Exercise 1

Step 1: Raw Table Unormalized This is the unnormalized relation directly from the form. Attributes : CustomerNumber, CustomerName, CustomerType, OrderDate, OrderTime, Employee, PartNumber, PartName, PartType, CageCode, UnitPrice, and QuantityOrdered.

		Parts Wa	arehouse		
Customer Name	e: Jeff Peterso	n		Date:	7/1/2024
Customer Num	ber: H G 54 587	_		Time:	10:30 a m
		_		Employee:	D. Harrison
Customer Type	: Con su m er				
Part Number	Name	Туре	Cage Code	Quantity Ordered	Unit Price
	Name Float Control	Type Plumbing	Cage Code G 4 13	Quantity Ordered 4	Unit Price
10654			_	· .	
10 4 56	Float Control	Plumbing	G413	4	
10 6 54 10 4 56 10 776	Float Control Modulator	Plumbing Electrical	G413 H 433	4	12 7

Happy Supplies

Step 2: 1NF

All attributes are atomic, and rows are uniquely identified by the composite PK. (Raw data was also already in 1NF)

OrderForm_1NF

CustomerNumber	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>PartNumber</u>	CustomerName	CustomerType	Employee	PartName	PartType	CageCode	QuantityOrdered	UnitPrice
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10654	Jeff Peterson	Consumer	D. Harrison	Float Control	Plumbing	G413	4	12
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10456	Jeff Peterson	Consumer	D. Harrison	Modulator	Electrical	H433	3	7
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10776	Jeff Peterson	Consumer	D. Harrison	Hose Assembly	Plumbing	G413	7	9
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10657	Jeff Peterson	Consumer	D. Harrison	Float Assembly	Plumbing	G413	5	10

		Step 3: 2NF			
(Customer	Split the table to rea	move partial depe	ndencies.	
	CustomerNumber	CustomerName	CustomerType		
	H654587	Jeff Peterson	Consumer		

Employee D. Harrison

Part				
<u>PartNumber</u>	PartName	PartType	CageCode	UnitPrice
10654	Float Control	Plumbing	G413	12
10456	Modulator	Electrical	H433	7
10776	Hose Assembly	Plumbing	G413	9
10657	Float Assembly	Plumbing	G413	10

CustomerNumber	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	Employee	
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	D. Harrison	
OrderLine				
CustomerNumber	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>PartNumber</u>	QuantityOrdere
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10654	4
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10456	3
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10776	7
H654587	7/1/2024	10:30am	10657	5

Each non-key attribute depends fully on its table's PK. Partial dependencies have been eliminated.

Step 4: 3NF (marked FK) 2NF already satisfy the requirements of 3NF because there are no transitive dependencies

Customer		
CustomerNumber	CustomerName	CustomerType
H654587	Jeff Peterson	Consumer

Employee D. Harrison

Part				
PartNumber	PartName	PartType	CageCode	UnitPrice
10654	Float Control	Plumbing	G413	12
10456	Modulator	Electrical	H433	7
10776	Hose Assembly	Plumbing	G413	9
10657	Float Assembly	Plumbing	G413	10

H654587

H654587

H654587

CustomerNumber	Date	Time	PartNumber	QuantityOr
OrderLine				
				J

7/1/2024

7/1/2024

10:30am 10654

10:30am 10456

10:30am 10776

10:30am 10657

Assumptions: 1. A customer can place multiple orders.

CustomerNumber, Date, and Time.

2. An order can contain multiple parts. 3. Each part is uniquely identified by PartNumber. 4. Each part has only one PartName, PartType, CageCode, and UnitPrice.

5. A cage code identifies the storage location of one or more 6. Employees can serve any customer (no special relationship between specific employees and customers). 7. An order is uniquely identified by the combination of

3N relations: (I Itaclized the FK hopefully its easy to

see through pdf)

Customer(CustomerNumber PK, CustomerName,

• Order (Customer Number PK/FK, Date PK, Time PK,

Time PK/FK, PartNumber PK/FK, QuantityOrdered)

OrderLine(CustomerNumber PK/FK, Date PK/FK,

Part(PartNumber PK, PartName, PartType,

CustomerType)

Employee FK)

Employee(Employee PK)

CageCode, UnitPrice)

Step 2: 1NF All values are atomic and identified by the composite PK.

S1032 Richard Levin

TherapistAppointment staffNotherapistNamepatNopatNameappointmentDateappointmentTimebranchNo M15 S1011 Fred Smith 12:00 M15 P105 Jill Baker S1024 Heidi Pierce 10:00 Q10 Andy McKee S1024 Heidi Pierce P108 9/14/2022 14:00 Q10 16:30 M15

P105 Jill Baker 9/14/2022 16:30 M15

Exercise 2

Assumptions:

4. A therapist may work at multiple branches across different

staffNo, patNo, appointmentDate, appointmentTime.

5. An appointment is uniquely identified by the combination of

7. Therapist names and patient names are dependent only on

6. A patient can have multiple appointments in one day and with

1. Each therapist is uniquely identified by staffNo.

3. Each branch is uniquely identified by branchNo.

2. Each patient is uniquely identified by patNo.

days, but only at one branch per day.

different therapists.

their respective IDs.

B13

18:00

Step 1: Raw Table

Attributes: staffNo, therapistName, patNo, patName, appointmentDate,

appointmentTime, branchNo

P105 | Jill Baker

| S1032 | Richard Levin | P110 | Jimmy Winter | 9/15/2022 | 18:00 | B13

Step 3: 2NF (remove partial dependencies)

• therapistName is dependent on staffNo, where staffNo is only part of the composite

• patName is dependent on patNo, patNo is only part of the composite PK. branchNo depends on the combination of staffNo + appointmentDate, not the full composite PK.

