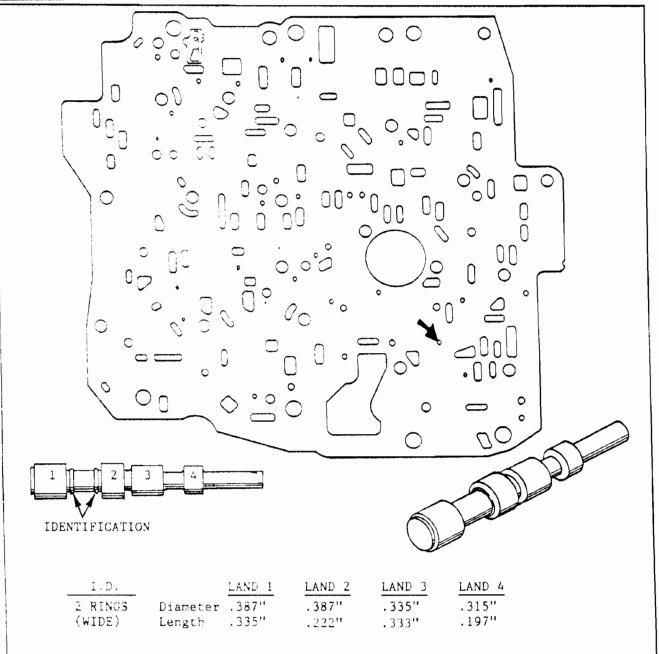


Figure 16





THIS TYPE OF CONVERTER CLUTCH REGULATOR VALVE REQUIRES SPACER PLATE WITHOUT HOLE SHOWN BY ARROW ABOVE.

NCTE: LAND 3 IS SMALLER THAN LAND 1 AND LAND 2.

NON T.V. CONTROLLED REGULATOR VALVE



THM 440-T4 (4T60) 2ND CLUTCH DURABILITY

COMPLAINT: 2nd clutch pack with a very short life span, usually associated

with a 1-2 slip, or a 1-2 slide bump.

CAUSE: The cause may be a lack of line pressure rise to sufficiently

apply the second clutch pack. We also recommend OEM "Koline" steel plates in this pack, and "Vespel" sealing rings on the

driven sprocket support.

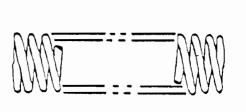
CORRECTION: Shorten the modulator boost valve spring by 1/4", or approximately

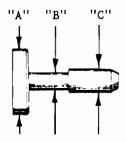
l to $1\frac{1}{2}$ coils. The modulator boost valve spring is located in the pressure regulator line up, which is directly next to the T.V. plunger in the valve body (See Figure 18). This will allow line pressure to rise at less of a throttle opening and greatly increase 2nd clutch durability. This modification should be done on "ALL"

THM 440-T4 transaxles during the rebuilding process.

SPECIAL NOTE:

There are currently 3 different diameters of modulator boost valves, and 3 different spring calibrations (See Below). This equation will work on all 3 calibrations.





	SPRING COLOR	· DIMENSION	DIMENSION "B"	DIMENSION "C"
CALIBRATION NO. 1	BLUE	.568"	.170"	. 200"
CALIBRATION NO. 2	GREEN	.568"	.166"	. 276"
CALIBRATION NO. 3	ORG/YELLOW	.547"	.168"	. 200"

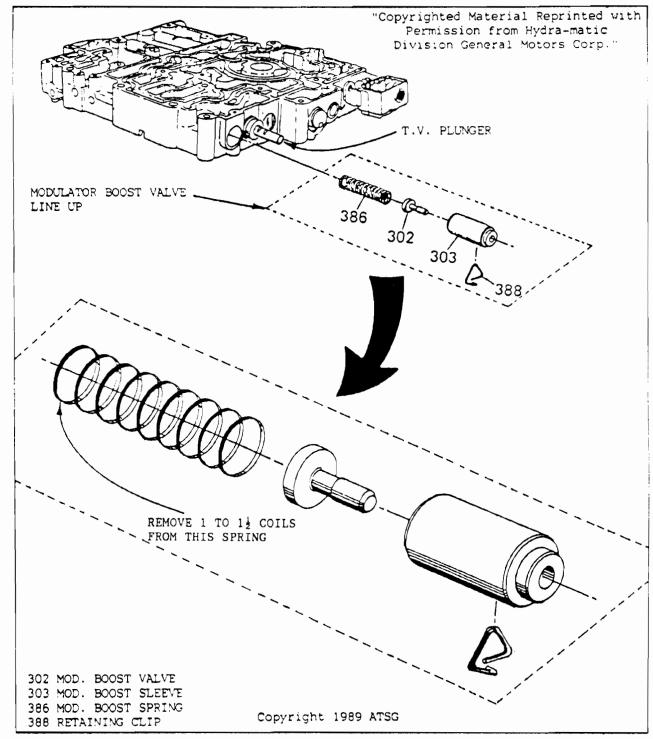


Figure 18

Notes



THM 440-T4 (4T60) HARSH 3-2 DOWNSHIFT

COMPLAINT: Harsh 3-2 part throttle, and/or full throttle downshifts.

CAUSE: Improper timing for release of the third clutch and re-application

of the 1-2 band.

CORRECTION: Install a new 3-2 Control Valve Spring, now available in a service

package from OEM. See "Service Information" on pages 28 and 29 for proper of OEM part numbers. Refer to Figure 19 for proper installation.

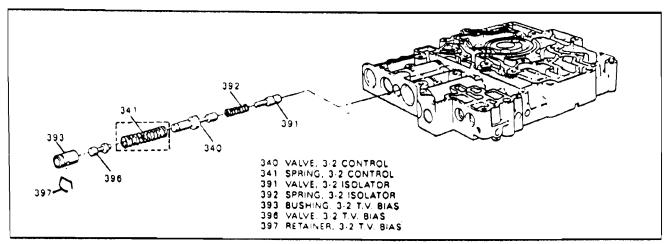


Figure 19



SERVICE INFORMA	ATION:	
HIGH ALTITUDE	ONLY;	
SBR, SCP, 50 SBX SBV SCN, SCN	BW	. 8646993 . 8646979 . 8646994 . 8646983
6AYH, 6BBH, 6ACH, 6AWH 6BAH 6BCH, 6BDH, 6BLH, 6BTH, 6CMH, 6CNH, 6FTH, 6FYH	6AFH, 6APH, 6ASH, 6BHH, 6FBH	. 8646981 . 8646980 . 8646979 . 8646992 . 8646983
7FCH, 7FZH 7FJH, 7FNH,	7FRH, 7FTH	. 8646979 . 8646993
8BKH, 8FBH 8FCH	8BTH, 8BYH, 8FJH	. 8646982 . 8646979
9ACH, 9ADH, 9BAH, 9BDH, 9BFH, 9BMH 9BHH, 9PAH, 9BPH, 9WRH 9CDH, 9CLH, 9PBH, 9WLH, 9WUH, 9WZH, 9YAH, 9YBH,	9AFH, 9ANH, 9ATH, 9AJH 9AHH 9BJH, 9BWH 9WBH, 9WCH 9CPH, 9CYH, 9CZH 9WKH 9VYH 9YJH, 9YCH, 9YFH	. 8675936 . 8646982 . 8646993 . 8646981 . 8646980 . 8646994 . 8662932 . 8646993
OAAH, OABH, OAJH OLMH, OLNH OBAH, GBDH, OBHH OBFH OBPH OFAH OYKH, OYLH OCHH, OCJH	OAFH, OANH, OATH	. 8646980 . 8662932 . 8646993 . 8646982 . 8646981 . 8646980 . 8662932 . 8646979 . 8646993



SERVICE INFORMATION: (Cont'd)	
LOW ALTITUDE ONLY; 6FCH, 6FZH 6FBH 6CFH, 6CMH, 6CNH 6BHH 6BBH 6BCH, 6BDH, 6BMH, 6BZH 6BAH, 6BLH, 6BTH, 6FTH, 6FYH	8646993 8646994 8646982 8646981 8662907 8646979
7FCH, 7FZH	8646993 8646979
8FCH 8BRH 8FBH, 8BKH 8BJH, 8BTH, 8BYH, 8FJH	8662932 8646980 8646993 8646979
9AAH, 9ABH, 9AFH, 9AJH, 9ANH, 9ATH 9ACH, 9ADH, 9AHH 9BAH, 9BDH, 9BJH, 9BWH, 9YAH, 9YBH, 9YJH, 9YFH, 9YCH 9BCH, 9BHH, 9WBH, 9PAH 9BFH, 9BMH, 9WUH, 9WZH, 9VYH 9WTH	8646953 8675936 8646981 8646993 8646980 8662932 8646953
OAAH, CABH, OAFH, OANH, OATH OAJH OLMH, OLNH OBFH OBAH, OBDH, OBJH, OBWH OBHH OPAH OYKH, OYLH OCHH, OCJH	8646980 8662932 8675963 8646979 8646993 8646980 8675962 8662907 8646979



THM 440-T4 (4L60) BROKEN T.V. PLUNGER

The T.V. Plunger and Bushing Assembly are now available from OEM in a service package, so that buying a valve body is no longer necessary when the TV plunger is broken or cracked (See Figure 20). Refer to the following OEM part numbers as it IS a model sensitive part.

<u>YEAR</u> 1984	TRANSAXLE MODELS 4BC	
1985	50B, 50Y 5BA, 5BC, 5BR, 5BW, 5BX 5CM, 5CP 5AF, 5AM	8649730 8646435 8649641
1986	6AAH, 6ACH, 6ADH, 6AFH, 6AMH, 6ANH, 6APH, 6ARH, 6ASH, 6ATH, 6AWH, 6AYH 6BAH, 6BBH, 6BCH, 6BDH, 6BLH, 6BMH, 6BSH, 6BTH, 6BYH 6BHH, 6BZH	8649641 8658704 8649730 8646435
1987	7ACH, 7ADH, 7AHH, 7ALH, 7ARH, 7HAH, 7HCH	8649641 8646435 8658704
1988	8AAH, 8ABH, 8AFH, 8AJH, 8ANH, 8ATH	8649641 8658704 8646435
1989	9AAH, 9ABH, 9ACH, 9ADH, 9AFH, 9AHH, 9AJH, 9ANH, 9ATH 9BAH, 9BDH, 9BFH, 9BHH, 9BJH, 9BMH, 9BPH, 9PAH, 9PBH, 9VXH, 9VYH, 9WBH, 9WCH, 9WKH, 9WLH, 9WRH, 9WTH, 9WUH, 9WZH,	8649641
======================================	9CDH, 9CLH, 9CPH, 9CYH, 9CZH, 9YAH, 9YBH, 9YCH, 9YFH, 9YJH	
1990	OAAH, OABH, OAFH, DAJH, CANH, OATH	
********	OCHH, OCJH, OLAH, OLMH, OLNH, OYKH, OYLH	

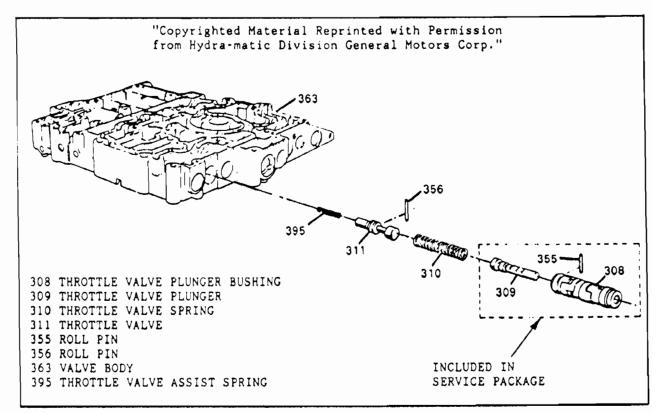


Figure 20



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

BURNT AND/OR WELDED FOURTH CLUTCH

COMPLAINT: On 1989 and 1990 models only, the fourth clutch lined and steel plates burnt to the point that it has melted the channel plate in the fourth clutch area.

POSSIBLE DRIVER COMPLAINTS:

- (1) Tie-up when transaxle shifts to 4th gear.
- (2) Will not move in drive and/or reverse (Due to 4th clutch welded to Channel Plate), but can be pushed with engine off.
- (3) Leak from the left axle area (Doughnut Gasket burnt from Heat).

CAUSE:

The cause may be the manual valve being positioned between the neutral and D4 position, which would allow the input clutch to be applied in 4th gear.

This was created by a change in the channel plate porting, in the manual valve area. The questionable channel plate can be identified by the casting number "8668423", with engineering update level "E". Refer to Figure 21 for locations. Casting number "8668423" with engineering update levels "A", "B", "C", and "D" are OK to use.

DO NOT USE CASTING NO. "8668423" WITH ENGINEERING UPDATE LEVEL OF "E" OR HIGHER - REFER TO FIGURE 21 FOR LOCATIONS OF BOTH.

CORRECTION: Install an earlier model channel plate that does not have the questionable casting number 8668423, as long as it is 85 1/2 or later channel plate.

> There is also a new service package available from OEM, to address this condition. The new service package contains the following:

- (1) NEW CHANNEL PLATE Will have porting changes for the new manual valve and new inside detent lever. The porting changes will help ensure that the 2 ports will never be opened at once to cause burnt 4th clutch assembly. The bore for the new manual valve will be reduced by .010" to accomodate the new manual valve. This will make the previous and new parts non-interchangeable (See Figures 22 and 23).
- (2) NEW MANUAL VALVE Will have changes to the valve lands and reduced .010" in diameter for the new porting changes in channel plate. The previous and new manual valves are not interchangeable. The new manual valve can be identified by a ring between the first two lands as shown in Figure 23.
- (3) NEW INDIDE DETENT LEVER Will have the manual link hole location changed to provide a different "Throw" of the manual valve, and the hole is now round instead of "Keyhole" shaped. Since the "W" car detent lever is different than all others, it will have square identification hole punched in it. The previous and new inside detent levers will not interchange. Refer to Figure 24 for I.D.



