1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53						
Sunday is:						
	(b) 1/7					
2. A bag contains	s 3 red and 2 bl	ue marbles. A	marble is drawn at			
random. The prob	•	•				
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) $0/5$	(d) 1/5			
3. The probability	-		0.85. What is the			
probability that it						
` '	` '		(d) none of these			
•	•		ed from the numbers			
(1, 2, 3,,15)	•					
	(b) 4/5		* *			
5. What are the						
(a) 4	• •		• •			
	-	number selecte	ed at random from the			
numbers (1,2,3,						
* *			(d) none of these			
7. The sum of the						
	(b) 1 (c)					
_	-	re given; choos	se the correct answer			
for that which is r						
			(d) none of these.			
		ultaneously, tha	an the probability of			
getting at least tv			4.0			
(a) 1/4	(b) 3/8	(c) ½	(d) 1/8			
10. A letter is ch						
ASSASSINATION	ON. The prob	ability that the	letter chosen has:			
(a) 6/13	(b) 7/13	(c) 1	(d) none of these.			
	-		ting an even number.			
(A) 2/3	(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2			
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of						
getting both head		(-) -				
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4	(C) 1/2	(D) 0				
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a						

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4	/9		
	ds are numbe ime number.	ered from 1 to 1	00. Find the	probability of		
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D)) 29/100		
_	a blue ball is o	double that of a		If the probability en the number of		
` ,		, ,	` '	One bulb is		
	t random fron	ontains 12 defe n this box. Ther				
(A) 143/150		7/150 (C)	1/25	(D) 1/50		
mixed thoro	oughly. One callity that the n	umbers 2 to 10 ard is drawn fro umber on card (C) 3/10	om this box is a perfect	randomly, then square.		
18. What is (A) 1/7	the probabili (B) 53/366	ity of getting 53 (C) 2/7	-	n a leap year? 7/366		
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13						
equally like 1,2,312	ly to come to ,then the prob	onsists of spinn rest pointing to pability that it w (C) 7/12	one of the vill point to a	number In odd number is:		
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4						

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is: (A) 364/365 (B) 31/365 (C) 1/365 (D) 1/133225								
(A) 304/303	(D) 31/303	(C) 1/303	(D) 1/133223					
23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$								
a marble is dra red is 2/3, the	24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7							
Then the prob		multiple of 3 and	O natural numbers. 4 is:					
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?								
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) 4/21					
	_	_	nes are 50, 70, 82,					
	ne standard devia b) 25.49	c) 25.29	d) 25.69					
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.								
a) 13, 15			d) 13, 16					
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is								
a) $\frac{1}{2}$ 30. X is a varia	b) $\frac{1}{2}$	d 3. The valu <mark>e</mark> of I	E(X ²) is					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?								

32.Out of the probability?	_	alues, which	one is not poss	ible in
	b) ∑ x d) P(P(x) = 3 x) = -0.5		
33.If E(x) =	2 and E(z) = 4 b) 6	1, then E(z - c) 0		sufficient data
34.The cov	ariance of two	independe	nt random variab	le is
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Ur	defined
35.If Σ P(x) a) 0) = k² – 8 then , b) 1	, the value o c) 3		sufficient data
• •	0.5 and x = 4, b) 0.5	, ,	? d) 2	
37.In a disc is always?	rete probabili	ty distributio	on, the sum of al	l probabilities
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) Und	defined
38.If the pr	obability of hi	tting the tar	get is 0.4, find m	nean and
	b) 0.6,	0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16
-	% and if 10 bo	mbs are dro	pped from a place pped, find mean 0.4, 0.16	
a) 2	e mean of toss b) 4 s the mean and	c) 8	d) 1 or standard norm	nal distribution?

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

		and varia and varia							
	42. Variance of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2)$ – $(E(X))2$ d) $(E(X))2$								
	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) (E(X))2								
	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1								
45.Variance of a constant 'a' is . a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1									
46.Find the mean and variance of X?									
,	Х	0	1	2	3	4			
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9			
a) 2	4/3	b) 3	4/3	(c) 2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3		

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	Х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) ().5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by



c) np2q

d) npq2

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2