Ansible Loops



What are Loops?

- Ansible loop is used to repeat any task or a part of code multiple times in an Ansible-playbook.
- Often you want to do many things in one task, such as create a lot of users, install a lot of packages, or repeat a polling step until a certain result is reached.



Types of Loops (Common)

- Standard Loops
- Nested Loops
- Looping over Hashes
- Looping over Files
- Looping over Fileglobs
- Do-Until Loops



Standard Loops

• To save some typing, repeated tasks can be written in short-hand like so:

```
- name: add several users
user:
   name: "{{ item }}"
   state: present
   groups: "wheel"
with_items:
   - testuser1
   - testuser2
```



Nested Loops

• Loops can be nested as well:

```
- name: Give users access to multiple databases
mysql_user:
   name: "{{ item[0] }}"
   priv: "{{ item[1] }}.*:ALL"
   append_privs: true
   password: "foo"
with_nested:
   - [ 'alice', 'bob']
   - [ 'clientdb', 'employeedb', 'providerdb']
```



Looping over Hashes

• Suppose you have the following variable:

```
users:
   alice:
    name: Alice Appleworth
    telephone: 123-456-7890
   bob:
    name: Bob Bananarama
    telephone: 987-654-3210
```



Looping over Files

• with_file iterates over the content of a list of files, item will be set to the content of each file in sequence. It can be used like this:

```
---
- hosts: all
  tasks:
    # emit a debug message containing the content of each file.
    - debug:
        msg: "{{ item }}"
        with_file:
        - first_example_file
        - second_example_file
```



Looping over Fileglobs

- with_fileglob matches all files in a single directory, non-recursively, that match a pattern.
- It calls Python's glob library, and can be used like this:

```
hosts: all
tasks:
  - name: Ensure target directory exists
    file:
      dest: "/etc/fooapp"
      state: directory
  - name: Copy each file over that matches the given pattern
    copy:
      src: "{{ item }}'
      owner: "ro
      mode: 0600
    with fileglob:
      - "/playbooks/files/fooapp/*"
```



Do-Until Loops

• Sometimes you would want to retry a task until a certain condition is met. So we use do-until loops.

Example:

```
- shell: /usr/bin/foo
  register: result
  until: result.stdout.find("all systems go") != -1
  retries: 5
  delay: 10
```



Types of Loops (More...)

- Looping over File trees
- Looping over Parallel Sets of Data
- Looping over Sub elements
- Looping over Integer Sequences
- Random Choices
- Loops and Includes in 2.0
- Writing Your Own Iterators

- Looping Over A List With An Index
- Using in file with a loop
- Flattening A List
- Using register with a loop
- Looping over the inventory
- Loop Control