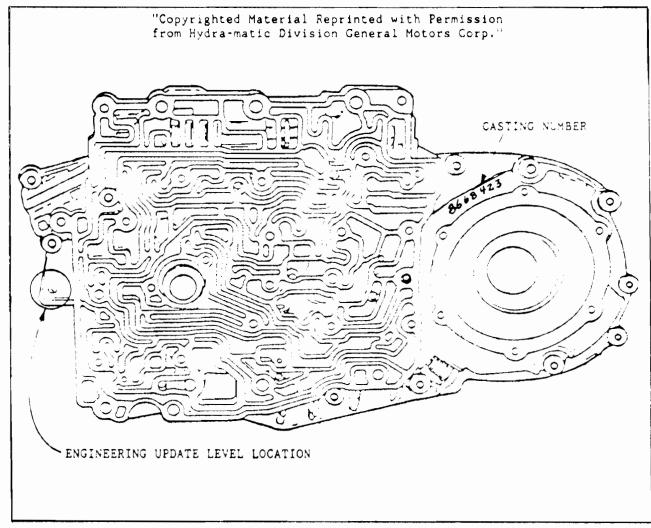


Figure 21

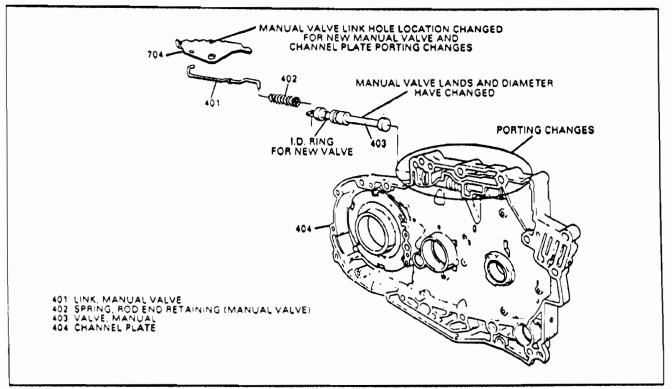


Figure 22

"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp,"

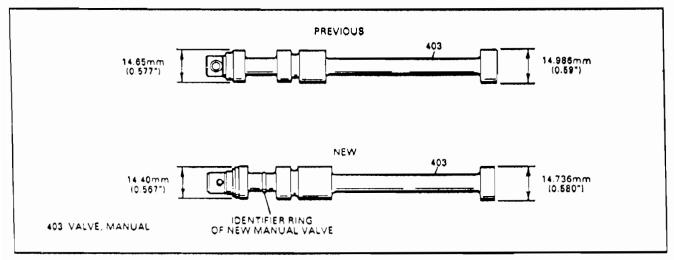


Figure 23



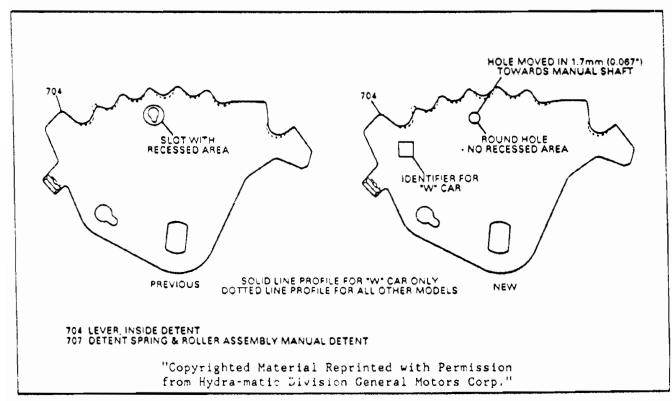


Figure 24



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

CHANGE ON 3RD CLUTCH PLATES

CHANGE: A change of the fiber material on the 3rd clutch plates requires that all 1989 and 1990 model THM 440-T4 transaxle models built after March 17, 1989 (Julian Date 076) have "New Calibrations" and new two letter model codes.

REASON: Change of factory supplier.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) 3RD CLUTCH PLATES Change of Fiber Material on the 3rd clutch plates, and can be identified by four (4) black stripes and/or "Notch" cut in one of the teeth, and/or NO identification (See Figure 25).
- (2) NEW MODEL CODES Were assigned when the fiber material changed on the 3rd clutch plates (See Figure 26).
- (3) SPACER PLATE Was changed on some models. To identify the new spacer plate, see Figure 27.
- (4) VALVE BODY CALIBRATION As Follows: (Refer to Figure 28).
 - A. 2-3 accumulator valve spring (Most Models).
 - B. 3-2 control valve spring (All Models).
 - C. 1-2 accumulator valve spring (CPH Models Only).

NOTE: The updated valve body assembly will have an update level "Laser Etched" into the casting by the servo pipes. Refer to Figure 27 for the identification numbers.

- (5) 1-2 SERVO CUSHION SPRING New 1-2 servo cushion spring can be identified by light blue and orange paint (See Figure 29).
- (6) 1-2 ACCUMULATOR SPRING New calibration on CPH model only (See Figure 30).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

The new 3rd clutch fiber plates (Black Stripe) WILL NOT service previous models, UNLESS, a "Calibration Update Kit" is installed at the same time. When the new 3rd clutch plates and Calibration Update Kit are installed, a new model tag must be installed with adhesive, that reflects the "New" model code. This is supplied in the Calibration Update Kit. Refer to Figure 31 for location of tag.

NOTE: THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS COULD OCCUR IF PARTS ARE MIXED.

- (1) Harsh shifts and possibly a tie-up condition (Worse at Altitudes) on 2-3 and 3-2 shifts if the <u>PREVIOUS</u> 3rd clutch plates are installed into a transaxle built after March 17, 1989 (New Model Codes).
- (2) A slide-bump on 2-3 and 3-2 shifts if the NEW 3rd clutch plates (Black Stripe) are installed into a transaxle built before March 17, 1989 (Old Model Codes) without installing one of the "Calibration Update Kits". Refer to Page 37 of this booklet for OEM part numbers under Service Information.



SERVICE INFORMATION: DESCRIPTION MODELS PART NO. 9AAH, 9ABH, 9AFH 8675936 1989 Calibration Update Kit 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9BAH, 9BDH 8675937 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9BFH, 9BMH 8675938 9ВНН, 8675939 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9BJH, 8675940 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9BPH, 8675941 1989 Calibration Update Kit 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9BWH, 9VXH 8675942 9CDH, 9CLH, 9CZH 8675943 1989 Calibration Update Kit 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9PAH 8675945 1989 Calibration Update Kit 9CPH, 9CYH 8675946 1989 Calibration Update Kit OCHH 8675947 1989 Calibration Update Kit OCJH 8675948 _____ 3RD CLUTCH PACK PART NUMBERS CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING: 4 Single Sided Inside Spline Plates (Green Stripes) 4 Single Sided Outside Spline Plate (Green Stripes) 1 Normal Steel Plate CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING: 5 Single Sided Inside Spline Plates (No Stripes) 5 Single Sided Outside Spline Plates (No Stripes) 1 Wave Plate 1989-1990 3RD CLUTCH PACK 8662990 CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING: 5 Single Sided Inside Spline Plates (Black Stripes) 5 Single Sided Outside Spline Plates (Black Stripes) 1 Wave Plate REQUIRES CALIBRATION UPDATE KIT, IF USED IN PREVIOUS MODELS.



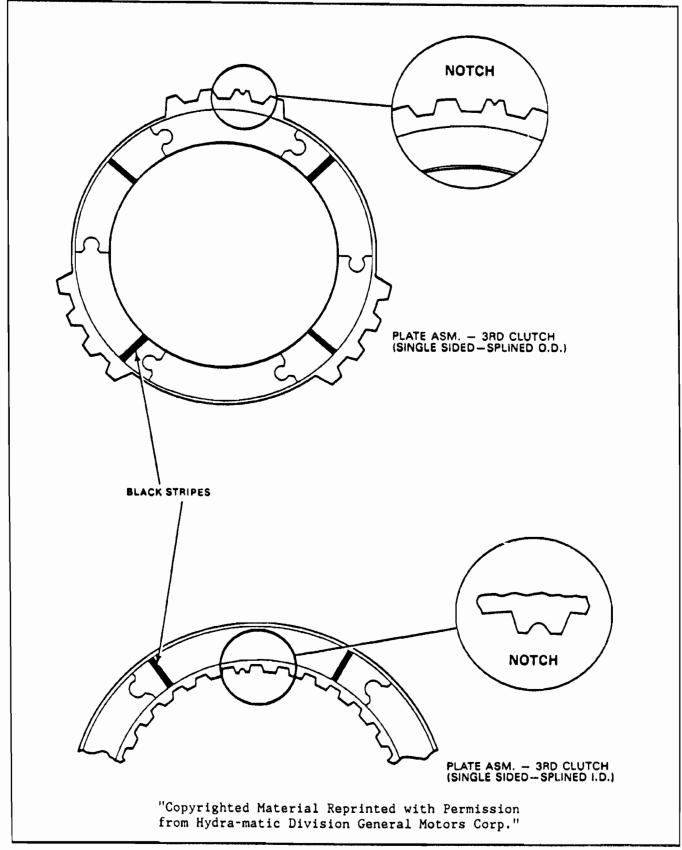
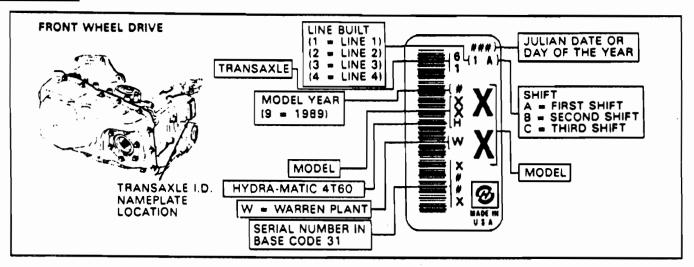


Figure 25
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP





"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

OLD MODEL	NEW MODEL	CODES	CODE INFORMATION
AAH	ACH		
ABH	ADH		
AFH	АНН		(*) = NO CHANGES (NO NEW 3RD CLUTCH PLATES)
(HLA)	(AJH)	(*)	10) 545111 1000 11005
(ANH)	(ANH)	(*)	(O) = EARLY 1990 MODEL
(ATH)	(ATH)	(*)	
(OLAH)	(OLAH)	(*) (0)	
(OLCH)	(OLCH)	(*)	
PAH	РВН		NOTE: IF THE MODEL CODES CHANGED THEN THE
VXH	VYH		3RD CLUTCH PLATE ASSEMBLY AND CALIBRATION
BAH	WBH		DID ALSO.
BDH	WCH		
BFH	WLH		
ВМН	WKH		
внн	WRH		
ВЈН	WZH		
ВРН	WTH		
BWH	WUH		
CDH	YAH		
CLH	YBH		
СРН	YCH		
СҮН	YFH		
СZН	YJH		
оснн	ОҮКН	(0)	
осин	OYLH	(0)	

Figure 26



"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

MODELS	VALVE BODY I.D.	MODELS	SPACER PLATE LAST FOUR NUMBERS	
AJH	85-1	AJH	8394	
ACH, ADH, AHH	9A-3	ACH, ADH, AHH	5213	
ANH, ATH	98-2	ANH, ATH	8415	
WBH, WCH	9D-2	WBH, WCH	5103	
WLH, WKH	9E-3	WLH, WKH	5091	
WRH	9G-3	WAH	5091	
WZH, WUH	9H-3	WZH WUH	5099 5097	
WTH	9J-3	WTH	5091	
YAH, YBH, YJH	9M-2	YAH, YBH, YJH	5089	
YCH	9P-2	YCH	5093	
РВН	9∪-2	РВН	5101	
OYKH	0Y-1	OYKH	5201	
OYLH	0W-1	OYLH	5203	
OLAH	0Z-1	OLAH	8874	
YFH	9C-0	YFH	8273	

The last number of the valve body I.D. can be the same as indicated or higher. The higher number means that it was updated.

Figure 27



"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

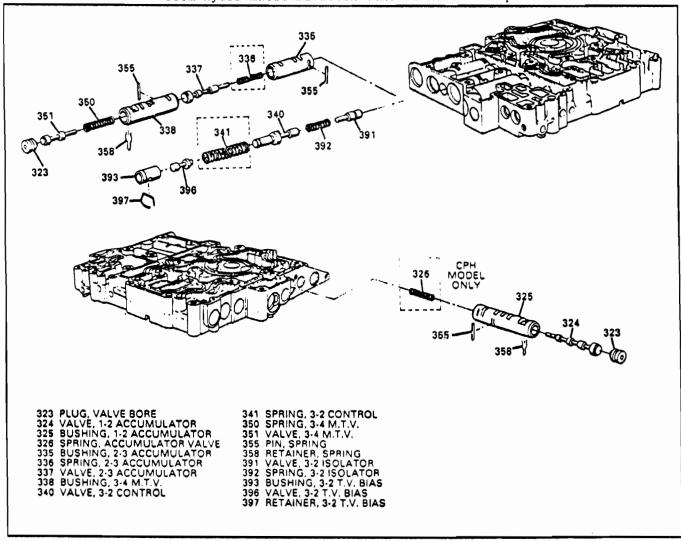


Figure 28

"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

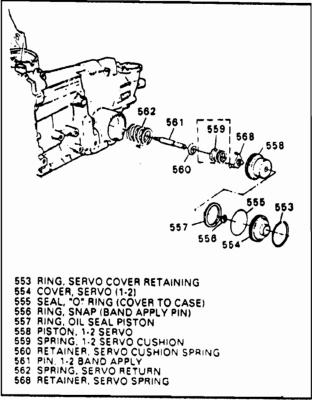


Figure 29

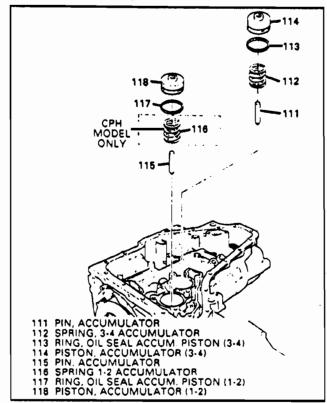


Figure 30

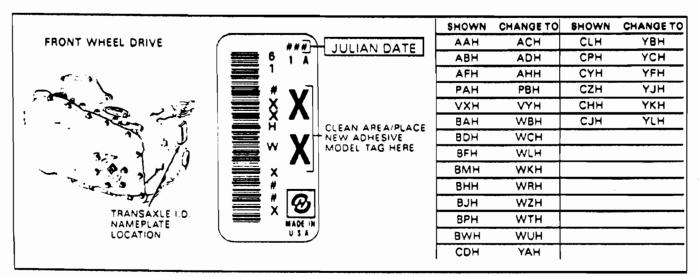


Figure 31



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

NEW "TWO PLATE" 4TH CLUTCH (SOME MODELS ONLY)

CHANGE: A new "Two Plate" 4th clutch assembly was used to replace the Single

Plate 4th clutch assembly for SOME MODELS ONLY on the 1990 THM 440-T4

transaxles (See Figure 33).

REASON: Higher torque engine applications (Some Models Only).

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) 4TH CLUTCH LINED PLATES Were made thinner by .020" than the previous lined plate, and can be identified by the four WHITE stripes, while the single plate lined plate has four GREEN stripes (See Figure 32). The Single Plate 4th Clutch is .090" thick, and the new "Two Plate" 4th Clutch plates are .070" thick.
- (2) 4TH CLUTCH STEEL PLATES Were made thinner by .004" than the previous plates, and can be identified by a "Notch" cut into one of the tabs (See Figure 32). The single plate 4th clutch steels are .078" thick, and the new "Two Plate" steels are .074" thick.
- (3) 4TH CLUTCH APPLY PLATE Was machined thinner than the previous apply plate, and the step was removed. Refer to Figure 32.

