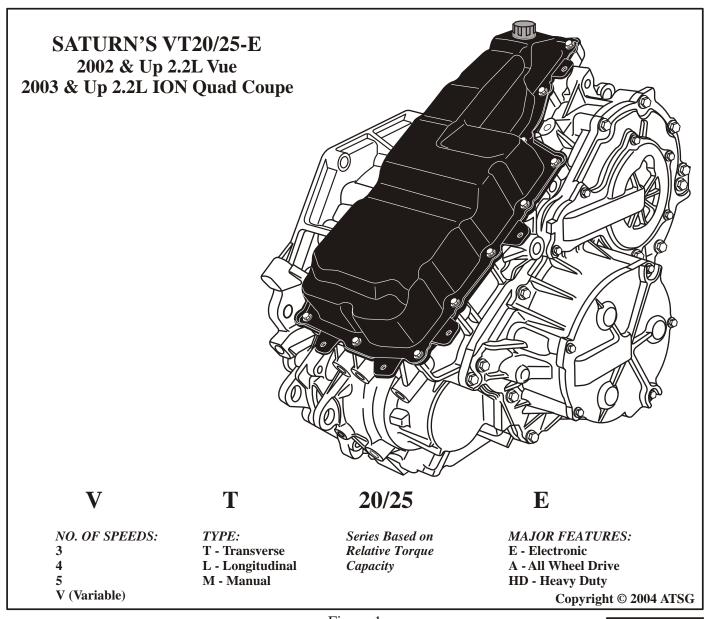


SATURN VT20/25-E PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

This bulletin will provide you with preliminary information about the new Saturn VT20/25-E transaxle which is a continuously-variable front wheel drive unit, as shown in Figure 1. The VT20/25-E transaxle first appeared in the Saturn Vue in model year 2002 behind the 2.2Lengine and in model year 2003 was expanded into Saturn Ion "Quad Coupe" equipped with the 2.2L engine.

This bulletin is intended to assist the technician during the service, diagnosis and repair of this new transaxle and should be reviewed in its entirety before attempting any diagnosis or repair. We have also provided you with an index on Page 2, because of the length of this bulletin.





INDEX FOR ATSG BULLETIN NUMBER 04-27

See Figure 1 for transaxle identification and applications.

See Page 3 for General Description and Range description.

See Figure 2 for Quick Referance "Tek-Spek" Sheet, that provides some specifications.

See Figure 3 for exploded view of Case And Components "Front Side".

See Figure 4 for exploded view of Case And Compopnents "Rear Side".

See Figure 5 for exploded view of valve body assembly.

See Figure 6 for exploded view of Lower Control Valve Body "Front Side".

See Figure 7 for exploded view of Lower Control Valve Body "Rear Side".

See Figure 8 for valve body checkball locations and function.

See Figure 9 for exploded view of Oil Pump Assembly.

See Figure 10 for exploded view of Input Shaft And Forward Clutch Assembly.

See Figure 11 for exploded view of Front Differential Carrier Assembly.

See Figure 12 for exploded view of Front Differential Transfer Gear Assembly.

See Figure 13 for Ratio Control Motor (RCM) Description And Operation.

See Figure 14 for dynamic teating of the Ratio Control Motor.

See Figure 15 for Additional Electronic Component Identification and descriptions.

See Figure 16 for "Assembly Tips" on Neutral Idle/TCC ON-OFF Solenoid.

See Figure 17 for Pass Through Connector terminal identification and functions.

See Figure 18 for Speed Sensor and Park/Neutral Switch specifications for testing.

See Figure 19 for Partial Hydraulic Schematic.

Copyright © 2004 ATSG

04-27

Page 2 of 23



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The VT20/25-E transaxle is a fully automatic continuously-variable front wheel drive transaxle. It consists primarily of a four element torque converter, one planetary gear set, an electronic hydraulic pressurization and control system, two variable drive pulleys, two friction clutches and a differential assembly.

The four element torque converter contains a pump, a turbine, a lined pressure plate splined to the turbine, and a stator assembly. The converter acts as a fluid coupling to smoothly transmit power from the engine to the transaxle. It also hydraulically provides additional torque multiplication when it is required. The lined pressure plate, when applied, provides a mechanical "direct drive" coupling of the engine to the transaxle for increased fuel economy.

The planetary gear set provides reverse. Changing drive ratios is fully automatic and is accomplished through the use of a Tranmission Control Module (TCM). The TCM recieves and monitors various electronic sensor signals and uses this information to control the transaxle ratios at the most optimum time. The ratio control motor is used to change drive ratios, and feedback from the speed sensors supplies information to the TCM. The TCM then uses this information to determine when to apply the converter clutch. This allows the engine to deliver the maximum fuel efficiency without sacrificing vehicle performance.

The hydraulic system primarily consists of a vane type pump, a control valve body, a control solenoid assembly, a case and a case cover. The pump maintains the working pressures needed to stroke the clutch pistons that apply or release the friction components. These friction components consist of the forward and reverse clutches.

The hydraulic system also supplies pressurized fluid to the variable drive and driven pulley assemblies to provide accurate variable ratio controlled output torque to the differential.

RANGE DESCRIPTION

The transaxle can be operated in any one of the six different positions on the shift quadrant that is shown below.



- P Park position enables the engine to be started while preventing the vehicle from rolling either forward or backward. For safety reasons the vehicle's parking brake should be used in addition to the "Park" position. Since the front differential carrier is mechanically locked to the case through the park pawl, variable driven pulley assembly and front differential drive pinion gear assembly, "Park" position should not be selected until the vehicle has come to a complete stop.
- R Reverse position enables the vehicle to be operated in a rearward direction.
- Neutral position enables the engine to start and operate without driving the vehicle, but does not prevent it from rolling forward or backward.
- D Drive range should be used for all normal driving conditions. Drive range allows the transaxle to operate in the full range of variable ratios, and the converter clutch to apply.

Note: The transaxle should not be operated in Drive when towing a trailer. The transaxle should be driven in a lower range selection for maximum efficiency.

