



**SANSBOUND**  
The Networking School

# **Workshop on DevOps**

**Happy to see you all..**

**In a software company one day (Friday) evening.** **Scenario**

**An Email received by IT Team  
(Operations Team) from  
Development Manager.**

**“ Here is the attached ‘Tar file’ please  
deploy in the Test Environment”**



**To deploy this they have lot of questions in IT Team Members.**

- > In which system has to install?
- > what are the dependencies?
- > what are the database requirements?
- > what are the security requirements?
- > who can access?

**IT Team members are end up with Lots Of Questions?**



# **Next Monday Manager and IT Team having mud fight**



**IT Team  
Member**

**Manager**

**IT Team  
Member**

**Development  
Team**

**Blaming**

They don't know, what to do except asking questions

They don't know which is server and client.

They always request in last minute.

We are missing deadlines because of IT Team.

Because of them we got so much downtime on servers.

**Operations  
Team**



**Mud fight is a reason for organization Failures.**



**IT Team  
Member**

**Manager**

**IT Team  
Member**

**This is why DevOps Comes in**

**Let us see individual Problems**

**Development Team**

**Developers Team**

**Build Team**

**Testing Team**

**What each team do individually?**

## **Developers Team**

**Developers are responsible for coding the code using**

**Java, .Net, Python.....**



# **What each team do individually?**

## **Build Team**

**Build team members are responsible for build the code made by developers using Ant, Maven...**

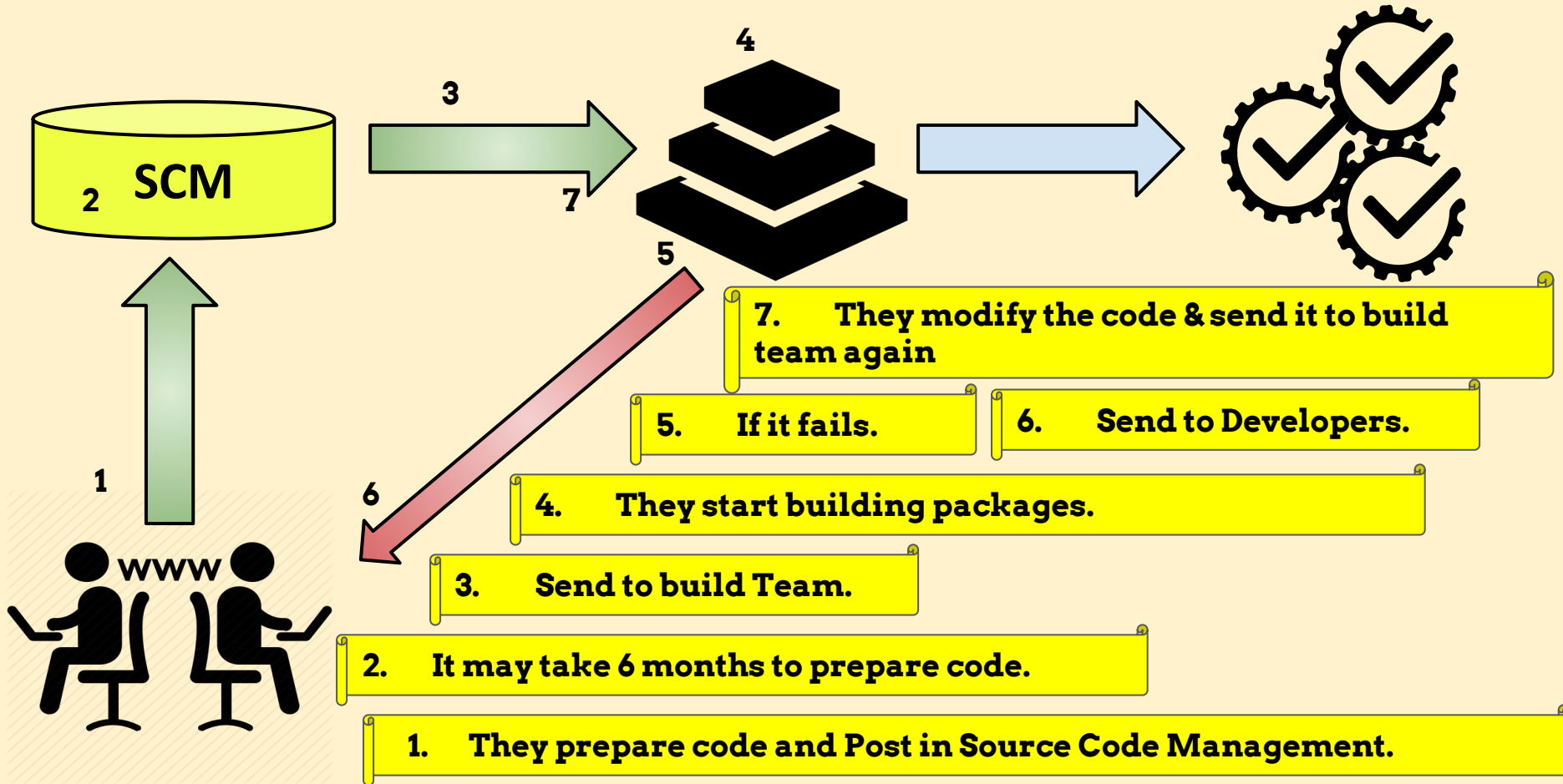
# **What each team do individually?**

## **Testing Team**

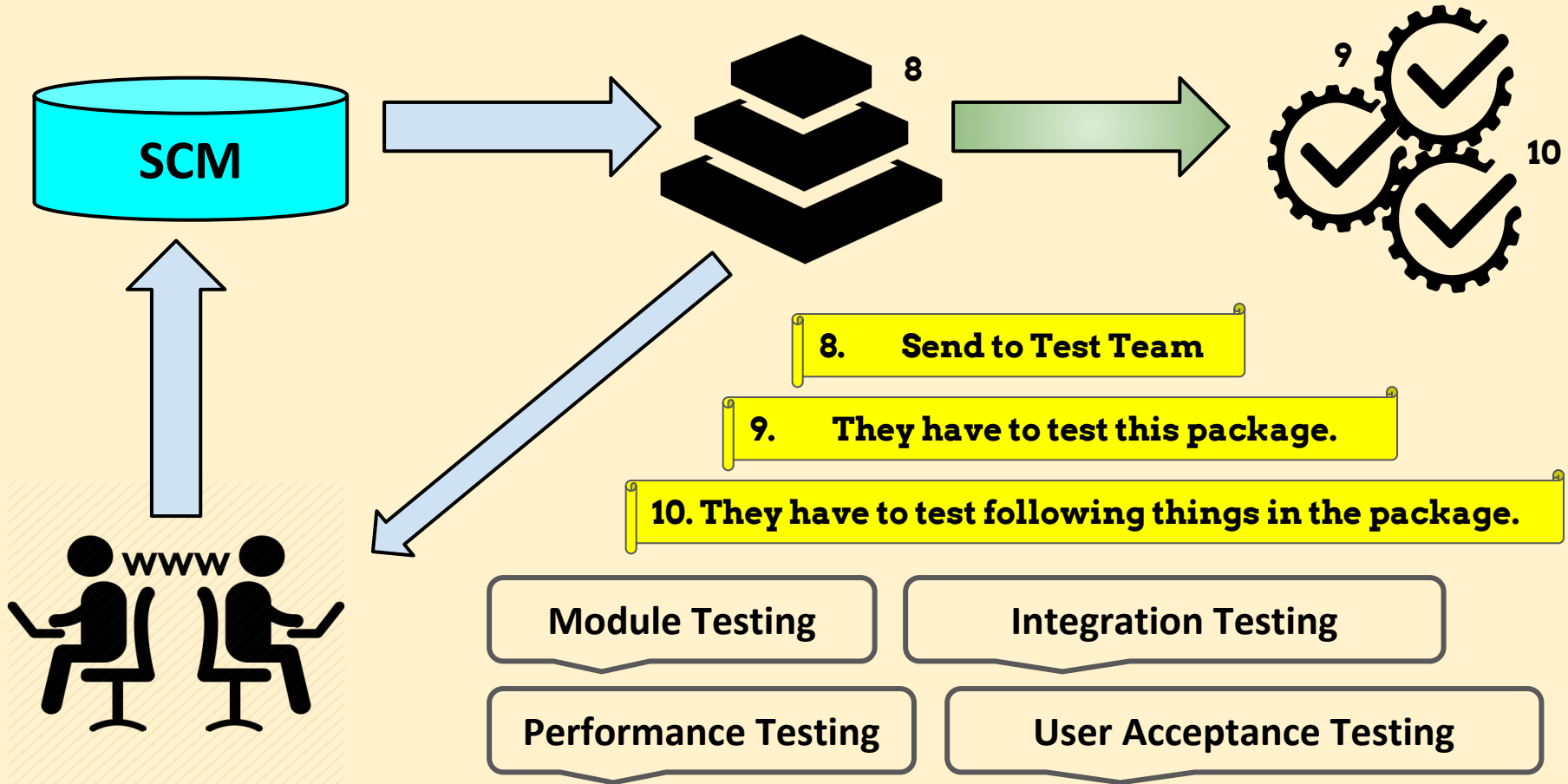
**Testing team members are responsible for Testing the build code made by build team using**

