SNPHeatMap

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Chapter 1

Snp HeatMap

The goal of this project is to create a number of chart related to snp (simple nucleotide polymorphism) analysis

Those charts are:

- Quantitative chart (-q): Show the number of gene (y) per number of snp (x)
- Cumulative chart (-c): Show the number of gene (y) that have at least n snp (x)
- Cumulative chart (-u): Cumulative bar chart but it's a heatmap
- Global Heatmap (-g): concatenation of all Cumulative chart

1.1 Installation:

- Download
 - 1. Download Repository ("<> Code" button top right --> "Download zip")
 - 2. Unzip the Downloaded files
- · Using linux terminal
 - 1. git clone https://github.com/F-Marchal/SnpHeatMap.git
 - 2. cd SnpHeatMap

see Quick usage and Quick usage in order to run main.py

1.2 File format:

Files used by this script are expected to have the following pattern:

Gene name / id	Other	Snp counter
Gene1	Other info1	Х
Gene2	Other info2	у

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- · All files have to have the same headers
- · When a gene is present multiple times, only the last occurrence is used
- Snp counter should be integer greater or equal to 0. No dot ('.') or comma (',') are allowed in this cell.

1.2.0.0.1 Path to your files By default, the program assumes that all your files are in the Data/ folder.

Path toward your files can be give using two methods :

- · Using folder path
 - All files inside the folder are used.
 - Names in the graph are file's names
 - Files that start with "." are ignored.
 - Is the default option
- · Using a json's path
 - This file should have the following format {path_to_a_file: common_name}. You can open test/TargetedFiles.json if you need an example
 - Names in the graph are common_name
 - If multiple path have the same common_name they will be considered as the same file.

All files represent a species or a group of related individuals.

Can also be provided using parameters see path

1.3 Usage:

Please read File format before using main.py and Path to your files.

1.3.1 Quick usage:

- Put your files inside the data folder
- Open a terminal in this folder or use cd to change terminal's current directory
- In Linux:
 - run python3 main.py [Gene name Column] [Snp column]
- · If you use windows:
 - run python3 main.py [Gene name Column] [Snp column]

1.3.2 Complete usage :

- linux : python3 main.py [Gene name Column] [Snp column] [Path to your files] [Options]
- Windows : python3 main.py [Gene name Column] [Snp column] [Path to your files] [Options] This command will make a "global heatmap" for all your files in data

1.3 Usage : 3

1.3.2.1 Arguments

· Warning: Arguments should always be before the parameters

1.3.2.1.1 Gene name Column (First argument) Name of the column that contain gene's names / ids in files. e.g. "Gene name / id" in File format

Can also be provided using parameters see name_column

 $\textbf{1.3.2.1.2} \quad \textbf{Snp column (Second argument)} \quad \text{Name of the column that contain snp in files. e.g. "Snp counter" in File format$

Can also be provided using parameters see snp_column

1.3.2.1.3 File path (Third argument) See Path to your files

Can also be provided using parameters See path

1.3.2.2 Parameters

Warning: Parameters should always be afters the arguments

1.3.2.2.1 <tt>--name_column</tt> or <tt>-n</tt> This parameter must be followed by a string. See gene name Column

1.3.2.2.2 <tt>--snp_column</tt> or <tt>-s</tt> This parameter must be followed by a string. See snp column

1.3.2.2.3 <tt>--path</tt> or <tt>-p</tt> This parameter must be followed by a string that represent a path. See path to your files

1.3.2.2.4 <tt>>--output_path</tt>> or <tt>>-o</tt>> This parameter must be followed by a string that represent a path. This parameter modify where charts and tsv are saved.

Default = ./output

1.3.2.2.5 <tt>--job_name</tt> or <tt>-j</tt> This parameter must be followed by a string that can be used as folder name. This added a prefix to all files generated by this script.

Default = "Unnamed"

1.3.2.2.6 <tt>--max_length</tt> or <tt>-m</tt> This parameter must be followed by an integer. If this inger is lower than 0, max_length is ignored. Limit the number of snp shown inside each graph.

Default = 20

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1.3.2.2.7 <tt>--help</tt> or <tt>-h</tt> Display a help message.

Others parameters are ignored.

- **1.3.2.2.8** <tt>--output_warning</tt> or <tt>-w</tt> Disable the warning when you are about to generate files inside a non-empty folder.
- 1.3.2.2.9 <tt>--sort_by_name</tt> or <tt>-r</tt> Disable sort species by names in global heatmap.
- $\textbf{1.3.2.2.10} \quad <\textbf{tt}>\textbf{--simplified}</\textbf{tt}>\textbf{or}<\textbf{tt}>\textbf{-i}</\textbf{tt}> \quad \text{Ignore snp number represented by 0 genes. THIS MAY CREATE A DISCONTINUOUS X-AXIS}$
- 1.3.2.2.11 <tt>--global_heatmap</tt> or <tt>-g</tt> Generate a heatmap that represent all species.
- **1.3.2.2.12** <tt>>--quantitative_barchart</tt> or <tt>>-q</tt> Generate a barchart that represent snp distribution for each file (Number of gene that have n snp)
- **1.3.2.2.13** <tt>--cumulative_barchart</tt> or <tt>-c</tt> Generate a barchart that represent snp distribution for each file (Number of gene that **at least** n snp)
- $\textbf{1.3.2.2.14} \quad <\textbf{tt}>\textbf{--cumulative_heatmap}</\textbf{tt}>\textbf{or}<\textbf{tt}>\textbf{-u}</\textbf{tt}> \quad \text{Generate a heatmap for each file. This heatmap contain only one line.}$
- **1.3.2.2.15** <tt>--tsv</tt> or <tt>-t</tt> Generate a tsv for all generated charts.
- **1.3.2.2.16** <tt>--png</tt> or <tt>-k</tt> Generate a png for all generated charts.
- $\textbf{1.3.2.2.17} \quad <\textbf{tt}>\textbf{--show}</\textbf{tt}> \textbf{ or } <\textbf{tt}>\textbf{-d}</\textbf{tt}> \quad \text{Show all generated charts during the execution. ALL CHARTS WILL STOP THE EXECUTION UNTIL IT IS CLOSED. }$
- **1.3.2.2.18** <tt>--svg</tt> or <tt>--v</tt> Generate a svg for all generated charts.
- **1.3.2.2.19** <tt>--show_values</tt> or <tt>-e</tt> An integer (positive or negative)

If greater or equal to 0, all heatmap's cells will contain theirs values. if lower than 0, text size in cell is automatically determined (can be ugly in the windows displayed by -d, but assure that the text is well sized in png and svg). If unspecified, cells are empty.