- | Intermediate can be used for hilly terrain or for towing. The variable ratios are the same as in Drive range except the variable drive pulleys will not be allowed to achieve the higher ratios.
- L Low range can be selected at any vehicle speed. If the transaxle is in Drive or Intermediate, it will immediately change the ratio to low, once vehicle speed is below approximately 56 km/h (35mph). This is benificial for descending steep grades. With Low range selected, the variable drive pulleys will not be allowed to achieve the high or intermediate ratios.

Copyright © 2004 ATSG

04-27 Page 3 of 23



Quick Reference Tek Spek Sheet

Transmission Drive:

TRANSVERSE FRONT WHEEL DRIVE

Transmission Type:

Fully-Automatic, electronically-controlled, continuously-variable front wheel drive transaxle, with a torque converter clutch.

Transfer Design:

On-Axis

(Four axis - Input, Secondary, Transfer, Output)

Control Systems:

Electronic Control of Ratio Changing Reverse Lockout Input and Output Electronic Signals Internal Control Module Assembly, with Stepper Motor External Neutral-Start-Backup-Switch Internal Input and Output Speed Sensors

Ratio Spread:

Forward 0.44 - 2.61 Reverse 2.15 Overall 5.9

Current Engines:

1.4L to 2.2L

Maximum Engine Torque:

200 Nm (148 lb.ft.) maximum (This is only s guide, may not be applicable under certain driving conditions)

Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight:

2,100 kg (4,360 lb)

Trailer Towing Capacity:

680 kg (1,500 lb)

Transmission Fluid Type:

DEX-CVT® and Automatic Transmission Additive

Transmission Fluid Capacity (Approximate):

8.07 Litre (8.53 qts)

Converter (Reference):

Size: 225mm

Bolt Circle Diameter: 237.00mm

Bolt Thread: M10 X 1.25

Stall Ratio: 1.70

"K" Factor Range: 196 RPM/Nm to the 1/2 power

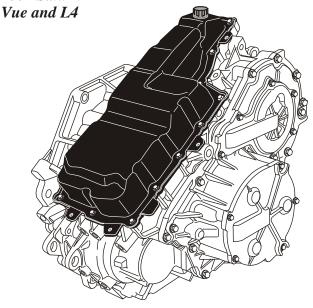
Hydraulic Pulley/Sheave Pump:

5447 kpa (790 psi) maximum

Pulley/Sheave Material:

Forged Steel

The VT20/25-E Transmission Produced in Hungary 2004 Saturn



Push Belt:

Element Material: Steel

Band Material: Maraging Steel Number of Bands: Two Sets of 12

Case Material:

Die Cast Aluminum

Transaxle Weight Wet:

VT20-E 79.9kg (175.7lb) VT25-E (2WD) 83.0 kg (183.0 lb) VT25-E (4WD) 83.5 kg (184.1 lb)

Final Drive Ratio: 3.52
Transfer Gear Ratio: 1.41
Effective Gear Ratio: 4.97

Six Position Quadrant:

(P, R, N, D, I, L)

Pressure Tap Availability:

