

$$1) \lambda x.(MN) =_B S(\lambda x.M)(\lambda x.N)$$

$$S = \lambda x \lambda y \lambda z. x(yz)$$

$$S(\lambda x.M)(\lambda x.N) =_B$$

$$\lambda x. (\lambda x.M) x (\lambda x.N) x =_B$$

$$\lambda x. (MN)$$

$$2) \text{ xor} = \lambda a b \lambda x y. a(bxy) (byx)$$

Let's prove that it is xor.

a	b	result
false	false	$\lambda xy. y = \text{false}$
false	true	$\lambda xy. x = \text{true}$
true	false	$\lambda xy. x = \text{true}$
true	true	$\lambda xy. y = \text{false}$

For commutativity

$$\lambda a b \lambda x y. a(bxy) (\lambda b a \lambda x y. b(ayx)(axy))$$

the table is:

a	b	result
false	false	$\lambda xy. y = \text{false}$
false	true	$\lambda xy. x = \text{true}$
true	false	$\lambda xy. x = \text{true}$
true	true	$\lambda xy. y = \text{false}$

If a then result is not b
If not a then result is b

$$5) \text{mult} = \lambda mnf. m(nf)$$

$$1 = \text{id}$$

$$\text{mult } 1 \text{ } n = \lambda f. \text{id}(nf) = \lambda f. nf = n.$$

$$\text{mult } m \text{ } 1 = \lambda f. m(\text{id}f) = \lambda f. mf = m.$$

In a way, we ~~ap~~ iterate function n times and then m more, $m-n$ in total.

$$4) \text{pair} = \lambda xyf. fxy$$

$$\text{fst} = \lambda p. p \text{ true}$$

$$\text{snd} = \lambda p. p \text{ false}$$

$$\text{succ} = \lambda nfx. f(hfx)$$

$$\text{factorial} = n (\lambda p. \text{pair succ } \lambda n. \text{snd } (n (\lambda p. \text{pair (succ (fst p)) (fst p (snd p)) (pair false id id id)) \text{mult (fst p) (snd p)}))$$

we iterate n times each time multiplying second element by number of iteration and then taking second element as a result.

$$\text{factorial } 3 = \text{snd} (3 (\lambda p. \text{pair} (\text{succfst} (\text{fst } p)) \text{fst } p) (\text{mult} (\text{fst } p) (\text{snd } p)))$$

$$(\lambda p. p \text{ false}) (\lambda x. f(f x))$$

$$(\lambda p f. f (\text{succ } \lambda f_1 x. f_1 (\lambda p_1 p (\lambda x y. x)) f_1))$$

$$(\lambda f_1. (p (\lambda x y. x)) ((p (\lambda x y. y)) f_1))$$

$$(\lambda f_1. f_1 (\lambda p_1. p_1) (\lambda p_1. p_1))$$

$$3) \text{ pred } n = \lambda n. \text{snd} (n$$

$$\text{pred} = \lambda n. n (\text{succ } \lambda x. \text{succ } x) \text{ false}$$