**Selenium, TestingWhiz, QTP (Quick Test Professional)**

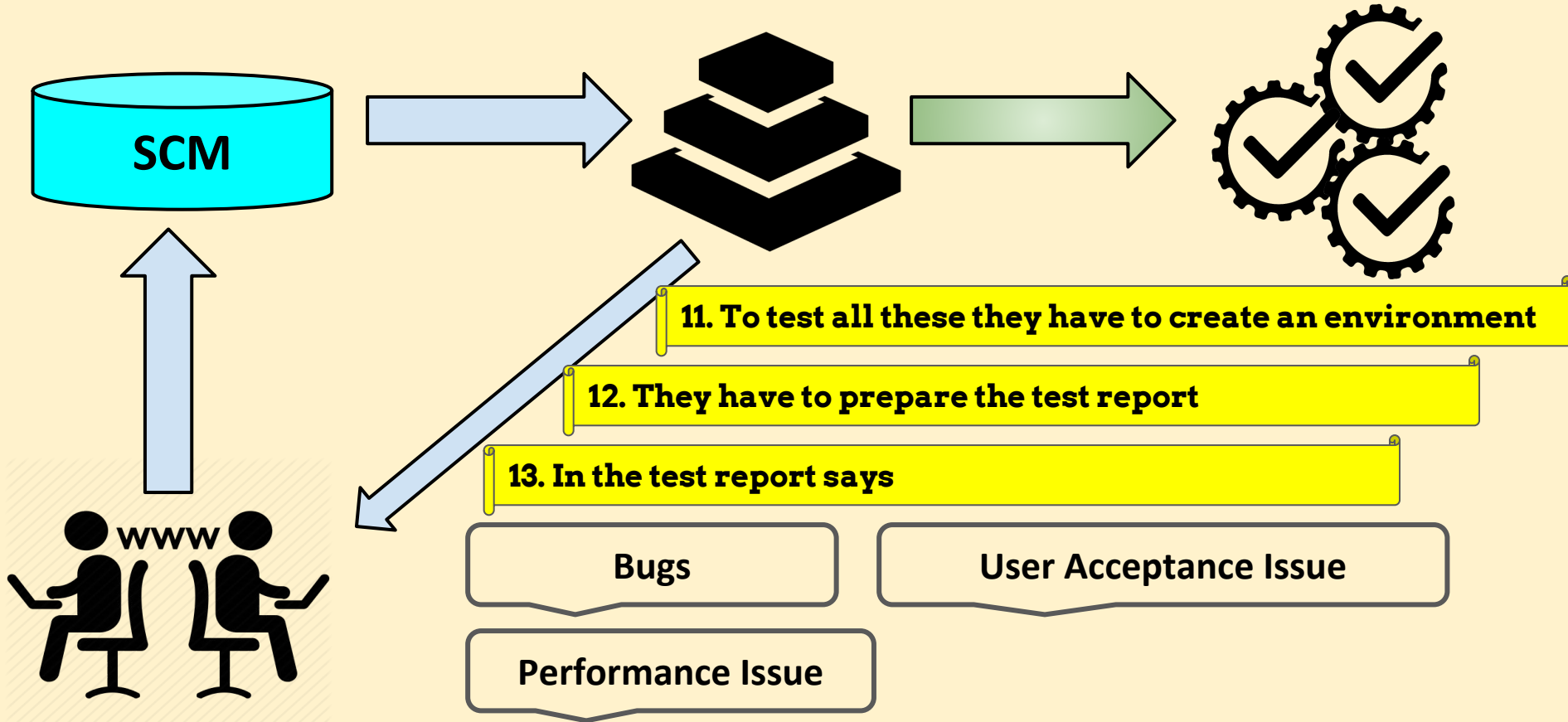
# How Development Team works?



# How Development Team works?



# How Development Team works?



# How Development Team Works?

14. Again they send to Development team (Developers)

They have to rework on Code.

