

Game Theory and Quantum Computing

Exploring the Intersection of Two Revolutionary Fields

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What is Game Theory?

- ❑ Game Theory explores the ways individuals engage and decide.
- ❑ In strategic games, players select strategies that optimize their outcomes, considering the strategies chosen by others.
- ❑ Players, Strategies and Payoffs
- ❑ The mathematics of human interactions.
- ❑ E.g
 - ❑ Prisoner's Dilemma

History of Game Theory

- ❑ 1928: John von Neumann published “Theory of Parlor Games”
- ❑ 1950s: Nash Equilibrium
 - ❑ No player benefits from a change in strategy
- ❑ 1972: Evolutionary Game Theory, Smith and Price
- ❑ 2000s-Present: Influence of many fields. E.g.
 - ❑ Computer Science
 - ❑ Artificial Intelligence
 - ❑ Network Theory

What is Quantum Computing?

- ❑ Quantum computing leverages principles of quantum mechanics to perform computations
- ❑ Qubits
- ❑ Superposition
- ❑ Entanglement
- ❑ Quantum parallelism

Quantum Computing and Game Theory

- ❑ Extends classical game theory using quantum concepts
- ❑ Players can utilize quantum strategies for decision-making
- ❑ Players employ quantum operations as strategies
 - ❑ Quantum gates
- ❑ Introduces new dimensions to strategic decision-making
- ❑ Exploration of novel equilibria beyond classical Nash equilibrium
- ❑ Enhances analysis of complex, multi-agent systems.
- ❑ E.g.
 - ❑ Quantum Auctions
 - ❑ Quantum Key Distribution (QKD)

Real-World Applications

- ❑ Secure Communication
- ❑ Improved Fairness and Efficiency
- ❑ Optimizing Game-Theoretic Algorithms

Challenges and Future Directions

Challenges:

- ❑ Technical Difficulties in Building Quantum Computers
- ❑ Complexity in Understanding Quantum Strategies

Future Prospects:

- ❑ Advancements in Quantum Hardware
- ❑ New Theoretical Breakthroughs