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

Will not interchange without calibration changes. May create harsh shifts if the Two Plate type is installed where the Single type was, or soft shift if the Single type is installed where the Two Plate type belongs.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

4th	Clutch	Lined	Plates	(Two	Plate	Type)	 18017246
4th	Clutch	Steel	Plates	(Two	Plate	Type)	 8661006
4th	Clutch	Apply	Plate	(Two	Plate	Type)	 8661004



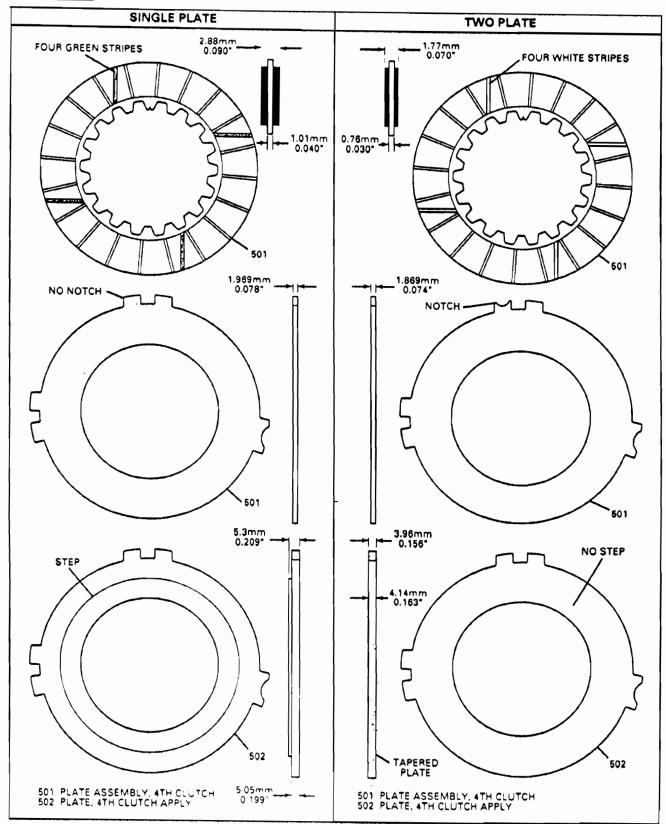


Figure 32
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



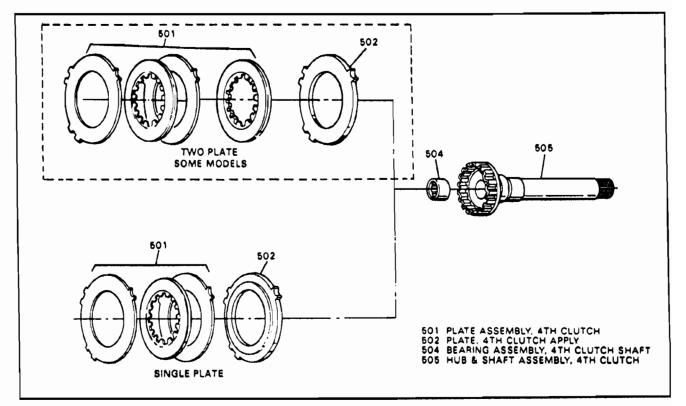


Figure 33

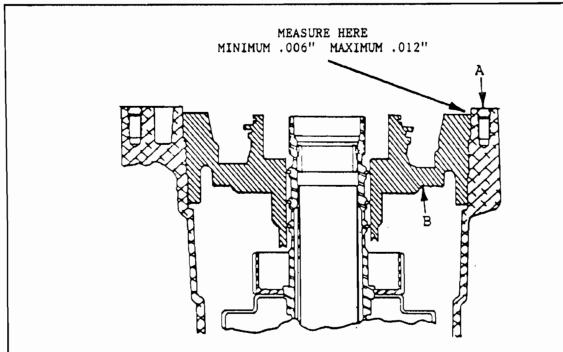


THM 440-T4 (4T60) CHECKING TRANSAXLE END PLAY

Following is an easy procedure to use for checking end play on the THM 440-T4 transaxle, using only a straight edge and a feeler gage.

- (1) Remove all final drive end play with the loading fixture tools, or a large screwdriver through the hole in the case.
- (2) Install selective washer and the bearing on the input housing.
- (3) Install driven sprocket support into the case using the two long pump bolts as tools.
- (4) Measure with feeler gage and straight edge, the distance between the driven sprocket support and the case (See Figure 34).

 NOTE: THE DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT MUST "ALWAYS" BE BELOW THE CASE SURFACE.
- (5) Measurement should be, MINIMUM .006" and MAXIMUM .012".
- (6) Change selective washer as necessary to obtain the desired end play.



- A. TRANSAXLE CASE
- B. DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT

MEASURE DISTANCE BETWEEN CASE AND THE DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT WITH BOTH THE THRUST WASHER AND BEARING, AND DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT INSTALLED AND THE END PLAY REMOVED FROM FINAL DRIVE.

Figure 34



THM 440-T4 (4T60) 1990 CHANGE

CHANGE: A new Driven Sprocket Support and Chain Scoop is now used in production on all 1990 vehicles equipped with a THM 440-T4 (4T60) transaxle. (See Figure 35).

REASON: This now makes a common casting for both the THM 440-T4 (4T60), and the new THM F-31 (4T60-E) that is scheduled for the spring of 1990.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT The new design sprocket support has an increased width of one leg on the support (See Figure 35). The wider leg on the new support will accommodate a new lube feed passage for the new THM F-31 (4T60-E) transaxle. Lube feed for the THM F-31 (4T60-E) will be thru the channel plate, instead of the pipe from the accumulator cover as on the THM 440-T4 (4T60) (See Figure 36).
- (2) CHAIN SCOOP The new sprocket support requires the chain scoop, both black and white, to be about 1/3 the length of the previous chain scoop. (See Figure 35).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

The new driven sprocket support will service all past models, but the new length (Short) chain scoop must be used with it. The previous (Long) chain scoop will not fit, but can be cut to fit the new support. Lay the previous chain scoop on the actual size drawing in Figure 37 and cut straight down, as indicated, with a hack saw. Smooth off the rough cut edge with sandpaper. The new length (Short) chain scoop must be used ONLY with the new design driven sprocket support.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

The service part number did not change from the previous to the new driven sprocket support. Either design may be available until the previous design stock is depleted, and then the new design support will be the only one available.



"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

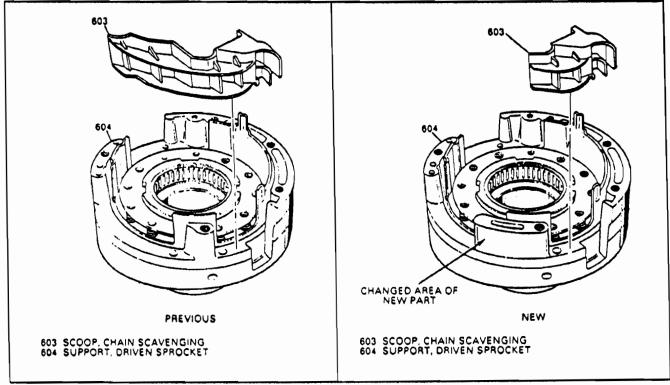


Figure 35

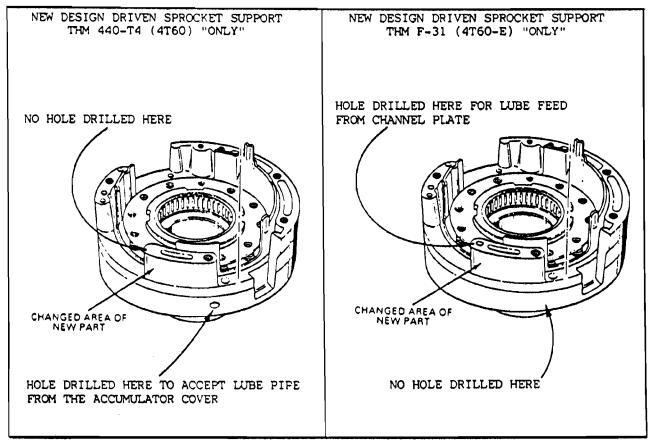


Figure 36

"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

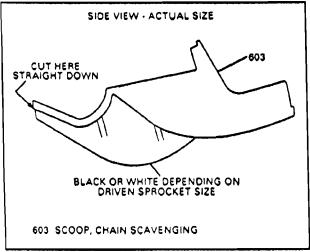


Figure 37



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

1990 CHANGE

CHANGE: Entirely new parking lock and actuator system.

REASON: To expand model usage that would include vehicles with a heavier Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW).

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) TRANSAXLE CASE Bore diameter for the actuator guide has been increased by .026", to accommodate the new actuator guide (See Figure 38).
- (2) ACTUATOR GUIDE Outside diameter has been increased by .026" for the increased diameter of the "Bullet" on the parking rod. The plunger assembly and spring have been eliminated. The slot in the actuator guide has also been eliminated (See Figure 39).
- (3) ACTUATOR GUIDE "O" RING The "O" ring is now a larger diameter to seal the larger diameter actuator guide (See Figure 39).
- (4) PARKING ACTUATOR ROD The "Bullet" on the park rod is now .070" larger in diameter, and the length increased by .543" (See Figure 40).
- (5) PARKING PAWL The parking pawl lock-out pin has been eliminated, and the dimension (Width) of the parking pawl was reduced by .039" (See Figure 41.

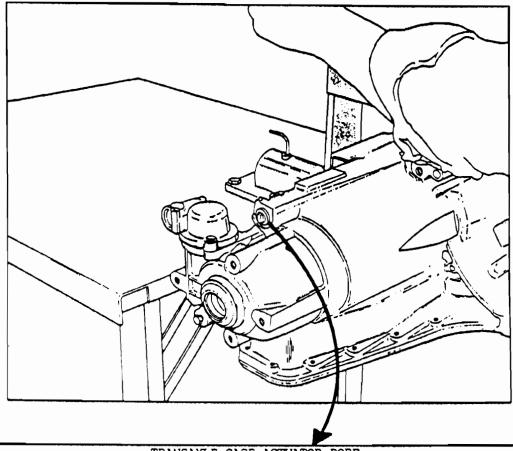
NOTE: Parking Pawl is an integral part of Final Drive Ring Gear.

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

THE NEW PARK LOCK SYSTEM PARTS "CANNOT" BE USED TO SERVICE PAST MODELS UNLESS ALL THE COMPONENTS ARE REPLACED, INCLUDING THE TRANSAXLE CASE.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

1990 Transaxle Case (All Except OLAH)	8668985
1990 Transaxle Case (Model OLAH)	8668986
1990 Actuator Assembly (All)	8675325
1990 Park Rod Assembly (All)	8675335
1990 Final Drive Ring Gear Assembly (All)	8675330



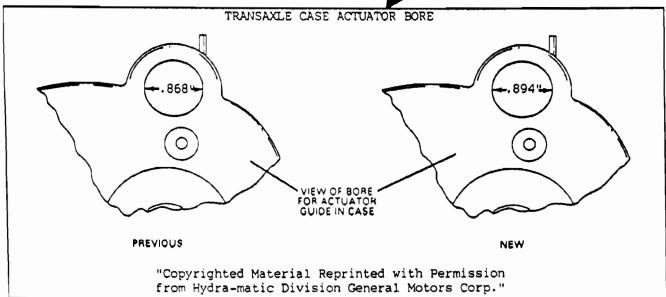


Figure 38



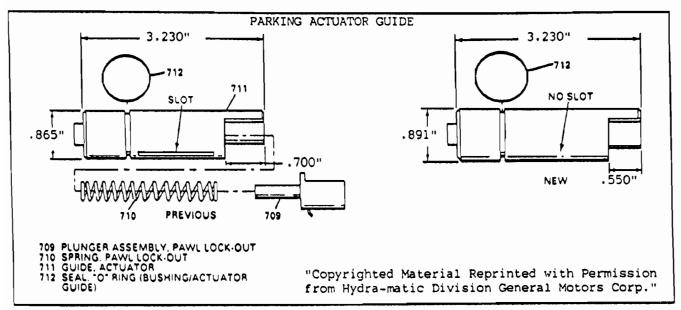


Figure 39

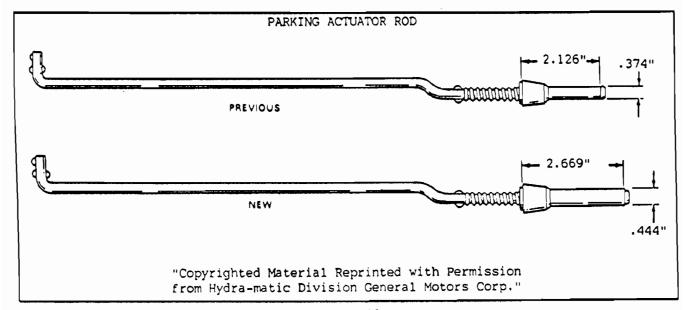


Figure 40



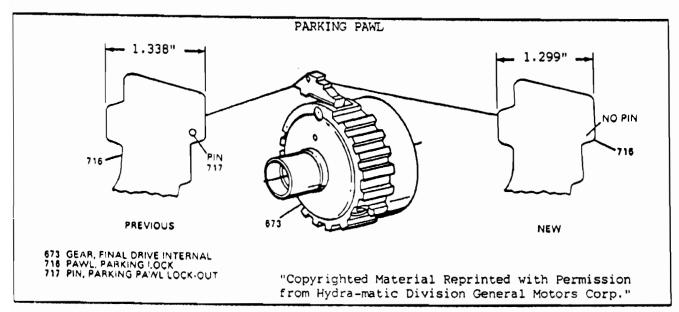


Figure 41



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

NEW 1-2 BAND ASSEMBLY

CHANGE: A new style 1-2 Band Assembly (See Figure 26) went into production

beginning on January 16, 1990 (Julian Date 016) in all THM 440-T4

transaxles.

REASON: To eliminate the possibility of a intermittent "No Drive" condition.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) 1-2 BAND ASSEMBLY The target area on the new 1-2 band, where the band apply pin engages, has been made wider and has "Wings" added to prevent the pin from ever missing the "Target" area (See Figure 42).
- (2) 1-2 BAND STOP ASSEMBLY The 1-2 Band Stop has been eliminated as it is no longer needed (See Figure 43).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

The new style 1-2 Band Assembly can be used to service ALL past models, but the 1-2 Band Stop MUST be removed and discarded (See Figure 43).