1.3.2.2.20 <tt>--uniform_y</tt> or <tt>-y</tt> Uniformize all y-axis. All Quantitative chart and all Cumulative chart will have the same upper limit and the same scale on their y-axis. (Quantitative and Cumulative charts still have disjoint y-axis)

1.4 Example chart 5

1.3.2.2.21 <tt>--transparent</tt> Charts are exported with a transparent background.

```
1.3.2.3 <tt>--start_at_0</tt>
```

Charts start at snp, this mean that the number of genes is shown in the first cell / colm.

1.4 Example chart

```
Charts generated using python3 Contig_name BiAllelic_SNP tests/TargetedFiles.json -m 10 -kgqcuw -j Examples --show_values -1
```

The data used in these graphs comes from a random generator

1.4.1 Quantitative chart :

A barchart that show the proportion of gene that have a certain number of snp.

1.4.2 Cumulative chart:

A barchart that show the proportion of gene that have at least certain number of snp

1.4.3 Cumulative Heatmap:

A heatmap that show the proportion of gene that have at least certain number of snp (variation of Cumulative chart)

1.4.4 Global Heatmap:

A heatmap that show the proportion of gene that have at least certain number of snp for all species.

1.5 NOTE FOR LATER

Since the 1.1.0, the parameter $--name_column$ is almost useless. The code should be reworked to remove any usage of this option.

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Chapter 2

Namespace Index

2.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

main
Run scripts/snp_analyser.py
scripts
scripts.getopts_parser
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser
scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser
scripts.snp_analyser
scripts.test_snp_analyser
scripts.utilities
scripts.utilities.utilities

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Chapter 3

Hierarchical Index

3.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

getopt.GetoptError	
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsDigestionError	39
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsOptionError	ŀO
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsParsingError	ŀO
ValueError	
scripts.utilities.utilities.FilterError	39

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Chapter 4

Class Index

4.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

scripts.utilities.tilterError	39
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsDigestionError	
Error raised during the digestion of the dictionary that contain options	39
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsOptionError	
Error raised when there is an error with an option during the getopts	40
scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsParsingError	
Error raised when there is an error during the parsing of a command-line	40

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Chapter 5

File Index

5.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

initpy	4
getopts_parser/initpy	41
utilities/initpy	41
getopts_parser.py	4
main.py	42
snp_analyser.py	
Create a number of chart related to snp (simple nucleotide polymorphism) analysis	42
test_getopts_parser.py	44
test_snp_analyser.py	45
utilities.py	
Contain a number of function related to file reading and generation of figure using matplotlib	45

14 File Index

Chapter 6

Namespace Documentation

6.1 main Namespace Reference

Run scripts/snp_analyser.py.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Run scripts/snp_analyser.py.

or any information refer to README.md or scripts/snp_analyser.py.

6.2 scripts Namespace Reference

Namespaces

- getopts_parser
- snp_analyser
- · test_snp_analyser
- utilities

6.3 scripts.getopts_parser Namespace Reference

Namespaces

- getopts_parser
- test_getopts_parser

6.4 scripts.getopts parser.getopts parser Namespace Reference

Classes

class GetoptsDigestionError

Error raised during the digestion of the dictionary that contain options.

· class GetoptsOptionError

Error raised when there is an error with an option during the getopts.

class GetoptsParsingError

Error raised when there is an error during the parsing of a command-line.

Functions

- any getopts_parser_boolean_option (tuple[any, any] value_restriction=None, use_default=False)

 Internal function used by getopts_parser.
- any getopts_parser_complex_option (value_restriction, value, use_default=False)

Internal function used by getopts_parser.

bool or None getopts_digester_check_item_endings (list[str] list_of_values, str last_char=":")

Check if the last char of each string in list_of_values is equal to last_char.

• tuple[dict[str, tuple[any, any]], dict[str, str], dict[str, str], str, list[str]] getopts_digest_available_options (dict[str, tuple[any, any]] getopts_options, dict[str, any] dict_of_default_value=None)

Transform <code>getopts_options</code> into usable instruction for <code>getopts_retrieve_options</code> and assure that option's aliases are coherent.

list[tuple[str, str]] getopts_retrieve_options (list[str] argv, str short_string, list[str] long_list, list[str] main_
 options)

Use a list of string from a command-line (e.g.

dict getopts_parser (list[str] or str argv, dict[str, tuple[any, any]] getopts_options, *str mandatory, fill_with_

 default_values=True)

Internal version of getopts.

dict[str, any] or int getopts (list[str] or str argv, dict[str or tuple, None or tuple[any, any] or any] getopts_options,
 *str mandatory, str help_message=None, fill_with_default_values=True, raise_errors=False, str or tuple[str] help_options=("help",))

Directly extract options from a command line into a dict.

Variables

- string __author__ = "Marchal Florent"
- list __credits__ = ["Marchal Florent"]

6.4.1 Function Documentation

6.4.1.1 getopts()

Directly extract options from a command line into a dict.

All option's values are cast according to a dictionary @getopts_options which specifies option's short name (-h), option's long names (-help), option's aliases (-HELP), option's type (str, int ...) and option's default value.

This function use getopt.getopt.

You can find some usage example in ./test_getopts_parser.py

Parameters

argv	: list[str] or str =>	
	• A command line e.g.: "Argument1 Argument2Option1 valueOption2 -abc"	
	• list of string (such as sys.argv[1:]) e.g.: ["Argument1", "Argument2", "Option1", "value", "Option2", "-abc"]	
getopts_options	: dict[str, tuple[any, any]] =>	
	• Structure for this dict: {name: None} {tuple_of_name: None} {name: (short_name, None)} {tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, None)} {name: (tuple_of_short_name, default_value)} {name: (short_name, default_value)} {tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, default_value)} {tuple_of_name: (short_name, default_value)} {name: (tuple_of_short_name, default_value)} {name: (tuple_of_short_name, (default_value, cast))} {name: (short_name, (default_value, cast))} {tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, (default_value, cast))} • Option that accept values should have a "=" at the end of each name and a ":" at the end of each short_name.	
	Option that require a value : (e.gfile path)	
	default_value can be of any type, if callable the result of the function is used.The cast can be any function. if None, nothing happen.	
	Option that does not require any value : (e.ghelp) :	
	The default value is False	
	The "on" value is True	
	If you specify a "cast" it will be used as the "on" value	

Note

When an option has multiple long names, the first one in the tuple is selected as the "main_name". The "main_name" is the key used inside the returned dict.

short names can be composed by only one character (plus ":" if needed)

Warning

do not use "-" in your options names

Parameters

*mandatory	: str => a list of options whose value must be entered.	
help_message	: str = None => A message displayed when an error is encountered or when "help" is triggered.	
fill_with_default_values	= True => When True, the returned dict contains all options	
raise_errors	= False => Do caught errors are raised ?	
help_options	: str or tuple[str] = ("help",) => A tuple of option name that trigger help_message. Those options are always removed from the returned dictionary.	

