Labeling Guidance Document

1. Introduction to the labeling task

Watch the video and determine if it is shot from a first-person perspective, where "I" am holding the camera and filming someone else and participating in the events of the video. If not, mark the video as 0 and do not continue with the analysis.

2. Emotional classification.

Labeling an entire video clip with emotional tendencies.

Score the video clip on a scale of -3 to 3. -3: very negative; -2: negative; -1: more negative; 0: neutral; 1: more positive; 2: positive; 3: very positive.

Labeling the mood category of a character in a video clip

Score the character's specific emotion (happy, sad, angry, scared, disgusted, surprised, shy, sarcastic) by choosing the one that comes across most strongly. 1 means slightly, 2 means somewhat, and 3 means strongly. Write the beginning and ending times of the emotion, and the reason the character had the emotion.

3. Locating Emotions

Label the start and end time of a character's emotion in a video clip

The start and end time of the emotion needs to be able to be shown through facial
expressions or tone of voice.

4. QA

Label the reason for a character's emotion in the video clip.

For the reason for the character's emotion, it needs to be a sentence with a complete subject-verb-object, not a sick sentence, and the content of the reason should be specific, e.g., the reason for mom's happiness is: what I did to make mom happy, what I said to make mom happy.

5. Labeling examples

- 5.1 Overall example
- 5.2 Examples of different tasks:
- A. Emotion categorization task: see additional file Specific Emotion Degrees for examples of the three degrees of happy.
- B. Emotion localization task: see additional file Emotion localization. The locus of I'm happy is 6-7 seconds (the seconds of laughing), not 4-7 (the reason for laughing).
- C. Emotion Quiz Task:

	Correct Answer	Incorrect Answer
1	Grandma is busy	Busy doing farm
	doing farm work and	work
	I want her to make	
	me food	

2	I gave Grandma	I gave Grandma
	money and that made	money
	her feel happy	
3	Grandma said that	Grandma said that
	hawthorn is the	hawthorn is the
	first to be eaten	first to be eaten
	and what she said	
	made me feel happy	
4	I said grandma's	I thought grandma's
	hawthorn cake was	expression was
	mediocre, but	funny
	grandma didn't	
	scold me, which	
	made me feel happy	

For incorrect answers, example 1 is not a complete sentence; example 2 is more like a description than a reason; example 3 is more like a description than a reason; example 4 "interesting" is not specific enough, and a specific reason should be written.

6.0ther notes

- 6.1 Each video has a specific uncredited character "me".
- 6.2 Each video may have more than one character with emotional expression, all need to be analyzed.
- 6.3 The character needs to be described in terms of appearance, e.g., the man in the black hat.
- 6.4 If the video clip is neutral, it will not be analyzed further.
- 6.5 The cause of the analysis can not be a straightforward description or a simple patchwork of the content of the character's speech, but from the perspective of the character to analyze the reasons for the emergence of a certain emotion.
- 6.6 Pay attention to typos and sick sentences.
- 6.7 understand each video clip as independent, if there is emotion, but from a video clip can not see the reason, mark the overall mood, no longer analyze the character.
- 6.8 Not sure of the emotion, rather than mark, can not be wrongly labeled.
- 6.9 The degree of emotion should be unified.