Line Pressure



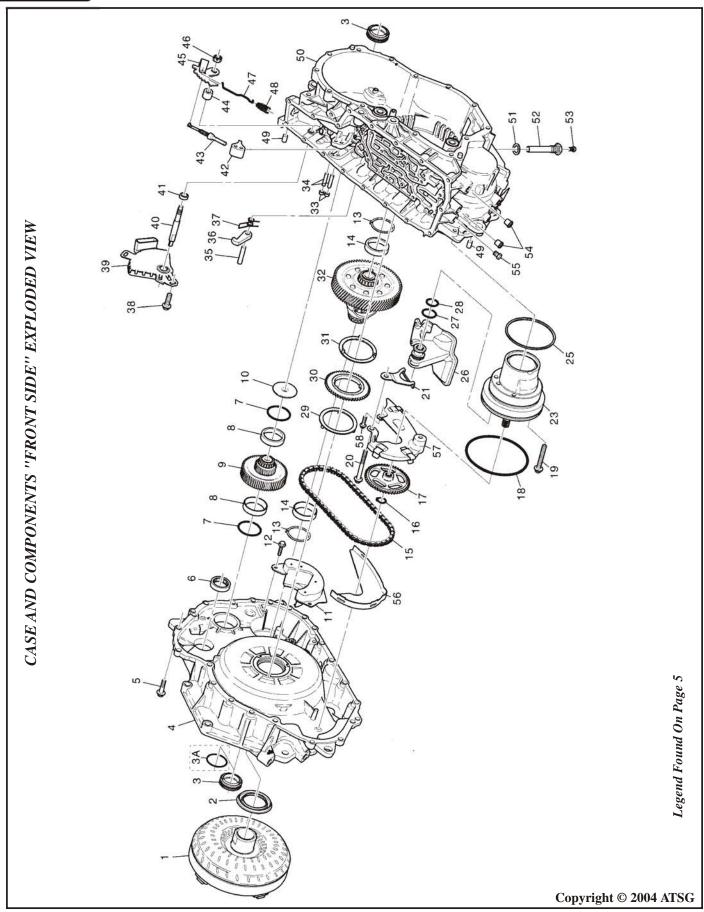


Figure 3
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP

04-27 Page 5 of 23



CASE AND COMPONENTS "FRONT SIDE" LEGEND

- 1 TORQUE CONVERTER ASSEMBLY
- 2 CONVERTER AND DIFFERENTIAL HOUSING SEAL ASSEMBLY
- 3 DRIVE SHAFT OIL SEAL ASSEMBLY (2WD)
- 3A DRIVE SHAFT OIL "O" RING SEAL (4WD)
- 4 TORQUE CONVERTER HOUSING (MODEL SENSITIVE)
- 5 CONVERTER HOUSING TO CASE BOLT (M8 X 1.25 X 35)
- 6 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY BEARING ASSEMBLY
- 7 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL DRIVE PINI ON GEAR SHIM (2)
- 8 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL DRIVE PINI ON GEAR BEARING CUP (2)
- 9 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL DRIVE PINION GEAR ASSEMBLY
- 10 TRANSAXLE CASE PLUG
- 11 TRANSAXLE FLUID BAFFLE
- 12 TRANSAXLE FLUID BAFFLE BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 17)
- 13 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL BEARING SHIM (2)
- 14 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL BEARING CUP (2)
- 15 DRIVE LINK ASSEMBLY
- 16 DRIVEN SPROCKET RETAINING SNAP RING
- 17 DRIVEN SPROCKET ASSEMBLY
- 18 TRANSAXLE OIL PUMP "O" RING SEAL
- 19 TRANSAXLE OIL PUMP BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 55)
- 20 BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 70)
- 21 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILTER RETAINER
- 23 TRANSAXLE OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY
- 25 TRANSAXLE OIL PUMP "O" RING SEAL
- 26 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILTER ASSEMBLY
- 27 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILTER "O" RING SEAL
- 28 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILTER "O" RING SEAL
- 29 DRIVE SPROCKET THRUST WASHER, CONVERTER HOUSING SIDE
- 30 DRIVE SPROCKET ASSEMBLY

- 31 DRIVE SPROCKET THRUST WASHER, CASE SIDE
- 32 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY
- 33 PARK PAWL SHAFT HOLE PLUG
- 34 PARK PAWL ACTUATOR GUIDE PIN
- 35 PARK PAWL REACTION PIN
- 36 PARK PAWL
- 37 PARK PAWL SPRING
- 38 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 18.4)
- 39 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH ASSEMBLY
- 40 MANUAL SHIFT SHAFT
- 41 MANUAL SHIFT SHAFT SEAL ASSEMBLY
- 42 PARK PAWL ACTUATOR GUIDE
- 43 PARK PAWL ACTUATOR ACTUATOR ASSEMBLY
- 44 MANUAL SHIFT SHAFT RETAINER
- 45 MANUAL SHIFT SHAFT DETENT LEVER
- 46 MANUAL SHIFT SHAFT NUT
- 47 MANUAL VALVE LINK
- 48 MANUAL VALVE LINK SPRING
- 49 TRANSAXLE CASE LOCATOR DOWEL
- 50 TRANSAXLE CASE ASSEMBLY
- 51 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILL LOWER TUBE SEAL
- 52 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILL LOWER TUBE
- 53 TRANSAXLE FLUID FILL LOWER TUBE PLUG
- 54 TRANSAXLE COOLER PIPE FITTING SEALS (2)
- 55 TRANSAXLE LINE PRESSURE PLUG
- 56 TRANSAXLE FLUID TOP BAFFLE
- 57 TRANSAXLE FLUID BOTTOM BAFFLE
- 58 TRANSAXLE FLUID BAFFLE BOLT (M5 X 0.8 X 13)