Returns

dict[str, any] or int =>

- dict[str, any] A dictionary that contain values related to options triggered by the command-line.
- Only when an error occur and raise_errors is False or when help message is displayed.
 - 1 = An error has been caught
 - 2 = help message was required.

Example:

```
pations_ = {
    'Alpha=': ("a:", (None, int)),
    'Beta=': ("b:", (None, list)),
    'Gamma': ("g", (True, False)),
    'Delta=': None,
    'Epsilon=': (None, ("Star", None)),
    'Zeta': ("Z", None),
    'Eta': None,
    'Inta': None,
    'Inta': None,
    'Kappa': None,
    'Kappa': None,
    'Lambda': None,
    'Mu': None,
}
val = getopts("l --Eta --Iota --Beta Test2 -z", options_, fill_with_default_values=True)
# We have :
# val["Alpha"] == 1
# val["Beta"] == ["T", "e", "s", "t", "2"]
# val["Gamma"] is True
# val["Epsilon"] == "Star"
# val["Zeta"] is True"
# val["Zeta"] is True"
# val["Mu"] is False"
```

6.4.1.2 getopts_digest_available_options()

```
tuple[dict[str, tuple[any, any]], dict[str, str], dict[str, str], str, list[str]] \ scripts. \\ \leftarrow getopts\_parser.getopts\_parser.getopts\_digest\_available\_options (
```

```
dict[str, tuple[any, any]] getopts_options,
dict[str, any] dict_of_default_value = None )
```

Transform getopts_options into usable instruction for getopts_retrieve_options and assure that option's aliases are coherent.

```
@param getopts_options : dict[str, tuple[any, any]] => A dictionary that follows one of the following struct
@code
{name: None}
{tuple_of_name: None}
{name: (short_name, None)}
{tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, None)}
{name: (tuple_of_short_name, default_value)}
{name: (short_name, default_value)}
{tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, default_value)}
{tuple_of_name: (short_name, default_value)}
{name: (tuple_of_short_name, (default_value, cast))}
{name: (short_name, (default_value, cast))}
{tuple_of_name: (tuple_of_short_name, (default_value, cast))}
{tuple_of_name: (short_name, (default_value, cast))}
@param dict_of_default_value : dict[str, any] = None => Facultative, A dictionary that will be filled using or
default values.
@return tuple[dict[str, tuple[any, any]], dict[str, str], dict[str, str], str, list[str]] =>
- option_dict : dict[str, tuple[any, any] => Contain each option's "main_name" associated with theirs default
    cast options. The "main_name" is the named that will be used into the dictionary
    returned by @ref getopts_parser.
- boolean_keys : dict[str, str] => Contain all options aliases related to options that can handle only two sta
- complex_keys : dict[str, str] => Contain all options aliases related to options that can handle more than tw
- short_string : str => string that correspond to "shortopts" in @ref getopt.getopt
- long_list : list[str] => list of string that correspond to "longopts" in @ref getopt.getopt
```

6.4.1.3 getopts_digester_check_item_endings()

Check if the last char of each string in list_of_values is equal to last_char.

if some are equals and others are not, an error is raised.

Parameters

list_of_values	: list[str] => A list of string
last_char	: str = ":" => A character

Returns

bool or None =>

- True : All items in list_of_values end by last_char
- False: No item in list_of_values end by last_char

- None: list_of_values is empty
- ValueError : Some value(s) end by last_char but other(s) do(es) not."

6.4.1.4 getopts_parser()

Internal version of getopts.

You can use this function if you don't need getopts ' overcoat. (help message display and error handling)

This docstring is a lighten version of getopts 's docstring.

See also

getopts

Parameters

argv	: list[str] or str => List of argument (strings). Usually sys.argv[1:] or str command line.
getopts_options	: dict[str, tuple[any, any]] => A dictionary that contain options.
*mandatory	: str =>a list of options whose value must be entered
fill_with_default_values	= True => Every unused options are added to the final dict using defaults values

Returns

dict => A dictionary that contain options.

6.4.1.5 getopts_parser_boolean_option()

Internal function used by getopts_parser.

Parameters

value_restriction	: tuple[any, any] = None => A tuple of two value. (Default value, normal value). (False, True) when None
use_default	= False => Do the default value is returned

Returns

```
any =>
```

- · True if value restriction is None
- Default value if use_default is True (value_restriction [1])
- Normal value if use_default is False (value_restriction [0])

See also

getopts_parser

6.4.1.6 getopts_parser_complex_option()

Internal function used by getopts parser.

Apply a number of restriction materialised by value_restriction on a value.

```
@param value_restriction : tuple[any, callable] => A tuple of two value :
    Default value => Any, if callable, the function is called each time the default value is requested.
    restrictions => None or a callable.
    (False, True) when None
        if value_restriction[0] is callable AND default value is requested : value_restriction [0] ()
        if value_restriction[0] is not callable and default value is requested : value_restriction [0]
        if value_restriction[1] is callable : value_restriction is called using @p value as argument, the resulused as return value. If the result is None, directly return the @p value.

@param value => Value on which @p value_restriction is applied.
@param use_default = False => If True, return the default value.

@return any => @p value transformed by @p value_restriction [1]

@see getopts_parser
```

6.4.1.7 getopts_retrieve_options()

Use a list of string from a command-line (e.g.

sys.argv[1:]) to extract selected options and theirs associated values.

Parameters

argv	: list[str] => A list of string (Same format as sys.argv[1:])
short_string	: str => string that correspond to shortopts in getopt.getopt
long_list	: list[str] => list of string that correspond to longopts in getopt.getopt
main_options	: list[str] => An ordered list of all options. Is used to determine the correspondence between arguments and parameters.

Returns

list[Tuple[str, str]] => A list composed of tuple that contain all selected options and associated with their values.

6.4.2 Variable Documentation

```
6.4.2.1 __author__
string scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.__author__ = "Marchal Florent" [private]

6.4.2.2 __credits__
list scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.__credits__ = ["Marchal Florent"] [private]
```

6.5 scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser Namespace Reference

Functions

• def test_simple_option ()

Test simple functionality of getopts_parser.