If the new 1-2 Band Assembly is used in a case with a 1-2 Band Stop, interference may result and band durability may be affected.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

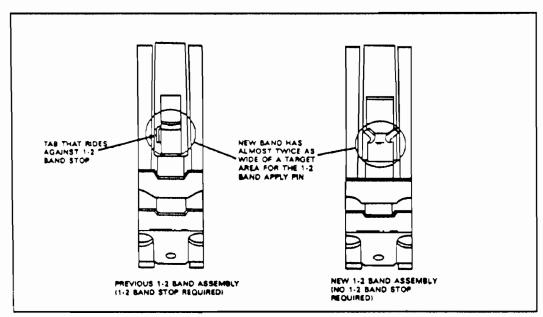


Figure 42



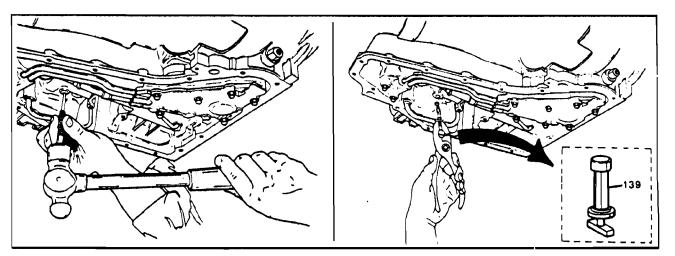


Figure 43



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

NEW REVERSE BAND ASSEMBLY

CHANGE: A 4th design Reverse Band Assembly is now in production on all

THM 440-T4 transaxles.

REASON: To help eliminate a harsh reverse apply condition.

PARTS AFFECTED:

(1) REVERSE BAND ASSEMBLY - The lining on the reverse band has once again been changed, and can be identified by the "Paper" lining on the band itself (See Figure 44).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

It will retro-fit back to all previous models and is highly recommended, to help eliminate a harsh reverse apply condition.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

Reverse Band Assembly (4th Design)..... 8675152

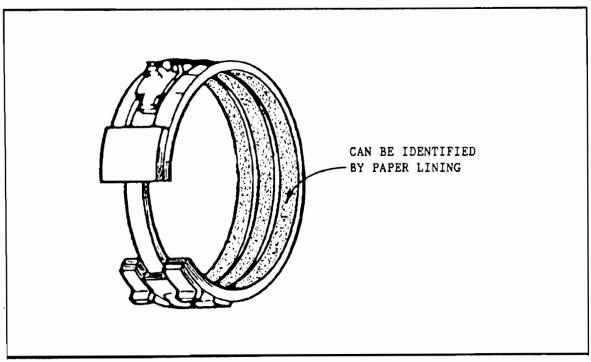
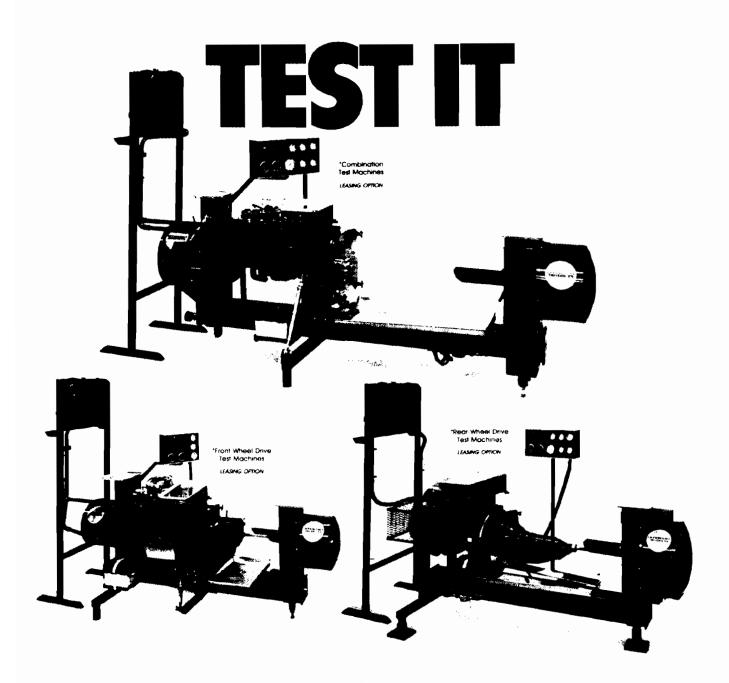


Figure 44



ANALYZE AND EVALUATE Intercont transmission test machines check and isolate production line building errors and component failures test tric pressure, shifting frequency and response, downshifts, converter lock-up and stall speeds and smurate vehicle load conditions

OPERATOR FRIENDLY All testers allow aperators to spot oil and pressure leaks, check hydraulics and system controls and make minor hydraulic repairs while on the machine

COMPLETE - - Intercont test machines come complete with necessary adaptors tools and acces

sories for immediate setup and use. Written test procedures are simple and concise.

UPDATES — Test procedures are continually updated to accommodate changes in the transmission industry, along with updates for new transmissions as they are introduced into the market.

TRAINING -- Intercont offers a one-week free training course at our manufacturing facilities for complete instruction and training in the setup, maintenance and use of our transmission test machines *Patent Pending.

TEST IT WITH INTERCONT

1719 W. Mt. Vernon, Springfield, Missouri 65802 [417] 869-9549



THM 440-T4 (4T60)

NEW OUTPUT SHAFT/BEARING & 3RD ROLLER CLUTCH

CHANGE: There is now a new Output Shaft/Bearing Assembly, and a new style 3rd Roller Clutch Assembly (See Figure 29 and 30). Beginning on December 11, 1989 (Julian Date 345) all 1990 model 440-T4 transaxles were built with the new 3rd Roller Clutch Assembly, and the new Output Shaft/Bearing Assembly went into production on January 25, 1990 (Julian Date 025).

REASON: Improved lube oil flow to 3rd roller clutch and input sprag.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) OUTPUT SHAFT/BEARING The new bearing has a single row of needle bearings instead of a double row, and the output shaft is machined different to accommodate the new bearing (See Figure 45). This change will improve lube oil flow to the 3rd roller clutch and input sprag.
- (2) 3RD ROLLER CLUTCH ASSEMBLY The new 3rd roller clutch outer race has four (4) less lube holes than previous models. The four lube holes are in line with the very end of the rollers (See Figure 46). Elimination of these holes helps keep the rollers from "Skewing" (Running at an Angle), thus generating less heat.

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

The new Output Shaft/Bearing Assembly will retro-fit back to 1988 models only, because the longer output shaft was required for the up-dated final drive assembly that had the larger side gears.

IT WILL NOT FIT INTO 84-87 MODEL TRANSAXLES.

The new 3rd Roller Clutch Assembly will service all 1989 models that are equiped with the input housing thrust bearing assembly (Page 60). IT WILL NOT FIT TRANSAXLES WITH THE "TOP HAT" THRUST WASHER.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

Output Shaft and Bearing Assembly (New Style)	8668990
Needle Bearing Only (New Style)	8675032
3rd Roller Clutch Assembly (New Style)	8677016



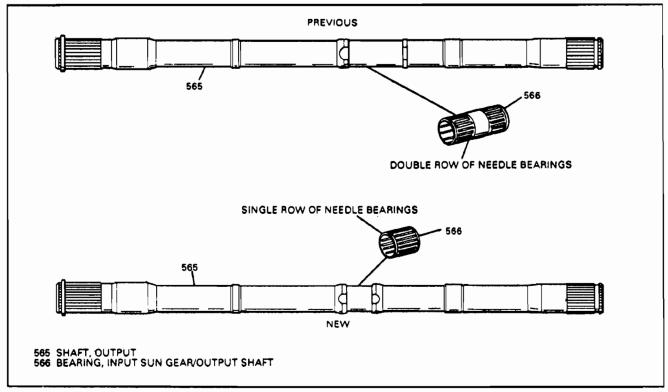


Figure 45

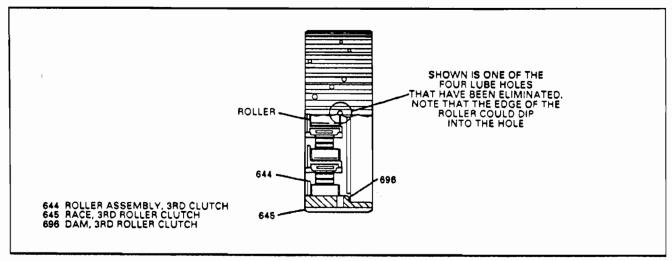


Figure 46

THM 440-T4 (4T60) BEARING REPLACES "TOP HAT" WASHER

CHANGE: A new Thrust Bearing Assembly replaces the "Top Hat" Thrust Washer and Lock-up Sleeve in the input housing (See Figure 47) The new bearing and related parts went into production on all 1989 models on November 28, 1988 (Julian Date 333).

REASON: To minimize friction and the potential of excess heat that would melt the plastic in the 3rd roller clutch assembly.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) INPUT HOUSING Surface on the input housing where the new bearing assembly rides, has been reduced by .035" to accommodate the increased thickness of the new bearing (See Figure 48).
- (2) "TOP HAT" THRUST WASHER Eliminated (See Figure 48).
- (3) LOCK UP SLEEVE The lock-up sleeve is no longer needed and has been eliminated (See Figure 48).
- (4) 3RD ROLLER CLUTCH LUBE DAM The inside diameter has been increased by .256" to accommodate the larger diameter new bearing, and the lip on the lube dam eliminated for increased lube oil flow to the 3rd roller assembly (See Figure 49).
- (5) 3RD ROLLER CLUTCH INNER RACE Has been machined .040" thinner to accommodate the increased thickness of the new bearing assembly (See Figure 49).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

Will retro-fit back to all previous models, as long as, all parts affected are used. You "Cannot" mix parts in this location as you will not be able to obtain proper end play.

You can purchase the new Thrust Bearing Assembly and the new design 3rd Roller Clutch Complete, and have .030" machined from your input housing, to retro back to all models. Make sure you check end play. This will save the cost of buying a new input housing.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

Service Packages Contain the Following:

- 1. New design Input Housing.
- 2. New design Thrust Bearing Assembly.
- 3. New design 3rd Roller Clutch Complete.
- 4. Instruction Sheet.



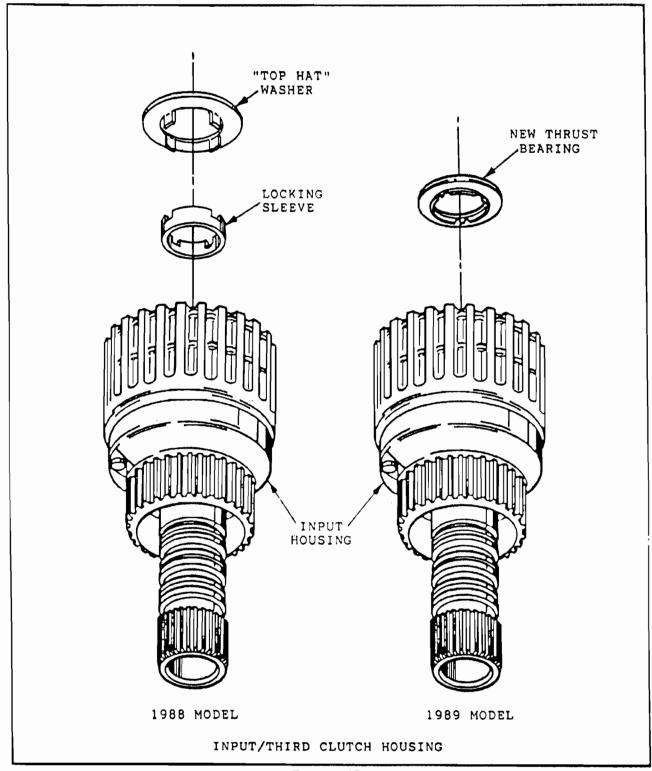


Figure 47



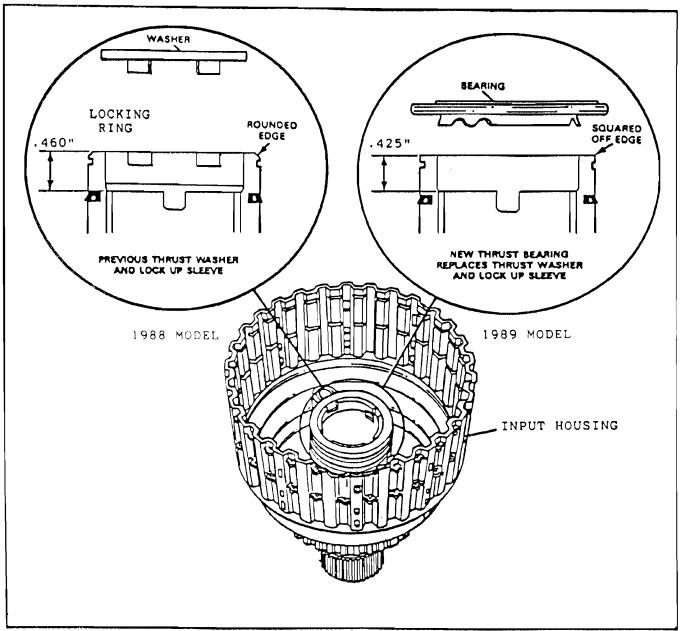


Figure 48



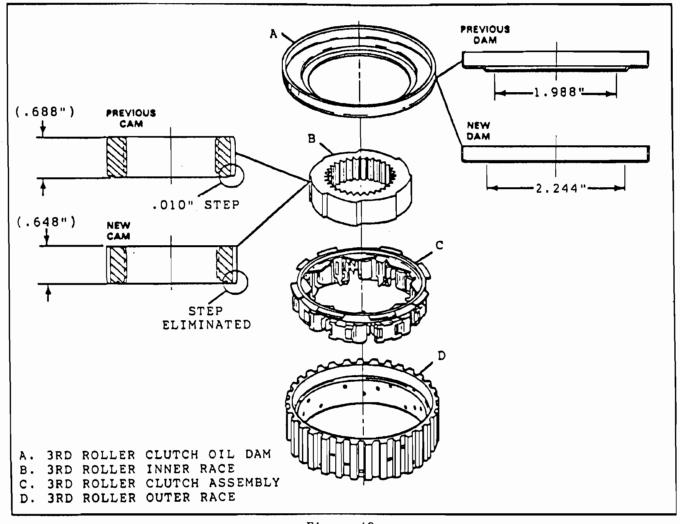


Figure 49



THM 440-T4 (4T60) INPUT CLUTCH ACCUMULATOR ELIMINATED

CHANGE: The Input Clutch Accumulator has been eliminated from the channel plate (See Figure 50).

