

2012 A3

Ezra Guerrero Alvarez

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Let a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n be positive reals with product 1, where $n \geq 3$. Show that

$$(1 + a_2)^2(1 + a_3)^3 \dots (1 + a_n)^n > n^n.$$

By AM-GM we have $\underbrace{\frac{1}{k-1} + \dots + \frac{1}{k-1}}_{k-1 \text{ times}} + a_k \geq k \cdot \left(\frac{a_k}{(k-1)^{k-1}} \right)^{1/k}$, so

$$(1 + a_k)^k \geq \frac{a_k \cdot k^k}{(k-1)^{k-1}}.$$

Multiplying over all values of k ,

$$(1 + a_2)^2(1 + a_3)^3 \dots (1 + a_n)^n \geq \frac{a_2 \cdot 2^2}{(1)^1} \cdot \frac{a_3 \cdot 3^3}{(2)^2} \dots \frac{a_n \cdot n^n}{(n-1)^{n-1}} = 1 \cdot n^n / 1^1 = n^n.$$

Now we show the inequality is strict. If we had equality in the last inequality, then we must have equality in all our AM-GM inequalities, so $a_k = \frac{1}{k-1}$ for all k . However, since $n \geq 3$, their product would not be 1, proving the inequality is strict as desired. ■