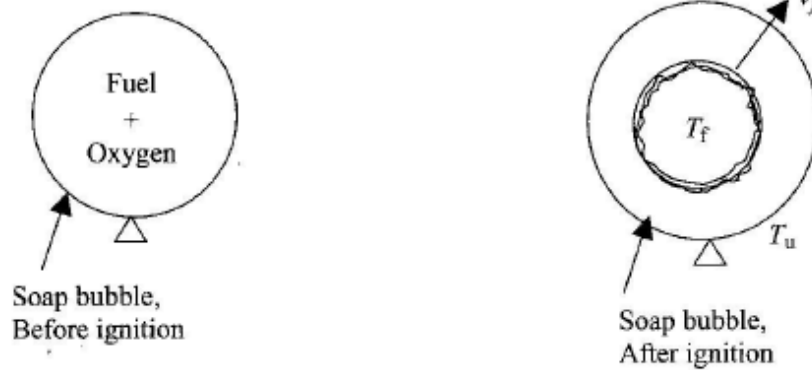


JQ.4.2.Setup

September 23, 2014

(4.2) The burning velocity, S_u , can be determined by a technique that measures the speed of a spherical flame in a soap bubble. This process is shown below.



The flame front moves at a speed $v_f = 6\text{ m/s}$.

The temperature in the burnt region is $T_f = 2400\text{ K}$.

The temperature in the unburnt region is $T_u = 300\text{ K}$.

The burned gas is at rest.

Determine the burning velocity, S_u . (Hint: draw a control volume around the flame and write the conservation of mass equation)

Setup:

Consider a frame of reference in which the flame front is at rest. This requires subtracting off the observed flame velocity from all other velocities in the problem.

In ☐ :