Group A

- 1. Simplify (Using k-map) the given Boolean function in both SOP and POS using the don't care condition d: and draw a NAND-NAND logic diagram for minimal SOP and NOR-NOR for the minimal POS, F(A,B,C,D) = (0,1,3,7,8,12) and $\pi\alpha(5,9,13,14)$.
- 2. Design a combinational circuit has four inputs and one output. The output is equal to i when (1) all the inputs are equal to 1 or (2) none of the inputs are equal to 1 or (3) an odd number of inputs are equal to 1.
- a Obtain the truth table.
- b. Find the simplified output function in SOP.
- c. Find the simplified output function in POS.
- d. Draw the logic diagrams for both SOP and POS.

Group B

- 3. Convert (573.35)8 into decimal and Hexadecimal.
- 4. Subtract (735.4-55.3) using both 10's and 9's complement.
- 5. Perform A+B, B-A:

A = +19 and B=-37

6. What is Boolean algebra? Simplify the given Boolean expression using the algebraic method:

z(y+z)(x+y+z)

- 7. What is Universal Logic Gate? Realize NAND Gate as Universal Logic Gate.
- 8 Express the given function in Sum of minterms.

$$F(x, y, z) = x y + z$$

- 9. Define parity bit? Design 3- bit even parity generator circuit with logic diagram and truth table.
- 10. Implement full adder circuit using two half adder circuits and one OR gate.