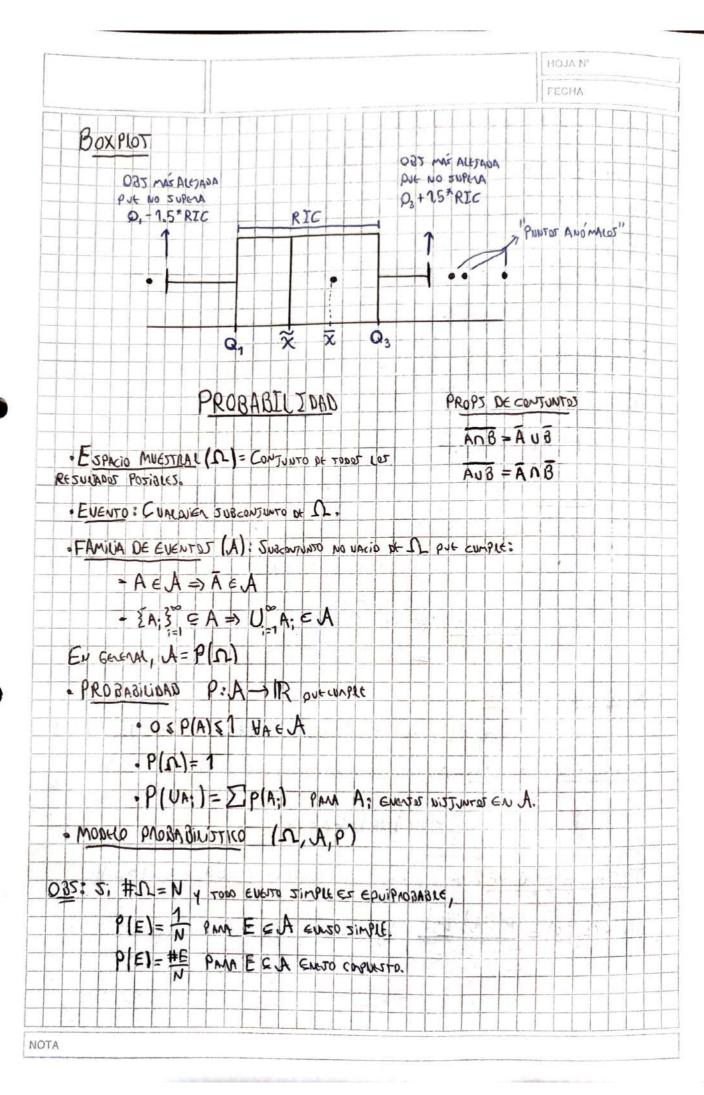
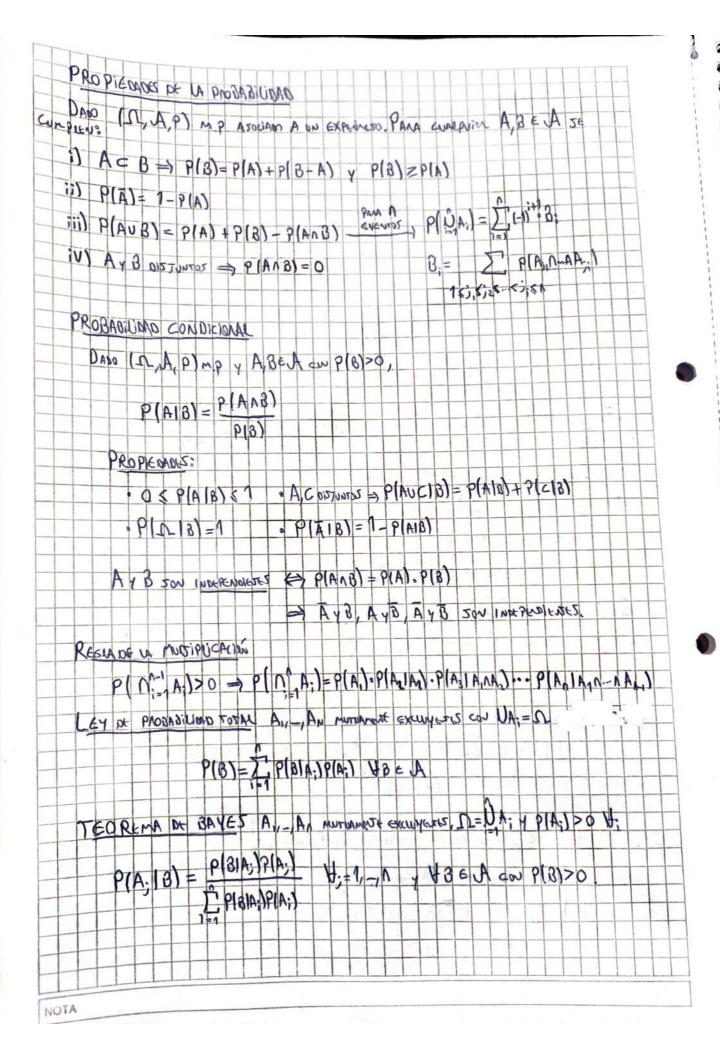


· Mc	BUE CONTUNIED DE DATOS
Alasi	o Promedio Muestral:
	$\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \frac{\hat{\Sigma}_{\mathbf{x}_i}}{\mathbf{x}_i}$
PERMIN	FZ MNEZZVATEZ (BENCENZIS 1 -> 18 OF TO DOLD UZONENOW)
·We	DIANA MUETNAL
	(X12)+X12+1) 5, N ESPM
	X (NE) SI N ET IMPAR
000	
1 1 1	imen charle y Tercen EVANTIL
	Q1 = { mediana { x(i): 1 < 1 < \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \f
	MEDIANN & XI): 18 8 2 3 21 V EZ MANV
	Q3 = { mediana{X1;1} = 1+1 < 1 < 1 } 5; 1 & E5 PAN
	Appino { X1,7; At 6; < 1 } 5; 1 & 13AN
RANGON	NUESTIAL: X11)-X11)
140:142	MINESTARY: 52 = 1. [(x; - x)2), (0.005) (0.005)
VAKIANTA	MUESTARL: S= +. ) (x; -x) COMEGIAS CAMEIA A POL N-1
Desivio 6	ESTANDAR MUESTIAL: JSZ = SA
0E3070 C	J. J
RANGO IN	STEACHASIL: RIC=Q3-Q,
COLFICIE	ENTE DE MANAJÓN: CV = Sn. 100%
P x=5x3	$y = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} $ $y = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} $

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FUNCION DE DISTRIBUCIÓN ACUTULADA (5.1.0)  TEAL, F: R-1617 DESIMINA COPO:  F(X) = P(X \leq X) V \times R  V.A. DISTRETA (D.A.P) Y X: D-1 R  TOWN ON MUNICIPO SINTEO O 1105. NOVERCARTE OF UNLONES CON PROB. PROTINGA.  D35: SI SOLO TOWN DE UNCOLUS CON PROB. PROTINGA Y P = P(X-1) - X DISTRIBUE BEAUGUI, DE PROBABILIDAD DE MASA (5.9.M)  [D, A.P.) M.P., X V: Q.D.  FUNCION DE PROBABILIDAD DE MASA (5.9.M)  p: R-1017 DANA PAN P(X)=P(X=X) VIXER  D35: TM(X)= Eai}; T=W  . F(a)=P(X=A) = D P(X)  PROPS DE U S.A.Q.  O S. F(X) E 1 VXER  . FET MONOSTUMA CAPCIOSTE  . DOFF(X)= D Y DF(X)=1 . ESEAQUINDA DISDUSTINUM CU IMIX)  . SAOT  . P(A)=F(X)=F(A), P(A; X 5 b) = F(b)-P(X 5 A)  . P(A; S A; 1) H; \Rightarrow P(A)=F(A), P(A; X 5 b) = F(b)-P(X 5 A)  . P(A; S A; 1) H; \Rightarrow P(A)=F(A), P(A; X 5 b) = F(b)-P(X 5 A)	VARIABLE ALEATO	( er v.o. s; )	(:∩→R y	Eme U: XIm	A 3 Exa	Hx = IR