• def test_aliases ()

Test aliases functionality.

• def test_defaults_values ()

Test default value and cast.

• def test_all ()

Call each test functions.

Variables

- string __author__ = "Marchal Florent"
- list <u>credits</u> = ["Marchal Florent"]

6.5.1 Function Documentation

6.5.1.1 test_aliases() def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_aliases () Test aliases functionality. 6.5.1.2 test_all() def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_all () Call each test functions. 6.5.1.3 test_defaults_values() $\tt def \ scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_defaults_values \ (\)$ Test default value and cast. 6.5.1.4 test_simple_option() def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_simple_option () Test simple functionality of getopts_parser. 6.5.2 Variable Documentation

string scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.__author__ = "Marchal Florent" [private]

```
Generated by Doxygen
```

6.5.2.1 __author__

```
6.5.2.2 __credits__
```

```
list scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.__credits__ = ["Marchal Florent"] [private]
```

6.6 scripts.snp_analyser Namespace Reference

Functions

- · def help_usage ()
- bool filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0 (str or int key, dict dictionary=None, bool include_0=True)

Test if the value in front of the key key inside dictionary can be cast into an integer bigger than 0.

- def filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0_ignore_0 (str or int key, dict dictionary=None)
- dict[int, dict[str, int]] compile_gene_snp (iter genes_snp, dict[int, dict[str, int]] dict_of_number=None, str group="None")

Extract the number of snp of all genes contained in genes_snp (snp = genes_snp 's values).

• (list[list[int]], list[int]) make_data_matrix (dict[int, dict[str, int]] compiled_dict, str group, *str groups, bool simplified=True, int max_length=None, int start_value=1)

Use a compiled dict from compile_gene_snp to create a matrix of value.

• list[int] generate_cumulative_list (list[int] or list[float] list_of_numbers, reversed_=False)

Take a list of number and sum all values.

int main (str path, str name_column, str snp_column, str file_separator="\t", bool simplified=True, int max
 _length=None, str output_path="output", bool output_warning=True, str job_name=None, bool global
 _heatmap=True, bool quantitative_barchart=False, bool cumulative_barchart=False, bool cumulative_
 heatmap=False, bool tsv=False, bool png=False, bool show=False, bool svg=True, bool sort_by_name=True, bool uniform y=True, bool transparent=True, int show values=-1, bool start at 0=True)

Create a number of chart related to snp analysis.

• def main_using_getopts (list[str] or str argv)

Variables

- string author = "Marchal Florent"
- list <u>credits</u> = ["Florent Marchal", "Vetea Jacot", "Concetta Burgarella", "Vincent Ranwez", "Nathalie Chantret"]
- dictionary <u>getopts</u>

6.6.1 Function Documentation

6.6.1.1 compile_gene_snp()

```
dict[int, dict[str, int]] scripts.snp_analyser.compile_gene_snp (
    iter genes_snp,
    dict[int, dict[str, int]] dict_of_number = None,
    str group = "None" )
```

Extract the number of snp of all genes contained in genes_snp (snp = genes_snp 's values).

Each number of snp is stored inside a new dictionary (dict_of_number 's keys). A dict is created in front of all keys (i.e. snp number). This dict contain the group (key) and the number of occurrences of this snp number for this key.

Parameters

genes_snp	0
	(3, 5, 3)

Note

Values (number of snp) inside this dict are trans typed into integers.

Parameters

dict_of_number	: dict[int, dict[str,int]] = None. A dict with the same structure as dictionaries returned by this
	function.
group	: str = "None" => Each occurrence of a number of snp increment the counter related to this
	group.

Returns

 $\label{line:dict_str} \begin{subarray}{ll} $$ dictionary that store all number of snp found along with the number of occurrences $$ {number_of_snp_1 : {group1: number_of_occurrences_of_number_of_snp_1_in_this_group}$$ \end{subarray}$$

Warning

values <code>genes_snp</code> are cast into integer. Also, there is no verification made to see if the values are positive. We assume that data has been filtered using filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0 in extract_data_from_table

6.6.1.2 filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0()

Test if the value in front of the key key inside dictionary can be cast into an integer bigger than 0.

Meant to be used inside extract_data_from_table as a "filter_" using a lambda.

- value > 0 : Line is kept
- value == 0 : if ignore_0 is False
- Value < 0 : Error is raised

Warning

does not support "1.0 nor "1,0" format

Parameters

key	: str => A key contained by dictionary.
dictionary	: dict = None => A dictionary that contain key. If None, the function will assume that dictionary = {key: key}
include↔ 0	: bool => Do 0 is accepted by the filter

Returns

bool => True : Yes False : value equal to 0 when ignore_0 is True @raise ValueError when the value is an integer lower than 0

6.6.1.3 filter integer greater or equal to 0 ignore 0()

6.6.1.4 generate_cumulative_list()

Take a list of number and sum all values.

```
[0, 5, 6, 1] \Rightarrow [0+5+6+1, 5+6+1, 6+1, 1] == [12, 12, 7, 1]
```

Parameters

list_of_numbers	: list[int] or list[float] => A list that contain numbers.	
reversed_	= False => Do the accumulation start at the end and end at the beginning.	

Returns

list[int] => A list of number

6.6.1.5 help_usage()

```
def scripts.snp_analyser.help_usage ( )
```

6.6.1.6 main()

```
int scripts.snp_analyser.main (
            str path,
            str name_column,
            str snp_column,
            str file_separator = "\t",
            bool simplified = True,
            int max_length = None,
            str output_path = "output",
            bool output_warning = True,
            str job_name = None,
            bool global_heatmap = True,
            bool quantitative_barchart = False,
            bool cumulative_barchart = False,
            bool cumulative_heatmap = False,
            bool tsv = False,
            bool png = False,
            bool show = False,
            bool svg = True,
            bool sort_by_name = True,
            bool uniform_y = True,
            bool transparent = True,
            int show_values = -1,
            bool start_at_0 = True)
```

Create a number of chart related to snp analysis.

As an example we will consider the following flatFile:

GeneName	GeneID	NumberOfSnp	GeneSize
Gene1	123	5	1000
Gene2	456	10	2000

Parameters

path	: str => Path that lead to a number of flatfile :
	• .json : {complete file path : Species name}
	folder: Use file inside the folder (does not scan the folder recursively)
name_column	: str => Name of the column that contain a primary key e.g. GeneName, GeneID. If two line have the same "primary key", the last one will be used.
snp_column	: str => Name of the column that contain a count of snp e.g. NumberOfSnp
file_separator	: str = "\t" => The separator used in all flat file considered.

