

# Chapter Five

## Augmented Reality (AR)

# Learning outcomes

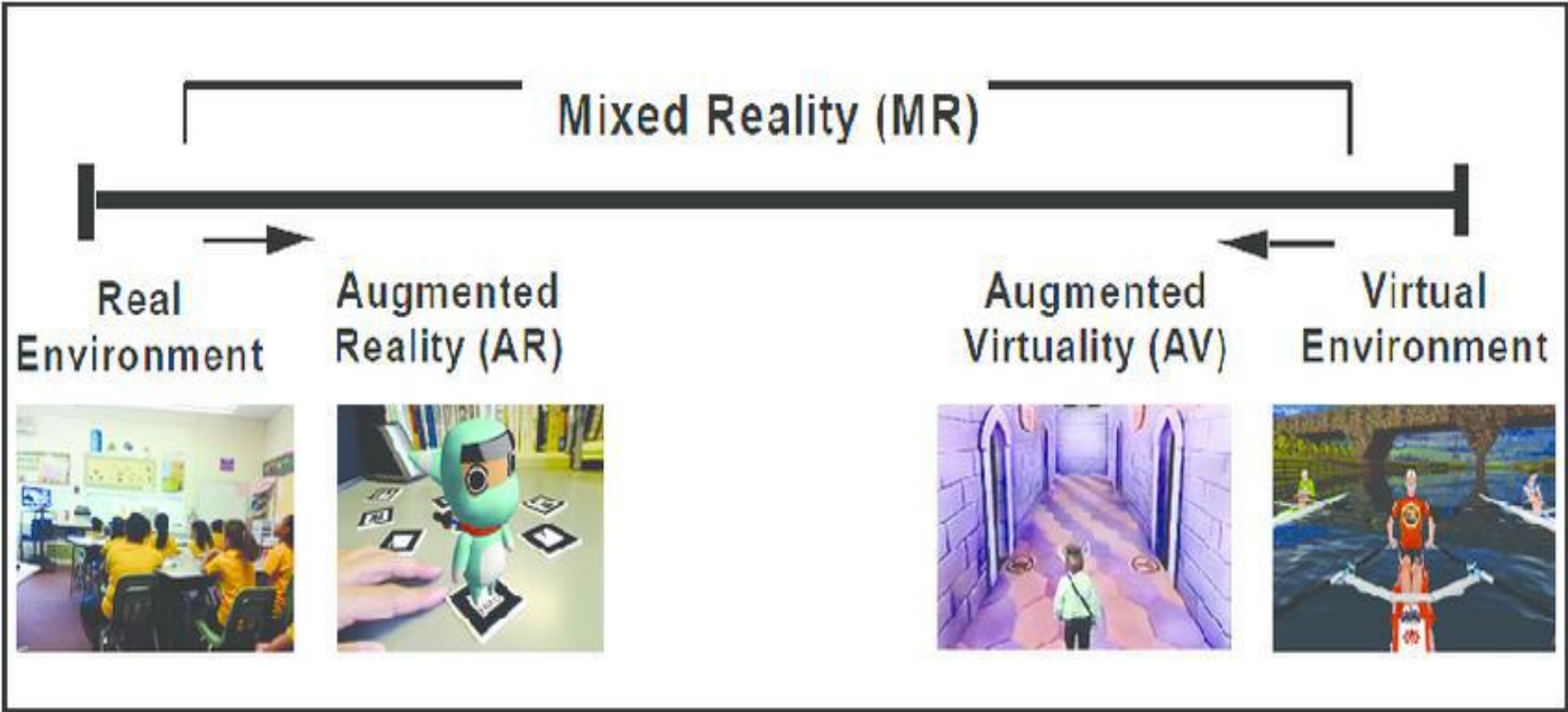
**After completing this lesson you should be able to**

- Explain augmented reality
- Explain the features of augmented reality
- Explain the difference between AR, VR, and MR
- Explain the architecture of augmented reality systems
- Describe the application areas of augmented reality

# Overview of Augmented reality (AR)

- The fundamental idea of AR is to combine, or mix, the view of the real environment with additional, virtual content that is presented through computer graphics.
- AR is a form of emerging technology that allows users to overlay computer-generated content in the real world.
- AR refers to a live view of a physical real-world environment whose elements are merged with augmented computer-generated images creating a mixed reality.
- Augmented reality is the integration of digital information with the user's environment in real-time.