15. If requirements are **not changed** then the product will be Ready.

Developers

Build

Testing



16. If requirements are **changed** then the product will go back to Developers.

Developers

Build

Testing



**To avoid these issues?**

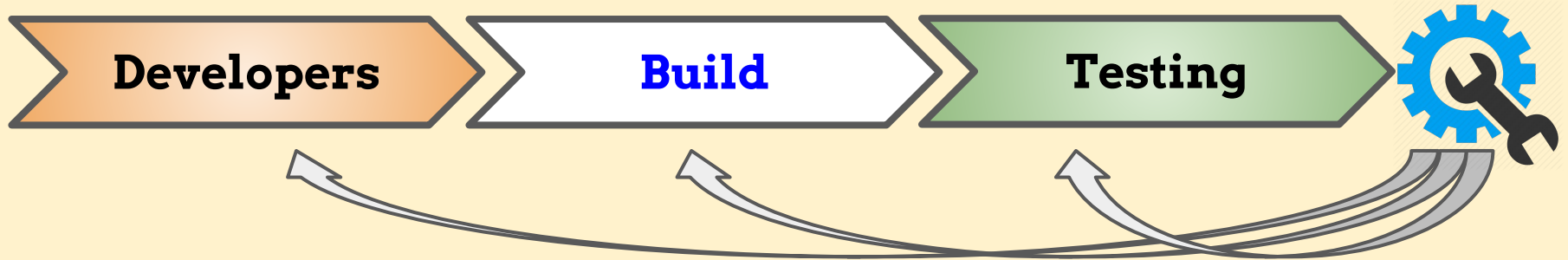
## **Agile Model Comes Up**

**In this model they won't build application fully, they divided applications in many small modules.**

**If the requirement is change then modification of application is very easy by add patches and Removing bugs.**

**To avoid these issues?**

## **Agile Model Comes Up**



**But there is a still latency for build an application.**



**Let us see**

**Operation Team (IT Team)**

**Server Team**

**Network Team**

**Virtualization Team**

**Storage Team**

**Security Team**

**Let us see**

# **Operation Team (IT Team)**

**Size of Operation team 1-5% of  
Development Team**

**Let us see**

# **Responsibility of IT Team**

## **Server Team**

**They are responsible  
for maintaining  
servers.**

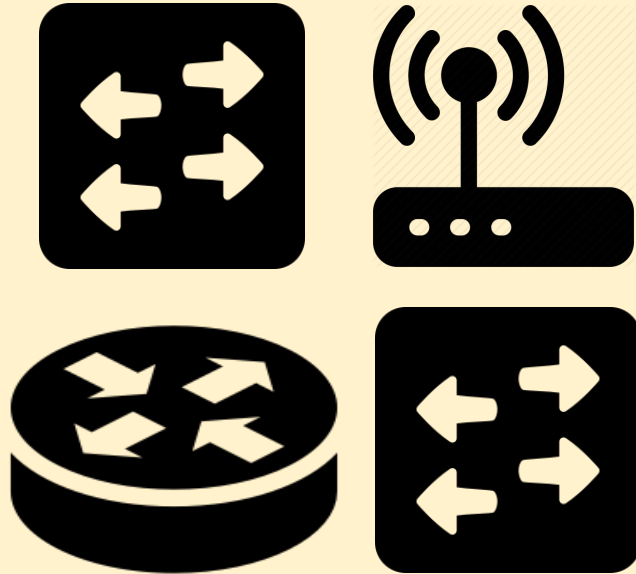