REASON: A "Wave" plate was added to the input clutch pack.

PARTS AFFECTED:

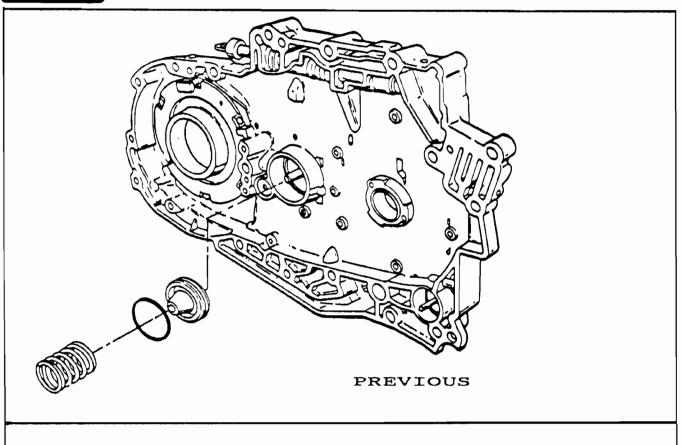
- (1) CHANNEL PLATE The input clutch accumulator piston, piston pin, and accumulator spring have been eliminated from the channel plate, which also changes the casting (See Figure 50).
- (2) INPUT HOUSING Top snap ring groove moves .060" closer to the top of the input housing, to accommodate the added wave plate (See Figure 51).
- (3) INPUT CLUTCH STEEL PLATES The steel plates are .027" thinner to accommodate the added wave plate (See Figure 52). The new steel plates are .049" thick, and the old steel plates are .076" thick.
- (4) INPUT CLUTCH "STACK" The input clutch stack has been revised to accommodate the new changes. Refer to Figure 52 for proper assembly of the new input clutches.

NOTE: BOTH PRESSURE PLATES AND FOUR LINED PLATES REMAIN THE SAME AS PREVIOUS MODELS WITH NO DIMENSIONAL CHANGES.

INTERCGANGEABILITY:

Not recommended to interchange with previous models.





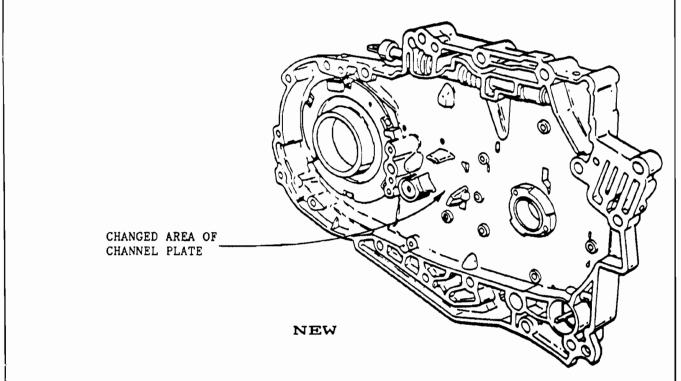


Figure 50
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP

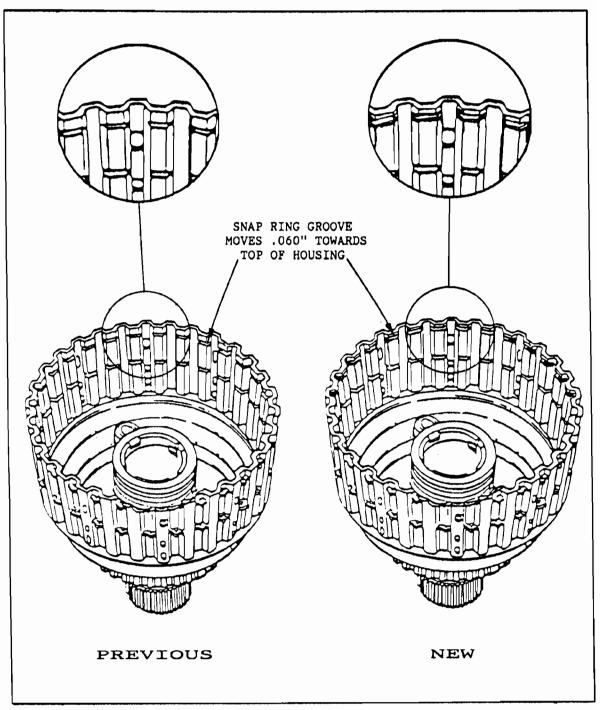


Figure 51



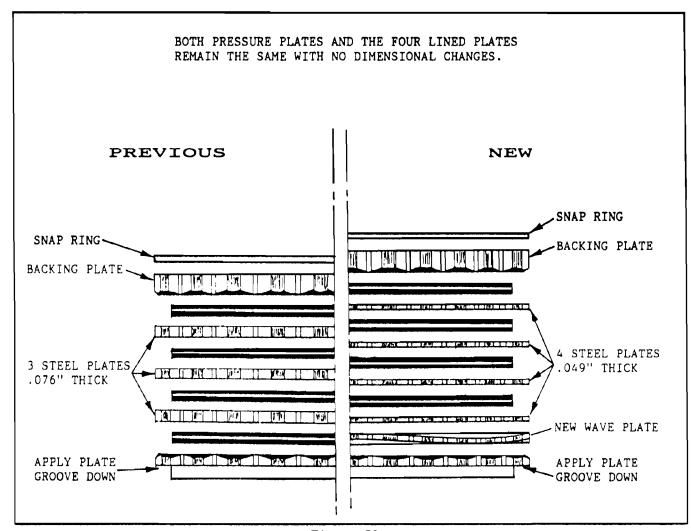


Figure 52



THM 4T60 (440-T4) NEW 2ND CLUTCH HOUSING

CHANGE: There has been a new model 4T60 (440-T4) introduced for the 1991 "W" car, 1WWH, that has a new 2nd clutch housing with a new "Moulded" 2nd clutch piston and seal assembly.

REASON: Improved 2nd clutch durability.

PARTS AFFECTED:

- (1) 2ND CLUTCH HOUSING Snap ring grooves moved and revised clutch stack up, along with dimensional changes on the center journal area so as to accommodate the new moulded piston and seal assembly (See Figure 53).
- (2) 2ND CLUTCH PISTON Now has moulded seal assembly on the piston (See Figure 53).
- (3) APPLY RING AND RETURN SPRING ASSEMBLY Revised dimensions to accommodate the new moulded piston assembly, and the revised clutch stack-p. (See Figure 53).
- (4) REVISED CLUTCH STACK Includes a new "Apply" plate in the stack-up and one less "Koline" steel plate (See Figures 53 and 55).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

WILL NOT interchange with previous models because the new 2nd clutch assembly requires a different calibration (Valve Body and Spacer Plate).

SERVICE INFORMATION:

2nd Clutch Housing and Bushing Assembly	لاماره 8651919
2nd Clutch Housing and Bushing Assembly	8676387 - 1678 177
Apply Ring and Return Spring Assembly	8675319
Tapered Apply Plate	8675227
Spacer Plate Assembly (Model 1WWH)	8677626
Valve Body Assembly (Model 1WWH)	8677629

This bulletin contains:
"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

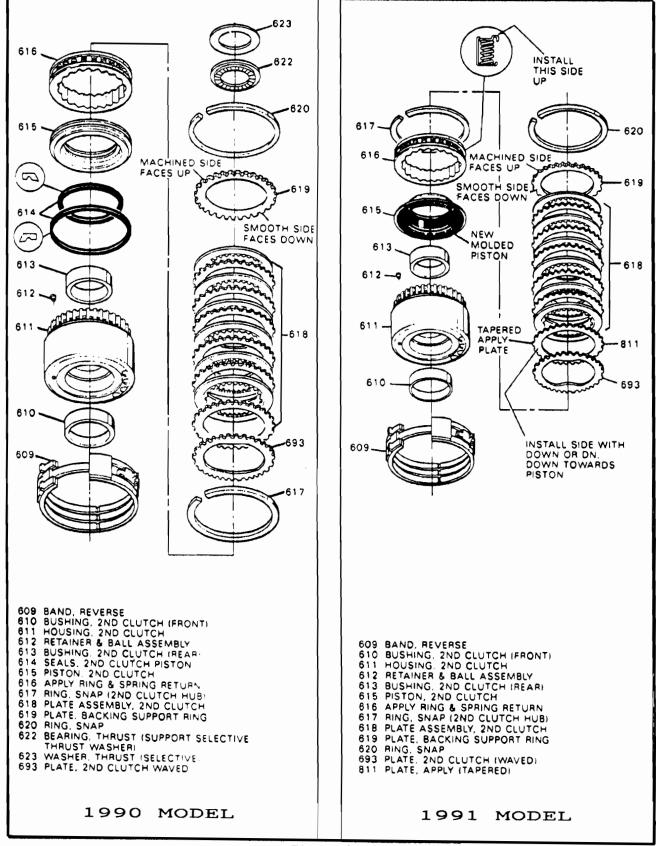


Figure 53



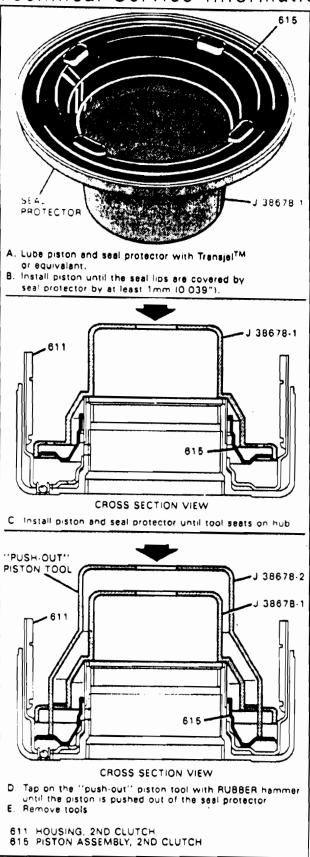


Figure 54



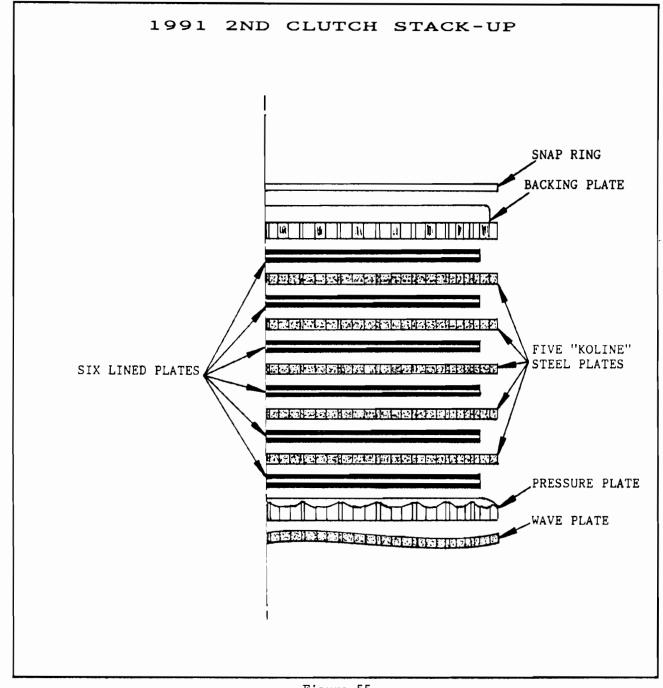


Figure 55



THM 4T60 (440-T4)

NEW 1-2 AND REVERSE BANDS NO SELECTIVE BAND APPLY PINS REQUIRED

CHANGE: Beginning July 2, 1990 (Julian Date 183) all 1991 THM 4T60 (440-T4) transaxles will be built with the new 1-2 and reverse bands, that require no selective apply pins.

REASON: Ease of assembly, because of the elimination of the process for the measurement for the selective pins.

PARTS AFFECTED:

(1) 1-2 BAND ASSEMBLY - A new manufacturing process machines the area where the case anchor pins contact the band (See Figure 56). With this new process, all of the 1-2 bands are the same size, and the selective band apply pins are eliminated.

NOTE: THE 1-2 BAND STOP LOCATED IN THE BARREL OF THE CASE (ON MODELS SO EQUIPPED) MUST BE REMOVED AND DISCARDED WHEN USING THE NEW BAND.

- (2) REVERSE BAND ASSEMBLY A new manufacturing process machines the area where the case anchor pins contact the band (See Figure 57). With this new process, all of the reverse bands are the same size, and selective band apply pins are eliminated. The new reverse band also has the new friction material to help decrease reverse engagement concerns.
- (3) SELECTIVE BAND PINS Eliminated, there is now only ONE size band apply pin required for the 1-2 band, and only ONE size band apply pin required for the reverse band (See Figures 56 and 57).

INTERCHANGEABILITY:

The new 1-2 band assembly will retro-fit back to all previous models, with the proper band apply pin installed (See Figure 56).

NOTE: THE 1-2 BAND STOP LOCATED IN THE BARREL OF THE CASE (ON MODELS SO EQUIPPED) MUST BE REMOVED AND DISCARDED WHEN USING THE NEW BAND.