F(x) = $P(x \le x)$ $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ V.A. DISTRETA $(\Omega, A, P)$ $(X \le \Omega)$ $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ + TOLA WE WRITE OF INS. NOME ARE TO WALLACE CON PROB. PROTECT.  D25: SI SOLD TOLA DE WAGNET ON PROB POSTITION $(X, P) = P(X-1) \rightarrow X$ DISTRIBUTE BEAUDUL, $(X, P) = P(X-1) \rightarrow X$ DISTRIBUTE DE WASA $(X, P) = X$	FUNCIÓN DE DISTRIBUE	136 AUMUUA (	5.2.91			
V.A. DISCRETA $(\Omega, A, P)$ y $X: \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$ TOWN IN NUMBER SINFO O INS. NUMERABLE OF UNLOKES CON PROB. PROTOCOL.  O25: SI 5010 TOWN DES WACALLY CAN PROB. POSTYLIA Y PEP(X=1) $\to X$ DISCRETABLE BELLOWI, IN PARAMETRO P. $(\Omega, A, P) \land P$ , $(X, Y) \land P$ , $(X, $	v, a., F: [R-[0,1]	ptsining and:				
Town un number sints of the number and a unlares can find permut.  O35: Si 5010 town for interest con prob position of permutation p.  In, upply, $X$ via. D.  Function of probability of mash for $P(X) = P(X = 1) \rightarrow X$ distribute p.  Principle of probability of mash for $P(X) = P(X = X)$ the $P(X) = P(X = X)$ the $P(X) = P(X) = P(X)$ the $P(X) = P(X)$ the	F(x	)= P(X & x)	¥x€R			
035: 5: 5010 TOWN BOT MICHAET CON PASS POSITION Y P=P(X=1) - X BISTARDER BEAUDULIE PROGRESSION OF PROBABILIDAD DE MASA (E.P.M)  P: $\mathbb{R}$ - $\mathbb{C}$ (1) DADA PON $\mathbb{P}$ (X)= $\mathbb{P}$ (X=X) $\mathbb{R}$ - $\mathbb{C}$ (1) DADA PON $\mathbb{P}$ (X)= $\mathbb{P}$ (X=X) $\mathbb{R}$ - $\mathbb{C}$ (1) DADA PON $\mathbb{P}$ (X)= $\mathbb{P}$ (X=X) $\mathbb{R}$ - $\mathbb{C}$ (1) DADA PON $\mathbb{P}$ (X)= $\mathbb{P}$ (X)= $\mathbb{R}$ \tag{2} \tag{3}: \tag{1} \tag{1} \tag{2} \tag{3}: \tag{1}	V.A. DISMETA LI	X , (9, A, 1	12-1R			
