Report

PMDL Assignment 2

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Introduction

The project consists of a solution to the Movie Recommendation system problem. Using MovieLens 100K Dataset I've introduced 2 Machine Learning models SVD(*Singular value decomposition*) and KNN (*k Nearest Neighbor*). Models represent collaborative filtering approach for movie recommendations. For model evaluation I used <u>RMSE</u> (*Root-mean-square deviation*) metric and <u>HitRate</u> metric. As a result I've got the movie recommendation system that is available to recommend movies based on user's data and does it better than random recommendations.

Data analysis

MovieLens 100K Dataset consists of 6 files:

- u.data Ratings of movies by users
- **u.genre** Binding of genre to int representations
- **u.info** General information about dataset
- **u.item** Information about movies
- **u.user** Information about user
- u.occupation List of users' occupations

u.data, u.user, u.item files were transformed into pandas datasets, get column names and merged into one big dataset with fields:

```
'uid', 'iid', 'rating', 'timestamp', 'movie_name', 'date', 'url', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', '11', '12', '13', '14', '15', '16', '17','18', '19', '20', '21', '22', '23', 'age', 'gender', 'occupation','zip'
```

Numbers in naming are one-hotted genres names and mapping to **u.genre** int representations is saved with i - 5 shift, where i is the column name.

Model Implementation

For creating Movie Recommendation System I've used a Collaborative Filtering approach and implemented two models SVG and KNN. Their implementations can be found in model_initialisation.ipynb notebook. In the same notebook functions for calculating RMSE and HitRate can be found. Both models were created as an experiment to see which one will show better results.

Model Advantages and Disadvantages

KNN and SVD models showed better results than just random generation of recommendation. Results of random recommendations in terms of RMSE can be seen in Fig 1.

RMSE: 1.5146

Fig 1. RMSE for random recommendation

Both models showed 1,6x performance in terms of RMSE score.

The disadvantage of the models is that they predict movies according to similarity, but rate them by movie rating, that means that the similar movie with bad rating won't be in the recommendations.

Also KNN model try to suggest movies according to their rating and may skip the fact about genre similarity.

Training Process

KNN is an unsupervised learning method, so to predict the best suitable movies, the whole dataset is marked during the training process.

SVD is an unsupervised learning method too and its training consists of matrix decomposition of the whole dataset.

Evaluation

For evaluation I used two metrics: <u>RMSE</u> and <u>HitRate</u>. RMSE shows how far is the current predicted movie from the initial one. HitRate counts how many predicted movies for the users are in his top 10 out of his total movies. evaluate.py is used for evaluating KNN and SVD models. For evaluation in these metrics, SVD shows better results than KNN model. In Fig 2. you can see the results of evaluation.

RMSE SVD: 0.9430443426581501

HitRate SVD: 0.031813361611876985

RMSE KNN: 0.9828427836726568

HitRate KNN: 0.0

Fig 2. Results of evaluations of SVG and KNN models

Results

As a result, the SVD model showed the best result in the both RMSE and HitRate metric by 0.039 and 0.032 points. Both models did better than random recommendations by 0,5716 and 0,5322 points accordingly.

As an example of recommendations, let's see the recommendation for a user with *id* 196 for the film with *id* 242 and *name Kolya* (1996). Initial info about the Kolya movie is shown in Fig 3.

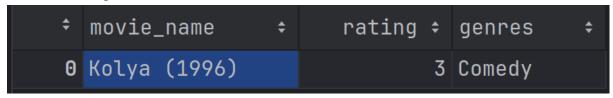


Fig 3. Basic info about movie

In Fig 4. We can see that SVD model gave us movies with average rating 4.5 and even tried to match Comedy genre for recommendations.

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		movie_name	rating ÷	genres				\$
	178	Gattaca (1997)	4.686208	Drama	Sci-Fi Thril	ler.		
	496	Mission: Impossible (1996)	4.633341	Action	Adventure	Myster	'n	
	134	Silence of the Lambs, The (1991)	4.530450	Drama	Thriller			
	657	Piano, The (1993)	4.508115	Drama	Romance			
	648	Englishman Who Went Up a Hill, But Came Down a	4.504572	Comedy	Romance			
	98	Tin Cup (1996)	4.500843	Comedy	Romance			
	197	Contact (1997)	4.499752	Drama	Sci-Fi			
	483	Quiet Man, The (1952)	4.491040	Comedy	Romance			
	480	It's a Wonderful Life (1946)	4.485508	Drama				
	513	Mars Attacks! (1996)	4.481071	Action	Comedy	Sci-Fi	War	

Fig 4. Recommendations by SVD

Fig 5. shows that KNN just gave for that particular example movies with the maximum rating. Only one film has genre Comedy *(Get Shorty)*, and there are three films with genre Drama. and three with Thiller.

\$	movie_name ÷	rating ÷	genres	‡
1189	Raiders of the Lost Ark (1981)	5	Action Adventure	
1201	Fugitive, The (1993)	5	Action Thriller	
814	Twelve Monkeys (1995)	5	Drama Sci-Fi	
1500	Get Shorty (1995)	5	Action Comedy Drama	
1653	Clockwork Orange, A (1971)		Sci-Fi	
1467	Air Force One (1997)	5	Action Thriller	
1599	Fifth Element, The (1997)	5	Action Sci-Fi	
1536	Rock, The (1996)	5	Action Adventure Thriller	
1122	Postman, The (1997)	5	Drama	
1450	Ulee's Gold (1997)	5	5 Drama	

Fig 5. Recommendations by KNN

I can conclude that KNN shows worse results than SVD according to RMSE and HitRate metrics and an example for a particular user and film showed it. Overall SVD-based recommendation system can be used to suggest next movies to watch.