Parameters

simplified	: bool = True => Do number of snp represented by 0 gene are deleted from the result
max_length	: int = None => Maximum length of each graph. keep the nth first result. Should be greater or equal to 1 otherwise, it would be ignored.
output_path	: str = "output" => Where graphs are saved.
output_warning	: bool = True => Ask confirmation when at least one file can be erased by this program.
job_name	: str = None => A name for this execution. (This creates a separated folder in output_path). Default = "unnamed"
global_heatmap	: bool = True => Do a heatmap that is the combination of all cumulative_heatmap is created
quantitative_barchart	: bool = False => Do this program create a barchart of snp distribution for each file (Number of gene that have n snp)
cumulative_barchart	: bool = False => Do this program create a barchart of snp distribution for each file ? (Number of gene that have AT LEAST n snp)
cumulative_heatmap	: bool = False => Do this program create a heatmap of snp distribution for each file ? (Number of gene that have AT LEAST n snp)
tsv	: bool = False => Do values used for chart are saved in a flatfile (.tsv)
png	: bool = False => Do created charts are saved as png
show	: bool = False => Do created charts are saved are shown

Warning

Each time a chart is shown, the program stop. It will resume when the chart is closed.

Parameters

svg	: bool = True => Do created charts are saved as svg (vectorize image)
sort_by_name	: bool = True => Do species are sorted in lexicographic order ?
uniform_y	: bool = True => Do all barchart share the same y-axis?
show_values	: int = None => If greater or equal to 0, all cells will contain theirs values. if lower than 0, text in cell in automatically determined (can be ugly when show is True, but assure that the text is good in png and svg). If None, nothing happen.
transparent	: bool = True => Chart are exported with a transparent background
start_at_0	: bool = True => Charts shows the number of genes in the first column / cell

Returns

int => if greater than 0, an error occurred.

- 1 job stopped by user
- 2 no species found

6.6.1.7 main_using_getopts()

```
@brief start @ref snp_charts.main using a string or sys.argv[1:]
Example:
    - main_using_getopts(sys.argv[1:])
    - main_using_getopts("name_column snp_column tests/TargetedFiles.json -m 20 -gv -w -j Tests -e -1")
\texttt{@param argv}: \texttt{list[str] or str} \Rightarrow \texttt{List of argument (strings). Usually sys.argv[1:].}
@note If the first values are not known option (option in @p getopts_options), the function will consider that
those values correspond to the nth first option that require an argument in @p getopts_options.
In below example, you can give two arguments. The first will be matched with "Alpha" and the last with "Beta".
@code
argv = ["5", "6"]
getopts_options = {
                              ("a:", None),
    "Alpha=":
    "Beta=:
                              ('b', (0, int)),
    "Gamma":
                             ("g", ("data/", str)),
                             ("d:", (0, lambda integer : int(integer) - 1)),
    "Delta=":
@endcode
@return int => exit code
```

6.6.1.8 make_data_matrix()

Use a compiled dict from compile_gene_snp to create a matrix of value.

Each lines represent one group (groups & group). Each line contain the number of genes that contain at least n genes

Note

Only groups specified in groups and group are extracted from compiled_dict

Note

For below example we will consider that:

Parameters

compiled_dict	: dict[int,dict[str,int]] => a compiled dict from compile_gene_snp
group	: str => A group name (e.g. Species name : "E. coli")
*groups	: str => Same as group. Additional species name.
simplified	: bool = True => Do number of snp represented by 0 gene are deleted from the result?

Note

This the presence / absence of a number is affected by other groups

```
with group="E. coli":

If True:
([[5, 3, 1]], [1, 2, 4])

If False:
([[5, 3, 0, 1]], [1, 2, 3, 4])

with group="E. coli" and groups= ("HIV", ):

If True:
([[5, 3, 0, 1], [0, 4, 2, 1]], [1, 2, 4])
```

Parameters

max_length	: int = None => Limit the length of each lines of the matrix. should be greater than 0. If not, max_length is ignored.
start_value	int = 1 => First value of the matrix.

Returns

(list[list[int]], list[int]) => Return a matrix and a list. Each lines of the matrix represent the number of genes of a species (group) that contain n snp: If the position 1 of a line is equal to 4, there is 4 genes in the selected species that contain list[i] snp. The y axes can be labeled using group and groups (order in conserved) and the x-axis is labeled by the list[int].

Note

For some return example, see simplified for return example

6.6.2 Variable Documentation

```
6.6.2.1 __author__

string scripts.snp_analyser.__author__ = "Marchal Florent" [private]

6.6.2.2 __credits__

list scripts.snp_analyser.__credits__ = ["Florent Marchal", "Vetea Jacot", "Concetta Burgarella", "Vincent Ranwez", "Nathalie Chantret"] [private]
```

6.6.2.3 __getopts__

dictionary scripts.snp_analyser.__getopts__ [private]

6.7 scripts.test_snp_analyser Namespace Reference

Functions

- def test_greater_than_0_int_filter ()
- def test_compile_gene_snp ()
- def test_make_data_matrix ()
- def test_generate_cumulative_list ()
- def test_all ()

6.7.1 Function Documentation

6.7.1.1 test all()

```
def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_all ( )
@brief Call all test functions
```

6.7.1.2 test_compile_gene_snp()

```
def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_compile_gene_snp ( )
@brief Test compile_gene_snp
```

6.7.1.3 test_generate_cumulative_list()

```
def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_generate_cumulative_list ( )
```

6.7.1.4 test_greater_than_0_int_filter()

```
def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_greater_than_0_int_filter ( )
@brief Test greater_than_0_int_filter
```

6.7.1.5 test_make_data_matrix()

```
def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_make_data_matrix ( )
@brief Test make_data_matrix
```

6.8 scripts.utilities Namespace Reference

Namespaces

· utilities

6.9 scripts.utilities.utilities Namespace Reference

Classes

class FilterError

Functions

def export_list_in_tsv_as_rows (str path, *rows, file_mode="w", encoding="UTF-8", list y_legend=None, list x_legend=None)

Accept a number of list that represent rows of a tab and turn it into a tsv (flat file).

def chart_export (list[list[int]] data, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, list x_← legend=None, list y legend=None, bool transparent=True)

Export the current chart.

