

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING: TOWARDS BETTER PERFORMANCE PREDICTIONS AND EXPERIMENTS

Tom Cornebize

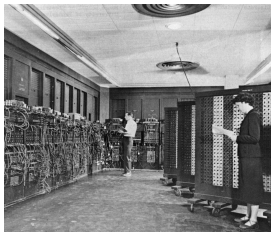
2 June 2021, PhD defense



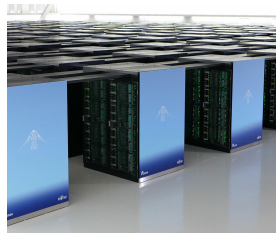
NO SCIENCE WITHOUT COMPUTING



Arithmomètre (1851)



ENIAC (1945)

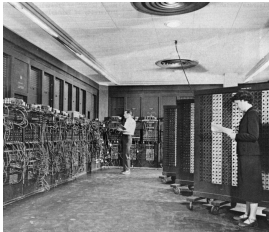


Fugaku (2021)

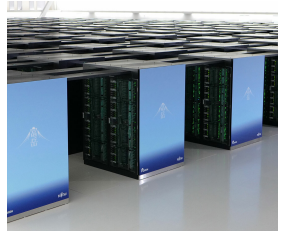
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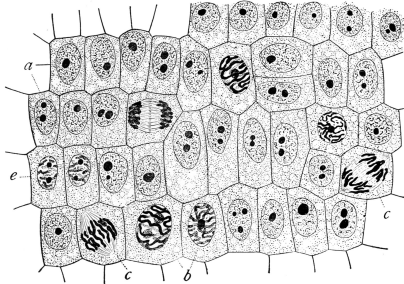


Fugaku (2021)

Last decades:

- Exponential **performance** improvements (e.g. sequencing an entire human genome costed \$100,000,000 in 2001, \$1000 now)
- At the price of **complexity** (both software and hardware)

EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF COMPUTER PERFORMANCE



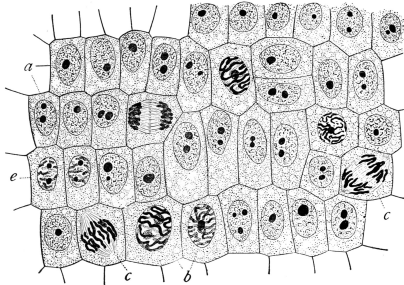
Similar to natural sciences

Complexity \Rightarrow Variability and Opacity

\Rightarrow No perfect model

\Rightarrow Need for **experiments**

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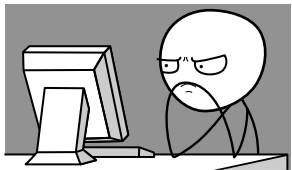
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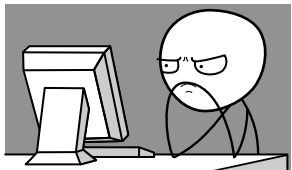
Experiments can be carried in **reality** or in **simulation**

Typical Performance Evaluation Questions (Given my application and a supercomputer)



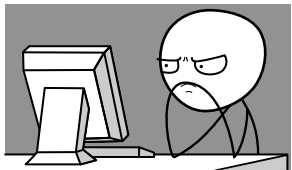
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 - How many nodes?
 - For how long?
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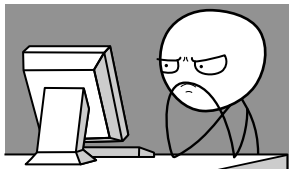
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Holy Grail: Predictive Simulation on a “Laptop”

Capture the **whole application** and **platform complexity**

Initial goal: **predict** the performance of
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Thesis contributions (towards this goal)

- Case study: High Performance Linpack (HPL)
- Extensive (in)validation, comparing simulations with reality
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SIM(EM)ULATION: THE SMPI APPROACH



Full reimplementation of MPI on top of



- C/C++/F77/F90 codes run **unmodified out of the box**
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- Computations run for real on a laptop
- Communications are faked, good fluid network models
- **Performance model** for the target platform