**Let us see**

# **Responsibility of IT Team**

## **Network Team**

**They are responsible  
for maintaining  
Switches and Router.**

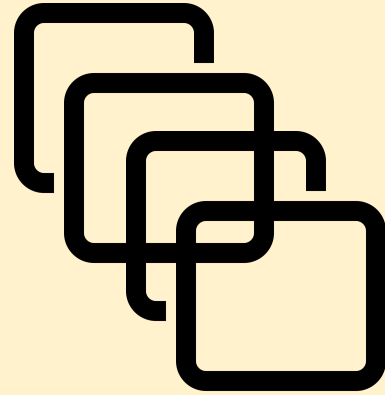


**Let us see**

# **Responsibility of IT Team**

## **Virtualization Team**

**They are responsible  
for maintaining Virtual  
Machines and its  
Hypervisors.**

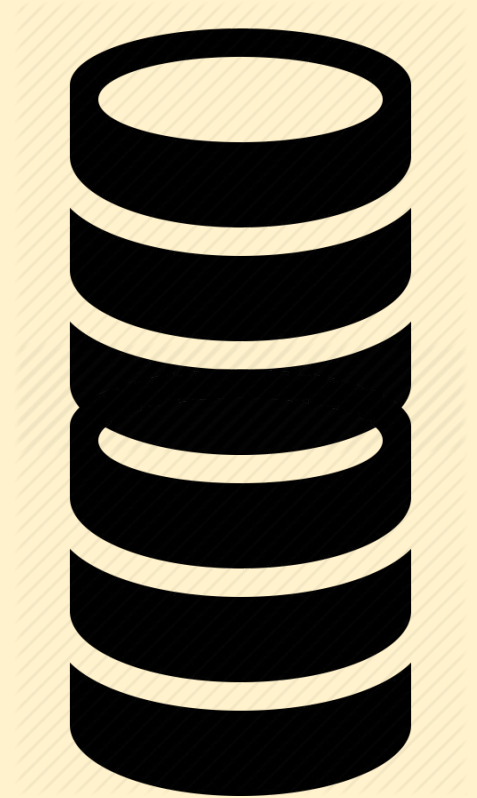


**Let us see**

# **Responsibility of IT Team**

## **Storage Team**

**They are responsible  
for maintaining NAS  
box and Storage  
Servers up on  
networks.**



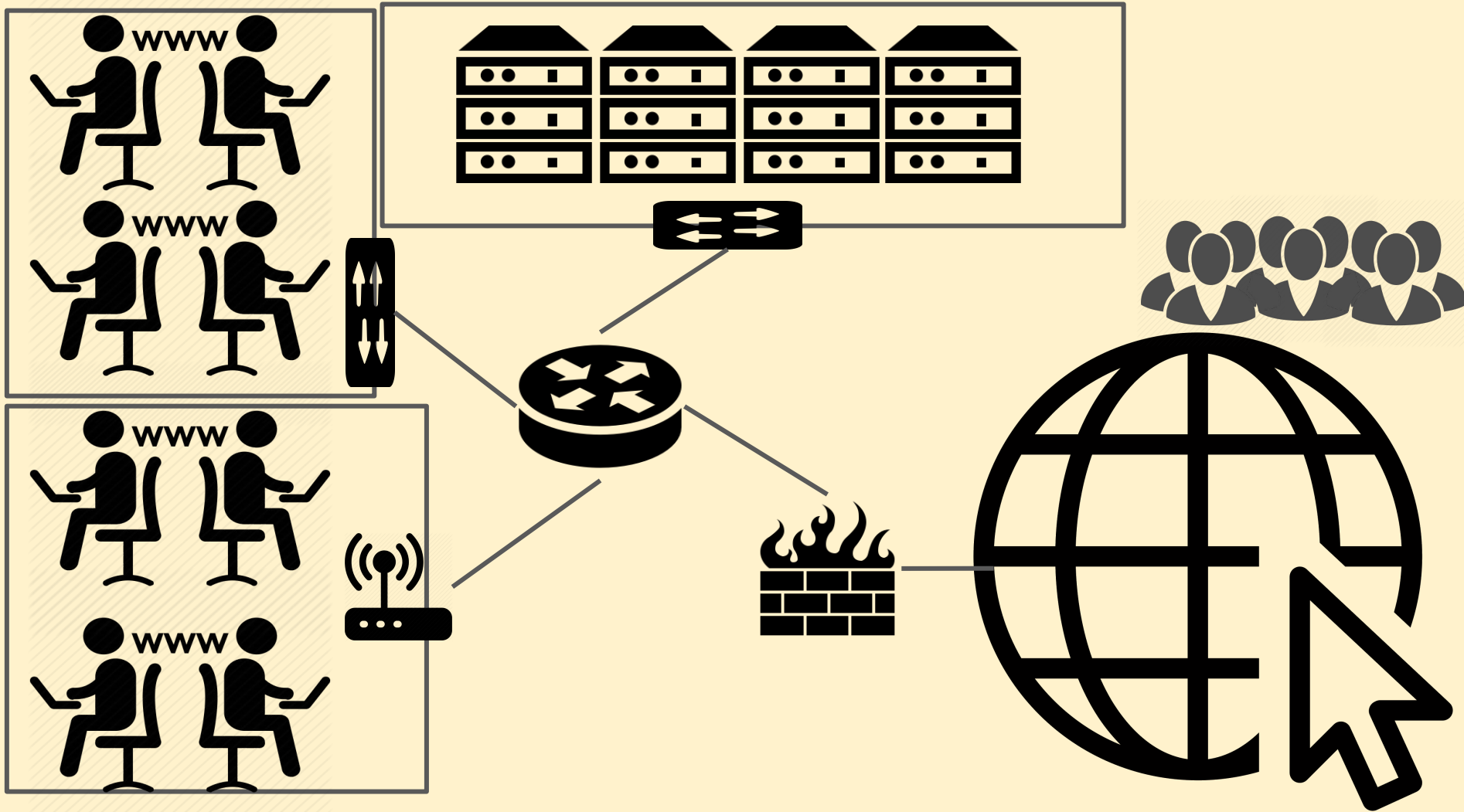
**Let us see**

# **Responsibility of IT Team**

## **Security Team**

**They are responsible  
for maintaining  
Firewalls and  
providing Security to  
enterprises.**







# Responsibility of IT Team

**To deploy an application they have to do:**

- **Servers, Network Connectivity, OS, patching, supporting softwares and other activities.**
- **To access application they have to open ports on Firewalls. (Internet/Intranet)**
- **Storage allocation to store all logs and Transactions.**