PARAMETRO P. $ \Omega, \mu, \rho  \to \rho$ , $X = 0$ .  FUNCTION OF PROBABILIDAD OF MASA (5.9.M) $ \rho: \mathbb{R} \to [0,1] $ of the for $ \rho(x)  = P(x = x)$ by $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq W$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq W$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq W$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq W$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq W$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq M(x)\}$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = T \subseteq M(x)\}$ $ \mathcal{D}_{SS}: TM(x)  = \{\alpha_i\}_{i \in I} = \{\alpha_i\}$	TOTA UN AUTEN	FINTO O INF. N	omerases of har	encs con pro	a. Permia.	
FUNCTION DE PROBABILIDAD DE MASA (F.P.M)  P: $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0,1]$ DE PARA PON $P(X) = P(X = X)$ High $\mathbb{R}$ DEST: $T_{M}(X) = \{\alpha_{i}\}_{i \in I}$ $T \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ PROPS DE U. F. B. Q.  PROPS DE U. F. Q.  PROPS DE U. F. B. Q.  PROPS DE U. F. B. Q.  PROPS DE U. F.	032: 2: 2010 20	a por moner co	phoe Positica y	p=P(X=1)-	> X DISTRIBUTED PARAMETRO	BENDOLL OF
FLUCTON DE PROBABILIDAD DE MASA (5.P.M)  p: $\mathbb{R} \to [0,1]$ dana for $p(x) = P(X = x)$ $\forall X \in \mathbb{R}$ $0 \neq X : T_{m}(x) = \{\alpha_{i}\}_{i \in I} T \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ $\sum_{i \in I} P(a_{i}) = 1$ $P(a_{i}) = P(x \in A) = \sum_{i \in I} P(x)$ $P(a_{i}) = 1$ $P(a_{i}) = P(x \in A) = \sum_{i \in I} P(x)$ $P(a_{i}) = 1$ $P(a_{i}) = P(x \in A)$ $P(a_{i}) = P(x)$ $P(a_{i}) = P(a_{i})$ $P(a_{i}) = P(a_{i})$ $P(a_{i}) = P(a_{i})$	10,AP1A2	X v.a.D.				