• dict[str, str] parse_line (list[str] legend, str line, str separator="\t")

Turn a line form a flat File with its legend and turn it into a dictionary.

dict[str, any] extract_data_from_table (str path, str key, str value, str separator="\t", list legend=None, callable filter_=None)

Read a table contained inside a flatFile (e.g.

def make_bar_char (list[int] data, list x_legend=None, bool x_legend_is_int=True, bool y_legend_is_int=True, str chart_name=None, str title=None, str xlabel=None, str ylabel=None, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, bool erase_last_plt=True, int y_max_value=None, bool transparent=True, int start
 _x_value=0)

Create a plt.bar using a bunch of argument.

def make_heatmap (list[list[int]] data, list x_legend=None, list y_legend=None, str title=None, str xlabel=None, str ylabel=None, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, bool erase_last_plt=True, int contain_number=None, str uniq_color=None, str cmap="jet", int y_max_value=None, bool transparent=True, int start_x_value=0)

Create a heatmap using a bunch of argument.

6.9.1 Function Documentation

6.9.1.1 chart_export()

Export the current chart.

Note

if data is the only argument, nothing will happen.

Parameters

data	: list[list[int]] => A matrix of values
show	: bool = False => Do current plot will be displayed in a pop-up?

Warning

this will stop program execution until the pop-up is closed.

Parameters

png	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as png
tsv	: str = None => Give a path to export data into a tsv.
svg	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as svg
y_legend	: list = None => When tsv is not none: A list of item to be display in the first column (export_list_in_tsv_as_rows)
x_legend	: list = None => When tsv is not none: A list of item to be display in the first line (export_list_in_tsv_as_rows)
transparent	: bool = True => Chart are exported with a transparent background

6.9.1.2 export_list_in_tsv_as_rows()

Accept a number of list that represent rows of a tab and turn it into a tsv (flat file).

Warning

Any "\t" or "\n" in rows' values will disrupt lines and / or columns

- each "\t" will generate additional columns
- each "\n" will break the current line and start a new one.

Parameters

path	: str => path (and name) of the file that will be written.
*rows	=> A number of list
file_mode	= "w" => "w" or "a"
	 "w": if a file with the same path exist, old file is erased "a": if a file with the same path exist, old file append new values
encoding	= "UTF-8" => File encoding
y_legend	: list = None => A list of item to be display in the first column
x_legend	: list = None => A list of item to be display in the first line

6.9.1.3 extract_data_from_table()

Read a table contained inside a flatFile (e.g.

```
tsv, csv, ...)
```

Warning

If the column key contains the same value multiple times, only the last one is kept.

Parameters

path	: Path to a flatFile.
key	: A column name that can be found in the legend. This will be used as a key in the returned dict. Example: "Column3"
value	: A column name that can be found in the legend. This will be used as a value in the returned dict WHEN filter returns None or True. Example: "Column2"
separator	: The symbol that splits line's values. Example: " ", "\n", "\t"
legend	: If None: The first non-empty line in the file split using separator. Else: A list of column names. Example: [Column1, Column2, Column3]
filter_	: A function that accepts 3 arguments: key, value, and the parsed line (dict). It selects/generates the value present next to each key.
	If it returns True or None: value in the column value. Generated by Doxygen If it returns False: this line is ignored.
	 Else: The returned value is used (instead of the content of the column value).

Note

filter_ is called one time per line.

Returns

A generator: (values in the column key (values that do not pass filter_ are ignored), values in the column value OR value returned by filter_)

6.9.1.4 make_bar_char()

```
def scripts.utilities.utilities.make_bar_char (
            list[int] data,
            list x_legend = None,
            bool x_legend_is_int = True,
            bool y_legend_is_int = True,
            str chart_name = None,
            str title = None,
            str xlabel = None,
            str ylabel = None,
            bool show = False,
            str png = None,
            str tsv = None,
            str svg = None,
            bool erase_last_plt = True,
            int y_{max}value = None,
            bool transparent = True,
            int start_x_value = 0)
```

Create a plt.bar using a bunch of argument.

This function is made to assure a correct looking legend when used for snp.

Parameters

data	: list[int] => A list of integer
x_legend	: list = None => Values used to legend the x-axis.
x_legend_is_int	: bool = True => Do x-axis represent oly integer
y_legend_is_int	: bool = True => Do y-axis represent oly integer
chart_name	: str = None => A name that will be used if tsv is not None to name a line.
title	: str = None => A title for this chart
xlabel	: str = None => A title for the x-axis
ylabel	: str = None => A title for the y-axis
show	: bool = False => Do current plot will be displayed ?

Warning

this will stop program execution until the pop-up is closed.

Parameters

png	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as png
tsv	: str = None => Give a path to export data into a tsv.
svg	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as svg
y_max_value	: int = None => The y-axis will stop at this value
erase_last_plt	: bool = True => If True, last plot is removed from matplotlib.pyplot display
transparent	: bool = True => Chart is exported with a transparent background
start_x_value	: int = $0 = >$ When x_legend is not given, the legend is processed automatically. This option allow you to select the first value in the x-axis.

6.9.1.5 make_heatmap()

```
def scripts.utilities.utilities.make_heatmap (
            list[list[int]] data,
            list x_legend = None,
            list y_legend = None,
            str title = None,
            str xlabel = None,
            str ylabel = None,
            bool show = False,
            str png = None,
            str tsv = None,
            str svg = None,
            bool erase_last_plt = True,
            int contain_number = None,
            str uniq_color = None,
            str cmap = "jet",
            int y_{max}value = None,
            bool transparent = True,
            int start_x_value = 0 )
```

Create a heatmap using a bunch of argument.

This function is made to assure a correct looking legend when used for snp.

Parameters

data	: list[int] => A list of integer
x_legend	: list = None => Values used to label the x-axis.
y_legend	: list = None => Values used to label the y-axis.
title	: str = None => A title for this chart
xlabel	: str = None => A title for the x-axis
ylabel	: str = None => A title for the y-axis
show	: bool = False => Do current plot will be displayed ?

Warning

this will stop program execution until the pop-up is closed.