**To do all these tasks**

- **They have to maintain “Runbook” (Documentation). It must be very detailed. It should be repeatable.**

## **Development**

## **Operations**

**Build**

**They must have  
successful build**

**They must have stable  
build**

**Change**

**Requirements are  
changing frequently**

**Requirements are  
changing  
infrequently**

**Standard**

**Agile**

**ITIL**

**Target**

**Develop a new feature**

**Increase the server,  
network uptime.**

**Both team success metrics are different.**

**What is the solution?**

**They both merged together work for an  
organization success.**

**How to make Organization Success?  
By implementing**



# **What is DevOps**

**DevOps is a software development methodology that combines software development with information technology operations.**

**The goal of DevOps is to shorten the systems development life cycle while also delivering features, fixes, and updates frequently in close alignment with business objectives.**

**The DevOps approach is to include automation and event monitoring at all steps of software build**

# Parts of DevOps



**DevOps Culture**

**DevOps Process**

**DevOps Tools**

# Parts of DevOps

## DevOps Culture



### Communication

Both team have to communicate.

### Collaboration

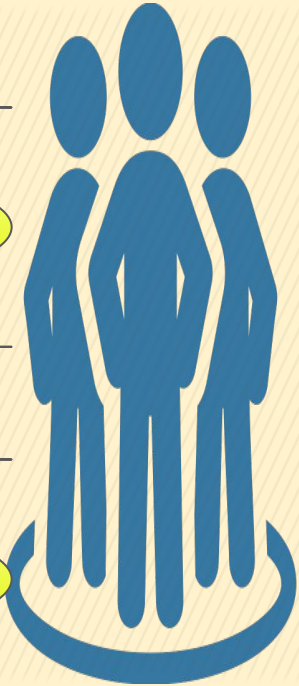
Both team have to collaborate.

### Integration

Ops team have to understand Dev.

### Automation

Develop and Automate things.

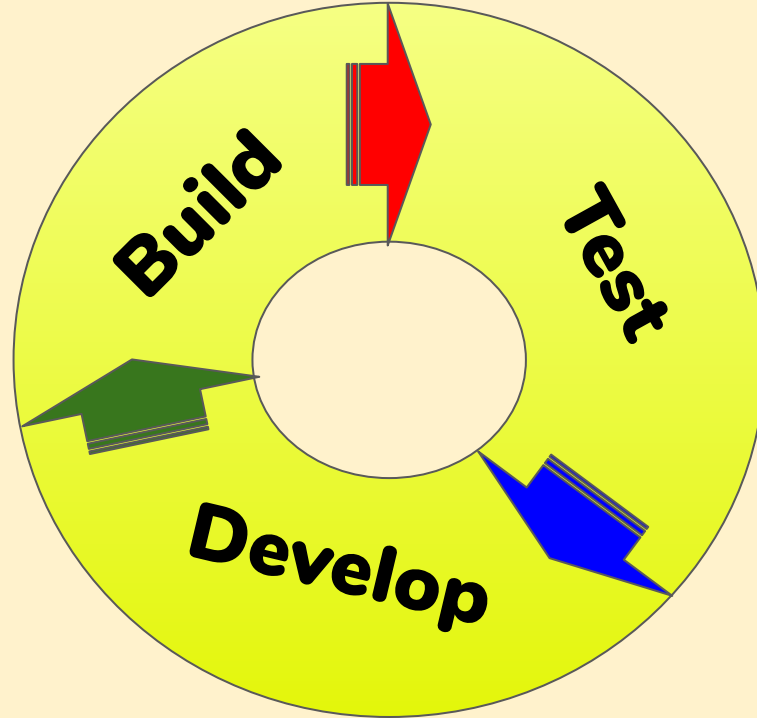


# Parts of DevOps

## DevOps Process

**Continuous  
Integration**

**Increase the productivity.**  
**Target reachability is easy.**  
**Application on Date.**



# Parts of DevOps

## DevOps Process



The diagram illustrates the components of the DevOps process. At the top is a blue downward-pointing triangle labeled 'DevOps Process'. Below it, on the left, are three stacked orange rectangles, with the front one labeled 'Continuous Deployment'. To the right of these is a red arrow pointing to the text 'Configuration Management'. Below that is a red arrow pointing to the text 'Continuous Deployment' (with a blue arrow icon to its left). At the bottom left is a green arrow pointing to the text 'Monitoring'. To the right of the 'Monitoring' text is the text 'Continuous Monitoring Servers and other resources.'.

**Continuous Deployment**

**Configuration Management**

It is a process of configure to all VM/PM by using single command.

**Continuous Deployment**

Taking images of servers to redeploy.