The new reverse band assembly will retro-fit back to all previous models, with the proper band apply pin (See Figure 57), and it also has the new friction material to help decrease reverse engagement concerns.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

1-2 Band Assembly (Non-selective Style)	8675987
1-2 Band Apply Pin (Non-selective Style)	8656540
Reverse Band Assembly (Non-selective Style)	8675986
Reverse Band Apply Pin (Non-selective Style)	8656543



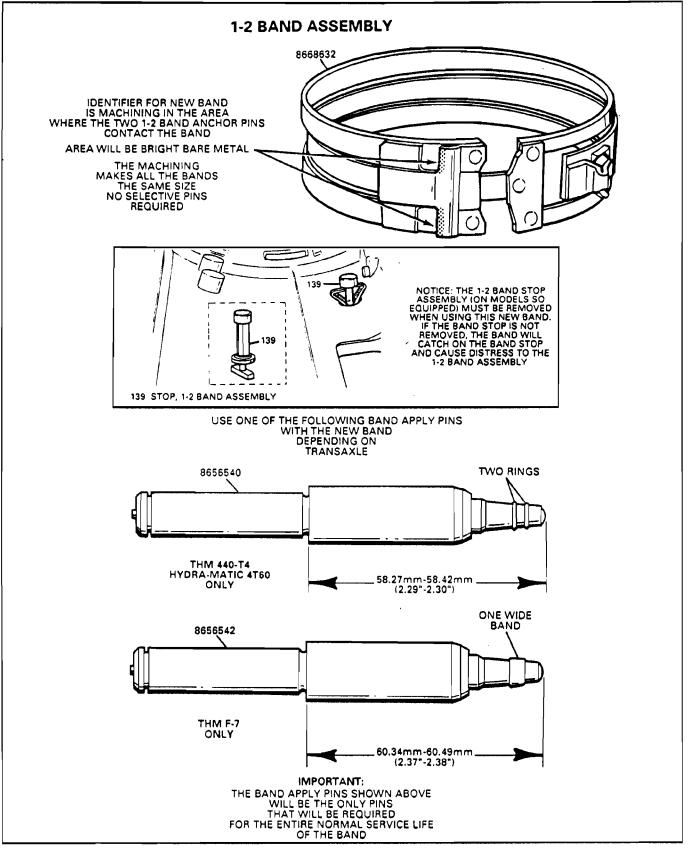


Figure 56



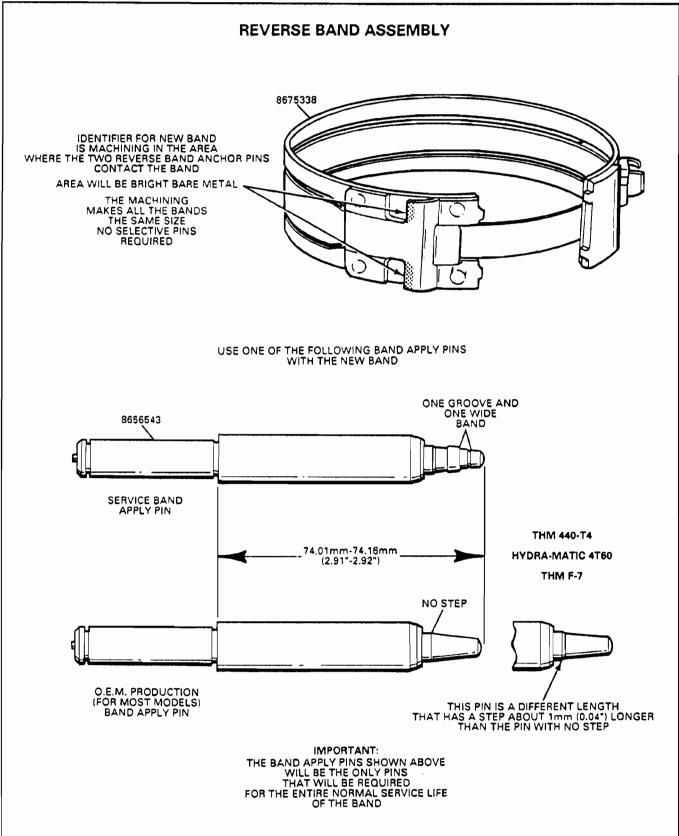


Figure 57
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



THM 4T60-E

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

The THM 4T60-E is a fully automatic, electronic controlled, four speed front wheel drive transaxle. The 4T60-E was first introduced for the 1991 model year, and is currently found in Cadillac Eldorado, Seville, Deville, Limosines. Also found in Buick Riveria, Park Avenue, Electra, and Reatta - Oldsmobile Toronado, Olds "98" - and will be introduced into Chevrolet "W" cars in mid 1991. It will eventually replace all 4T60 (440-T4) transaxles, with complete changeover expected by 1993.

The 4T60-E operation is very simular to the 4T60 (440-T4) operation, with a few minor changes. The 4T60-E has added a 1-2 roller clutch that holds in 1st and 2nd gears, and a 2-1 manual band that is applied in manual D2 and Lo-1st ranges only. The new roller clutch allows the Forward Band (Formerly 1-2 Band) to remain applied in all forward gears. This change eliminates all of the timing problems that were encountered on the 3-2 downshift in the 4T60 (440-T4). The 4T60-E transaxle has a very smooth forced 3-2 downshift. The 2-1 manual band is applied in the D2 and Lo-1st ranges to prevent the 1-2 roller clutch from over-running, and thus provides engine braking in these ranges. Refer to the power flow chart in Figure 58. With the exception of these changes, the mechanical operation is identical to the 4T60 (440-T4) transaxle, so don't let this unit scare you because of the electronic controls.

The 4T60-E transaxle incorporates electronic controls that use the Powertrain Control Module (PCM) to command shift points, and Torque Converter Clutch (TCC) apply and release. Electrical signals from the Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (The Governor is Eliminated), Throttle Position Sensor (TPS) (TV Cable is Eliminated), Coolant Temperature Sensor (CTS), Vacuum Sensor (VS), Park/Neutral Indicator Switch, and Engine Speed Sensor (RPM) are sent to the PCM. Refer to Figure 61 for location of the various sensors. The PCM uses this information to determine the precise moment to energize or de-energize shift solenoid "A" and shift solenoid "B", located inside the transaxle on the valve body (Figure 61), to shift the transaxle into the appropriate gear. Refer to Figure 58 for shift solenoid ON and OFF pattern. The PCM also determines apply or release of the converter clutch, by controlling the TCC solenoid. This type of control provides consistent and precise shift points that is based on the operating characteristics of the vehicle. Shift Solenoid "A", Shift Solenoid "B", and the TCC Solenoid are all "Normally Open" solenoids, and close off the exhaust when energized. All three are exactly alike and will interchange with one another. These three solenoids no longer have the diode incorporated inside the solenoid. The diodes for the two shift solenoids are located inside the PCM, and the diode for the TCC solenoid is located inside the transaxle wiring harness (See Figure 62). The diodes protect the PCM from voltage spikes.

If the PCM detects a trouble code, the PCM will force the transaxle into 3rd gear (Failsafe) for Chevrolet, Pontiac, Oldsmobile, and Buick models, and 2nd gear for all Cadillac models. Cadillac models go to failsafe 2nd gear to protect the Viscous Converter Clutch (VCC) from overheating and causing damage.

If for any reason the entire electronic control system to the transaxle becomes disabled (Example: Unplugged or Blown Fuse), both shift solenoids will be OFF and the transaxle will be in failsafe 3rd gear on "ALL" models including Cadillac. This operating state of the shift solenoids permits the transaxle to operate in



3rd gear only, providing the selector lever is in the Overdrive or D3 range. However, if the selector lever is moved to the D2 Manual Second Range (With Solenoids Disabled) the 2-3 shift valve is "Hydraulically" forced to move, and the transaxle can now operate in the selected gear range regardless of solenoid state.

In Manual 1st gear however, the gear selection is completely electronic for safety and durability reasons. This means that the PCM must electronically command the shift solenoids to be in first gear state in order for Manual 1st gear operation to be achieved.

Notice also that there is a fourth solenoid on the valve body called a Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) Solenoid (See Figure 61). The PWM solenoid recieves a ground signal from the Powertrain Control Module (PCM). This ground signal is pulse width modulated (Variable), depending on throttle opening (TPS), and controls the amount of line pressure sent to the back side of the TCC Regulator Valve and thus control converter clutch apply "Feel". This provides for accurate control of the actual value of regulated converter apply pressure. For failure mode considerations the PWM is normally open. This means that when the PWM solenoid is OFF (No Voltage), the PWM supply port is open to the PWM output port. This results in a maximum TCC apply pressure when the PWM is OFF. In the unlikely event that the PWM has failed, or is disconnected, and the TCC enable solenoid is still operated, the TCC/VCC will be applied with maximum pressure.

The Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) Solenoid "WILL NOT" be used on Chevrolet engine models (See Figure 60), so they will use the normal TCC accumulator system that is in the current 4T60 (440-T4). Currently, Chevrolet engine models are the only ones scheduled to use the old TCC accumulator system. All other models will use the PWM solenoid system. We have also included wiring schematics for the two different systems. See Figure 59 for Buick and Cadillac models, and Figure 60 for the Chevrolet models. Notice also that the Chevrolet models have a fourth gear switch, and a Lo discrete switch on the pump that the other models do not use.

The hydraulic controls have been greatly simplified in the 4T60-E, as the total number of valves have been reduced from 28 to 14. This was accomplished through the elimination of "Several" valve line-ups to control the very sensitive 2-3/3-2 band to clutch sequencing, as this is now controlled with the new 1-2 roller clutch. With the elimination of the complete governor system, and the complete T.V. system, the valve body complexity was further reduced. There was a 2-3 accumulator added to the hydraulic system. We no longer have a 1-2 servo to release on the 2-3 shift, and this was used as a 2-3 accumulator in the 4T60 (440-T4).

Line pressure is still controlled with a vacuum modulator (Old Reliable), but changes are already in the making, as the 4T60-E is scheduled to get an electronic controlled pressure system, with the addition of a "Force Motor" (Pressure Control Solenoid) sometime in 1992.

Everything considered, it looks like we may finall have a "World Class" transaxle on our hands.

4T60-E (F-31) POWER FLOW CHART

	INPUT CLUTCH	SECOND CLUTCH	THIRD CLUTCH	FOURTH CLUTCH	FORWARD BAND	D-2 BAND	REVERSE BAND	INPUT SPRAG	1-2 ROLLER	3RD ROLLER
PARK	×							×		
D4/1ST D4/2ND	ON ON	ON			ON ON			HOLD O/R	HOLD HOLD	
D4/3RD D4/4TH		ON ON	ON ON	ON	ON ON				O/R	HOLD O/R
D3/1ST D3/2ND D3/3RD	ON ON	ON ON	ON		ON ON ON			HOLD O/R	HOLD HOLD O/R	HOLD
D2/1ST D2/2ND	ON ON	ON		***	ON ON	ON ON		HOLD O/R	HOLD HOLD	
LO/1ST	ON		ON		ON	ON		HOLD	HOLD	HOLD
REVERSE	ON		_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	******			ON	HOLD		

^{*} APPLIED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

4T60-E (F-31) SOLENOID PATTERN

	SHIFT SOLENOID	SHIFT SOLENOID
	''A''	''B''
1ST GEA	R ON	ON
2ND GEA	OFF	ON
3RD GEA	OFF	OFF
4TH GEA	R ON	OFF

TCC APPLY SOLENOID

THIS SOLENOID CONTROLS THE POSITION OF THE CONVERTER CLUTCH APPLY VALVE

TCC PWM SOLENOID

THIS SOLENOID CONTROLS CONVERTER CLUTCH APPLY FEEL

Figure 58

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP

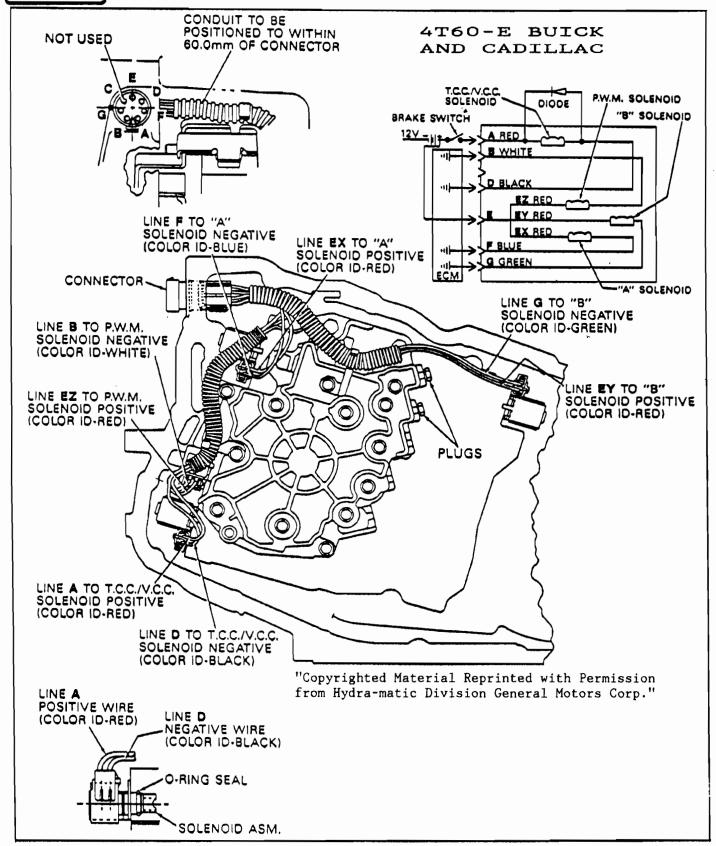


Figure 59



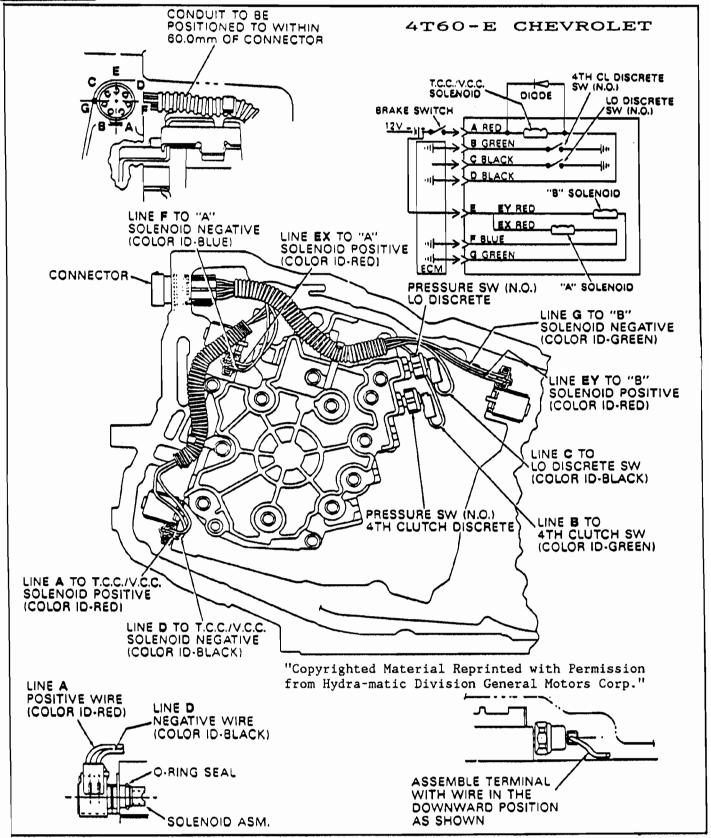


Figure 60



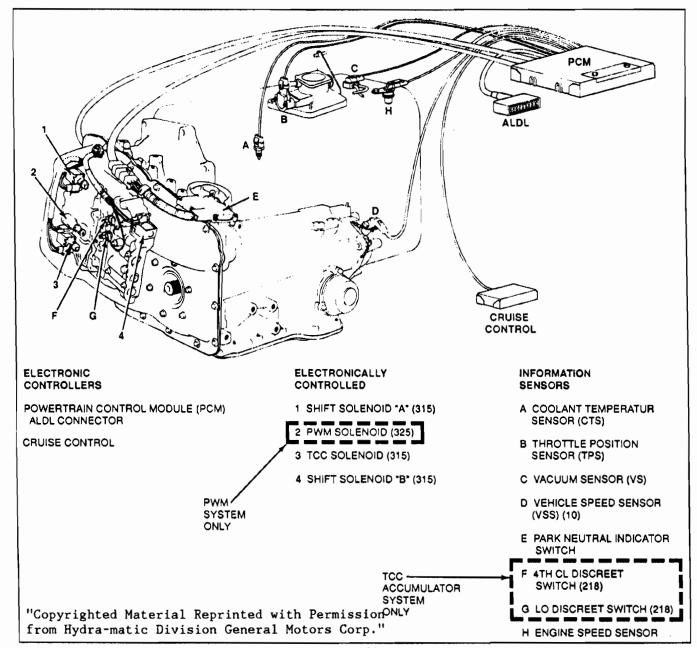


Figure 61



"Copyrighted Material Reprinted with Permission from Hydra-matic Division General Motors Corp."

