Grade received 100% Latest Submission Grade 100% To pass 80% or higher

- **1.** Why do models become more complex?
 - To increase accuracy.
 - O To reduce GPU usage.
 - To cut down costs.
 - O To minimize latency.

✓ Correct

Absolutely! We apply more complex model architectures that allow including more features to increase accuracy.

1/1 point

1/1 point

⊘ Correct

2. What is the difference between optimizing and satisficing metrics?

Nailed it! First, aim to improve the model's predictive power until the infrastructure reaches a specific latency threshold. Then, assess the results to approve the model or continue working on it.

Optimizing metrics estimate the speed of the model's prediction latency while satisficing metrics deal with its precision.

- () C-----
 - **Correct**Right on! A good choice for millisecond read latencies on slowly changing data where storage scales automatically.
- ☐ Amazon RDS
- Google Cloud Memorystore

Google Cloud Firestore

✓ Correct

That's right! This database is a good choice for achieving sub-millisecond read latencies on a limited amount of quickly changing data retrieved by a few thousand clients.

- Amazon DynamoDB
- Correct
 Excellent! Amazon DynamoDB is a scalable low-read latency database with an in-memory cache.

4.	True Or False: The main advantage of deploying a model in a large data center accessed by a remote call is that you can disregard costs in favor of model complexity.	1/1 point
	False	
	O True	
	Correct Exactly! For example, Google constantly looks for ways to improve its resource utilization and reduce costs in its applications and data centers.	
5.	True Or False: As a rule, you should opt for on-device inference whenever possible.	1/1 point
	True	
	○ False	
	Correct Absolutely! Following this general rule enhances the user experience by reducing the app's response time. There are exceptions, though, such as medical diagnosis, in which the model must be as accurate as possible, and latency is not that important.	