**Monitoring**

Continuous Monitoring Servers and other resources.



# Parts of DevOps

DevOps Tools



git



**source code management**

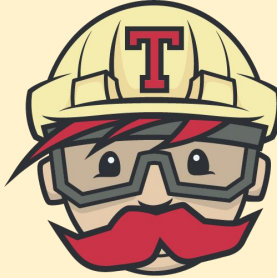


Team Foundation Server

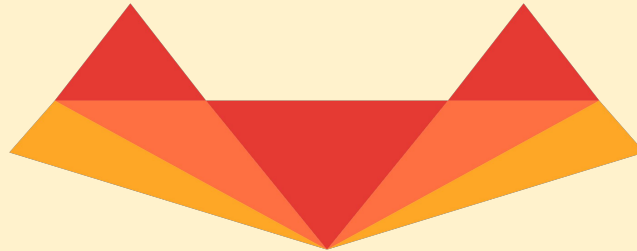


# Parts of DevOps

DevOps Tools



continuous integration



# Parts of DevOps

DevOps Tools

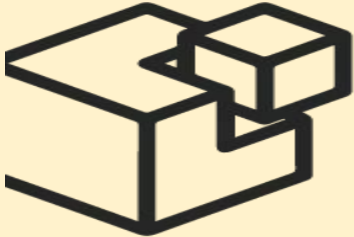


**puppet**



**CHEF**™

**conFIGuration mgMT**



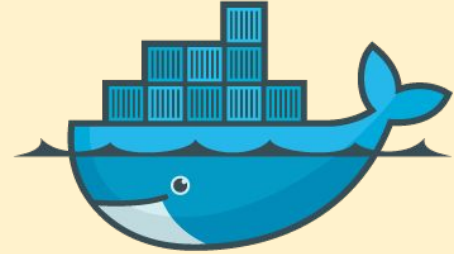
**SALTSTACK**

# Parts of DevOps

DevOps Tools

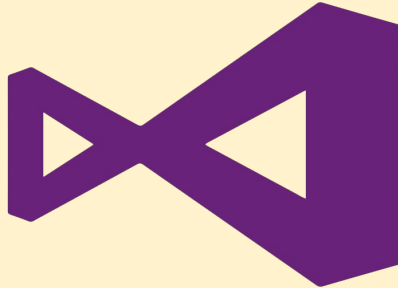


**puppet**



**docker**

**CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT**



# Parts of DevOps

DevOps Tools

solarwinds



**PRTG**  
**NETWORK**  
**MONITOR**



continuous monitoring

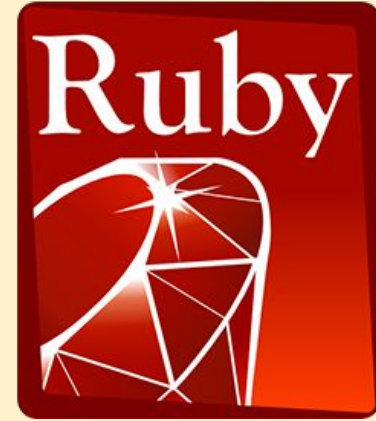
**Nagios®**

**ZABBIX**

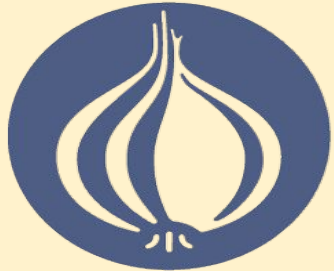
# Parts of DevOps



DevOps Tools



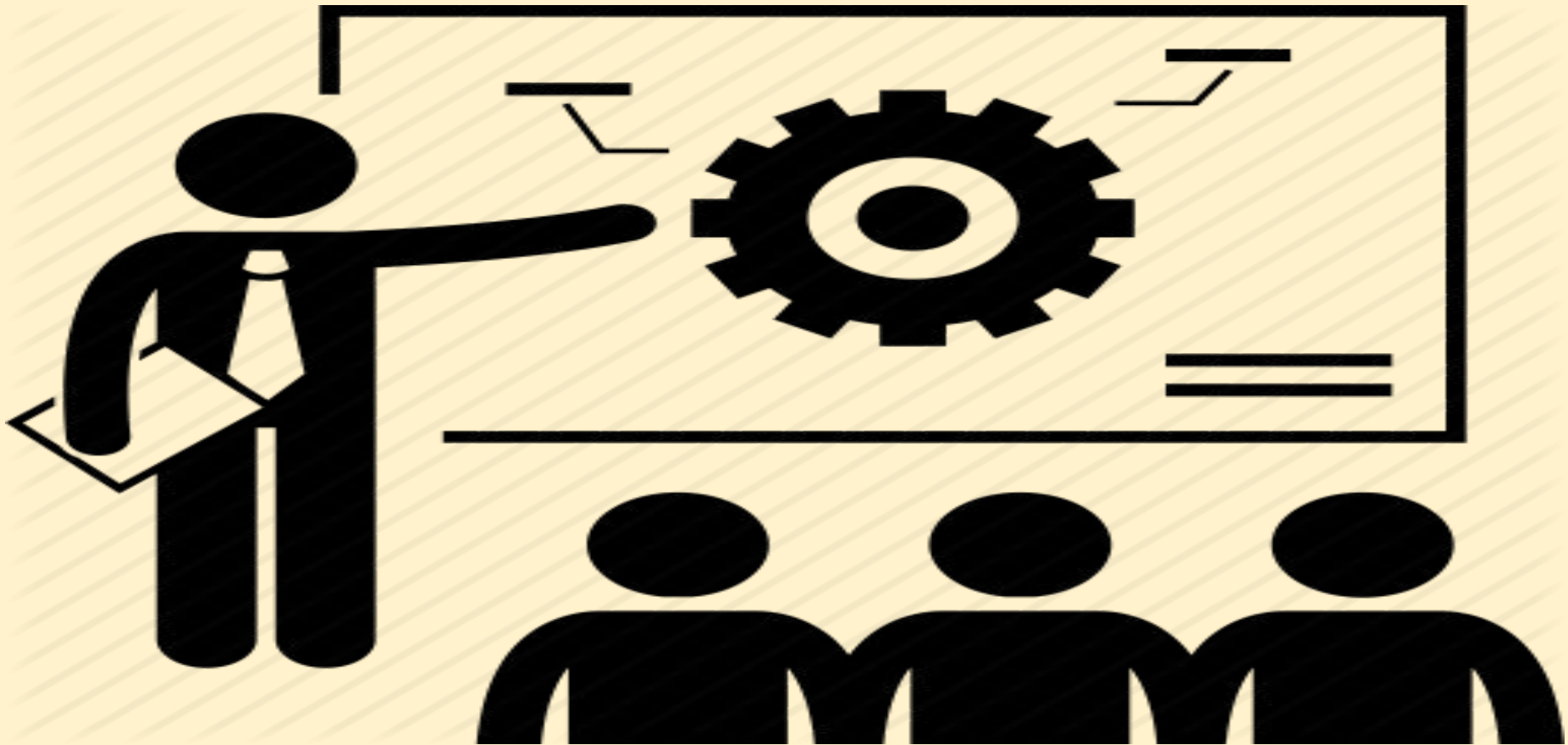
**AUTOMATION TOOLS**



Perl



# Demo



# Who is DevOps Engineer?

**A DevOps Engineer is an IT professional who works with software developers, system operators and other production IT staff to administre code releases.**

**A DevOps Engineer will work with development team staff to tackle the coding and scripting needed to connect elements of code, or software development kits.**



# **What are the Roles and Responsibilities ?**

**Able to perform system troubleshooting and problem solving across platform and application domains.**

**Manage project effectively through open standards-based platforms.**

**Improve quality and reduce development cost with collaboration.**

**Analyse, design and evaluate automation scripts and systems.**

# DevOps Certifications



redhat®