Figure 3 Legend



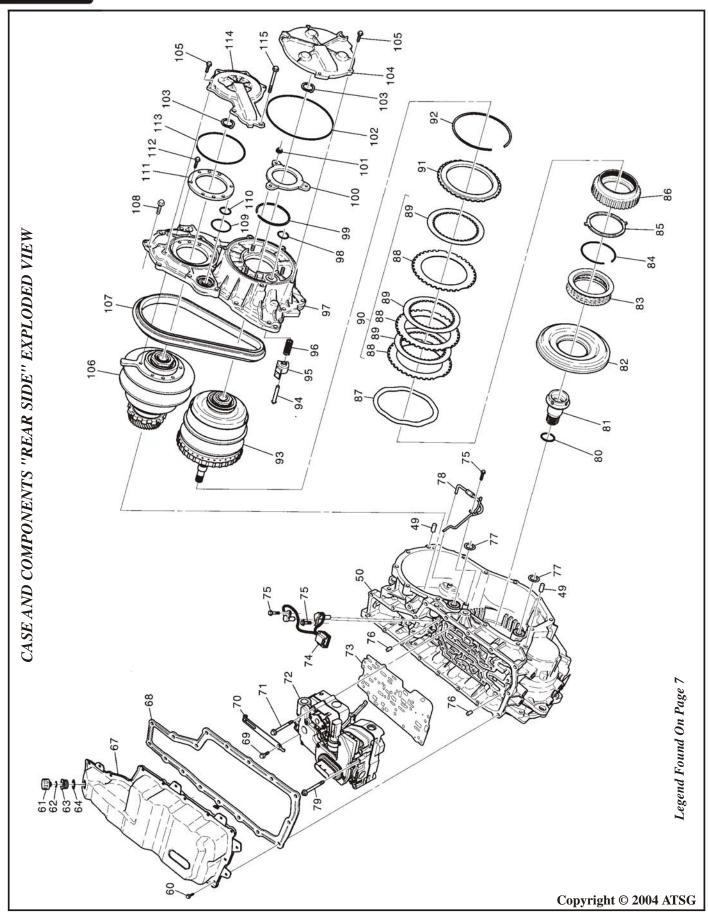


Figure 4
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP

04-27 Page 6 of 23



CASE AND COMPONENTS "REAR SIDE" LEGEND

49 TRANSAXLE CASE LOCATOR DOWEL

50 TRANSAXLE CASE ASSEMBLY

60 VALVE BODY COVER BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 25)

61 TRANSAXLE VENT CAP

62 TRANSAXLE VENT CAP "O" RING

63 TRANSAXLE VENT CAP INSERT

64 TRANSAXLE VENT CAP INSERT "O" RING

67 VALVE BODY COVER

68 VALVE BODY COVER GASKET

69 DETENT SPRING BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 30)

70 DETENT SPRING ASSEMBLY

71 VALVE BODY BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 80)

72 VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

73 VALVE BODY SPACER PLATE (MOLDED GASKET)

74 TRANSAXLE INPUT AND OUTPUT SPEED SENSOR ASSEMBLY

75 SPEED SENSOR BOLTS (M6 X 1.0 X 17) 76 VALVE BODY LOCATOR DOWEL

77 CASE COVER "O" RING SEAL (2) 78 LUBE OIL PIPE

79 VALVE BODY BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 78)

80 STATOR SHAFT SEAL

81 STATOR SHAFT ASSEMBLY

82 REVERSE CLUTCH PISTON ASSEMBLY

83 REVERSE CLUTCH PISTON RETURN SPRING ASSEMBLY

84 REVERSE CLUTCH PISTON RETURN SPRING SNAP RING

85 REVERSE CLUTCH HUB THRUST WASHER

86 REVERSE CLUTCH HUB/INTERNAL GEAR ASSEMBLY

87 REVERSE CLUTCH "WAVED" CUSHION PLATE

88 REVERSE CLUTCH OUTSIDE SPLINED PLATES

89 REVERSE CLUTCH INSIDE SPLINED PLATES

91 REVERSE CLUTCH BACKING PLATE

92 REVERSE CLUTCH BACKING PLATE SNAP RING

93 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY ASSEMBLY

94 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY FOLLOWER PIN

95 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY FOLLOWER

96 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY FOLLOWER SPRING

97 TRANSAXLE CASE COVER ASSEMBLY

98 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY OPENING COVER SEAL

99 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY BEARING RETAINING SNAP RING

100 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY BEARING RETAINER

101 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY BEARING RETAINER NUT (M6 X 1.0)

102 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY OPENING COVER SEAL

103 TRANSAXLE CASE COVER SEAL

104 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY OPENING COVER

105 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY COVER BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 25)

106 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY

107 VARIABLE PULLEY DRIVE BELT ASSEMBLY

108 TRANSAXLE CASE COVER BOLT (M8 X 1.25 X 40)

109 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY OPENING COVER SEAL

110 TRANSAXLE CASE COVER "O" RING SEAL

111 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY BEARING RETAINER (SELECTIVE)

112 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY RETAINER BOLT (M6 X 1.0 X 25)

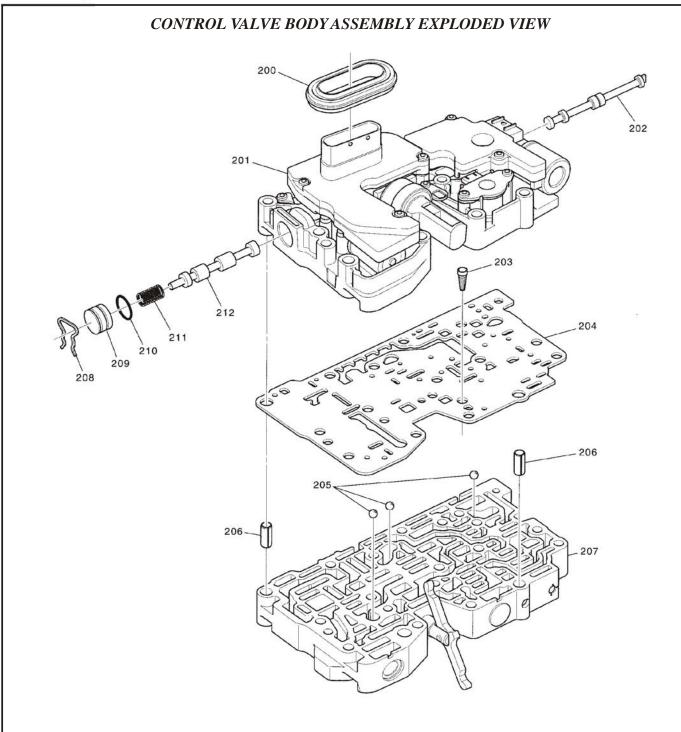
113 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY OPENING COVER SEAL 114 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY OPENING COVER