Parameters

png	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as png
tsv	: str = None => Give a path to export data into a tsv.
svg	: str = None => Give a path to export the current plot as svg
erase_last_plt	: bool = True => If True, last plot is removed from matplotlib.pyplot memory
contain_number	: int = None => If greater or equal to 0, all cells will contain theirs values. if lower than 0, text in cell in automatically determined. If None, nothing happen.
uniq_color	: str = #a0a0a0 => HTML color code for text inside cells

Note

Only when contain_number is True

Parameters

y_max_value	: int = None => The y-axis will stop at this value
transparent	: bool = True => Chart is exported with a transparent background
start_x_value	: int = 0 => When x_legend is not given, the legend is processed automatically. This option allow you to select the first value in the x axis.
стар	: str = jet => Color mod. supported values are 'Accent,' 'Accent_r', 'Blues,' 'Blues_r', 'BrBG', 'BrBG_r', 'BuGn,' 'BuGn_r', 'BuPu', 'BuPu_r', 'CMRmap', 'CMRmap_r', 'Dark2, 'Dark2_r', 'GnBu,' 'GnBu_r', 'Grays', 'Greens_r', 'Greens_r', 'Greys,' 'Greys_r', 'OrRd', 'OrRd_r', 'Oranges', 'Oranges_r', 'PRGn', 'PRGn_r', 'Paired_r', 'Paired_r', 'Pastel1_r', 'Pastel2,' 'Pastel2_r', 'PiYG', 'PiYG_r', 'PuBu', 'PuBuGn', 'PuBuGn_r', 'PuBu_r', 'PuOr', 'PuOr_r', 'PuRd', 'PuRd_r', 'Purples', 'Purples_r', 'RdBu', 'RdBu_r', 'RdGy', 'RdGy_r', 'RdPu', 'RdPu_r', 'RdYlBu', 'RdYlBu_r', 'RdYlGn', 'RdYlGn', 'RdYlGn', 'Reds_r', 'Set1_r', 'Set2_r', 'Set2_r', 'Set3', 'Set3_r', 'Spectral_r', 'Wistia', 'Wistia_r', 'YlGn', 'YlGnBu', 'YlGnBu_r', 'YlGn_r', 'YlOrBr', 'YlOrBr_r', 'YlOrRd', 'YlOrRd_r', 'afmhot', 'afmhot_r', 'autumn', 'autumn_r', 'binary', 'binary_r', 'bone', 'bone_r', 'brg_r', 'bwr', 'bwr_r', 'cividis', 'cividis_r', 'cool', 'cool_r', 'coolwarm_r', 'copper_r', 'brg_r', 'bwr', 'bwr_r', 'cividis_r', 'cool', 'cool_r', 'gist_earth', 'gist_earth_r', 'gist_gray_r', 'gist_gray_r', 'gist_grey', 'gist_heat_r', 'gist_parg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gist_yarg_r', 'gray_r', 'gray_r', 'gray_r', 'grey', 'hot', 'hot_r', 'hsv', 'hsv_r', 'inferno,', 'inferno_r', 'jet_r', 'magma', 'magma_r', 'nipy_spectral', 'nipy_spectral_r', 'ocean_r', 'pink', 'pink_r', 'plasma', 'plasma_r', 'prism_r', 'rainbow', 'rainbow_r', 'seismic', 'seismic_r', 'spring_r', 'summer', 'summer_r', 'tab10', 'tab10_r', 'tab20', 'tab20_r', 'tab20b_r', 'tab20c', 'tab20c_r', 'terrain', 'terrain_r', 'turbo', 'turbo_r', 'twilight', 'twilight_r', 'twilight_shifted', 'twilight_shifted_r', 'viridis', 'viridis_r', 'winter', 'winter_r'

6.9.1.6 parse_line()

Turn a line form a flat File with its legend and turn it into a dictionary.

Parameters

legend	: Names all the line's columns. Example: ["A", "B", "C"]
line	: Contains all the line's values. Example: "1 $ 2 3 $ ", "1 $ 2 3$ "
separator	: The symbol that splits the line's values. Example: " ", "\n", "\t"

Returns

A dictionary composed of legend's values and line's values. Example (using previous examples): $\{ \text{"A": "1", "B": "2", "C": "3"} \}$

Note

The returned dict always contain the same number of object than legend.

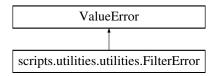
- If legend > line: part of the legend's values will point to an empty string
- If legend < line : part of the line will be ignored

Chapter 7

Class Documentation

7.1 scripts.utilities.utilities.FilterError Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for scripts.utilities.utilities.FilterError:



7.1.1 Detailed Description

An error raised by @ref extract_data_from_table when a filter_ raise an error

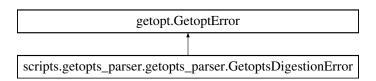
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• utilities.py

7.2 scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsDigestionError Class Reference

Error raised during the digestion of the dictionary that contain options.

Inheritance diagram for scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsDigestionError:



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7.2.1 Detailed Description

Error raised during the digestion of the dictionary that contain options.

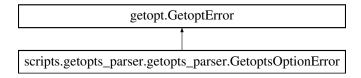
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

getopts_parser.py

7.3 scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsOptionError Class Reference

Error raised when there is an error with an option during the getopts.

Inheritance diagram for scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsOptionError:



7.3.1 Detailed Description

Error raised when there is an error with an option during the getopts.

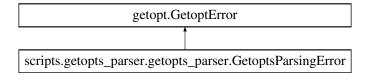
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· getopts_parser.py

7.4 scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsParsingError Class Reference

Error raised when there is an error during the parsing of a command-line.

Inheritance diagram for scripts.getopts parser.getopts parser.GetoptsParsingError:



7.4.1 Detailed Description

Error raised when there is an error during the parsing of a command-line.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· getopts_parser.py

Chapter 8

File Documentation

8.1 __init__.py File Reference

Namespaces

· scripts

8.2 __init__.py File Reference

Namespaces

· scripts.getopts_parser

8.3 __init__.py File Reference

Namespaces

· scripts.utilities

8.4 getopts_parser.py File Reference

Classes

- class scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsDigestionError Error raised during the digestion of the dictionary that contain options.
- class scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsOptionError

 Error raised when there is an error with an option during the getopts.
- class scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.GetoptsParsingError
 Error raised when there is an error during the parsing of a command-line.

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Namespaces

· scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser

Functions

any scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser_boolean_option (tuple[any, any] value_
 restriction=None, use_default=False)

Internal function used by getopts_parser.

any scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.getopts_parser_complex_option (value_restriction, value, use_
default=False)

Internal function used by getopts_parser.

bool or None scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.getopts_digester_check_item_endings (list[str] list_of_
 values, str last_char=":")

Check if the last char of each string in list_of_values is equal to last_char.

tuple[dict[str, tuple[any, any]], dict[str, str], dict[str, str], str, list[str]] scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.getopts_digest_availab
 (dict[str, tuple[any, any]] getopts_options, dict[str, any] dict_of_default_value=None)

Transform <code>getopts_options</code> into usable instruction for <code>getopts_retrieve_options</code> and assure that option's aliases are coherent.