DEVOPS  
INSTITUTE

# DevOps Certifications



**AWS Certified DevOps Engineer**

# DevOps Certifications



**Implementing Microsoft Azure DevOps Solutions**

# DevOps Certifications

RHC of Expertise in Platform as a Service

RHC of Expertise in Containerized Application Development

RHC of Expertise in Ansible Automation

RHC of Expertise in Configuration Management

RHC of Expertise in Container Administration



redhat®

# DevOps Certifications

DevOps Foundation Certified  
DevOps Test Engineering  
DevOps Leader....



## New and Upgraded Courses

# Network Professional



**CCNA**

**CCNA**  
Security

**Wireless**

**New and Upgraded Courses**

# **Network Professional Advanced**

**Network Professional**

**CCNA**

**CCNA  
Security**

**Wireless**

**CCNP**

**Route/Switch**

**ASA**

**Firewall Basics**



## **New and Upgraded Courses**

# **Server Professional**



```
graph BT; A[Microsoft Windows Server] --> C[Server Professional]; B[RedHat Linux Server Administration] --> C;
```

**Microsoft  
Windows Server**

**RedHat Linux  
Server Administration**

**Virtualization with  
Vmware & Citrix**



**Server Professional Adv.**



**Microsoft  
Windows Server**



**RedHat Linux  
Server Administration**



# **Cloud Administration**



**Amazon Web  
Services**



**Microsoft Azure**



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The Networking School

**Knowledge is Power**

**Thank You**