p: $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0,1]$ or the form $p(x) = P(x = x)$ that $\mathbb{R}$ OBS: $T_{M}(x) = \xi \alpha_{i} \xi_{i}$ and $T \subseteq M$ $\sum_{i \in I} P(\alpha_{i}) = 1$ of $F(\alpha) = P(x \in \alpha_{i}) = \sum_{x \in [\alpha_{i}]} P(x)$ that $X \in \mathbb{R}$ PROPS by $G(x) \in \mathbb{R}$ of $G(x) \in \mathbb{R}$ O			F.P.M)			
QBS: $T_{M}(x)=\{\alpha_{i}\}_{i\in I}$ $T\subseteq M$ $\sum_{i\in I}P\{a_{i}\}=1$ $P\{\alpha_{i}\}=P\{x\in \alpha_{i}\}=P\{x\in \alpha_{i}\}=1$ $P\{\alpha_{i}\}=P\{x\in \alpha_{i}\}=1$ $P\{\alpha_{i}\}=P\{x\in \alpha_{i}\}=1$ $P\{\alpha_{i}\}=1$				txeR		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
PROPS BY $(x, y, y, z)$ O $(x + y, y, z)$ O $(x + y, z)$ O	5.29.5-1	F/a/=	P(xsa)= )	Plx) Ya	ftz.	
PROPS BY $(x, y, z)$ .  O $(x, y, z)$ $(y, z)$	ięI		120	1		
• $0 \le F(x) \le 1 \ \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ • $F \in F$ monotona caecieste  • $9 = F(x) = 0$ • $9 = F(x) = 1$ • Escanonara inscontinua on $Im(x)$ • $9 = F(x) = F(x)$ • $9 = F(x) = P(x < x)$ • $9 = F(x) = F(x)$ • $9 = F(x$	PROPS DE M F. J. A	710				
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		eR F	T MONOTONA CAE	CIOTE		
$\frac{9}{x+\alpha} = F(\alpha) + \frac{1}{x+\alpha} = P(x+\alpha)$ $\frac{9}{x+\alpha} = \frac{1}{x+\alpha} + \frac{1}{x+\alpha} + \frac{1}{x+\alpha} = \frac{1}{x+\alpha} + $					101	
• 9, < 9, +1 \ + => 9(0,)=F(9,) P(0,+1)=F(9,+1)-F(9,)				100 1	WIYI	14-14
	x+0+ F(x)= F(0x)	1 9-F(x)=	(1×x)			1 1
	9, < 9, H ) = (	(a.)= F(a.)	19:11=F19. 1	-F(2.)		
					IV - O S	
			1 (4/2/4/9)	- F(0)- P	1428)	

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THUE A O WALON MENIO	
X TO C IN(X)= {X;} = Y	0 5 u 5 0 n
$E(x) = \sum_{i \in I} x_i p(x_i) =$	
PNO?	
$E(hhi) = \sum_{h(x_i)} p(x_i)$	, E(ax+b) = a.E(x)+b
VARIANTA	DESUIACIÓN ESTÁNDAR
$\sigma^2 = V(x) = E(x - \mu)^2$	$6 = \sqrt{\sqrt{x}}$
967	
	2 2410
. 0 < A(X) = E(X) - E(X)	
092: X BENOMEN BE LYWALD => E(X	J=9 y J(X)=9(1-9)
NISTA (2001)	
DISTNOVIE RELOUGING	
· O ENSAYE INDEPENDINGES.	X=" no be exited for V EnzyAd2,"
· P = P(E) CONSTANTEEN C/EN	SAYO X~BIn,P)
( ( x ) px (1-p) n-x	05X5V • E(X)=N-9
P(X) = ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	
	$C.C \qquad V(X) = 1.7.(1-7)$
DIZZNBUCION DE POIZZON	5 6 W @2 61K1 = 2 6 Y K 8 0
X~P(X) con N>0 51 50	5. P.M &5 PIK) = { O C.C
$E(x) = \lambda = V(x)$	
A PROXIMACIÓN POR POISSON ABINO	
$O[X' = K] \approx 6.\frac{K}{K}$	CN N-10, N2100, PEO,01 Y N7820
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DISTNOUCION HIPER GEOM	ETNICA	-				. 50 011	
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· M EXITOS Y N-M FA	ACASOS	ΧN	H(n,r	1,11			
MIKSTAA OF TANADO I	n-						
JU 5, P.M 65				1			4444
( (W ( N-W		VEO DAN	-N ? 5 K	& mulmi	1		
$b(K) = \begin{cases} \frac{(N)}{N-K} \\ \frac{(N)}{N-K} \end{cases}$	J MA	X (0,1,1,1				+++	
		c.c		1			
0							
· E(X)=n· M · V(X)	= 0/10/1/1	M/1	V-n				
N T	I N III	N	V-) ,			+++	
APROX DE H POR B		+++		1		1 = 14	
S: N<0,05N,	M 1-N	NO 54	w Parrias	A O.		+++	1111
S: 11 C 0,05 N /	NY	, ,,	V TIOXII O				
P(X-K)=	(K) PK 17-P	1					
DISTNBUCION BINOMIAL A	LEGATIVA	+					
· SECUENCIA DE GISAYOS IA	ermound	X	" Nº DE	F put PRAC	CEDEN EC	r-esimo	EXITO"
·C/v es Eo F		X	~ BNI	T. 91			
· P(E)= P CONSTANTE							
· SE FRENA AL DOTHER P	EIN EXITOR	. , 7	7				
SUFP.MES	(r+K-1)p	[12-8)K	KEIN			. X	V P
PIK) = <	1 5-1 1	1111			-3		
			c.C		87.		
