3. Demostrar que en  $(\mathbb{C}, +, \cdot)$  se cumple:

(a) 
$$\overline{\overline{z}} = z$$
  $\forall i = a+bi \Rightarrow \overline{\overline{z}} = \overline{a+bi} = \overline{a+bi} = a+bi = \overline{z}$ 

(b) 
$$\overline{z_1 + z_2} = \overline{z_1} + \overline{z_2}$$
 5:  $z_1 = a + bi$   $y$   $z_2 = c + di$ ,  $\overline{z_1 + z_2} = (\overline{a + bi}) + (c + di) = \overline{(a + c) + i(b + d)} = (a + c) - i(b + d)$ 

$$\overline{z_1} + \overline{z_2} = \overline{a + bi} + \overline{c + di} = a - bi + c - di = (a + c) - i(b + c)$$

(c) 
$$\overline{z_1 z_2} = \overline{z_1} \overline{z_2}$$
 Si  $\overline{z_1} = a + bi$   $\overline{z_2} = c + di$ ,  $\overline{z_1} \overline{z_2} = \overline{(a + bi)(c + di)} = \overline{(ac + bd) + i(ad - bc)} = (ac - bd) - i(ad + bc)$ 

$$\overline{z_1} \overline{z_2} = \overline{a + bi} \overline{c + di} = (a - bi)(c - di) = (ac - bd) - i(ad + bc)$$

(d) 
$$|\bar{z}| = |z|$$
  $\leq i \ z = a + bi, \ |\bar{z}| = |\overline{a + bi}| = |a - bi| = \sqrt{a^2 + (-b)^2} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = |z|$ 

(e) 
$$z\bar{z} = |z|^2$$
  $\leq i = a + 6i, z = (a + 6i) = (a + 6i) = (a + 6i) = a^2 - 6i^2 = a^2 + 6^2 = |z|^2$ 

(f) 
$$z^{-1} = \frac{1}{|z|^2} \bar{z}, \ \forall z \neq 0$$

Si z = a+bi, 
$$z^{-1} = (a+bi)^{-1} = \frac{1}{a+bi} = \frac{1}{a+bi} \cdot \frac{a-bi}{a-bi} = \frac{a-bi}{(a+bi)(a-bi)} = \frac{a-bi}{a^2+b^2} = \frac{2}{|z|} = \frac{1}{|z|}$$

(g)  $|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$ .

Si 
$$Z_1 = a+bi$$
 y  $Z_2 = c+di$ ,  

$$\begin{vmatrix} Z_1 Z_2 \end{vmatrix} = |(a+bi)(c+di)| = |(ac-bd)+i(ad+bc)| = \sqrt{(ac-bd)^2+(ad+bc)^2} = \sqrt{(ac)^2+(bd)^2-2acbd+(ad)^2+(bc)^2+2acbd} \\
= \sqrt{(ac)^2+(bd)^2+(ad)^2+(bc)^2} = \sqrt{(a^2+b^2)(c^2+d^2)} = \sqrt{a^2+b^2} + \sqrt{c^2+d^2} = |a+bi|+|c+di| \\
= |Z_1|+|Z_2|$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{(h)} & |z| \geq |\Re \mathfrak{e}(z)| \text{ y } |z| \geq |\Im \mathfrak{m}(z)| & \leq_i \ \ z = \text{a+bi}, & |z| = \sqrt{\delta^2 + b^2} & \geqslant \sqrt{\delta^2} = \delta = \operatorname{Re}(z) \\ & |z| = \sqrt{\delta^2 + b^2} & \geqslant \sqrt{b^2} = \delta = \operatorname{Im}(z) \end{array}$$

(i) 
$$z+\overline{z}=2\Re \mathfrak{e}(z)$$
. Si  $\overline{z}=a+bi$ ,  $\overline{z}+\overline{z}=a+bi+a-bi=2a=2\operatorname{Re}(z)$