115 VARIABLE DRIVEN PULLEY COVER BOLT (M8 X 1.25 X 50)

Copyright © 2004 ATSG

Figure 4 Legend





200 VALVE BODY COVER WIRING CONNECTOR HOLE SEAL

201 UPPER VALVE BODY AND SOLENOID BODY ASSEMBLY

202 MANUAL VALVE

203 VALVE BODY SPACER PLATE SCREEN ASSEMBLY

204 VALVE BODY SPACER PLATE (MOLDED GASKET)

205 VALVE BODY CHECK BALLS (3)

206 VALVE BODY LOCATOR DOWELS (2)

207 LOWER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

208 BORE PLUG RETAINER

209 BORE PLUG

210 BORE PLUG "O" RING SEAL

211 LINE 2 PRESSURE REGUL ATOR VALVE SPRING

212 LINE 2 PRESSURE REGULATOR VALVE



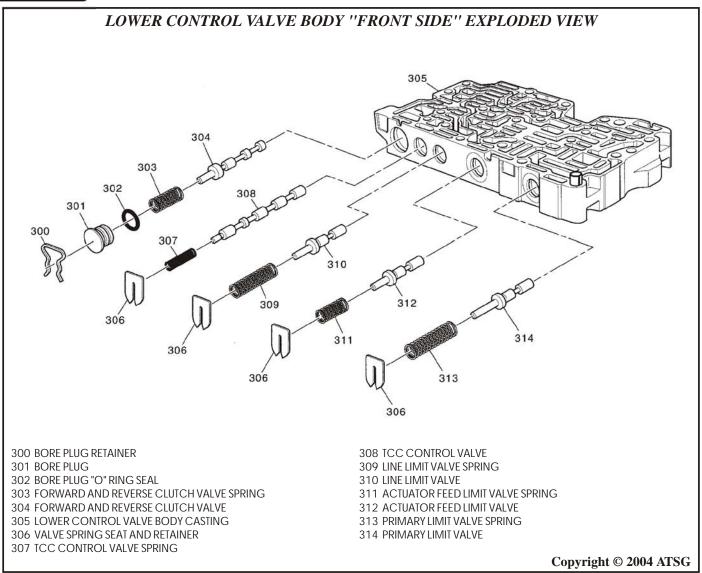


Figure 6



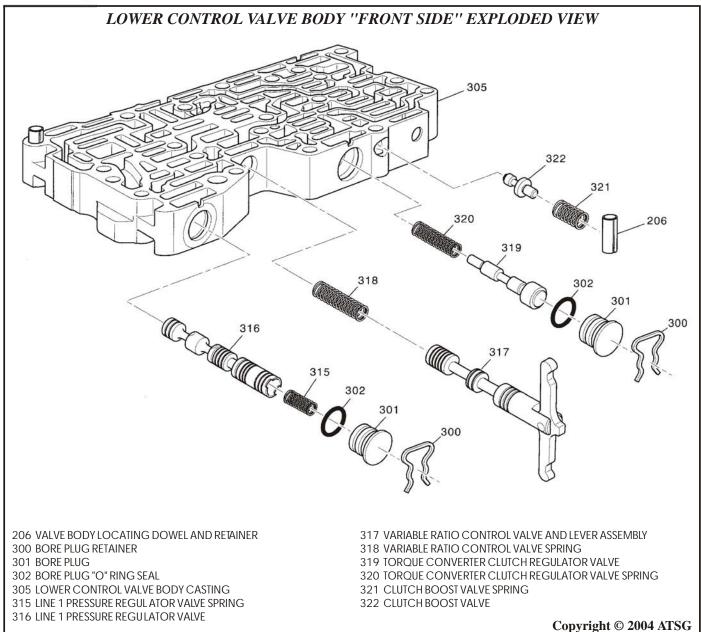
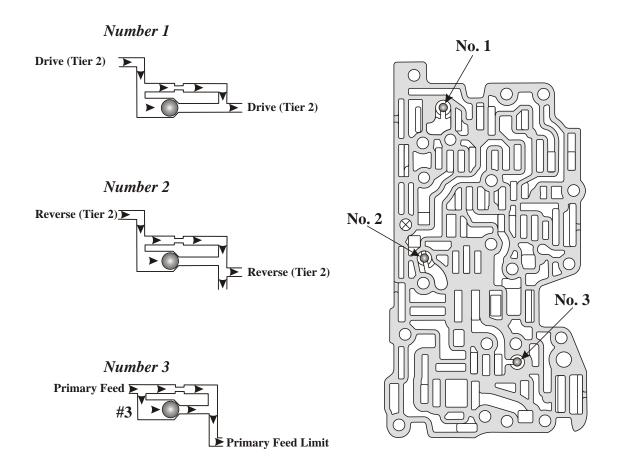


Figure 7



LOWER CONTROL VALVE BODY CHECKBALL FUNCTION



Number 1, Forward Clutch

This ball seats and forces forward clutch exhaust fluid through an orifice to control the release rate. Apply pressure pushes the ball off of its seat for a faster forward clutch apply.

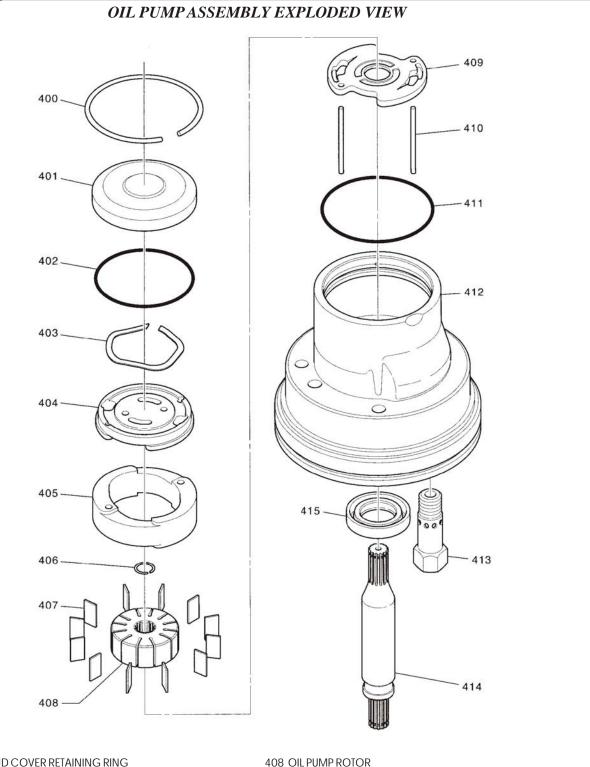
Number 2, Reverse Clutch

This ball seats and forces reverse clutch exhaust fluid through an orifice to control the release rate. Apply pressure pushes the ball off of its seat for a faster reverse clutch apply.

Number 3, Primary Feed Limit

This ball seats to force the primary feed pressure through an orifice and into the primary feed limit circuit, in order to help control the apply rate of the variable drive pulley. When this pully is released, the ball is forced off of its seat for a faster exhaust.



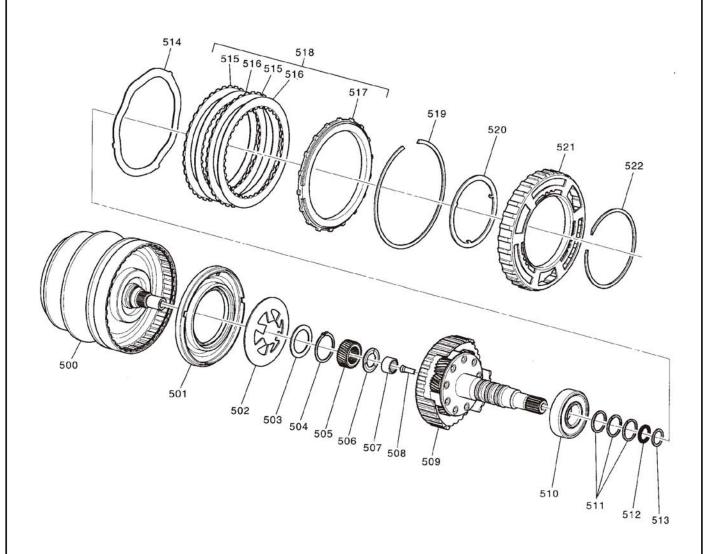


- 400 OIL PUMP END COVER RETAINING RING
- 401 OIL PUMP END COVER
- 402 OIL PUMP END COVER "O" RING SEAL
- 403 OIL PUMP PRESSURE PLATE SPRING
- 404 OIL PUMP PRESSURE PLATE
- 405 OIL PUMP CAM RING
- 406 OIL PUMP DRIVE SHAFT RETAINING SNAP RING
- 407 OIL PUMP ROTOR VANES (12)

