

An odd parity: will result with an output of 1/high when it contains an Odd number of 1s.

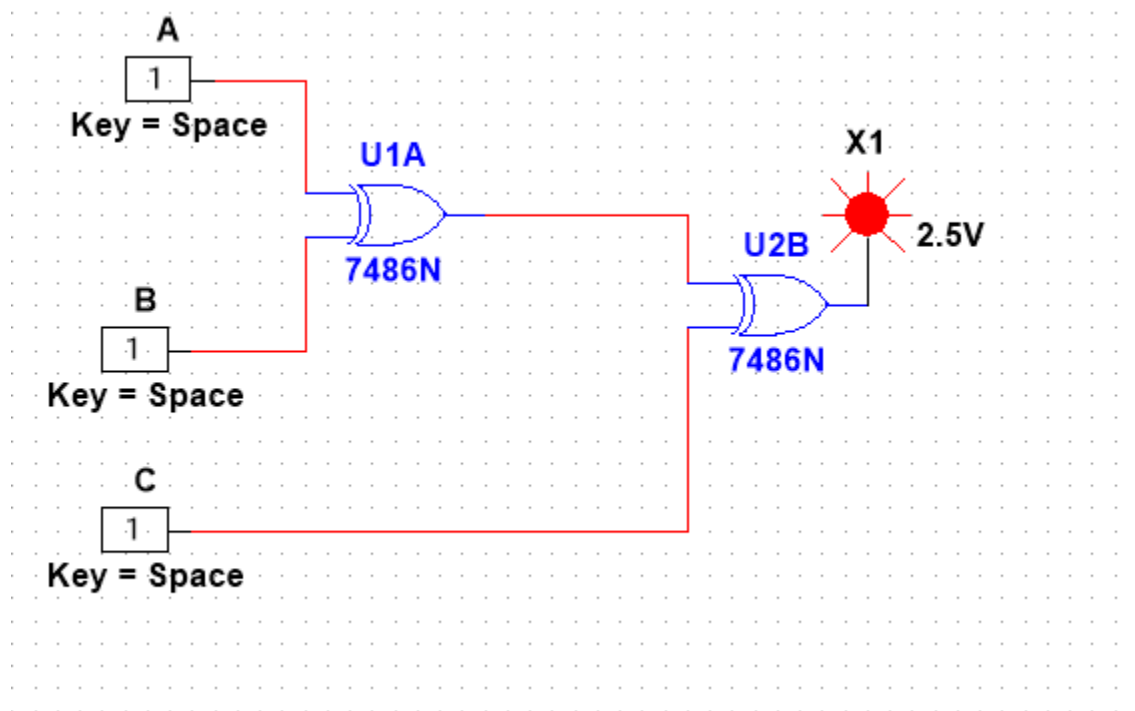
A	B	C	Parity Output	Y
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	0

0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	0

(+) = exclusive OR

Since $P = A(+)B(+)C$

Therefore the circuit on multisim should appear like this:



Explanation:

Even parity will result with an output of 1/high when it contains an even number of 1s.

We get the circuit by look at the number of 1s in the truth table shown below to create a boolean algebra expression.

An example is shown in the truth table below next to the 1s.

A	B	C	Even Parity Output	Y
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	$1 \Rightarrow A'B'C$
0	1	0	1	$1 \Rightarrow A'BC'$
0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	$1 \Rightarrow AB'C'$
1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	$1 \Rightarrow ABC$