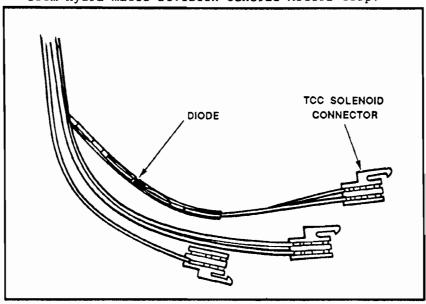


Figure 62



ALL GENERAL MOTORS VEHICLES RAISE CONVERTER CLUTCH APPLY SPEED

COMPLAINT: Torque Converter Clutch applies at too low vehicle speed, on

computer controlled vehicles only.

CAUSE: Computer Calibration.

CORRECTION: There is now available from most aftermarket sources, a two prong,

normally open (NO) switch, that completes from terminal to terminal

when it closes, and it closes at 40-45 PSI (See Figure 63).

This switch when installed in the governor pressure port, in series with the "D" wire (Computer Ground Signal), will raise the lock-up speed to approximately 45 MPH, and you will still have capability

to release TCC with the throttle position sensor.

We have shown it here in a 125C (See Figure 64), both internal and external application, but it can be used in any G.M. vehicle that

gives you access to governor pressure.

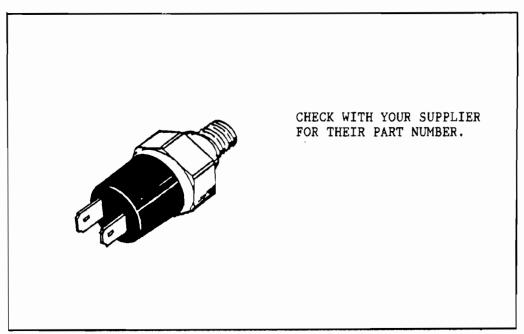
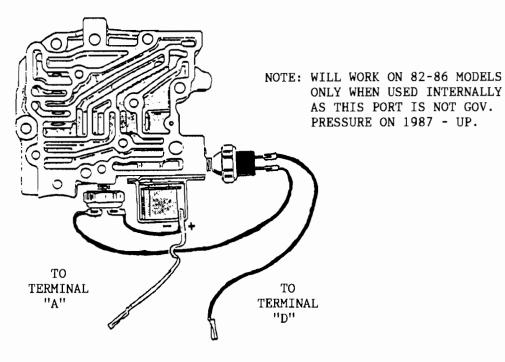


Figure 63

INTERNAL APPLICATION



EXTERNAL APPLICATION

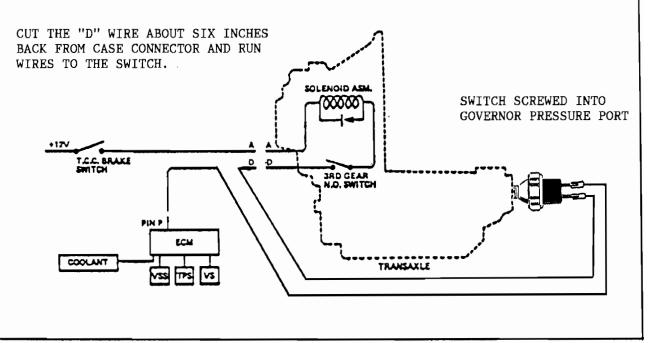


Figure 64



THM 125C (3T40)

CONVERTER CLUTCH SHUDDER 1982 - 1986 MODELS ONLY

COMPLAINT: Converter clutch shudders during the application.

CAUSE: One cause may be low converter charge pressure. Another cause may

be slow drain of converter release oil from the front side of the

converter clutch piston.

CORRECTION: Install a stronger converter clutch regulator valve spring, OEM

part number 8637887, or use a return spring from a 700 reverse input housing return spring assembly. Also drill the converter

clutch exhaust hole in the spacer plate to .080".

Refer to Figures 65 and 66.

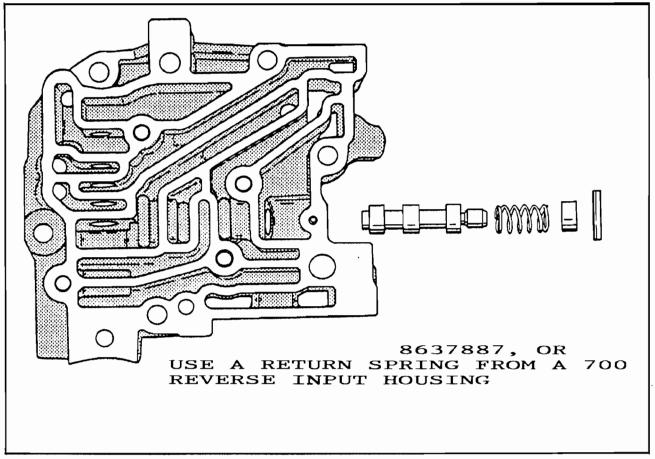


Figure 65



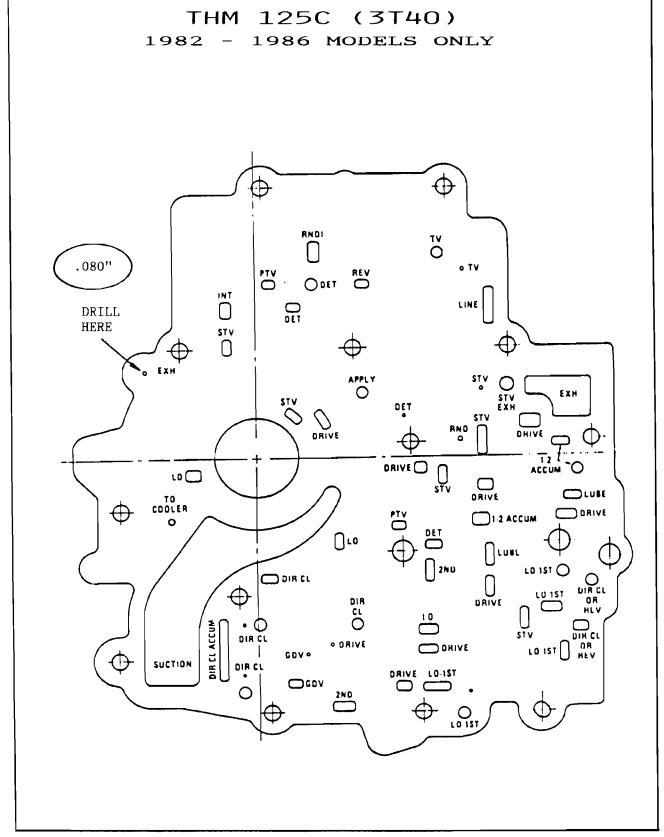


Figure 66
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP
85



THM 125C (3T40) CONVERTER CLUTCH SHUDDER 1987 OR LATER ONLY

Converter clutch apply shudder, only on 1987 or later, COMPLAINT:

THM 125C (3T40) Transaxles.

CAUSE: Not enough converter clutch apply oil.

CORRECTION: Install the 1988 (KDC) auxilliary valve body gasket with the

large hole (See Figure 67, or modify the 1987 gasket with the small hole, by cutting on the dotted line (See Figure 67).

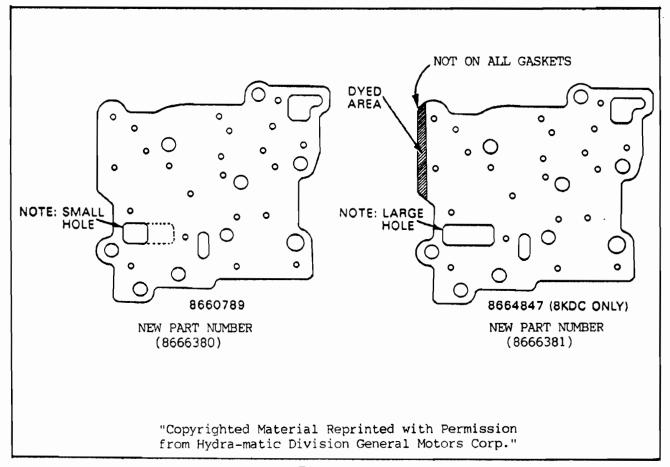


Figure 67



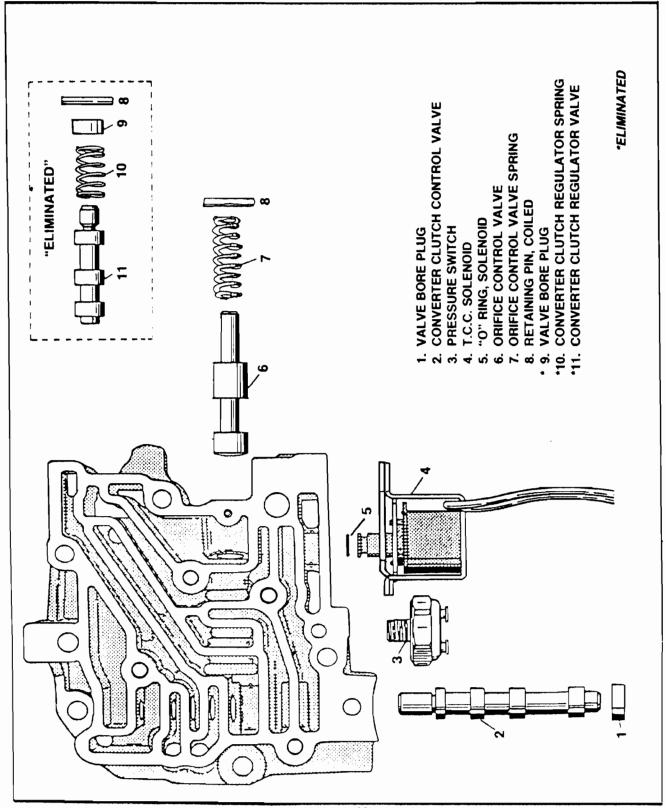


Figure 68



200-4R NO SECOND GEAR - NO CONVERTER CLUTCH

A condition of no converter clutch apply, or no second gear, may result from mismatch of valve bodies & separator plates. An early plate installed on a late valve body may result in no converter clutch apply. A late plate installed on a early valve body may result in no second gear condition. Refer to figure 69 to identify the the separator plates.

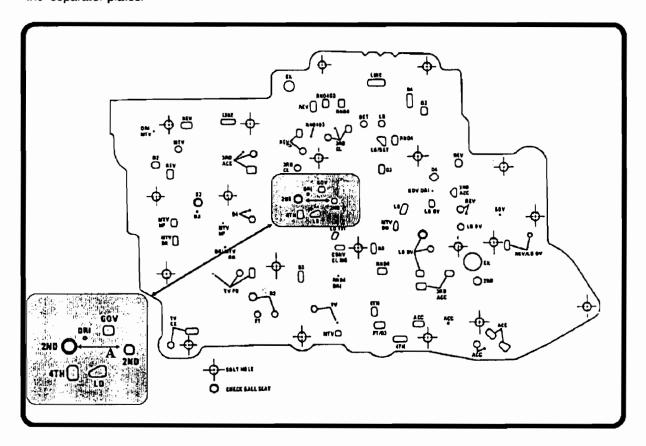


FIGURE 69

Measure Dimension "A", As Shown By Arrows.

IF DIMENSION "A" IS: APPROXIMATELY 3/4" = EARLY PLATE IF DIMENSION "A" IS: APPROXIMATELY 1-1/8" = LATE PLATE



200-4R VALVE BODY IDENTIFICATION

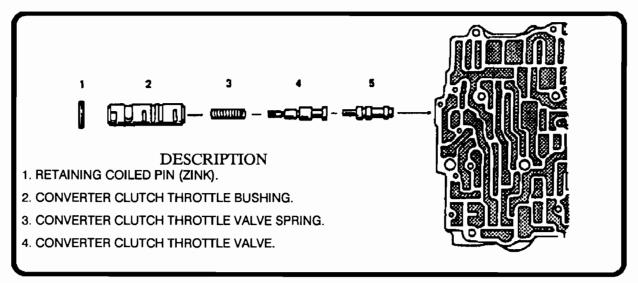


FIGURE 70 (EARLY DESIGN)

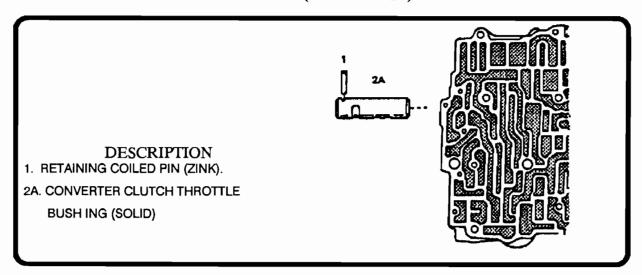


FIGURE 71 (LATE DESIGN)

If valve body has a converter clutch valve line up (FIGURE 70) it is an early valve body and must be used with an early plate.

If valve body has a plug in the converter clutch valve line up (FIGURE 71) it is a late valve body and must be used with a late plate.

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



THM 400 (3L80) COMPUTER CONTROLLED KICKDOWN

Beginning in the 1987 model year, on light duty trucks equipped with the THM 400 transmission, the detent or kickdown solenoid is activated by the ECM instead of the familiar switch on the accelerator pedal. Refer to Figure 1 for the new circuit wiring schematics.

There are three relays mounted on one panel, under a plastic cover, and located by the right hand fender well. One of these relays will be the Downshift Control Relay, and is energized with a ground signal from the ECM. The ground signal from the ECM is based upon Throttle Position Sensor, Vehicle Speed Sensor, and MAP (Manifold Absolute Pressure) Sensor Information. Remember that the signal to the detent solenoid is a 12-Volt lead. That is why the Downshift Control Relay is needed in this circuit, as the relay allows 12-Volts to go to the detent solenoid, causing a hydraulic downshift. Identification of the Downshift Control Relay is best done by checking the color code of the wire going down to the transmission, as the location of the relay on the panel will vary from model to model. Refer to Figure 72 for the wiring schematics.

