



German International University
Computer Science Faculty

Countering Visual Disinformation: Detection And Localization Of Image Splicing Using Deep Vision Models

Bachelor Thesis

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This is to certify that:

- (i) the thesis comprises only my original work toward the Bachelor Degree
- (ii) due acknowledgement has been made in the text to all other material used

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Chapter 2

Background

Chapter 3

Methodology

3.1 Proposed Solution

Building on the work of Gordillo et al. [1], our solution addresses key limitations in their approach. While SGAME provides a platform for creating educational video games by integrating SCORM-compliant learning objects, it has notable restrictions. Specifically, the game creation process in SGAME is confined to combining pre-existing games with a predefined set of educational questions in various fields. Furthermore, the system's support for educational content is limited to the Spanish language, which significantly restricts its usability for users from diverse linguistic and cultural backgrounds.

To overcome these limitations, our tool is designed to provide users with greater control over the educational content they can add to their games. Unlike SGAME, which ties games to fixed educational fields, our solution allows the same game template to be adapted for different educational contexts. This approach ensures flexibility, enabling instructors to create games tailored to their specific educational needs and in their preferred language. However, we recognize that certain game templates may naturally align better with specific fields, and such constraints will be accounted for to maintain educational and gameplay coherence.

By addressing these limitations, our tool not only enhances inclusivity and usability but also fosters a more customizable and versatile approach to creating educational games, empowering instructors to provide engaging and context-specific learning experiences.

3.2 System Architecture

Since we are trying to achieve a tool that could be accessed from various devices and platforms, we are going to use a web-based architecture. The instructor will be using a portal to create the game, and share it via a link or a game code with the students. The students will be able to access the game from their devices, and the game will be able to run on any device that has a web browser.

Chapter 4

Experiments & Results

Chapter 5

Conclusion

Bibliography

- [1] Aldo Gordillo, Enrique Barra, and Juan Quemada. Sgame: An authoring tool to easily create educational video games by integrating scorm-compliant learning objects. *IEEE Access*, 9:126414–126430, 2021.