# Virtual reality , Augmented Reality vs Mixed reality



# Virtual Reality (VR)

- **VR** is fully immersive, which tricks your senses into thinking you're in a different environment or world apart from the real world.
- Using a head-mounted display (HMD) or headset, you'll experience a computer-generated world of imagery and sounds in which you can manipulate objects and move around using haptic controllers while tethered to a console or PC.
- It is also called a computer-simulated reality.

## Example of Immersive Technology



## VR Case that Inserts a Smartphone



## Augmented Reality (AR)

- In AR, users see and interact with the real world while digital content is added to it. If you own a modern smart phone, you can easily download an AR app and try this technology.
- There's a different way to experience augmented reality, though – with special AR headsets, such as Google Glass, where digital content is displayed on a tiny screen in front of a user's eye.
- AR adds digital elements to a live view often by using the camera on a smart phone. Examples of augmented reality experiences include Snapchat lenses and the game Pokemon Go.

# Direct and Indirect Augmentation of Objects





## Mixed Reality (MR)

- **MR**, sometimes referred to as hybrid reality, is the merging of real and virtual worlds to produce new environments and visualizations where physical and digital objects co-exist and interact in real-time.
- In mixed reality, you interact with and manipulate both physical and virtual items and environments, using next-generation sensing and imaging technologies.
- The key characteristic of MR is that the synthetic content and the real-world content are able to react to each other in a real-time.

