

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING: TOWARDS BETTER PERFORMANCE PREDICTIONS AND EXPERIMENTS

Tom Cornebize

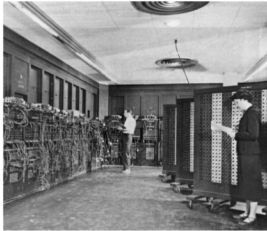
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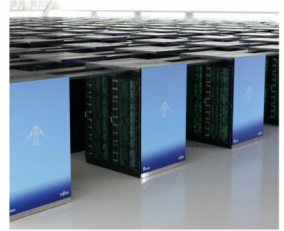
NO SCIENCE WITHOUT COMPUTING



Arithmomètre (1851)



ENIAC (1945)



Fugaku (2021)

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Last decades:

- Exponential **performance** improvements (e.g. sequencing an entire human genome costed \$100,000,000 in 2001, \$1000 now)
- At the price of **complexity** (both software and hardware)

EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF COMPUTER PERFORMANCE



Similar to natural sciences

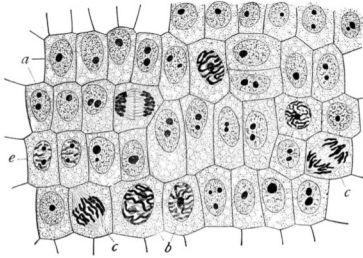
Complexity

⇒ Variability and Opacity

⇒ No perfect model

⇒ Need for **experiments**

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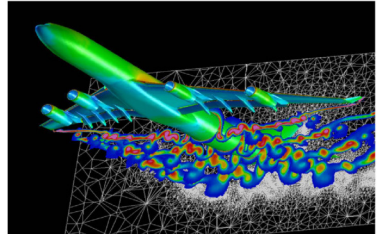
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Empirical studies can be carried in **reality** or in **simulation**

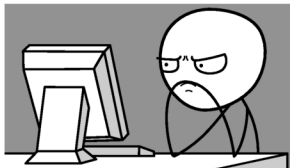


Typical Performance Evaluation Questions (Given my application and a supercomputer)



- **Before** running
 - How many nodes?
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Holy Grail: Predictive Simulation on a “Laptop”

Capture the **whole application** and **platform complexity**

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Thesis contributions (towards this goal)

- Case study: High Performance Linpack (HPL)
- Extensive (in)validation, comparing simulations with reality
- Demonstrate it is possible to **predict faithfully** the behavior of complex parallel applications
- Modeling correctly the platform variability is key

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- Experiment methodology, to bias or not to bias
- Performance tests, to detect eventual platform changes

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PERFORMANCE PREDICTION THROUGH SIMULATION

SIM(EM)ULATION: THE SMPI APPROACH



Full reimplementation of MPI on top of SIMGRID

- C/C++/F77/F90 codes run **unmodified out of the box**
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- Communications are faked, good fluid network models
- **Performance model** for the target platform

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Validations of SMPI before this thesis: simple applications without any high performance tricks

QUICK WORD ON HPL



- Computations and communication overlap (custom collectives)
- More representative of some HPC applications
- Well established, used for the Top500

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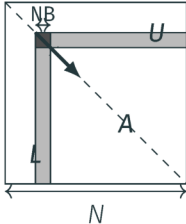


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for $k = N$ **to** 0 **step** NB **do**
 Allocate the panel
 Factor the panel
 Broadcast the panel
 Update the sub-matrix

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- Process grid
- Block size
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- etc.

Hundreds of combinations

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Contribution: Skip the expensive computations (mostly **dgemm**) and replace them by performance models

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