- 409 OIL PUMP THRUST PLATE
- 410 OIL PUMP CAM RING DOWEL PINS (2)
- 411 OIL PUMP INNER "O" RING SEAL
- 412 OIL PUMP HOUSING
- 413 OIL PUMP PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
- 414 OIL PUMP DRIVE SHAFT
- 415 OIL PUMP DRIVE SHAFT SEAL



INPUT SHAFT AND FORWARD CLUTCH ASSEMBLY EXPLODED VIEW



500 VARIABLE DRIVE PULLEY ASSEMBLY

501 FORWARD CLUTCH PISTON ASSEMBLY

502 FORWARD CLUTCH PISTON RETURN "BELLVILLE" SPRING

503 FORWARD CLUTCH RETURN SPRING WASHER

504 FORWARD CLUTCH RETURN SPRING SNAP RING

505 PLANETARY SUN GEAR

506 PLANETARY SUN GEAR THRUST WASHER

507 INPUT SHAFT CAGED NEEDLE BEARING ASSEMBLY

508 INPUT SHAFT FLUID PASSAGE SLEEVE

509 INPUT SHAFT AND PLANETARY ASSEMBLY

510 INPUT SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY

511 INPUT SHAFT SEALING RING S (3)

512 INPUT SHAFT "O" RING SEAL

513 INPUT SHAFT SPLIT SPIRAL RING

514 FORWARD CLUTCH "WAVED" CUSHION PLATE

515 FORWARD CLUTCH OUTSIDE SPLINED PLATES

516 FORWARD CLUTCH INSIDE SPLINED PLATES

517 FORWARD CLUTCH BACKING PLATE

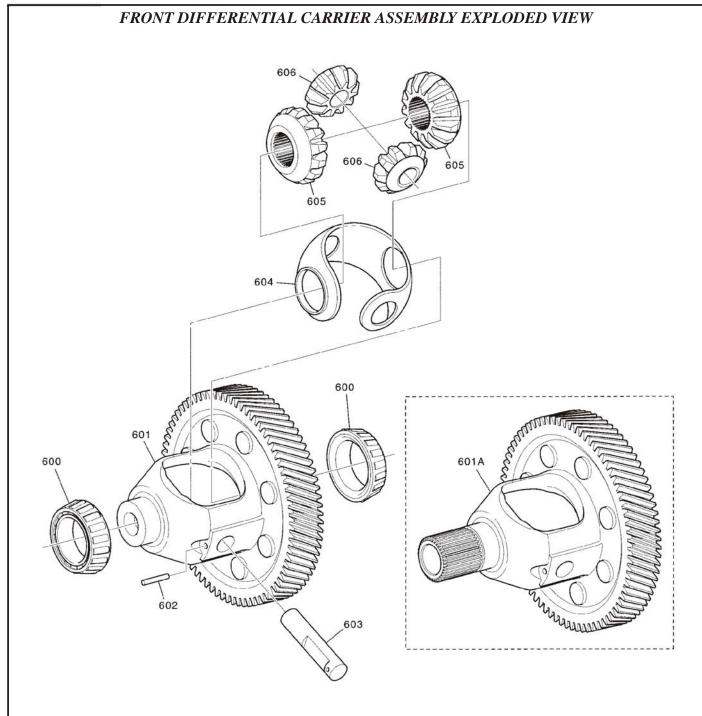
519 FORWARD CLUTCH BACKING PLATE SNAP RING

520 INPUT INTERNAL RING GEAR THRUST WASHER

521 INPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR RELUCTOR RING

522 INPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR RELUCTOR RING SNAP RING





600 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ROLLER BEARINGS (2)

601 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY (2WD)

601A FRONT DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY (4WD)

602 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL PINION GEAR SHAFT ROLL PIN

603 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL PINION GEAR SHAFT

604 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER THRUST WASHER

605 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEARS (2)

606 FRONT DIFFERENTIAL PINION GEARS (2)



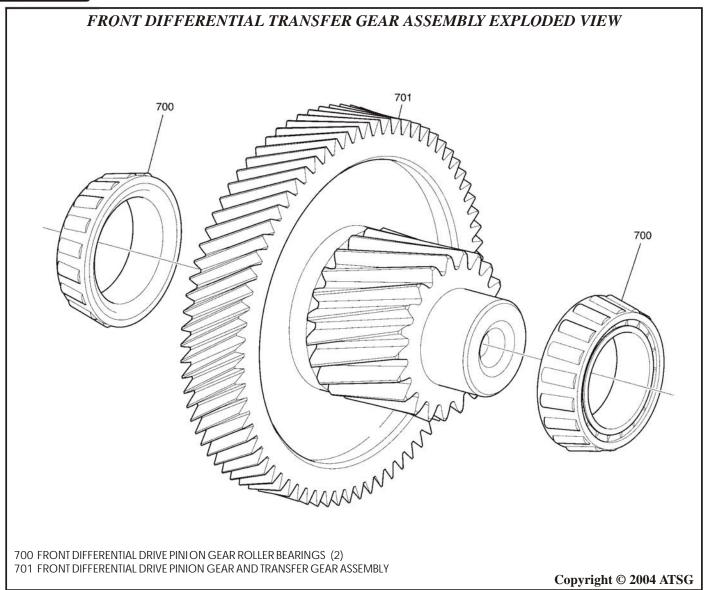


Figure 12



RATIO CONTROLMOTOR DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

Ratio Control Motor (RCM) (Stepper Motor) Pintle VARIABLE RATIO CONTROL Line 1 **Primary Feed Limit Drive Pulley** Forward Clutch **Stationary Face**

Ratio Control Motor (RCM)

The ratio control motor (RCM) is a linear position device, which changes transmission ratio by accurately controlling the position of the variable ratio control valve in order to regulate primary feed fluid flow. The RCM has a total nominal travel of 22.0 mm.

