Severity

Medium

Analysis Summary

In early 2016, LokiBot was originally made available on underground forums for cybercriminals to use against Microsoft Android phones. This malware steals sensitive information including, usernames, cryptocurrency wallets, and other credentials via Trojan software. Malware grabs credentials by monitoring browser and desktop activities from the password storage using a keylogger. LokiBot can also install a backdoor into affected systems, allowing an attacker to install other payloads. Spam emails, communication channels such as SMS, Skype, and malicious websites are all used to spread LokiBot. This malware is utilized to keep track of what users are doing (for instance, recording keystrokes).

Impact

- Information theft
- Exposure of Sensitive Data
- Credential Theft

Indicators of Compromise

MD5

- 03c84853bfb0f126c1686198ada4998e
- ef22aefa045f1a0995dd7069ea5a9630

SHA-256

- cf91980bc1ce0e5321fb20521549e0983759dc6da6e26ff282095c0651e0a580
- 5f8aebbd3cd144dd295c633e23bc1a78a0e0c3883457ab1dd2f8a6085e4ec7c4

SHA-1

- 7c9fbd664980bc5c0c23e727098831dd41caa24c
- d27c33242e76fe0253afab969e93b728ac315649

Remediation

- Block all threat indicators at your respective controls.
- Search for IOCs in your environment.