# Mixed Reality in Engineering and Medicine



# Mixed Reality in Entertainment



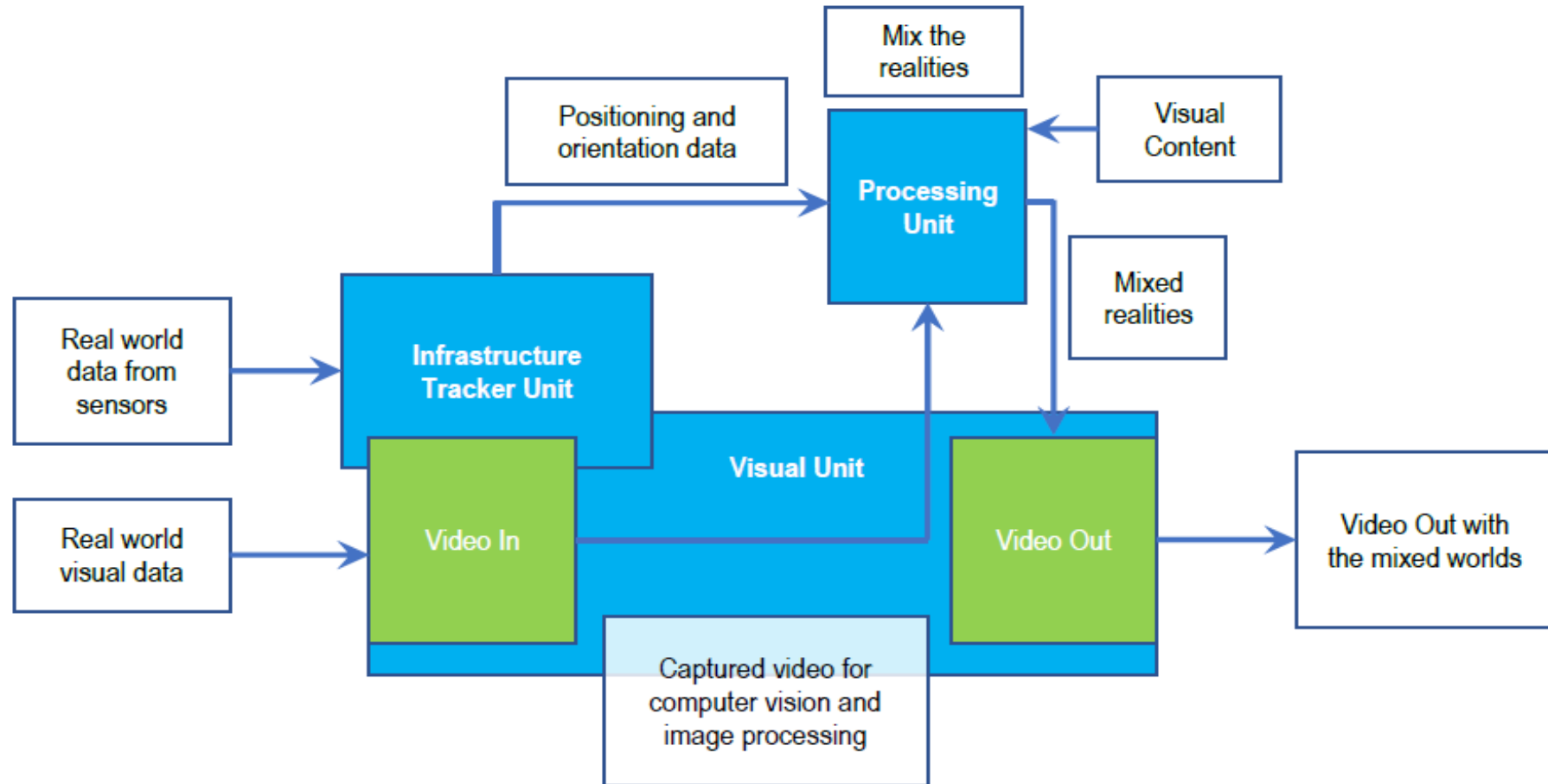
# The architecture of AR Systems

The first Augmented Reality Systems (ARS) were usually designed with a basis on THREE main blocks:

- (1) Infrastructure Tracker Unit
- (2) Processing Unit
- (3) Visual Unit.

1. **Tracker Unit** : Collecting data from the real world, sending them to the Processing Unit .
2. **Processing Unit** : Mix up the virtual content with the real content and sent the result to the Video Out module of the Visual Unit .
3. **Visual Unit** : Visualize the content.

# Augmented Reality Systems (ARS) standard architecture



## **Cont'd....**

- The Visual Unit can be classified into two types of system, depending on the followed visualization technology:

### **1. Video see-through:**

- \* It uses a Head-Mounted Display (HMD) that employs a video-mixing and displays the merged images on a closed-view HMD.

### **2. Optical see-through:**

- \* It uses an HMD that employs optical combiners to merge the images within an open-view HMD.
- \* HMDs are currently the dominant display technology in the AR field.

# Applications of AR Systems

## AR In education :

- *Affordable learning materials*
  - ✓ Posters, digital illustrations, physical models, prototypes are very expensive and impossible for schools to purchase.
  - ✓ AR technology allows for avoiding investments in physical materials.
- *Interactive lessons*
  - ✓ when AR technology is used in classrooms, students can view models on their own smart phones and get a better idea of the concepts they are studying.
  - ✓ That increases engagements and reinforces the learning.



# Applications of AR

- *Higher engagement*

- ✓ when teachers integrate augmented reality into their lectures, they attract the attention of their students and make lessons more effective.
- ✓ When students are interested, it is much easier to make them work more productively.

- *Higher retention*

- ✓ Using the AR app, students can get access to augmented models that represent any real objects from a famous monument or work of art to a molecule.
- with AR technology, students use different senses and retain more knowledge for a long time.



## Applications of AR Cont. .

- *Boost intellectual curiosity*

- ✓ Augmented reality makes students more excited about learning certain subjects.
- ✓ Modern students were born in a digital era so they will always be excited with innovative technologies that can help them learn new ideas and develop their critical thinking skills.

# Applications of AR Cont. .

## AR In Medicine :

- *Describing symptoms*

- ✓ when it was hard to describe to the doctor what was bothering you.
- ✓ Medical app AyeDecide is using augmented reality to show the simulation of the vision, harmed by the different diseases.
- ✓ It helps patients to understand their conditions and describe correctly their symptoms.