The transmission control module (TCM) controls the sheave ratio by adjusting the position of the RCM pintle. Movement of the pintle changes the position of the variable ratio control valve, which regulates the primary feed fluid flow and directly changes the sheave ratio. The RCM is a bi-directional motor driven by two coils. The TCM supplies a ground to apply current to the RCM in steps (counts) to extend or retract the pintle. An increase in counts will result in a larger speed ratio (smaller sheave ratio) and a decrease in counts will result in a smaller speed ratio (larger sheave ratio).

The RCM frequency is calculated in a 25 ms loop and used throughout the 25 ms time. The RCM counts are spaced equally for each 25 ms loop. This is accomplished by looking at how many counts are requested for this period. If all of them can be done in less than the maximum frequency, then the slower frequency is used.

When there is a change in direction, the RCM must pause for a minimum time. If there is a change in frequency, then there is the same minimum pause time. The ratio control motor control algorithm incorporates a feature that will delay the count command for a calibratable amount of time when a change in direction of rotation of the ratio control motor shaft is detected. This feature is necessary because a significant amount of "lost' counts can occur due to overshoot of the rotor. The time delay allows the rotor to stabilize before beginning the rotation in the opposite direction.



TESTING THE RATIO CONTROL MOTOR

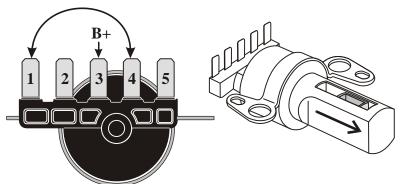
Ratio Control Motor (RCM)

Performing a Dynamic Test

To perform a dynamic test of the RCM (Stepper Motor), supply battery voltage to the center terminal marked 3.

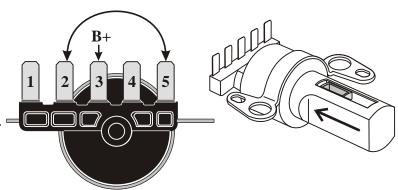
Alternate a ground repeatedly between terminals 1 and 4 and watch the pintle move away from the coil.

NOTE: Pintle will move approximatey .89 mm (.035") for every 10 pulses.



Keeping a battery supply to the center terminal marked 3, alternate a ground repeatedly between terminals 2 and 5 and watch the pintle move towards the coil.

CAUTION: Do not leave current flowing through the stepper for great lengths of time or damage may occur.



To perform a resistance check on RCM, place the positive lead to center terminal marked 3, as shown.

With the negative lead, make individual contact with terminals 1, 2, 4 and 5. Each of the terminals should have approximately 25 ohms resistance.

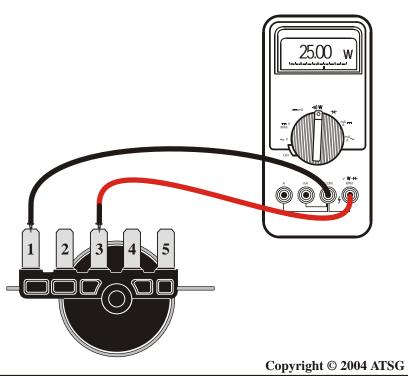


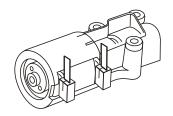
Figure 14

04-27 Page 18 of 23



ADDITIONAL ELECTRONIC COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

Line Pressure Control Solenoid



The Line Pressure Control Solenoid is a normally high, 2 port linear pressure control solenoid. The TCM controls the solenoid on a positive duty cycle at a fixed frequency of 292.5 Hz.

0.1 amps = Maximum line and 1.1 amps = Minimum line. Resistance should measure between 3.5 and 4.1 ohms at 68° F.

Neutral Idle/ TCC Control Solenoid



The Neutral Idle/TCC Control Solenoid is a normally low, 3 port linear pressure control solenoid. This solenoid controls the fluid pressure used to apply the forward and reverse clutches, as well as the TCC apply feel.

Resistance should measure between 3.5 and 4.1 ohms at 68° F.

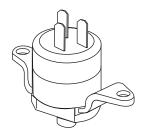
Neutral Idle/ TCC ON/OFF Solenoid



The Neutral Idle/TCC ON/OFF Solenoid is a normally closed, 3 port ON/OFF solenoid. This solenoid is used to hydraulically select which fluid pressure; clutch control or regulated apply, that will be directed to the Neutral Idle/TCC Control Solenoid.

Resistance should measure between 20 and 24 ohms at 68° F.

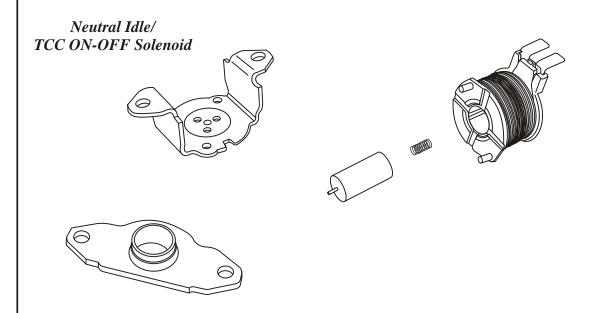
Pressure Sensor



The Pressure Sensor is used to monitor line pressure and provide this information to the TCM. The Pressure Sensor uses an analog signal of 0 to 5 volts. The Pressure Sensor is fed with Tier 2 feed fluid pressure which normally ranges from 70 psi to 850 psi.