NOTE: One the THM 400 equipped vehicles, mistakenly had THM 700 computers installed in them straight from the factory. This will create a complaint of "Falls out of 3rd gear, - After Warm". This occurs because the temperature sensor signals ECM that the engine is up to operating temperature. Then when it is time for the converter clutch application (700 Computer) the ECM sends a ground signal to the Downshift Relay and creates a 3-2 downshift.



THM 400 (3L80) WIRING SCHEMATICS

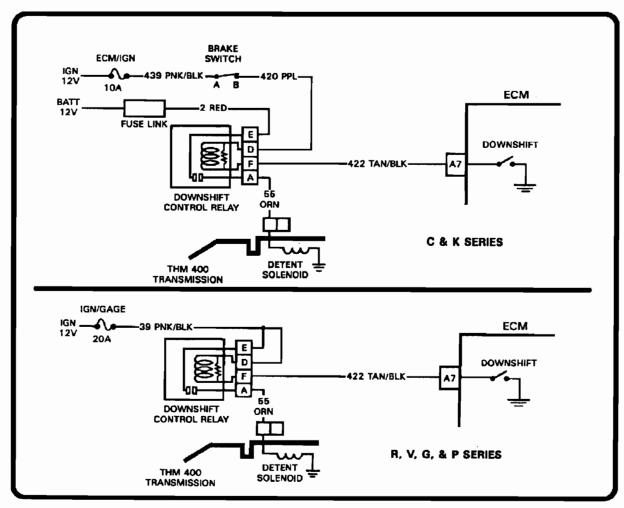
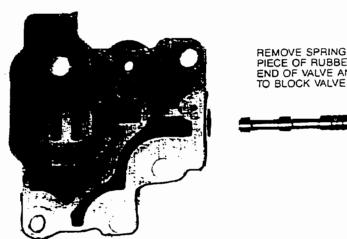


FIGURE 72



THM 350C CONVERTING TO NON LOCK-UP

- (1) INSTALL COMPLETE NON LOCK-UP PUMP. DO NOT INTER-MIX PUMP HALVES.
- (2) DRILL 1/4" HOLE IN DRAINBACK AREA, AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 74.
- (3) INSTALL ORIGINAL LOCK-UP VALVE BODY AND SPACER PLATE.
- (4) REMOVE ROLL PIN AND BORE PLUG AND SPRING FROM AUXILIARY VALVE BODY, AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 73.
- (5) INSTALL PIECE OF RUBBER HOSE IN PLACE OF SPRING AND INSTALL BORE PLUG AND PIN. SEE FIGURE 73.
- (6) INSTALL NON LOCK-UP CONVERTER.
- (7) MAKE A SOLID GASKET AND INSTALL UNDER THE SOLENOID.
- (8) LEAVE THE NUMBER 5 CHECKBALL OUT OF THE CASE (FRONT OF CASE).



REMOVE SPRING AND INSTALL PIECE OF RUBBER HOSE BETWEEN END OF VALVE AND PLUG

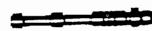




Figure 73



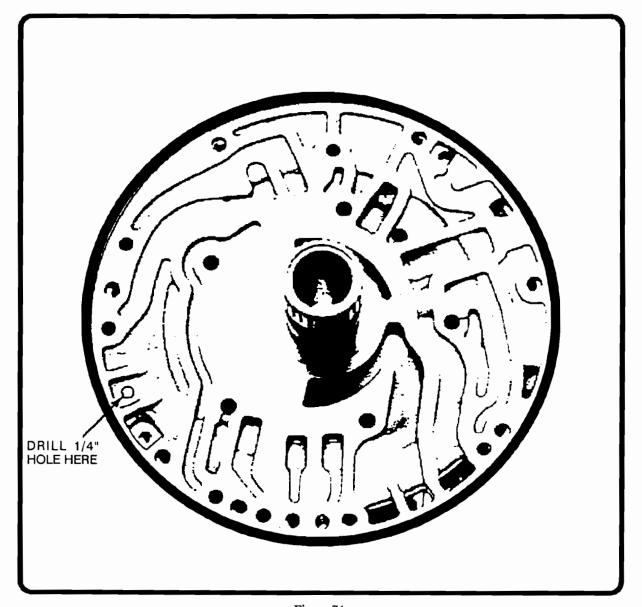
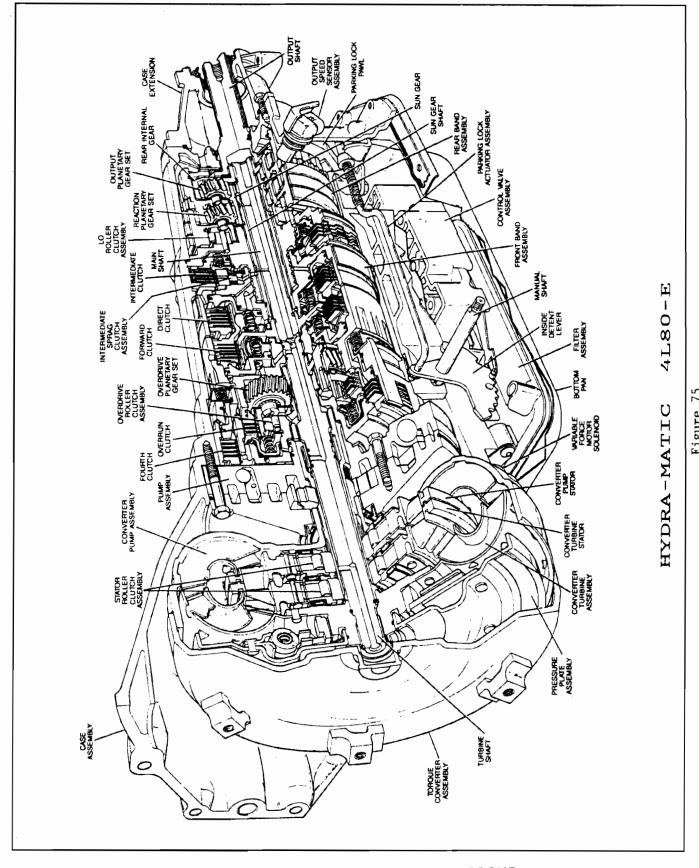


Figure 74

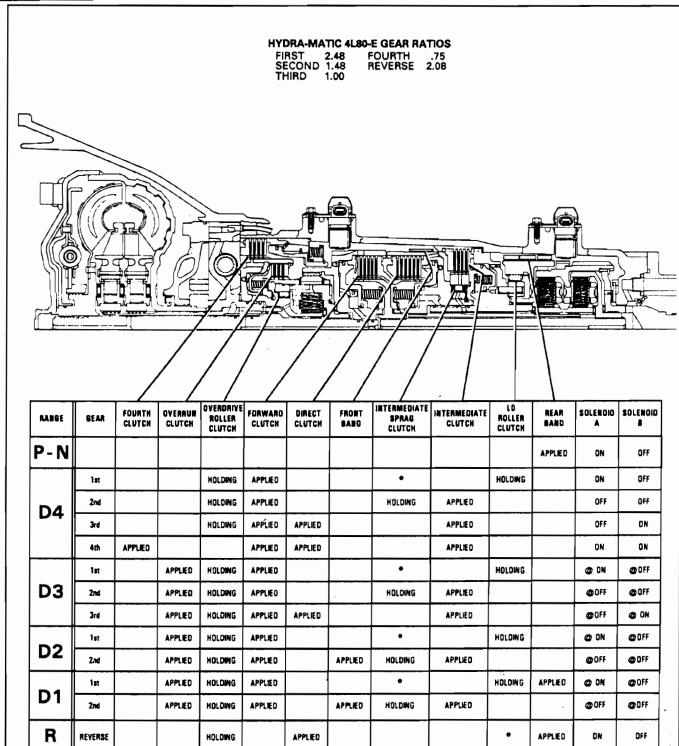






AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP
94





. HOLDING BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

ON = SOLENOID ENERGIZED
OFF = SOLENOID DE-ENERGIZED

THE SOLENOID'S STATE FOLLOWS A SHIFT PATTERN WHICH DEPENDS UPON VEHICLE SPEED AND THROTTLE POSITION. IT DOES NOT DEPEND UPON THE SELECTED GEAR.

Figure 76

1991 HYDRA-MATIC 4L80-E LINE PRESSURE CHECK PROCEDURE

Line pressures are calibrated for two sets of gear ranges — Drive-Park-Neutral, and Reverse. This allows the transmission line pressure to be appropriate for different pressure needs in different gear ranges:

Gear Range

Line Pressure Range

Drive, Park or Neutral

35 - 171 PSI

Reverse

67 - 324 PSI

Before performing a line pressure check, verify that the force motor is receiving the correct electrical signal from the vehicle computer:

- 1. Install a scan tool.
- 2. Start the engine and set parking brake.
- 3. Check for a stored force motor malfunction code, and other malfunction codes.
- 4. Repair vehicle if necessary.

Inspect

- Fluid level (see Section 7A)
- Manual linkage

Install or Connect

- TECH 1 Scan tool
- Oil pressure gage at line pressure tap
- 5. Put gear selector in Park and set the parking brake.
- 6. Start engine and allow it to warm up at idle.
- 7. Access the "override force motor" test on the TECH 1 scan tool.
- 8. Increase FORCE MOTOR CURRENT in 0.1 Amp increments and read the corresponding line pressure on the pressure gage. (Allow pressure to stabilize for 5 seconds after each current change.)
- 9. Compare data to the Drive-Park-Neutral line pressure chart below.

Line pressure will pulse either high or low every ten seconds to keep the force motor plunger free. This is normal and will not harm the transmission.

*NOTICE

Total test running time should not exceed 2 minutes, or transmission damage could occur.

CAUTION

Brakes must be applied at all times to prevant unexpected vehicle motion.

If pressure readings differ greatly from the line pressure chart, refer to the Diagnosis Charts contained in this section.

The TECH 1 scan tool is only able to control the force motor in Park and Neutral with the vehicle stopped at idle. This protects the clutches from extremely high or low pressures in Drive or Reverse ranges.

Force Motor Current (Amp)	Line Pressure (PSI)
0.02	157 - 177
0.10	151 - 176
0.20	140 - 172
0.30	137 - 162
0.40	121 - 147
0.50	102 - 131
0.60	88 - 113
0.70	63 - 93
0.80	43 - 73
0.90	37 - 61
0.98	35 - 55



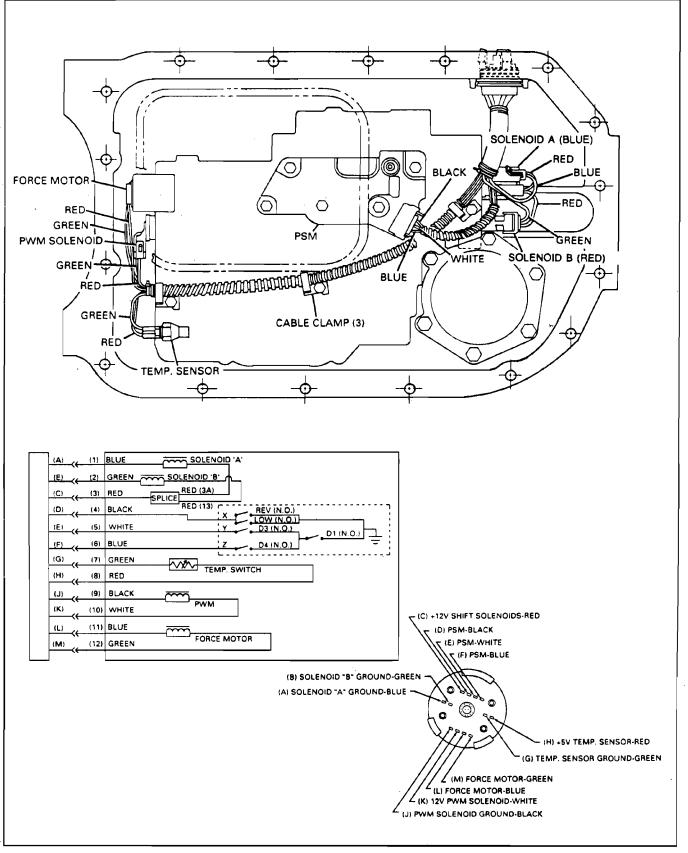


Figure 78
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP
97

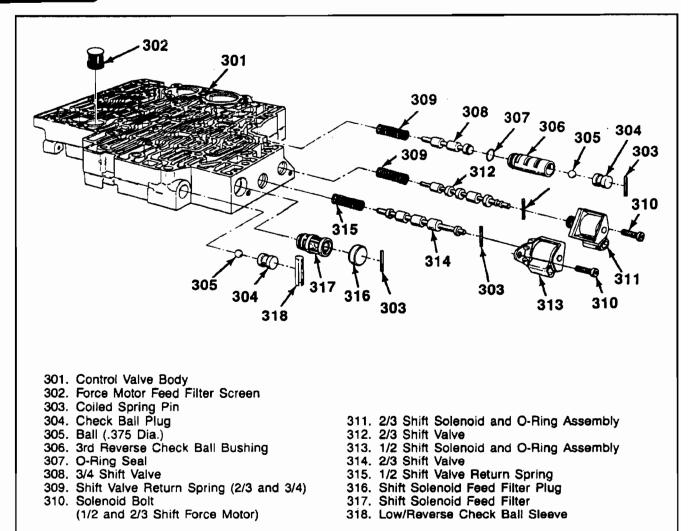


Figure 79



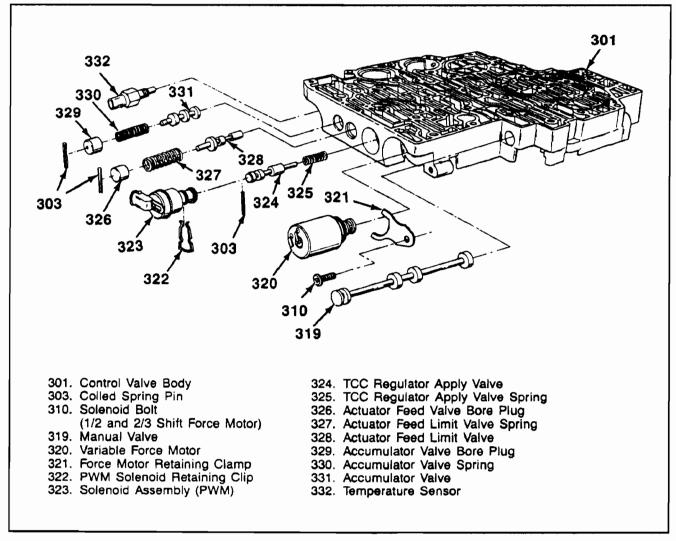


Figure 80