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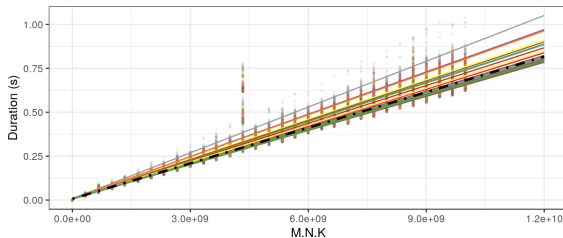
Contribution: Skip the expensive computations (mostly **dgemm**) and replace them by performance models

$$\text{dgemm}(M, N, K) = \alpha.M.N.K$$

MODELING COMPUTATIONS

$$\text{dgemm}_i(M, N, K) = \underbrace{\alpha_i \cdot M \cdot N \cdot K}_{\text{per host}}$$

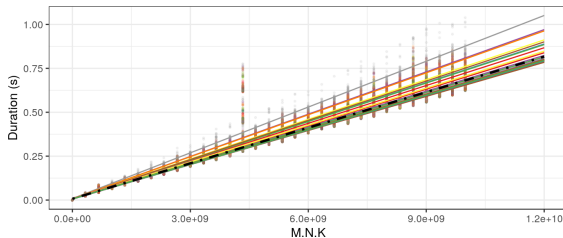
Different color \Rightarrow different host



MODELING COMPUTATIONS

$$\text{dgemm}_i(M, N, K) = \underbrace{\alpha_i \cdot M \cdot N \cdot K}_{\text{per host}} + \underbrace{\beta_i \cdot M \cdot N + \gamma_i \cdot N \cdot K + \dots}_{\text{polynomial model}}$$

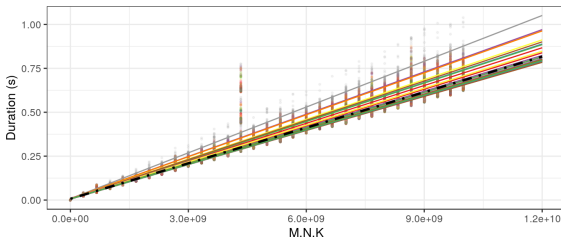
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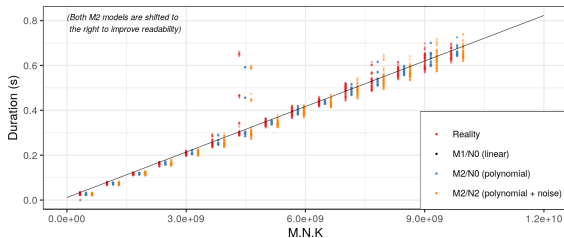
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For a particular host



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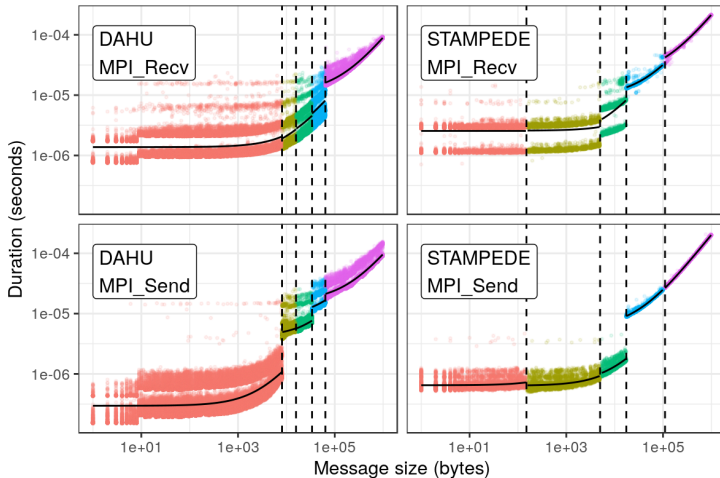
Take-Away Message:

- Both **spatial** and **temporal** variability
- “Sophisticated” linear models are **excellent predictors** (for every function – `dtrsm`, `daxpy`, ...)

Hand-crafted non-blocking collective operations intertwined with computations

MODELING COMMUNICATIONS

Hand-crafted non-blocking collective operations intertwined with computations



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Take-Away Message:

- For small messages, the **variability can be huge**
- **Piece-wise mixture of linear** regressions