# Applications of AR Cont. .

- *Nursing care*

- ✓ About 40% of the first intravenous injections fail, and this ratio is even higher in the case of children and elderly patients.
- ✓ The AccuVein uses augmented reality to cope with this negative statistic.

- *Surgery*

- ✓ In no sphere augmented reality does not have such practical application as in the medicine, especially in surgery, where it literally helps to save lives.
- ✓ Three-dimensional reconstructions of organs or tumors will help surgeons become more efficient at surgery operations.

## Applications of AR Cont. .

- *Ultrasounds*

- ✓ A few AR software companies developed handy ultrasound scanner, which with the help of smart glasses works as a traditional one.

- *Diabetes management*

- ✓ In 2017, the number of people struggle with diabetes reached up to 425 million adults worldwide.
- In 2014, Google revealed the plans for creating a smart contact lens (Google 92 Contact Lens), in which the main function will be to measure the glucose levels in the tears.

## Applications of AR Cont. .

- *Navigation*

- ✓ The using AR in navigation apps has already become a “traditional” way.
- ✓ AR can be useful to provide information about the nearest hospitals.

# Applications of AR Cont. .

## AR In Entertainment

- *AR in games*

- ✓ The AR games were praised for increasing physical activity in people – you actually have to move around to find your target, Ex: Pokémon Go.

- *AR in music*

- ✓ Augmented reality can providing complete information on the track or its performer including the performers' bios, the lyrics of the song, the making of the recording or the music video.

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# Applications of AR Cont. .

- *AR on TV*

- ✓ One way of integrating augmented reality in television is adding supplementary information to what is going on the TV screen – such as match scores, betting options, and the like.

- *AR in eSports*

- ✓ Augmented reality turns eSports shows into interactive experiences allowing the watchers to become participants.

# Applications of AR Cont. .

## • *AR in the theater*

- ✓ Augmented reality can serve not only for entertainment purposes but also for the purposes of accessibility.
- ✓ The possibility to overlay virtual objects over the real environment can be used, for example, for subtitling in various theater shows.
- ✓ Now, many theaters use LED displays either to provide subtitles for translation or to assist hearing-impaired visitors.



# Review Questions

- Briefly explain AR, VR and MR?
- What is the difference between AR, VR and MR?
- Briefly explain the architecture of AR?
- Write down the characteristics of AR?
- How is augmented, virtual and mixed reality achieved?
- What is the benefit of augmented, virtual and mixed reality?
- How Can AR, VR, and MR improve engineering instructions?
- Can VR be a substitute for Real Life Experience?
- What is the impact of VR on Educational Learning rather than games?
- What is the most technical challenge for MR?
- Write down some applications of AR system in education, entertainment and medicine?

- 1) What is the difference between AR, VR and MR?
- 2) Augmented reality refers to
  - A) Our increased ability to better understand our situations thanks to easy Internet search.
  - B) How we lose track of time when we are engrossed in video games.
  - C) Digital overlays of information onto a screen that is showing the real world
  - D) Increased capacities for the disabled thanks to digital technologies

3) Define the term 'virtual reality'

- A) Where parts of a person's body are used for identification purposes. They are unique
- B) A software environment that recreates a real-world or imaginary scenario like a game
- C) The use of computers to encrypt data so that messages can be sent with complete privacy
- D) Where images are made to appear three-dimensional and have 'depth'

4. \_\_\_\_\_ overlay digital information onto the real world.
- A. Augmented Reality
  - B. Mixed Reality
  - C. Virtual Reality
  - D. BCI
5. \_\_\_\_\_ means computer-generated environments for you to interact with, and be immersed in.
- A. Augmented Reality
  - B. Mixed Reality
  - C. Virtual Reality
  - D. BCI
6. Pokémon Go is an example of
- A. AR
  - B. VR
  - C. MR
  - D. BCI

1. What is the difference between AR, VR and MR?
2. Which one of the following statements not true?
  - A. Virtual Reality help to access the internet.
  - B. Virtual reality stimulates environment of reality.
  - C. VR and AR have the remarkable ability to alter our perception of the world.
  - D. None of the above