

3. Dados  $v = (-1, 2, 0)$ ,  $w = (2, -3, -1)$  y  $u = (1, -1, 1)$ , verificar que:

$$\langle 2v + 3w, -u \rangle = -2\langle v, u \rangle - 3\langle w, u \rangle$$

Calculemos ambos miembros por separado:

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 2v + 3w, -u \rangle &= \langle 2(-1, 2, 0) + 3(2, -3, -1), -(1, -1, 1) \rangle \\ &= \langle (4, -5, -3), (-1, 1, -1) \rangle \\ &= 4(-1) + (-5)(1) + (-3)(-1) \\ &= \underline{\underline{-6}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}-2\langle v, u \rangle - 3\langle w, u \rangle &= -2\langle (-1, 2, 0), (1, -1, 1) \rangle - 3\langle (2, -3, -1), (1, -1, 1) \rangle \\ &= (-2)(-3) + (-3)(4) \\ &= 6 - 12 = \underline{\underline{-6}}\end{aligned}$$

Por lo tanto,  $\langle 2v + 3w, -u \rangle = -2\langle v, u \rangle - 3\langle w, u \rangle$