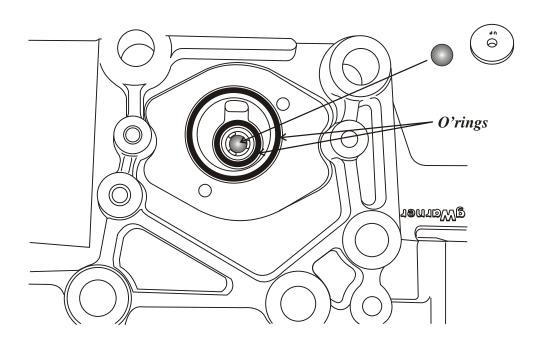


SOLENOID ASSEMBLY TIP



WARNING:

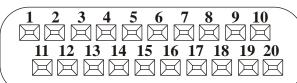
The Neutral Idle/TCC ON-OFF Solenoid brackets, coil, plunger and spring will seperate when the retaining bolts are removed. The metering ball remains in the valve body casting under a disc with the word "UP" stamped on the surface facing the solenoid. Extra care must be used so as not to lose any of these parts. The ball diameter is approximately .156".

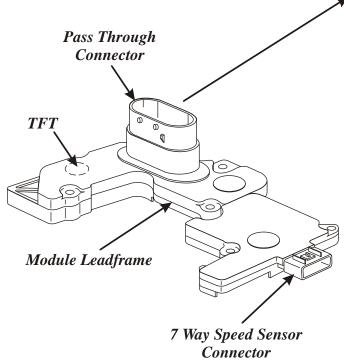




ADDITIONAL ELECTRONIC COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

Pass Through Connector Terminal Identification

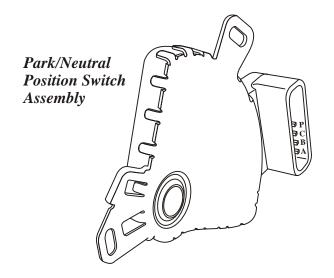




Pin	Function				
1	Pressure Sensor Ground				
2	Transmission Input Speed Sensor High				
3	Transmission Input Speed Sensor Low				
4	Transmission Output Speed Sensor High				
5	Transmission Output Speed Sensor Low				
6	NI/TCC Clutch Control Solenoid Valve Low				
7	NI/TCC Clutch Control Solenoid Valve High				
8	NI/TCC On-Off Solenoid Valve High				
9	NI/TCC On-Off Solenoid Valve Low				
10	Ratio Control Motor Phase B Terminal E				
11	Pressure Sensor Power				
12	Pressure Sensor Output				
13	Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor Low				
14	Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor High				
15	Line Pressure Control Solenoid Valve High				
16	Line Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Low				
17	Ratio Control Motor Phase A Terminal A				
18	Ratio Control Motor Phase B Terminal B				
19	Ratio Control Motor Power (Common)				
20	Ratio Control Motor Phase A Terminal D				



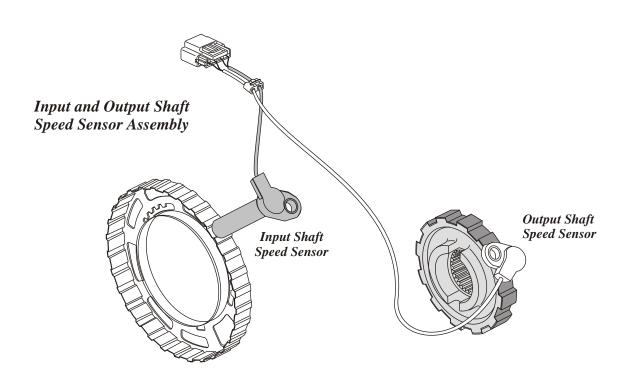
ADDITIONAL ELECTRONIC COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION



Range	Circuit			
Indicator	A	В	C	P
Park	1	0	0	1
Reverse	1	1	0	0
Neutral	0	1	0	1
Drive	0	1	1	0
Intermediate	1	1	1	1
Low	1	0	1	0

1 = Closed (Resistance less than 50 ohms)

0 = Open (Resitance greater than 50k Ohms)



Speed Sensor resistance should measure between 1300 - 1950 ohms at 68° F. Output voltage will vary with vehicle speed from a minimum of 0.5 volts AC @ 100 RPM, to more than 100 volts AC @ 8,000 RPM



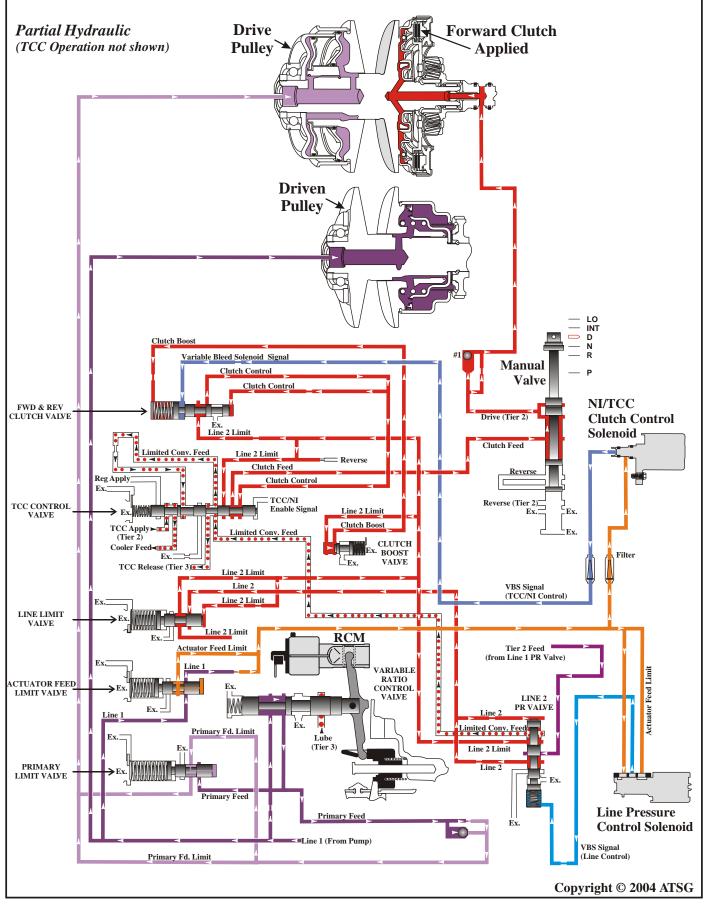


Figure 19