• list[tuple[str, str]] scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.getopts_retrieve_options (list[str] argv, str short_
string, list[str] long_list, list[str] main_options)

Use a list of string from a command-line (e.g.

dict scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser (list[str] or str argv, dict[str, tuple[any, any]]
getopts_options, *str mandatory, fill_with_default_values=True)

Internal version of getopts.

Directly extract options from a command line into a dict.

Variables

- string scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.__author__ = "Marchal Florent"
- list scripts.getopts_parser.getopts_parser.__credits__ = ["Marchal Florent"]

8.5 main.py File Reference

Namespaces

main

Run scripts/snp_analyser.py.

8.6 README.md File Reference

8.7 snp_analyser.py File Reference

Create a number of chart related to snp (simple nucleotide polymorphism) analysis.

Namespaces

· scripts.snp_analyser

Functions

- def scripts.snp_analyser.help_usage ()
- bool scripts.snp_analyser.filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0 (str or int key, dict dictionary=None, bool include 0=True)

Test if the value in front of the key key inside dictionary can be cast into an integer bigger than 0.

- def scripts.snp_analyser.filter_integer_greater_or_equal_to_0_ignore_0 (str or int key, dict dictionary=None)
- dict[int, dict[str, int]] scripts.snp_analyser.compile_gene_snp (iter genes_snp, dict[int, dict[str, int]] dict_of_
 number=None, str group="None")

Extract the number of snp of all genes contained in genes_snp (snp = genes_snp 's values).

• (list[list[int]], list[int]) scripts.snp_analyser.make_data_matrix (dict[int, dict[str, int]] compiled_dict, str group, *str groups, bool simplified=True, int max_length=None, int start_value=1)

Use a compiled dict from compile_gene_snp to create a matrix of value.

- list[int] scripts.snp_analyser.generate_cumulative_list (list[int] or list[float] list_of_numbers, reversed_=False)

 Take a list of number and sum all values.
- int scripts.snp_analyser.main (str path, str name_column, str snp_column, str file_separator="\t", bool simplified=True, int max_length=None, str output_path="output", bool output_warning=True, str job_
 name=None, bool global_heatmap=True, bool quantitative_barchart=False, bool cumulative_barchart=False, bool cumulative_heatmap=False, bool tsv=False, bool png=False, bool show=False, bool svg=True, bool sort by name=True, bool uniform y=True, bool transparent=True, int show values=-1, bool start at 0=True)

Create a number of chart related to snp analysis.

• def scripts.snp_analyser.main_using_getopts (list[str] or str argv)

Variables

- string scripts.snp analyser. author = "Marchal Florent"
- list scripts.snp_analyser.__credits__ = ["Florent Marchal", "Vetea Jacot", "Concetta Burgarella", "Vincent Ranwez", "Nathalie Chantret"]
- dictionary scripts.snp_analyser.__getopts__

8.7.1 Detailed Description

Create a number of chart related to snp (simple nucleotide polymorphism) analysis.

8.7.1.1 to use this file

Python3 [Column that contain gene's names] [Column tha contain the number of snp] [path to a folder that contain your files] [options]

See string returned by snp charts.help usage() for information

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8.7.1.2 Charts

- Quantitative bar chart (-q): Show the number of gene (y) per number of snp (x)
- Cumulative bar chart (-c): Show the number of gene (y) that have at least n snp (x)
- Monoheatmap (-u): Cumulative bar chart but it's a heatmap
- global heatmap (-g): concatenation of all Monoheatmap

8.7.1.3 Formats

- as tsv (-t)
- as png (-k)
- as svg (-b)
- as a pop-up (-d)

8.7.2 **Author(s)**

• Created by Marchal Florent on 06/05/2024. This module has been made in 2024 during an internship at the UMR Agap, GE2pop (France, Montpellier)

8.7.3 Librairies/Modules

- os
- json
- · matplotlib.pyplot
- sys
- · getopts_parser
- utilities

8.8 test_getopts_parser.py File Reference

Namespaces

· scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser

Functions

• def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_simple_option ()

Test simple functionality of getopts_parser.

• def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_aliases ()

Test aliases functionality.

• def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_defaults_values ()

Test default value and cast.

def scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.test_all ()

Call each test functions.

Variables

- string scripts.getopts parser.test getopts parser. author = "Marchal Florent"
- list scripts.getopts_parser.test_getopts_parser.__credits__ = ["Marchal Florent"]

8.9 test_snp_analyser.py File Reference

Namespaces

· scripts.test snp analyser

Functions

- def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_greater_than_0_int_filter ()
- def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_compile_gene_snp ()
- def scripts.test snp analyser.test make data matrix ()
- def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_generate_cumulative_list ()
- def scripts.test_snp_analyser.test_all ()

8.10 utilities.py File Reference

Contain a number of function related to file reading and generation of figure using matplotlib.

Classes

· class scripts.utilities.utilities.FilterError

Namespaces

· scripts.utilities.utilities

Functions

• def scripts.utilities.utilities.export_list_in_tsv_as_rows (str path, *rows, file_mode="w", encoding="UTF-8", list y_legend=None, list x_legend=None)

Accept a number of list that represent rows of a tab and turn it into a tsv (flat file).

• def scripts.utilities.utilities.chart_export (list[list[int]] data, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, list x_legend=None, list y_legend=None, bool transparent=True)

Export the current chart.

dict[str, str] scripts.utilities.utilities.parse_line (list[str] legend, str line, str separator="\t")

Turn a line form a flat File with its legend and turn it into a dictionary.

• dict[str, any] scripts.utilities.utilities.extract_data_from_table (str path, str key, str value, str separator="\t", list legend=None, callable filter =None)

Read a table contained inside a flatFile (e.g.

def scripts.utilities.utilities.make_bar_char (list[int] data, list x_legend=None, bool x_legend_is_int=True, bool y_legend_is_int=True, str chart_name=None, str title=None, str xlabel=None, str ylabel=None, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, bool erase_last_plt=True, int y_max_value=None, bool transparent=True, int start_x_value=0)

Create a plt.bar using a bunch of argument.

def scripts.utilities.utilities.make_heatmap (list[list[int]] data, list x_legend=None, list y_legend=None, str title=None, str xlabel=None, str ylabel=None, bool show=False, str png=None, str tsv=None, str svg=None, bool erase_last_plt=True, int contain_number=None, str uniq_color=None, str cmap="jet", int y_max_\cup value=None, bool transparent=True, int start_x_value=0)

Create a heatmap using a bunch of argument.

File Documentation

8.10.1 Detailed Description

Contain a number of function related to file reading and generation of figure using matplotlib.

It's a toolbox for scripts/snp_analyser.py

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