Simple Monolength Instruction Set (SMIS)

User Manual

Architecture overview

REGISTERS

4-bit addressing, supporting up to 16 general-purpose registers
16-bit data, supporting an unsigned value of up to 65,535
R0 is a constant zero value, can be referenced with RZR
R15 is conventionally used for stack pointer, can be referenced with RSP
R14 is conventionally used for base pointer, can be referenced with RBP
R13 is conventionally used for link register, can be referenced with RLR

MEMORY

16-bit addressing, supporting up to 65,535 halfwords of memory 16-bit data, supporting an unsigned value of up to 65,535

SYNTAX

Registers: R<number 0-15>

Immediates: #<16-bit unsigned value>

Comments: //<comment text>

Labels: <label name>:

NOTES

All opcodes are 8 bits
Program is always assumed to begin at memory address 0

```
[I] SET
[I] SET
[R] COPY
[I] LOAD
          <offset imm>
[I] STORE
          <offset imm>
```

[J] HALT

R(egister)-type: 4-bit destination register, 4-bit operand 1 register, 4-bit operand 2 register

Opcode

I(mmediate)-type: 4-bit arithmetic destination/memory source or destination register, 4-bit operand 1 or base address register, 16-bit operand 2 or offset immediate

Opcode RD / RM ROp1 / RB	IOp2 / IOffset
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J(ump)-type: 16-bit destination immediate assembled from label

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