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1		4 4 2	140	N x X	1 1 1	
· E(X)= -(n-8) · VI	X)- 1-9						
	F					1	
	- /						
				1 9			

VARIABLES ALEATORIAS CONTINUAS SEA XUNA V. OL SOUR IN. M.P). X ES UNA V. OL. & S. P(X=x)=0 Hx & R 035 Ju E.J. 0 F(X)= P(X<X) i) Plas X & B) = ? 10 x x x b) = Plas x & b) = Pla < x < b) = F(B) - F(a) Yarbell 11) P(XZQ)= 1-FID) HaUTR PAOP A, EA, E...C., => P(OA;)= == P(A) B, 2B, 2... 2... +> P(BB) = 2 P(B) POPS IN LA 5.2.00 (F) IN UNG V.O.C. · F ES NONOTONA CHEONE . F ES CONTINUA en TR 2- FUX1=1 y 9- F(X)=0 FUNCION DE DINSIAND DE PROBADILIDAD (F.J.P) 5:1R->1R20 TQ 55472+=1 V. On ABSORUTA MCJE CONTINUA SU F. J. A ESTÁ PADA POL F(x)= 5=(+)2+ Vx=1R, EM 9 UND 5.1.P. 035 P(a5X5b) = )5/4/4t 0852 5(X)= F(X) DONNE EXISTA, O C.C. PERCENTE POO O CHANTER P: VALOR M(P) TO F(M(P)) = P 092 2: A= 0x+P 1 WX(3) -> WX(6)= 2 0 WX(6) +P 1820 Jan 11-17+ 6,900 ESPENDITA M-EIX)= )XFIXIEX SINIX = TOOC => EINIX)= ) HIXI FIXI dx VARIANZA = U(X) = SIX-MY SIXIZX = EIX2)-E(X) · E(aX+b) = a E(X)+b, V(aX+b)- 22 V(X) DESTINATION ESTANDAN 6=102

NOTA

DISTRIBUCION UNIFORME  $X \sim V[a,b]$  5: 50 5 d.p ES  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & \chi \in [a,b] \\ 0 & c.c \end{cases}$ LUEGO, JU S.J.A. ES:  $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < \alpha, \\ \frac{x-\alpha}{6-\alpha} & x \in [\alpha, 6) \\ 1 & x \ge 6 \end{cases}$ Proposición Si XNUTO,7] · Mx(P) - P + PE (0,1) . E(X) = 12 Y V(X) = 12 ·S: a < b = 17, Y = 16-a) X + a =) 1) Y~ U[a,b] 11/1/(P)=1b-a) 9+a, pe (0,1) ii) E(Y)= 2+b y V(Y)= (6-9)2 ANAIZZUAZ O LAMON NEIDENTZIONA X~N(M, 62) Si SU 5 d. ? ES 5(X)= 12 163 · e 262 VX & R PNPS DE LA 5 27 DE UNA NIM, 62) · 9 F(x)= 9 F(x)=0 5 (x) 70 treft, 5 sixtx=1 · 5 (M-X)= 5 (M+X) | SIMETA)IA 500 ME M) >~ N(0,1) "nonner estandar", su 5. J. on \$\P(\frac{2}{5}) = \frac{1}{120} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \delta \times \frac{1}{2} \delta \delta \times \frac{1}{2} \delta \tin \times \frac{1}{2} \delta \times \frac{1}{2} \delta \times \fra 035 E(2)=04 V(5)-1 085 X= 52+4~N(M, 62) 909 X~NIM, 62) · EIXI=M, VIXE 67 . Z= X-M ~ N(0,7) "ESTABLICACIÓN" AJEAT AJ JA OZU X~N(H, 62) -> P(Q5X56) = \$\overline{\psi} (\frac{\psi-M}{6}) - \overline{\psi} (\frac{\psi-M}{6}) \ \frac{\psi-M}{6} \)

NOTA