• Move therapistName into a new Therapist relation with staffNo as PK. Move patName into a new Patient relation with patNo as PK. • Keep branchNo in the Appointment relation (since it depends on staffNo + appointmentDate). • The remaining Appointment relation now has only full dependencies on the

Therapist staffNo therapistName S1011 Fred Smith S1024 Heidi Pierce

S1032 Richard Levin

composite PK.

Patient patName P100 Lily White P105 Jill Baker P108 Andy McKee P108 Andy McKee P105 Jill Baker

Jimmy Winter

M15 M15 Q10 Q10 M15 B13
M15 Q10 Q10 M15
Q10 Q10 M15
Q10 M15
M15
B13

P105

Appointment						
staffNo	<u>patNo</u>	<u>appointmentDate</u>	appointmentTime	branchNo		
S1011	P100	9/12/2022	10:00	M15		
S1011	P105	9/12/2022	12:00	M15		
S1024	P108	9/12/2022	10:00	Q10		
S1024	P108	9/14/2022	14:00	Q10		
S1032	P105	9/14/2022	16:30	M15		
S1032	P105	9/15/2022	18:00	B13		

TherapistName depends only on staffNo, patName depends only on patNo, and branchNo depends on staffNo + appointmentDate. Partial dependencies are removed

Step 4: 3NF (The 2NF relations already satisfy 3NF because there are no transitive dependencies, itaclized FK)

<u>staffNo</u>	therapistName
S1011	Fred Smith
S1024	Heidi Pierce
S1032	Richard Levin

Final 3NF Relations Therapist(staffNo PK, therapistName) Patient(patNo PK, patName) Branch(branchNo PK) Appointment(staffNo PK/FK, patNo PK/FK, appointmentDate PK, appointmentTime PK, branchNo FK)

	. `	
<u>p</u>	atNo	patName
	P100	Lily White
	P105	Jill Baker
I	P108	Andy McKee
I	P108	Andy McKee
	P105	Jill Baker
	P105	Jimmy Winter

M15 M15 Q10 Q10 M15 B13	Branch branchNo
Q10 Q10 M15	
Q10 M15	M15
M15	Q10
	Q10
B13	M15
	B13

Appointment

Дрропп	IIICIII			
staffNo	<u>patNo</u>	appointmentDate	appointmentTime	branchNo
S1011	P100	9/12/2022	10:00	M15
S1011	P105	9/12/2022	12:00	M15
S1024	P108	9/12/2022	10:00	Q10
S1024	P108	9/14/2022	14:00	Q10
S1032	P105	9/14/2022	16:30	M15
S1032	P105	9/15/2022	18:00	B13

Exercise 3 Step 1: Raw Table Attributes: eNo, eName, contractNo, hours,

eventNo, eventLoc

1135 C1024 16 Smith J H25 Queens C1024 24 Hocine D H25 Queens 1068 C1025 28 White T H4 Yonkers C1025 15 Smith J H4 Yonkers 1135 | C1026 | 10 | Smith J | H25 | Queens |

All values are atomic and partial dependencies exist (eName depends only on eNo, eventLoc depends only on eventNo).

Assumptions

2. Each employee has one name (eName), which depends only

4. Each contract belongs to one specific event, identified by

6. Hours worked are tied to a specific employee on a specific

5. Each event is uniquely identified by eventNo and has a

1. Each employee is uniquely identified by eNo.

location (eventLoc).

3. Each contract is uniquely identified by contractNo.

EmployeeContract hours eName eventNo eventLoc Queens 1057 C1024 24 Hocine D Queens C1025 28 Yonkers C1025 Yonkers 1135 C1026 10 H25 Queens

Step 2 : 3NF

 eName depends only on eNo, which is part of the composite PK (eNo, contractNo). This is a partial dependency. eventLoc depends only on eventNo, not on the full composite PK. Each contractNo applies to exactly one eventNo. This means contractNo \rightarrow eventNo.

 Create an Employee table so that eName depends only on eNo. Create an Event table so that eventLoc depends only on eventNo. Create a Contract table to link contractNo with its event. Create a WorkHours table that records the relationship between employees and contracts, along with hours worked.

ployee	
<u>eNo</u>	eName
1135	Smith J
1057	Hocine D
1068	White T
1135	Smith J
1135	Smith J

<u>eventNo</u>	eventLoc
H25	Queens
H25	Queens
H4	Yonkers
H4	Yonkers
H25	Queens

Contract	
contractNo	eventNo
C1024	H25
C1024	H25
C1025	H4
C1025	H4
C1026	H25

WorkHour			
<u>eNo</u>	<u>contractNo</u>	hours	
1135	C1024	16	
1057	C1024	24	
1068	C1025	28	
1135	C1025	15	
1135	C1026	10	

Each non-key attribute now fully depends on the whole PK of its table.

Step 4: 3NF (The 2NF relations already satisfy 3NF because there are no transitive dependencies, itaclized FK)

Employee	
<u>eNo</u>	eName
1135	Smith J
1057	Hocine D
1068	White T
1135	Smith J
1135	Smith J

Event

Final 3NF Relations Employee(eNo PK, eName) Event(eventNo PK, eventLoc) Contract(contractNo PK, eventNo FK) WorkHours(eNo PK/FK, contractNo PK/FK,

eventLoc Queens Queens Yonkers

Contract	
contractNo	eventNo
C1024	H25
C1024	H25
C1025	H4
C1025	H4

Yonkers

Queens

orkHour		
<u>eNo</u>	<u>contractNo</u>	hours
1135	C1024	16
1057	C1024	24
1068	C1025	28
1135	C1025	15
1135	C1026	10